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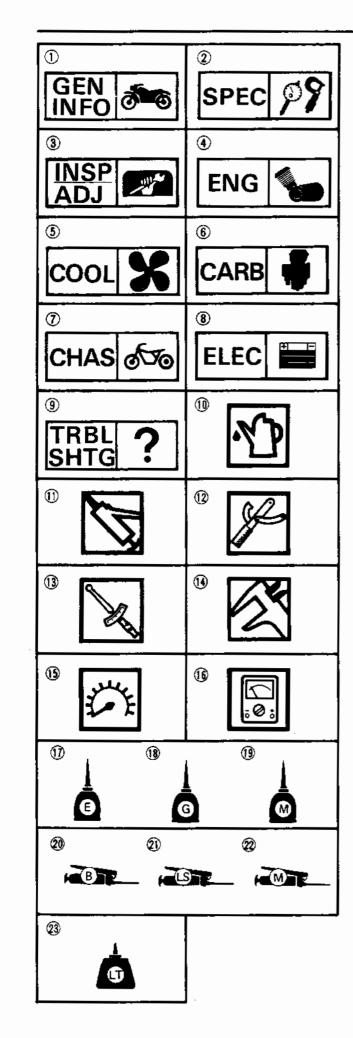
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ILLUSTRATED SYMBOLS (Refer to the illustration)

Illustrated symbols ① to ③ are designed as thumb tabs to indicate the chapter's number and content.

- General information
- ② Specifications
- ③ Periodic inspection and adjustment
- Engine
- ⑤ Cooling system
- 6 Carburetion
- ⑦ Chassis
- 8 Electrical
- (9) Troubleshooting

Illustrated symbols (1) to (6) are used to identify the specifications appearing.

Filling fluid
 Lubricant
 Special tool
 Tightening
 Wear limit, clearance
 Engine speed
 Ω, V, A

Illustrated symbols (D) to (2) in the exploded diagram indicate grade of lubricant and location of lubrication point.

- Apply engine oil
- (B) Apply gear oil
- (1) Apply molybdenum disulfide oil
- Apply wheel bearing grease
- DApply lightweight lithium-soap base grease
- Apply molybdenum disulfide grease
- (2) Apply locking agent (LOCTITE®)

NOTICE

This manual was written by the Yamaha Motor Company primarily for use by Yamaha dealers and their qualified mechanics. It is not possible to put an entire mechanic's education into one manual, so it is assumed that persons using this book to perform maintenance and repairs on Yamaha motorcycles have a basic understanding of the mechanical concepts and procedures inherent in motorcycle repair technology. Without such knowledge, attempted repairs or service to this model may render it unfit to use and/or unsafe.

Yamaha Motor Company, Ltd. is continually striving to improve all models manufactured by Yamaha. Modifications and significant changes in specifications or procedures will be forwarded to all Authorized Yamaha dealers and will, where applicable, appear in future editions of this manual.

> TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS SERVICE DIVISION MOTORCYCLE GROUP YAMAHA MOTOR CO., LTD.

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This material is distinguished by the following notation.

NOTE: A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

A CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates special procedures that must be followed to avoid damage to the motorcycle.

2t: WARNING:

A WARNING indicates special procedures that must be followed to avoid injury to a motorcycle operator or person inspecting or repairing the motorcycle.

MANUAL FORMAT

All of the procedures in this manual are organized in a sequential, step-by-step format. The information has been compiled to provide the mechanic with an easy to read, handy reference that contains comprehensive explanations of all disassembly, repair, assembly, and inspection operations. In this revised format, the condition of a faulty component will precede an arrow symbol and the course of action required will follow the symbol, e.g.,

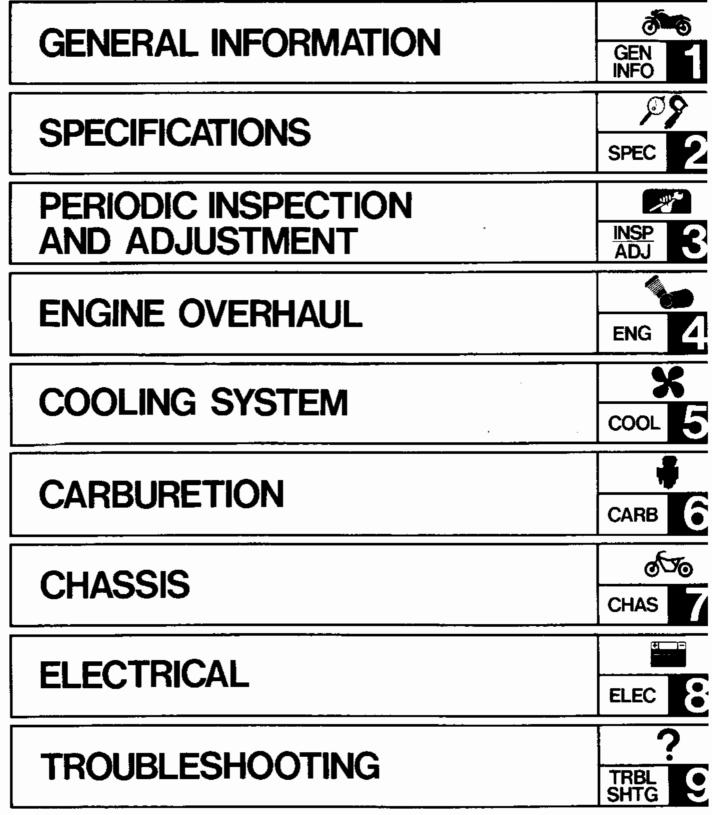
Bearings

Pitting/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

EXPLODED DIAGRAM

Each chapter provides exploded diagrams before each disassembly section for ease in identifying correct disassembly and assembly procedures.

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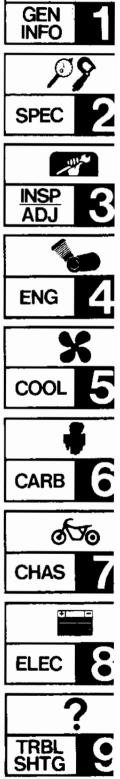
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GENERAL INFORMATION



MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

FRAME SERIAL NUMBER (Except for AUS)

The frame serial number ① is stamped into the right side of the steering head.

| Starting Serial Number: |
|------------------------------|
| FZR1000 3GM-000101 |
| FZR1000 3GM-007101 (E) |
| FZR1000 3LE-000101 (D, S, A) |
| FZR1000 3LF-000101 (F) |
| FZR1000 3LG-000101 (GB) |
| FZR1000 3LH-000101 (CH) |
| FZR1000 3LJ-000101 (NZ) |

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (For AUS)

The vehicle identification number (1) is stemped into the right side of the steering head.

Starting Serial Number: JYA3LJT0 * KA000101

NOTE: _

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your country.



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the right side of the engine.

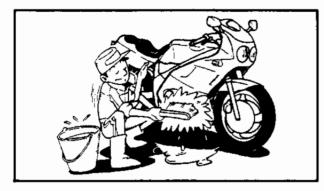
| Starting Serial Number: | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| FZR10003GM-000101 | | | | |
| FZR10003GM-007101 (E) | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LE-000101 (D, S, A) | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LF-000101 (F) | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LG-000101 (GB) | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LH-000101 (CH) | | | | |
| FZR10003LJ-000101 (AUS, NZ) | | | | |

NOTE:_

- The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.







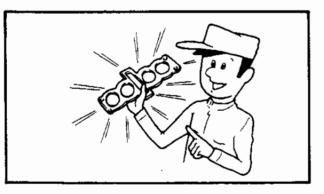




IMPORTANT INFORMATION

PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL

- 1. Remove all dirt, mud, dust, and foreign material before removal and disassembly.
- 2. Use proper tools and cleaning equipment. Refer to "SPECIAL TOOL".
- 3. When disassembling the machine, keep mated parts together. This includes gears, cylinders, pistons, and other mated parts that have been "mated" through normal wear. Mated parts must be reused as an assembly or replaced.
- 4. During the machines disassembly, clean all parts and place them in trays in the order of disassembly. This will speed up assembly time and help assure that all parts are correctly reinstalled.
- 5. Keep away from fire.



ALL REPLACEMENT PARTS

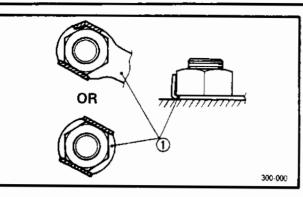
 Use only genuine Yamaha parts for all replacements. Use oil and/or grease recommended by Yamaha for assembly and adjustment. Other brands may be similar in function and appearance, but inferior in quality.

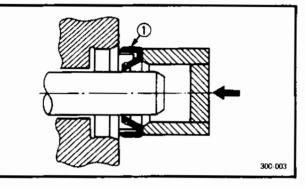
GASKETS, OIL SEALS, AND O-RINGS

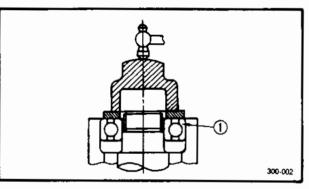
- All gaskets, seals, and O-rings should be replaced when an engine is overhauled. All gasket surfaces, oil seal lips, and O-rings must be cleaned.
- 2. Properly oil all mating parts and bearings during reassembly. Apply grease to the oil seal lips.

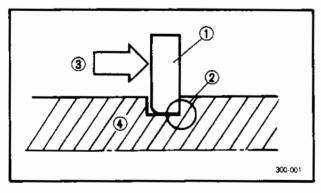


IMPORTANT INFORMATION









LOCK WASHERS/PLATES AND COTTER PINS

 All lock washers/plates ① and cotter pins must be replaced when they are removed. Lock tab(s) should be bent along the bolt or nut flat(s) after the bolt or nut has been properly tightened.

BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS

- Install the bearing(s) and oil seal(s) with their manufacturer's marks or numbers facing outward. (In other words, the stamped letters must be on the side exposed to view.) When installing oil seal(s), apply a light coating of light-weight lithium base grease to the seal lip(s). Oil the bearings liberally when installing.
- 1 Oil seal

∆ CAUTION:

Do not use compressed air to spin the bearings dry. This causes damage to the bearing surfaces.

(1) Bearing

CIRCLIPS

- All circlips should be inspected carefully before reassembly. Always replace piston pin clips after one use. Replace distorted circlips. When installing a circlip ①, make sure that the sharp edged corner ② is positioned opposite to the thrust ③ it receives. See the sectional view.
- ④ Shaft



SPECIAL TOOLS

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques.

- FOR TUNE UP
- 1. Inductive Tachometer P/N YU-08036 P/N 90890-03113

This tool is needed for detecting engine rpm.

2. Inductive Timing Light P/N YM-33277 P/N 90890-03109

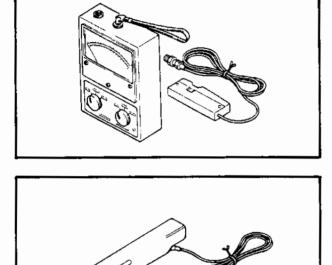
This tool is necessary for checking ignition timing.

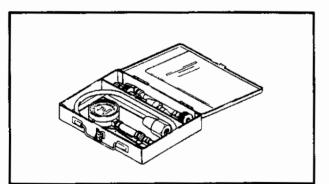
3. Compression Gauge P/N YU-33223 P/N 90890-03081

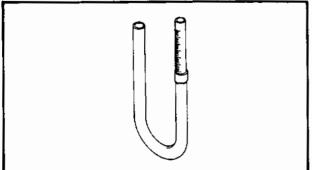
This gauge is used to measure the engine compression.

4. Fuel Level Gauge P/N YM-01312 P/N 90890-01312

This gauge is used to measure the fuel level in the float chamber.









5. Vacuum Gauge P/N YU-08030-A P/N 90890-03094 Adapter P/N YM-03060 P/N 90890-03060

This gauge is needed for carburetor synchronization.

6. Timing Rotor ① P/N 33M-81673-10 Dowel Pin ② P/N 93604-08071

These tools are used to adjusting the valve clearance.

FOR ENGINE SERVICE

1. Cam Chain Cutter P/N YM-01112 P/N 90890-01112

This tool is used when cutting the cam chain.

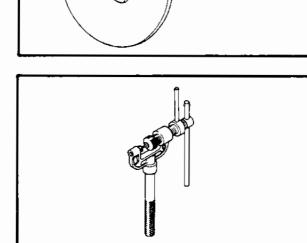
2. Hexagon Wrench (6 mm) P/N YM-3448 P/N 90890-01395

This tool is used to loosen or tighten the cylinder head securing nut.

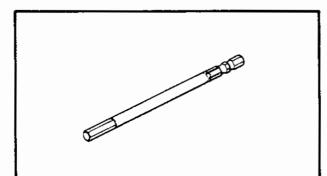
3. Piston Pin Puller P/N YU-01304 P/N 90890-01304

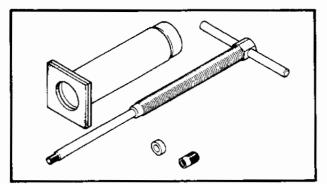
This tool is used to remove the piston pin.

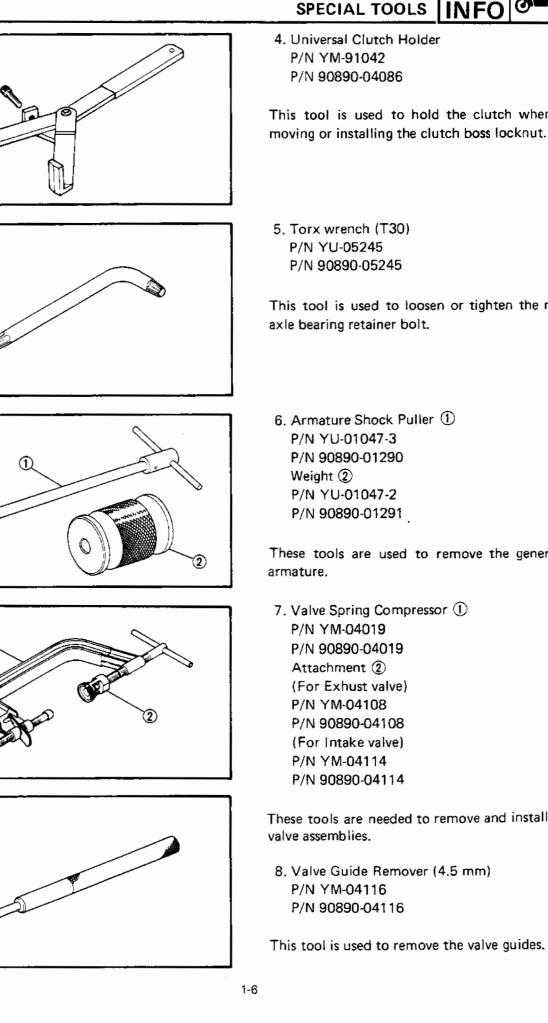


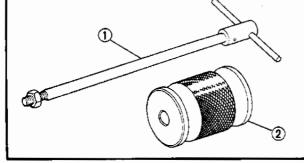


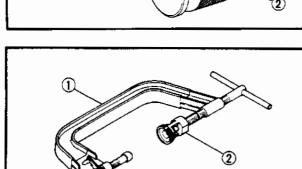
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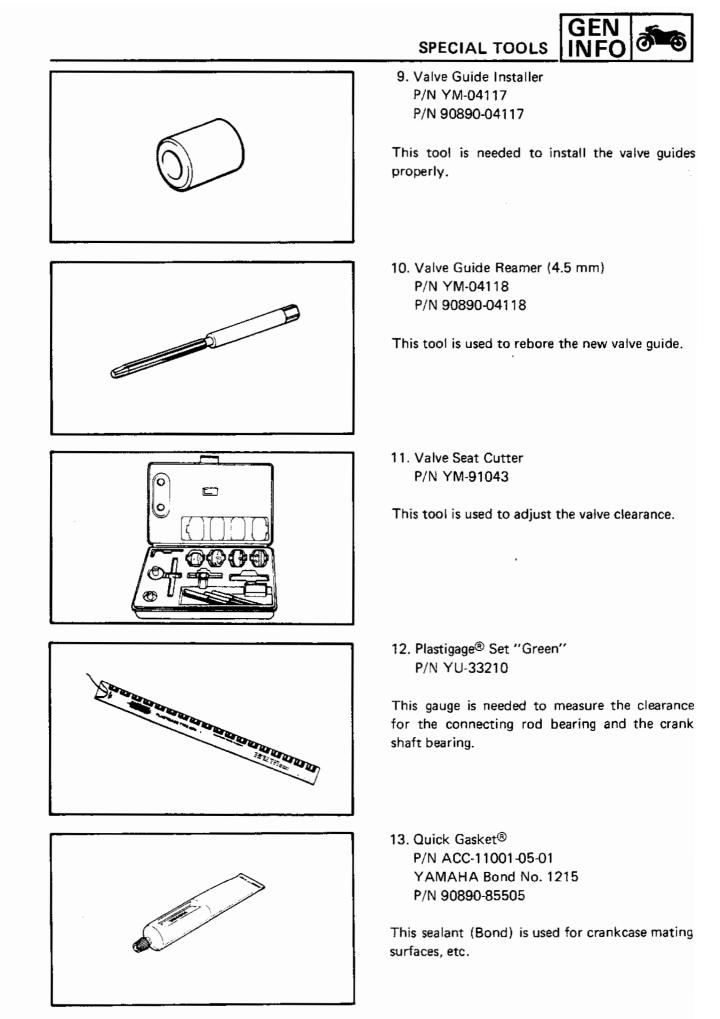


This tool is used to hold the clutch when re-

This tool is used to loosen or tighten the main

These tools are used to remove the generator

These tools are needed to remove and install the





14. Piston Ring Compressor P/N YM-04008 P/N 90890-04008

This tool is used to compress piston rings when installing the cylinder.

15. Piston Base P/N YM-01067 P/N 90890-01067

Use 4 of these to hold the piston during cylinder installation.

16. Water pump seal installer ① P/N YU-04051-1 P/N 90890-04058 Adapter ② P/N YM-33221 P/N 90890-04078

These tools are used to installing the seal of the water pump housing.

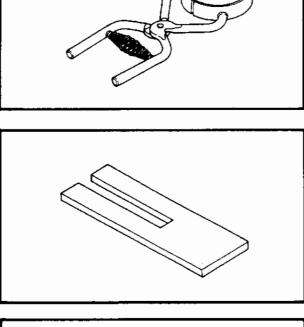
17. Radiator Cap Tester ① P/N YU-24460-01 P/N 90890-01325 Adaptor ② P/N YU-33984 P/N 90890-01352

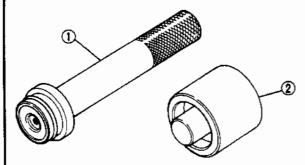
This tester is needed for checking the cooling system.

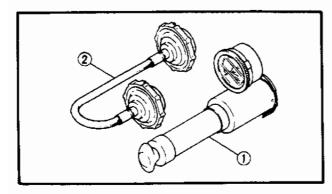
FOR CHASSIS SERVICE

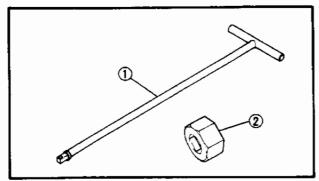
1. T-Handle ① P/N YM-01326 P/N 90890-01326 Fork Damper Rod Holder (30 mm) ② P/N YM-01327 P/N 90890-01327

This tool is used to loosen and tighten the front fork damper rod holding bolt.











2. Front Fork Seal Driver (weight) ① P/N YM-33963 P/N 90890-01367 Adapter (43 mm) ② P/N YM-08020 P/N 90890-01374

SPECIAL TOOLS

These tools are used when installing the fork seat.

3. Ring Nut Wrench P/N YU-01268 – ① P/N 90890-01268 P/N YU-33975 – ② P/N 90890-01403

This tool is used to loosen and tighten the steering ring nut.

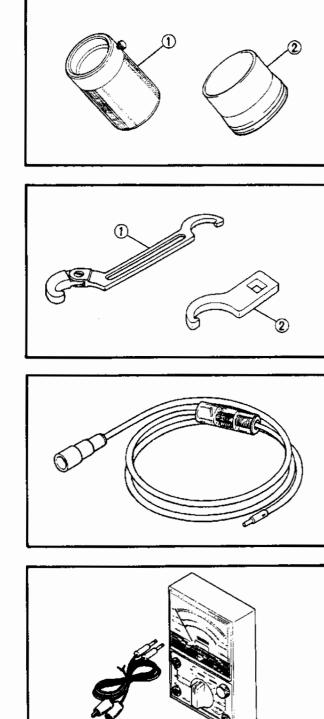
FOR ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

1. Dynamic Spark Tester P/N YM-34487 P/N 90890-03144

This instrument is necessary for checking the ignition system components.

2. Pocket Tester P/N YU-03112 P/N 90890-03112

This instrument is invaluable for checking the electrical system.







SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Model | FZR1000 | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Model Code Number: | 3GM1 3GM2 (E) 3LE1 (D, S, A) 3LF1 (F) 3LG1 (GB) 3LH1 (CH) 3LJ1 (AUS, NZ) | | | |
| Frame Starting Number: | 3GM-000101 3GM-007101 (E) 3LE-000101 (D, S, A) 3LF-000101 (F) 3LG-000101 (GB) 3LH-000101 (CH) 3LJ-000101 (NZ) | | | |
| Vehicle Identification Number: | JYA3LJT0 * KA000101 (AUS) | | | |
| Engine Starting Number: | 3GM-000101 3GM-007101 (E) 3LE-000101 (D, S, A) 3LF-000101 (F) 3LG-000101 (GB) 3LH-000101 (CH) 3LJ-000101 (AUS, NZ) | | | |
| Dimensions: Overall Length Overall Width Overall Height Seat Height Wheelbase Minimum Ground Clearance | 2,200 mm (86.8 in) 730 mm (28.7 in) 1,160 mm (45.7 in) 765 mm (30.1 in) 1,460 mm (57.5 in) 135 mm (5.3 in) | | | |
| Basic Weight: With Oil and Full Fuel Tank | 235 kg (518 lb) | | | |
| Minimum Turning Radius: | 3,600 mm (142 in) | | | |
| Engine: Engine Type Cylinder Arrangement Displacement Bore x Stroke Compression Ratio Compression Pressure < Minimum ~ Maximum > Starting System | Liquid cooled 4-stroke, gasoline, DOHC 4-cylinder parallel 1,002 cm ³ (61.1 cu.in) 75.5 x 56.0 mm (2.9724 x 2.2047 in) 12 : 1 1,400 kPa (14 kg/cm ² , 199 psi) $<$ 1,360 \sim 1,480 kPa (13.6 \sim 14.8 kg/cm ² , 194 \sim 210 psi) > Electric starter | | | |
| Lubrication System: | Wet sump | | | |
| Engine Oil Type or Grade: 30 40 50 60° F | Yamalube 4-cycle oil or SAE 20W40 type SE motor oil (If temperature does not go below 5° C/40° F) SAE 10W30 type SE motor oil (If temperature does not go above 15° C/60° F) | | | |

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS



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| Model | FZR1000 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Engine Oil Capacity: Engine Oil: Periodic Oil Change: With Oil Filter Replacement Total Amount | 2.7 L (2.4 Imp qt, 2.9 US qt) 3.0 L (2.6 Imp qt, 3.1 US qt) 3.5 L (3.1 Imp qt, 3.7 US qt) | | | |
| Coolant Total Amount: (Including All Routes) | 2.1 L (1.9 Imp qt, 2.2 US q | it) | | |
| Air Filter: | Dry type element | | | |
| Fuel: Type Tank capacity Reserve Amount | Regular gasoline Unleaded Fuel Only (AUS) 19.0 L (4.2 Imp gal, 5.0 US gal) 3.5 L (0.77 Imp gal, 0.92 US gal) | | | |
| Carburetor: Type x Quantity Manufacturer | BDST38 × 4 MIKUNI | | | |
| Spark Plug: Type (Manufacture) Gap | DR8ES-L (NGK), X24ESR-U (N.D.) 0.6 ~ 0.7 mm (0.024 ~ 0.028 in) | | | |
| Clutch Type: | Wet, multiple-disc | | | |
| Transmission: Primary Reduction System Primary Reduction Ratio Secondary Reduction System Secondary Reduction Ratio Transmission Type Operation Gear Ratio 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th | Spur gear 68/41 (1.659) Chain drive 47/17 (2.765) Constant-mesh, 5-speed Left foot operation 36/14 (2.571) 32/18 (1.778) 29/21 (1.381) 27/23 (1.174) 28/27 (1.037) | | | |
| Chassis: Frame Type Caster Angle Trail | Diamond 26.75° 110 mm (4.33 in) | | | |
| Tire: | Front Rear | | | |
| Type Size Manufacture (Type) | 130/60 ZR17 17 Bridgestone (CY15) Bi Dunlop (K510F) Di Pirelli (MP7S) Pi | Tubeless 70/60 VR17-V280 70/60 ZR17 ridgestone (CY16) unlop (K510) irelli (MP7S) lichelin (M59X) | | |

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS SPEC

| N | /lodel | FZR1000 | | | | |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Maximum Load: | | 174 kg (384 lb) 205 kg (452 lb) (D, F) | | | | |
| Tire Pressure (Cold tire | e): | Front | Rear | | | |
| Up to 90 kg (198 lb) | load X | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi) | | | |
| 90 kg (198 lb) ~ Max | imum load X | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi) | 290 kPa (2.9 kg/cm² , 42 psi) | | | |
| High speed riding | | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm² , 36 psi) | 290 kPa (2.9 kg/cm² , 42 psi) | | | |
| *Load is total weight of | of cargo, rider, passenger, | and accessories. | | | | |
| Brake: Front Brake Type Operation Rear Brake Type Operation | | Dual disc brake Right hand operation Single disc brake Right foot operation | | | | |
| Suspension: Front Suspension Rear Suspension | | Telescopic fork Swingarm (Link suspensi | on) | | | |
| Shock Absorber: Front Shock Absorbe Rear Shock Absorber | | Coil spring, oil damper Coil spring, gas, oil damper | | | | |
| Wheel Travel: Front Wheel Travel Rear Wheel Travel | | 120 mm (4.72 in) 130 mm (5.12 in) | | | | |
| Electrical: Ignition System Generator System Battery Type or Mode Battery Capacity | el | T.C.I. (Digital ignition) AC generator YB14L 12V 14AH | | | | |
| Headlight type: | | Quartz bulb (D, B, S, F, Bulb (A, DK, GR, I, NL, | | | | |
| Bulb Wattage x Quanti Headlight Marker Light Tail/Brake Light Flasher Light License Light Meter Light | ty: | 12V, 35W/35W x 2 (I, AUS, NZ) 12V, 55W x 1, 60W/55W x 1 (B, D, F, S) 12V, 45W/40W x 2 (A, DK, E, GR, N, NL, SF 12V, 60W/55W x 1 (CH) 12V, 5W x 1 12V, 5W/21W x 2 12V, 21W x 4 12V, 5W x 2 12V, 3.4W x 4 | | | | |
| Indicator Light: Wattage x Quantity | "NEUTRAL" "HIGH BEAM" "TURN" "OIL LEVEL" | 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 | | | | |

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS ENGINE

| Model | FZR1000 |
|--|---|
| Cylinder Head: Warp Limit * | 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) *Lines indicate straightedge measurement |
| Cylinder: Bore Size/Measureing Point* Taper Limit Out of Round Limit | 75.500 ~ 75.505 mm (2.9724 ~ 2.9726 in)/ 40 mm (1.57 in) 0.05 mm (0.002 in) 0.05 mm (0.002 in) |
| C A Exhaust "/ | , E3) $24.500 \sim 24.521 \text{ mm} (0.9646 \sim 0.9654 \text{ in})$ $24.437 \sim 24.450 \text{ mm} (0.9621 \sim 0.9626 \text{ in})$ $0.020 \sim 0.054 \text{ mm} (0.0008 \sim 0.0021 \text{ in})$ $0.50 \sim 0.084 \text{ mm} (0.0020 \sim 0.0033 \text{ in})$ $32.55 \sim 32.65 \text{ mm} (1.2815 \sim 1.2854 \text{ in})$ $32.45 \text{ mm} (1.278 \text{ in})$ $24.95 \sim 25.05 \text{ mm} (0.9823 \sim 0.9862 \text{ in})$ Limit > $24.85 \text{ mm} (0.978 \text{ in})$ $7.50 \sim 7.70 \text{ mm} (0.2953 \sim 0.3031 \text{ in})$ Limit > $7.30 \text{ mm} (0.287 \text{ in})$ $32.85 \text{ mm} (1.293 \text{ in})$ $24.95 \sim 25.05 \text{ mm} (0.9823 \sim 0.9862 \text{ in})$ Limit > $24.95 \sim 25.05 \text{ mm} (0.9823 \sim 0.3031 \text{ in})$ Limit > $24.85 \text{ mm} (0.978 \text{ in})$ Limit > $24.95 \sim 25.05 \text{ mm} (0.9823 \sim 0.9862 \text{ in})$ Limit > $24.95 \sim 25.05 \text{ mm} (0.9823 \sim 0.9862 \text{ in})$ Limit > $24.95 \sim 25.05 \text{ mm} (0.9823 \sim 0.9862 \text{ in})$ Limit > $24.85 \text{ mm} (0.978 \text{ in})$ |
| Cam Chain: Cam Chain Type/No. of Links Cam Chain Adjustment Method | DID219FS (BUSH CHAIN)/108 Links Automatic |
| Valve, Valve Seat, Valve Guide: Valve Clearance (Cold): IN E Valve Dimensions: | |
| | "B" "C" "D" Width Seat Width Margin Thickness |

| Model FZR1 "A" Head Dia. IN. 23.4 ~ 23.6 mm (0.9213 "EX. 24.9 ~ 25.1 mm (0.9803 "B" Face Width IN. 1.63 ~ 2.90 mm (0.0642 "C" Seat Limit Width IN. 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ "D" Margin Thickness Limit IN. 0.45 ~ 0.95 mm (0.0177 | ~ 0.9291 in) ~ 0.9882 in) ~ 0.1142 in) ~ 0.1142 in) 0.0433 in) 0.0433 in) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| EX. 24.9 ~ 25.1 mm (0.9803) "B" Face Width IN. 1.63 ~ 2.90 mm (0.0642) EX. 1.63 ~ 2.90 mm (0.0642) "C" Seat Limit Width IN. 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ "D" Margin Thickness Limit IN. 0.45 ~ 0.95 mm (0.0177) | ~ 0.9882 in) ~ 0.1142 in) ~ 0.1142 in) 0.0433 in) 0.0433 in) | | | |
| EX. 24.9 ~ 25.1 mm (0.9803) "B" Face Width IN. 1.63 ~ 2.90 mm (0.0642) EX. 1.63 ~ 2.90 mm (0.0642) "C" Seat Limit Width IN. 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ "D" Margin Thickness Limit IN. 0.45 ~ 0.95 mm (0.0177) | ~ 0.9882 in) ~ 0.1142 in) ~ 0.1142 in) 0.0433 in) 0.0433 in) | | | |
| EX. 1.63 ~ 2.90 mm (0.0642) "C" Seat Limit Width IN. 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.0354 ~ "D" Margin Thickness Limit IN. 0.45 ~ 0.95 mm (0.0177) | ~ 0.1142 in) 0.0433 in) 0.0433 in) | | | |
| $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{ccc} \mbox{``C'' Seat Limit Width} & IN. & 0.9 \sim 1.1 \mbox{ mm} \ (0.0354 \sim \\ & EX. & 0.9 \sim 1.1 \mbox{ mm} \ (0.0354 \sim \\ & 0.9 \sim 1.1 \mbox{ mm} \ (0.0354 \sim \\ & 0.9 \sim 0.95 \mbox{ mm} \ (0.0177 \$ | 0.0433 in) 0.0433 in) | | | |
| $\label{eq:EX} \begin{array}{cc} {\sf EX}, & 0.9 \sim 1.1 \mbox{ mm} \ (0.0354 \sim 1.1 \mbox{ mm} \ (0.0354 \sim 0.45 \sim 0.95 \mbox{ mm} \ (0.0177 \mbox{ mm}$ | 0.0433 in) | | | |
| "D" Margin Thickness Limit IN. 0.45 ~ 0.95 mm (0.0177 | | | | |
| | ~ 0.0271 in | | | |
| EX. 0.75 ~ 1.25 mm (0.0295 | | | | |
| Stem Outside Diameter IN. 4.475 ~ 4.490 mm (0.17 | | | | |
| EX. 4.460 ~ 4.475 mm (0.17 | - | | | |
| < Limit > IN. 4.445 mm (0.175 in) | | | | |
| EX. 4.43 mm (0.174 in) | | | | |
| Guide Inside Diameter IN. $4.500 \sim 4.512 \text{ mm} (0.17)$ | | | | |
| EX. 4.500 ~ 4.512 mm (0.17 | 72 ~ 0.1776 in) | | | |
| < Limit > IN. 4.55 mm (0.179 in) EX. 4.55 mm (0.179 in) | | | | |
| EX. 4.55 mm (0.179 in) Stem-to-Guide Clearance IN. 0.010 ~ 0.037 mm (0.00) | $04 \sim 0.0015$ in) | | | |
| EX. 0.025 ~ 0.052 mm (0.00 | | | | |
| < Limit > /N. 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) | | | | |
| EX. 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) | | | | |
| Stem Runout Limit 0.01 mm (0.0004 in) | | | | |
| Valve Seat Width IN. $0.9 \sim 1.1 \text{ mm} (0.035 \sim 0.000)$ | - | | | |
| EX. 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.035 ~ 0 |).043 in) | | | |
| < Limit > IN. 1.8 mm (0.071 in) | | | | |
| EX. 1.8 mm (0.071 in) | | | | |
| Valve Spring: | | | | |
| Free Length IN. 40.73 mm (1.604 in) | | | | |
| EX. 44.01 mm (1.733 in) Installed Length (Valve Closed) IN. 35.0 mm (1.378 in) | | | | |
| EX. 35.0 mm (1.378 in) | | | | |
| Compressed Pressure IN. 12.2~13.2 kg (26.9~29. | 1 lb) at 35 mm (1.378 in) | | | |
| (Valve closed) EX. $21 \sim 23 \text{ kg} (46.3 \sim 50.7)$ | | | | |
| Tilt Limit IN. 2.5°/1.7 mm (0.067 in) | | | | |
| EX. 2.5°/1.7 mm (0.067 in) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | \ | | | |
| Direction of Winding (Top view) IN. Clockwise | | | | |
| EX. Clockwise | * | | | |

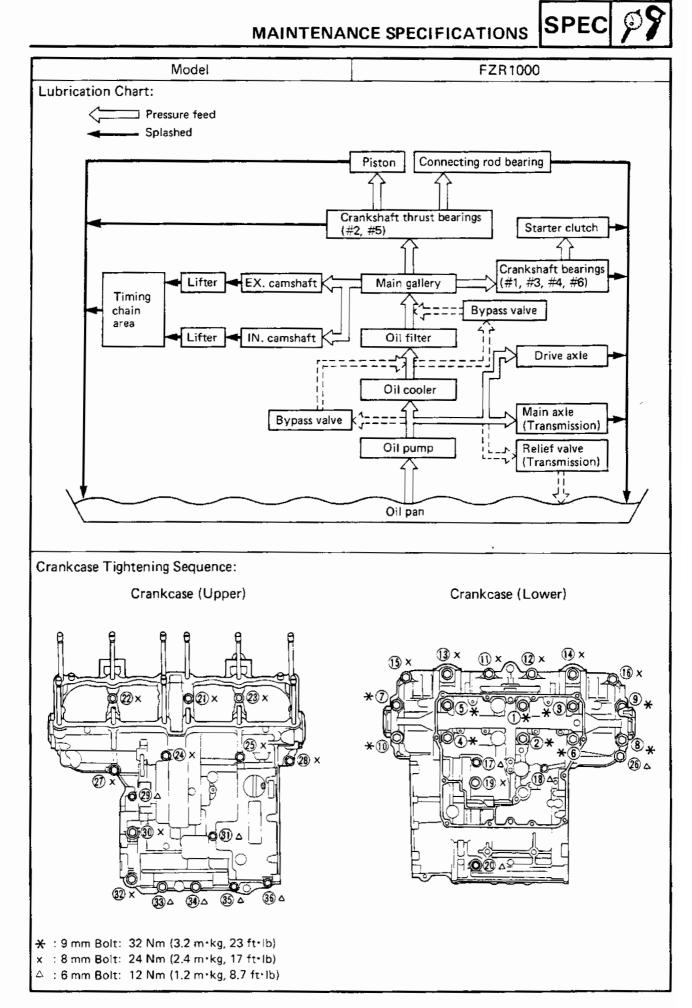


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| Mode! | | FZR1000 | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Piston: Piston Size "D" Measuring Point "H" | | 75.425 ~ 75.440 mm (2.700 ~ 2.970 in) 3 mm (0.12 in) (From bottom line of piston skirt) | | |
| Piston-to-Cylinder Clearance Oversize: 2nd | | 0.06 ~ 0.08 mm (0.0024 ~ 0.0031 in) 76.0 mm (3.00 in) | | |
| Piston Ring: Sectional Sketch | Top Ring 2nd Ring Oil Ring | Barrel B = 0.8 mm (0.0315 in) T = 2.8 mm (0.1102 in) Taper B = 0.8 mm (0.0315 in) T = 2.8 mm (0.1102 in) Expander B = 1.5 mm (0.0591 in) T = 2.5 mm (0.0984 in) | | |
| End Gap (Installed): | Top Ring | 0.3 ~ 0.5 mm (0.0118 ~ 0.0197 in) | | |
| Side Clearance: | < Limit > 2nd Ring < Limit > Oil Ring Top Ring < Limit > 2nd Ring < Limit > Oil Ring | 0.7 mm (0.0276 in) 0.3 \sim 0.5 mm (0.0118 \sim 0.0197 in) 0.7 mm (0.0276 in) 0.2 \sim 0.8 mm (0.0079 \sim 0.0315 in) 0.03 \sim 0.07 mm (0.0012 \sim 0.0028 in) 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) 0.02 \sim 0.06 mm (0.0008 \sim 0.0024 in) 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) - | | |
| Connecting Rod: Crank Pin Oil Clearance Bearing Size No. Color Code | | 0.032 ~ 0.056 mm (0.0013 ~ 0.0022 in) 1. Blue 2. Black 3. Brown 4. Green | | |
| Crankshaft: | | | | |
| Crank Width "A" Assembly Width "B" Runout Limit "C" Big End Side Clearance "D" | | 55.7 ~ 59.5 mm (2.19 ~ 2.34 in) 339.8 ~ 340.2 mm (13.38 ~ 13.39 in) 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) 0.160 ~ 0.262 mm (0.006 ~ 0.010 in) | | |

| Model | | FZR | 1000 | | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Main Journal Oil Clearance | | 0.020 ~ 0.044 mm (0.0 | 0.020 ~ 0.044 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0017 in) | | | | |
| Bearing Size No. Color Code | | 1. Blue 2. Black 3. | Brown 4. Green | | | | |
| | | 5. Yellow | | | | | |
| Thrust Bearing Position | | #4 Journal | #4 Journal | | | | |
| Clutch: | | | | | | | |
| Friction Plate Thickness x Qu | | 2.9 ~ 3.1 mm (0.114 ~ | | | | | |
| Location x Quantity/Identific | ation | _ | Outer x 1/Single semi-circular slot | | | | |
| | | Center x 1/Blue painted Others x 7/Red painted | | | | | |
| < Wear Limit > | | 2.8 mm (0.110 in) | | | | | |
| Clutch Plate Thickness x Qua | ntity | 1.9 ~ 2.1 mm (0.075 ~ | 0.083 in) x 8 | | | | |
| < Warp Limit > | | 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) | | | | | |
| Clutch Spring Free Length x (| • | 50.0 mm (1.97 in) x 6 | | | | | |
| Clutch Spring Minimum Leng | th | 54.0 mm (2.126 in) | | | | | |
| Clutch Release Method | | Hydrauric inner push | | | | | |
| Transmission: | | | | | | | |
| Main Axle Deflection Limit | | 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) 0.08 mm (0.0031 in) | | | | | |
| Drive Axle Deflection Limit | · · · | 0.08 mm (0.0031 m) | | | | | |
| Shifter: | | Cuide her | Cuido har | | | | |
| Shifter Type Guide Bar Bending Limit | | Guide bar 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) | | | | | |
| | | 0.1 mm (0.0039 m) | | | | | |
| Carburetor: | | BDST38/MIKUNI x 4 | | | | | |
| Type/Manufacture x Quantity | | | 3GM1, 3GM2, 3LG1 3LE1, 3LF1, 3LH1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| I.D. Mark | | 3GM00 | 3LE00, 3LF00, 3LH00 | | | | |
| Main Jet | (M.J.) | #125 | #127.5 | | | | |
| (#1, 4 Cylinder) (#2, 3 Cylinder) | | #122.5 | #125 | | | | |
| Main Air Jet | (M.A.J.) | #122.5 #125 | | | | | |
| Jet Needle-Clip Position | (J.N.) | 5CEW8-3.5 | 5CEW8-3.5 | | | | |
| Needle Jet | (N.J.) | Y-0 | Y-0 | | | | |
| Pilot Jet | (P.J.) | #40 | #40 | | | | |
| Pilot Outlet Size | (P.O.) | 0.85 | 0.85 | | | | |
| Pilot Air Jet | (P.A.J.) | #115 2-1/2 turns out | #115 2.1/2 turns out | | | | |
| | Pilot Screw (P.S.) | | 2-1/2 turns out 1.7 | | | | |
| Starter Jet | Valve Seat Size(V.S.)Starter Jet(G.S1) | | #60 | | | | |
| (G.S ₂) | | #60 #60 0.6 0.6 | | | | | |
| Bypath Size | (B.P ₁) | 0.8 0.8 | | | | | |
| Throttle Valve Size | (Th.V.) | #125 | #125 | | | | |
| Fuel Level (F.L.) | | 10.5 ~ 11.5 mm (0.41 ~ 0.45 in) | | | | | |
| | | Above from the float chamber line | | | | | |

| Model | FZR1000 |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Lubrication System: | |
| Oil Filter Type | Paper |
| Oil Pump Type | Trochoid pump |
| Tip Clearance | 0.09 ~ 0.15 mm (0.0035 ~ 0.0060 in) |
| < Limit > | < 0.2 mm (0.008 in) > |
| Side Clearance | 0.03 ~ 0.08 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0031 in) |
| < Limit > | < 0.15 mm (0.006 in) > |
| Bypass Valve Setting Pressure | 180 ~ 220 kPa |
| | (1.8 ~ 2.2 kg/cm ² , 25.6 ~ 31.3 psi) |
| Relief Valve Operating Pressure | 390 ~ 470 kPa |
| | $(3.9 \sim 4.7 \text{ kg/cm}^2, 55.5 \sim 66.8 \text{ psi})$ |
| Cooling System: | |
| Radiator Core Size Width | 360 mm (14.2 in) |
| Height | 217.8 mm (8.57 in) |
| Thickness | 32 mm (1.26 in) |
| Radiator Cap Opening Pressure | $95 \sim 125 \text{ kPa}$ (0.95 $\sim 1.25 \text{ kg/cm}^2$, |
| | 13.5 ~ 17.8 psi) |
| Reservoir Tank Capacity | 0.4 L (0.35 Imp qt, 0.42 US qt) |
| < From Low to Full Level > | 0.15 L (0.13 Imp qt, 0.16 US qt) |
| Water Pump | |
| Туре | Single-suction centrifugal pump |
| Reduction Ratio | 68/41 × 41/43 (1.581) |



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Tightening Torque

| Dent to be tightered | Part name | Thread | Q'ty | Tight | ening to | orque | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------|------|-------|----------|--------|------------------|
| Part to be tightened | Fait name | size | Uly | Nm | m∙kg | ft• lb | |
| Camshaft Cap | Bolt | M6 | 40 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 0 |
| Cylinder Head (exhaust pipe) | Stud bolt | M8 | 8 | 15 | 1.5 | 11 | @ |
| Cylinder Head | Nut | M10 | 8 | 41 | 4.1 | 30 | |
| Cylinder Head | Cap nut | M10 | 4 | 41 | 4.1 | 30 | |
| Spark Plug | _ | M12 | 4 | 17.5 | 1.75 | 12.5 | |
| Cylinder Head Cover | Bolt | M6 | 8 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Connecting Rod | Nut | M8 | 8 | 36 | 3.6 | 25 | |
| Timing Chain Sprocket | Flange bolt | M7 | 4 | 24 | 2.4 | 17 | |
| Timing Chain Tensioner | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Timing Chain Tensioner End | Cap bolt | M11 | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Chain Guide (intake side) | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Pump Housing | Screw | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Pump Mount | Bolt | M6 | 3 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Filter Case | _ | M20 | 1 | 15 | 1.5 | 11 | |
| Oil Pan | Bolt | M6 | 12 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Drain Plug | _ | M14 | 1 | 43 | 4.3 | 31 | |
| Oil Pipe 1 | Bolt | M6 | 3 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Oil Baffle Plate (lower) | Flange bolt | • | 4 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Baffle Plate (upper) | Flange bolt | | 10 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Cooler House | Union bolt | M12 | 2 | 32 | 3.2 | 23 | |
| Oil Level Switch | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Exhaust Pipe | Nut | M8 | 8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Exhaust Pipe and Muffler | Flange bolt | | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Muffler and Muffler Stay | Flange bolt | | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Muffler Bracket | Flange bolt | M8 | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Exhaust Pipe Blind Plug (CO test) | Bolt | M6 | 4 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Crankcase | Stud bolt | M10 | 12 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 6 |
| Main Axle Bearing Stopper | Torx | M6 | 3 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -@ |
| Crankshaft End Cover | Screw | M6 | 6 | .0 | 0.7 | 5.1 | 7 |
| Crankcase Cover (right) | Bolt | M6 | 11 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | | 7 | 12 | 1.2 | 8.7 | 6 |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | M8 | 17 | 24 | 2.4 | 17 | |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | M9 | 11 | 32 | 3.2 | 23 | |
| Starter Clutch | Bolt | M8 | 3 | 25 | 2.5 | 18 | - |
| HY-VO Chain Guide | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Clutch Boss | Nut | M20 | 1 | 70 | 7.0 | 50 | Use lock washer |
| Clutch Spring | Bolt | M20 | 6 | 8 | 0.8 | 5.8 | Cost Ock Washer |
| Drive Sprocket | Nut | M18 | 1 | 70 | 7.0 | 50 | Use lock washer |
| Shift Cam Stopper Lever | Bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | Use IOUK Wasilet |
| Shift Cam Stopper | Bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Guide Bar Stopper (shift fork) | Bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Neutral Switch | Screw | M6 | 2 | 4 | 0.4 | 2.9 | |
| | JUIEW | | 2 | 4 | 0.4 | 2.5 | |

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|------|-----|
|------|-----|

| | Model | | FZR1000 | |
|---|-------------------|--|-------------|--|
| Steering System: Steering Bearing Type | | Taper Roller Bearing | | |
| Front Suspension: Front Fork Travel Front Spring Free Length < Limit > Spring Rate: Stroke Optional Spring Oil Capacity Oil Level (Fully Compression Oil Grade Adjustment | K1 K1 on) | 120 mm (4.72 in) 321.3 mm (12.6 in) 528 mm (20.79 in) 16 N/mm (1.6 kg/mm, 89.6 lb/in) 0.0 ~ 120 mm (0.0 ~ 4.72 in) No 535 cm ³ (18.9 Imp oz, 18.1 US oz) 116 mm (4.57 in) Bellow the top of inner fork tube without fork spring Yamaha Fork Oil 10W or equivalent -Soft-STDHard | | |
| | | Adjusting groove | | |
| Rear Suspension: Shock Absorber Travel Spring Free Length Fitting Length Spring Rate Stroke Optional Spring Enclosed Gas/Air Pressure < Minimum ~ Maximum > Adjustment Damping Adjustment | | groove 70 mm (2.76 in) 218 mm (8.58 in) 200 mm (7.87 in) 200 mm (7.87 in) 70 N/mm (7.0 kg/mm, 392 lb/in) $0.0 \sim 7.0$ mm (0.0 ~ 2.76 in) 0.0 ~ 2.76 in) No 120 kPa (1.2 kg/cm ² , 17.1 psi) 37.5 mm (1.48 in) 40.5 mm (1.59 in) 47.5 mm (1.87 in) \checkmark Softer-STD—Stiffer Adjusting 9 7 Adjusting 9 7 | | |
| Swingarm: Free Play Limit | End Side | 1.0 mm (0 | | |
| Front Wheel: Type Rim Size Rim Material Rim Runout Limit | Radial Lateral | 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Cast Wheel MT3.50 x 17 Aluminum 1 mm (0.04 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) | | |
| Rear Wheel: Type Rim Size Rim Material Rim Runout Limit | Radial Lateral | Cast wheel MT5.50 x Aluminum 1 mm (0.0 0.5 mm (0 | 17 4 in) | |

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| Model | FZR1000 | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Drive Chain: Type/Manufacturer No. of Links Chain Free Play | 532ZLV/D.I.D 110 15 ~ 20 mm (0.6 ~ 0.8 in) | | |
| Front Disc Brake: Type Disc Outside Diameter x Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Current A Structure A | Dual (4-pot caliper) 320 x 4 mm (12.60 x 0.16 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) | | |
| Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter Brake Fluid Type | 15.87 mm (0.62 in) 32.10 mm (1.26 in) DOT #4 | | |
| Rear Disc Brake: Type Disc Outside Diameter x Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Pad Thickness Cuter Climit > * | Single (4-pot caliper) 267 x 5 mm (10.51 x 0.20 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 0.5 mm (0.02 in) | | |
| Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Caliper Cylinder Inside Diameter Brake Fluid Type | 14.0 mm (0.55 in) 42.85 mm (1.69 in) DOT #4 or #3 | | |
| Clutch: Master Cylinder Inside Diameter Release Cylinder Inside Diameter Brake Fluid Type | 15.87 mm (0.63 in) 38.1 mm (1.50 in) DOT #4 or #3 | | |
| Brake Lever and Brake Pedal: Brake Lever Free Play Brake Pedal Position | $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm}$ (0.08 \sim 0.20 in) 60 mm (2.4 in) Bellow the top of the footrest. | | |



Tightening Torque

| Part to be tightened Thread size | Tightening torque | | | Demarka | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| | Nm | m∙kg | ft∙lb | Remarks | |
| Front Axle | M14 | 75 | 7.5 | 54 | -Ø |
| Front Axle Pinch | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Front Fender | M6 | 9 | 0.9 | 6.5 | |
| Under Bracket and Inner Tube | M8 | 23 | 2.3 | 17 | |
| Handle Crown and Inner Tube | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Handle Crown and Steering Stem | M22 | 110 | 11.0 | 80 | |
| Lower Ring Nut (steering shaft) | M22 | _ | - | _ | Refer to "NOTE" |
| Brake Caliper (front/rear) Brake Disc and Wheel Master Cylinder and Holder (front brake) Master Cylinder Cap (front brake) Bleed Screw | M10 M10 M6 M5 | 35 20 9 2 | 3.5 2.0 0.9 0.2 | 25 14 6.5 1.4 | -9 |
| (brake caliper/clutch release cylinder) | M8 | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 | |
| Brake Hose | M10 | 25 | 2.5 | 18 | |
| Handlebar and Handle Boss | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Handlebar Boss and Handle Crown | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Grip End (handlebar) | M6 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Engine Mounting: Pinch Bolt (cylinder head side) Pinch Bolt (cylinder side) Pinch Bolt (rear) Mounting Bolt (cylinder head) Mounting Bolt (cylinder) | M8 M8 M8 M10 M10 | 22 22 15 60 33 | 2.2 2.2 1.5 6.0 3.3 | 16 16 11 43 24 | |
| Mounting Bolt (rear – upper) | M10 | 60 | 6.0 | 43 | |
| Mounting Bolt (rear – lower) | M10 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | |
| Footrest Bracket and Frame (front) | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Footrest and Footrest Bracket (front) | M10 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | |
| Pivot Axle and Locknut | M18 | 130 | 13.0 | 94 | |
| Relay Arm and Frame | M10 | 45 | 4.5 | 32 | |
| Arm and Swingarm | M12 | 70 | 7.0 | 50 | |
| Arm and Relay Arm | M12 | 70 | 7.0 | 50 | |
| Rear Shock Absorber and Frame | M10 | 42 | 4.2 | 30 | |
| Rear Shock Absorber and Relay Arm | M10 | 40 | 4.0 | 28 | -0 |
| Footrest Bracket and Frame (rear) | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Master Cylinder and Frame (rear) | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Rear Frame and Frame | M10 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | |
| Tension Bar (front and rear) | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Brake Disc and Clutch Hub | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Sprocket and Hub | M10 | 60 | 6.0 | 43 | |
| Rear Axle and Nut | M18 | 150 | 15.0 | 110 | |
| Side Stand Bracket and Frame | M10 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | -G |
| Side Stand Pivot Bolt | M10 | 48 | 4.8 | 35 | |
| Side Stand Pivot Nut | M10 | 38 | 3.8 | 27 | |

NOTE:

1. Tighten the lower ring nut 52 Nm (5.2 m \cdot kg, 37 ft \cdot ib) by using the torque wrench.

2. Loosen the lower ring nut completely and retighten it 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb).

3. Install the upper ring nut, and then align the slots of both ring nut.

SPEC P

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ELECTRICAL

| Model | FZR1000 | |
|---|---|--|
| | | |
| Voltage Ignition System: Ignition Timing (B.T.D.C.) Advanced Timing (B.T.D.C.) Advancer Type | 12V 5° at 1,350 r/min 40° at 5,500 r/min 35° at 4,500 r/min (F, S, D, A) 41° at 6,000 r/min (CH) Electrical | |
| | (CH) (CH) 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 x 10 ³ eed (x 10 ³ r/min) | |
| T.C.I.: Pickup Coil Resistance (Color) T.C.I. Unit/Manufacturer | 135 ~ 165Ω at 20°C (68°F) (Gray – Brack) TID14-72/HITACHI TID14-81/HITACHI (F, S, D, A) TID14-89/HITACHI (CH) | |
| Ignition Coil: Model/Manufacturer Minimum Spark Gap Primary Winding Resistance Secondary Winding Resistance Spark Plug Cap: Type Resistance | CM12-37/HITACHI 6 mm (0.24 in) or more at 500 r/min 1.8 ~ 2.2Ω at 20°C (68°F) 9.6 ~ 14.4 kΩ at 20°C (68°F) Resin type 10 kΩ | |
| Charging System: Type | A.C. Generator | |
| A.C. Generator: Model/Manufacturer Nominal Output Field Coil Resistance Starter Coil Resistance Brush Overall Length < Limit > Spring Force Voltage Regulator: Type No load Regulated Voltage | B3G/NIPPONDENSO 12V, 28A at 5,000 r/min $3.8 \sim 4.2\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) (Brown – Green) $0.16 \sim 0.18\Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) (White – White) 13.7 mm (0.54 in) 4.7 mm (0.19 in) 230 \sim 330 gr (8.1 \sim 11.6 oz) Field control 14.2 \sim 14.8V | |
| Battery: Capacity Specific Gravity | 12V, 14AH 1.280 | |

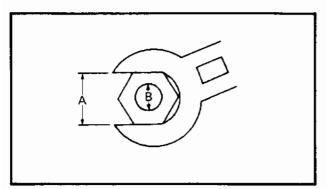
| | FZR1000 | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Electrical Starter System: | | | | |
| | Constant mesh type | | | |
| Starter Motor: | | | | |
| | SM-13/MITSUBA | | | |
| | 0.7 kw | | | |
| | 0.012Ω ± 10% at 20°C (68°F) | | | |
| | 12 mm (0.47 in) | | | |
| | 5 mm (0.20 in) | | | |
| | 680 ~ 920 g (24.0 ~ 32.4 oz) | | | |
| | 28 mm (1.10 in) | | | |
| | 27 mm (1.06 in) | | | |
| Mica Undercut 0. Starter Switch: | 0.8 mm (0.03 in) | | | |
| | 104-128/HITACHI | | | |
| | 00A | | | |
| | $1.0 \sim 4.7 \Omega$ at 20°C (68°F) | | | |
| | | | | |
| Horn: | | | | |
| | Plane Type/1 pcs. | | | |
| • • • • • | /F-12/NIKKO | | | |
| Maximum Amperage 2. | 2.5A | | | |
| Flasher Relay (Relay Assembly): | | | | |
| | Semi transistor type | | | |
| | B257H/NIPPON DENSO | | | |
| | es (Except for D) | | | |
| | $75 \sim 95$ cycle/min | | | |
| Wattage 2 | 21W x 2 pcs + 3.4W | | | |
| Oil Level Switch: | | | | |
| Model/Manufacturer 3 | BGM/NIPPON DENSQ | | | |
| Fuel Pump Relay: | | | | |
| | BEN-00/OMRON | | | |
| Thermostat Switch: | | | | |
| | EL/NIPPON THERMOSTAT | | | |
| | | | | |
| Thermo Unit: | | | | |
| Model/Manufacturer 1 | 1H/NIPPON SEIKI | | | |
| Circuit Breaker: | | | | |
| Type F | - use | | | |
| Amperage for Individual Circuit x Quantity: | | | | |
| | 30A x 1 | | | |
| | 20A x 1 | | | |
| | I0A x 1 | | | |
| | IOA x 1 | | | |
| RESERVE 1 | 10A x 1, 20A x 1, 30A x 1 | | | |



GENERAL TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

This chart specifies torque for standard fasteners with standard I.S.O. pitch threads. Torque specifications for special components or assemblies are included in the applicable sections of this book. To avoid warpage, tighten multifastener assemblies in a crisscross fashion, in progressive stages, until full torque is reached. Unless otherwise specified, torque specifications call for clean, dry threads. Components should be at room temperature.

| A (Nut) | B (Bolt) | General torque specifications | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------|------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (NUL) | (BOIL) | Nm | m∙kg | ft∙lb | | | | | | | |
| 10 mm | 6 mm | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 | | | | | | | |
| 12 mm | 8 mm | 15 | 1.5 | 11 | | | | | | | |
| 14 mm | 10 mm | 30 | 3.0 | 22 | | | | | | | |
| 17 mm | 12 mm | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | | | | | | | |
| 19 m m | 14 mm | 85 . | 8.5 | 61 | | | | | | | |
| 22 mm | 16 mm | 130 | 13.0 | 94 | | | | | | | |



A: Distance across flats

B: Outside thread diameter

DEFINITION OF UNITS

| Unit | Read | Definition | Measure |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| mm cm | millimeter centimeter | 10 ⁻³ meter 10 ⁻² meter | Length Length |
| kg | kilogram | 10 ³ gram | Weight |
| N | Newton | 1 kg x m/sec ² | Force |
| Nm m∙kg | Newton meter Meter kilogram | N x m m x kg | Torque Torque |
| Pa N/mm | Pascal Newton per millimeter | N/m² N/mm | Pressure Spring rate |
| L cm ³ | Liter Cubic centimeter | | Volume or Capacity |
| r/min | Rotation per minute | | Engine Speed |

LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT

ENGINE

| Lubrication Point | Symbol | Grade of Lubricant |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| Oil seal lip | | Lithium-soap base |
| O-Ring | ;; | Lithium-soap base |
| Bearing | | Engine oil |
| Piston surface | | Engine oil |
| Piston pin | | Engine oil |
| Crankshaft pin | (3) | Engine oil |
| Crankshaft journal | | Engine oil |
| Connecting rod bolt/Nut | @ | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Camshaft cam lobe/Journal | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Valve stem (IN, EX) | t 🕥 | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Valve stem end (IN, EX) | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Water pump impeller shaft | @ | Engine oil |
| Oil pump rotor (Inner/Outer), housing | •• | Engine oil |
| Oil strainer assembly | | Engine oil |
| Outer starter clutch surface | •• | Engine oil |
| Idle gear surface/Bearing | | Engine oil |
| Starter clutch ball | (6) | Engine oil |
| Primary driven gear | | Engine oil |
| Transmission gear (Wheel/Pinion) | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Axle (Main/Drive) | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Shift cam | @ | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Shift fork/Guide bar | (3) | Engine oil |
| Shift shaft assembly | | Engine oil |

LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT SPEC



CHASSIS

| Lubrication Point | Symbol | Grade of Lubricant |
|--|--------|-----------------------------|
| Steering bearing (Upper/Lower) | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Wheel bearing/Axle | B | Wheel bearing grease |
| Front wheel oil seal (Right/Left) | B | Wheel bearing grease |
| Rear wheel oil seal | B | Wheel bearing grease |
| Clutch hub oil seal | | Wheel bearing grease |
| Clutch hub fitting area | 8 | Wheel bearing grease |
| Rear brake pedal shaft | B | Wheel bearing grease |
| Change pedal | B > | Wheel bearing grease |
| Side stand sliding surface | B_, | Wheel bearing grease |
| Tube guide (Throttle grip) inner surface | B) | Wheel bearing grease |
| Brake lever bolt, sliding surface | | Wheel bearing grease |
| Clutch lever bolt, sliding surface | B | Wheel bearing grease |
| Rear shock absorber (Upper/Lower) | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Swingarm pivot bearing | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Pivot shaft | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Arm 1, 2 bearing | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Thrust cover (Inner) | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Rellay arm bearing (Inner) | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Rear footrest ball | 8 | Wheel bearing grease |
| Rear footrest pin | | Wheel bearing grease |

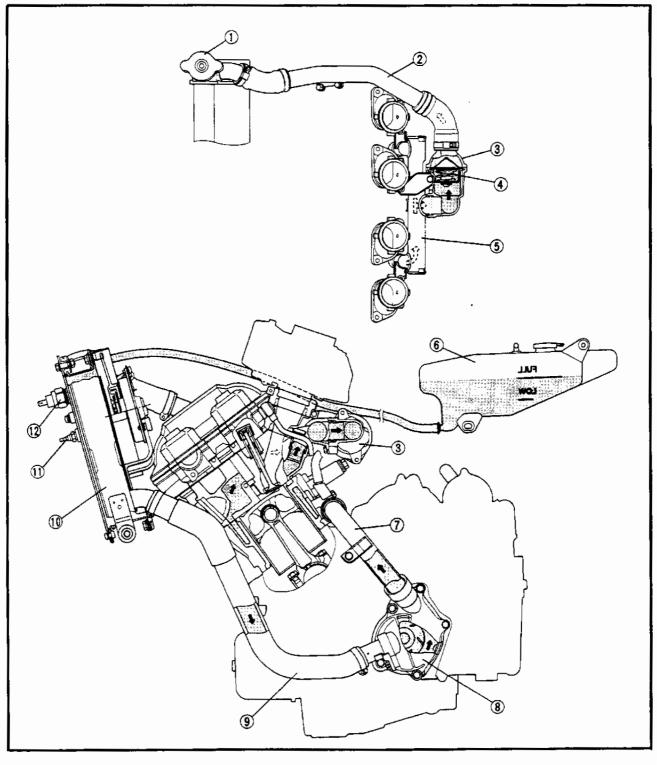
COOLANT DIAGRAM

SPEC

COOLANT DIAGRAM

- (1) Radiator cap
- Inlet pipe (radiator)
- ③ Thermostatic valve housing
- 4 Thermostatic valve
- (5) Water jacket joint (outlet)
- 6 Reservoir tank (coolant)
- (7) Outlet pipe (water pump)
- (8) Water pump

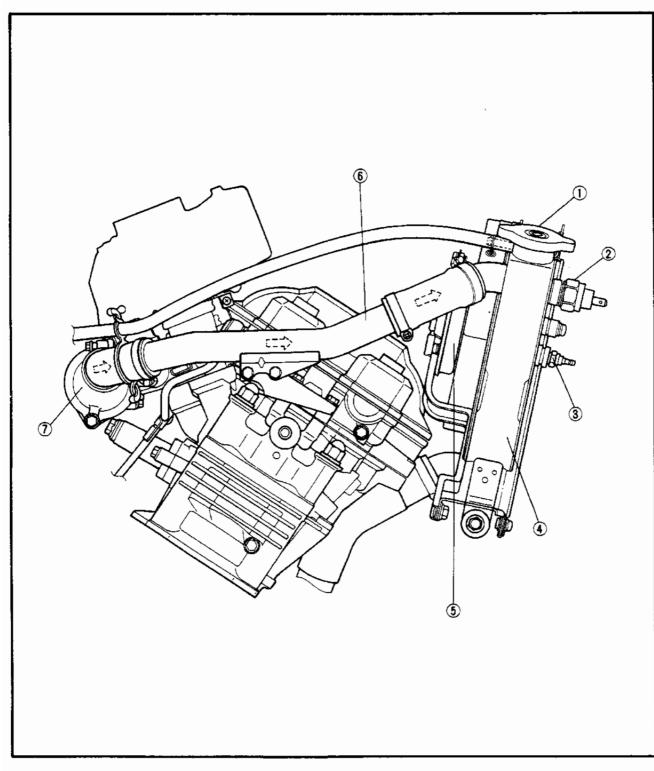
- Inlet pipe (water pump)
 Radiator
- 🝈 Thermo unit
- 12 Thermo switch



COOLANT DIAGRAM

1 Radiator cap 2 Thermo switch ③ Thermo unit

- A Radiator
- 5 Fan motor
- Inlet pipe (radiator)
 Thermostatic valve housing





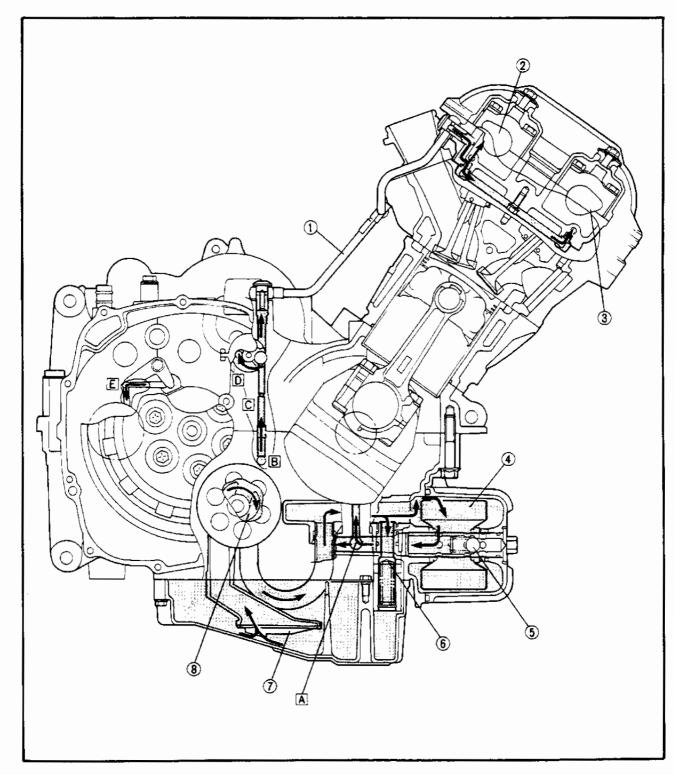
LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS

LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS ⑧ Oil pump

Oil delivery pipe 2
 Camshaft (intake)
 Camshaft (exhaust)
 Oil filter

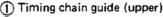
- 5 Bypass valve
- 6 Relief valve
- Oil strainer

A B To (A) (see p 2-22) To (B) (see p 2-22) C To 🔘 (see p 2-24) D To D (see p 2-24) E To E (see p 2-23)

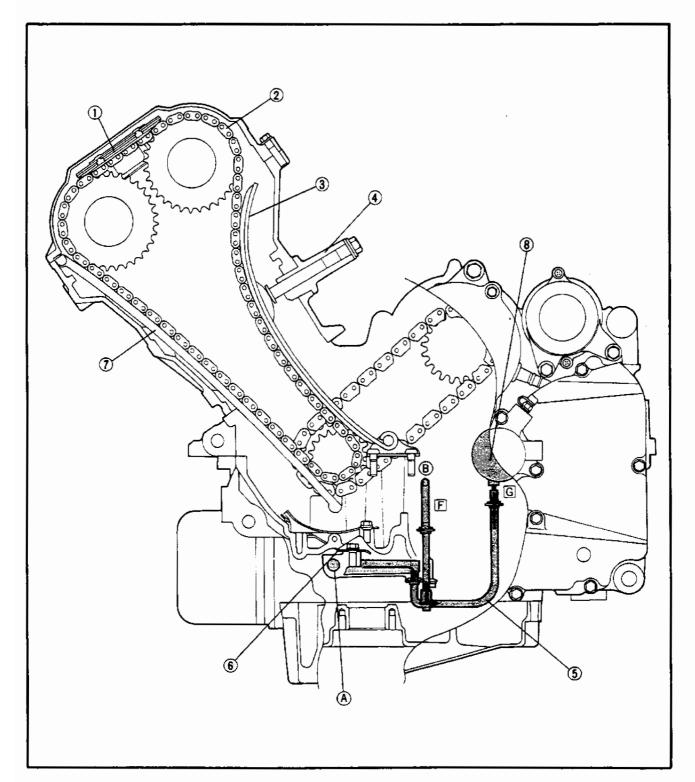


LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS SPEC

F To F (see p 2-24) G To G (see p 2-24)



- Timing chain guide (upper)
 Timing chain
 Timing chain guide (intake side)
 Timing chain tensioner
- (5) Oil pipe 1
- 6 Baffle plate
- $\overline{(2)}$ Timing chain guide (exhaust side)
- (8) Main axle





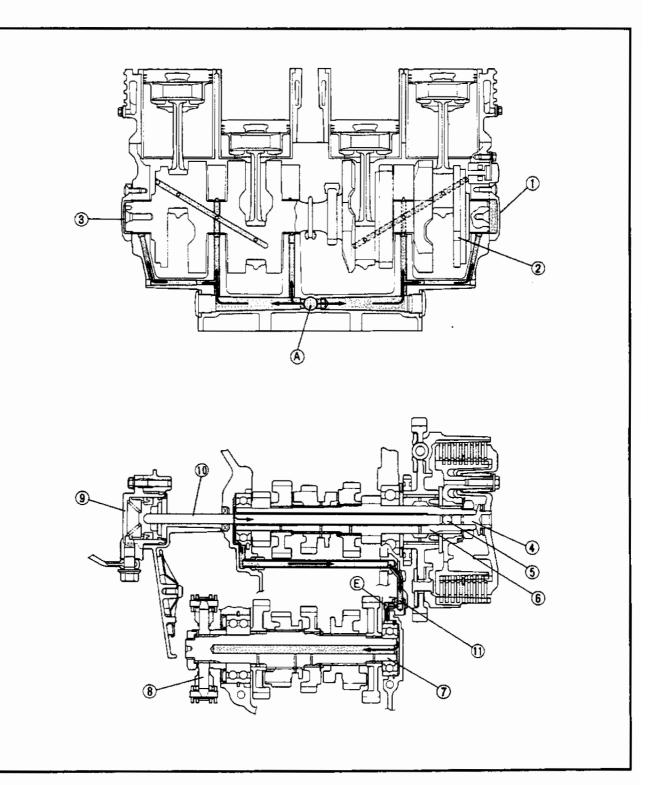
LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS SPEC

(9) Clutch release cylinder

(i) Oil delivery pipe 5

1 Push rod #2

- (1) Crankshaft end cover (right)
- 🖉 Crankshaft
- 3 Crankshaft end cover (left)
- Push rod #1
- (5) Ball
- 6 Main axle
- ⑦Drive axle
- BDrive sprocket

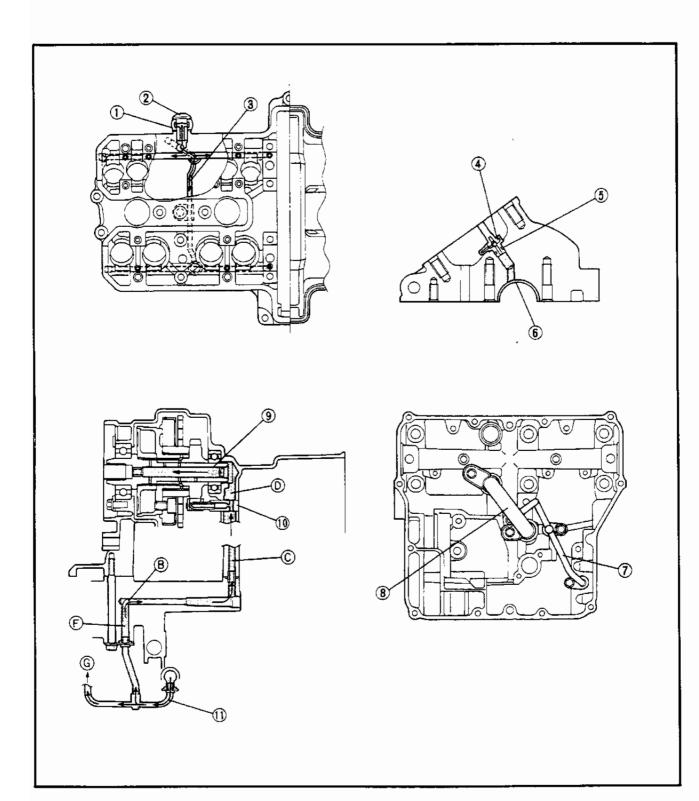


LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS



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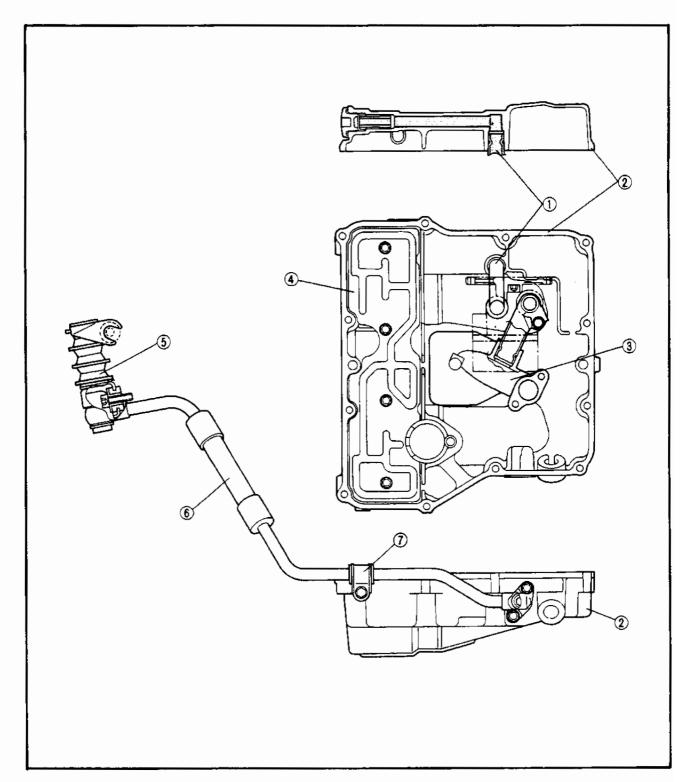
- Oil delivery pipe 2
 Union bolt
 Oil delivery pipe 3
 Oil jet nozzle
 O-ring
 Plain bearing (crankshaft)
 Oil delivery pipe 1
 Oil pipe 2
- AC generator shaft
 Oil spray nozzle
 Oil delivery pipe 1



LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS







CABLE ROUTING

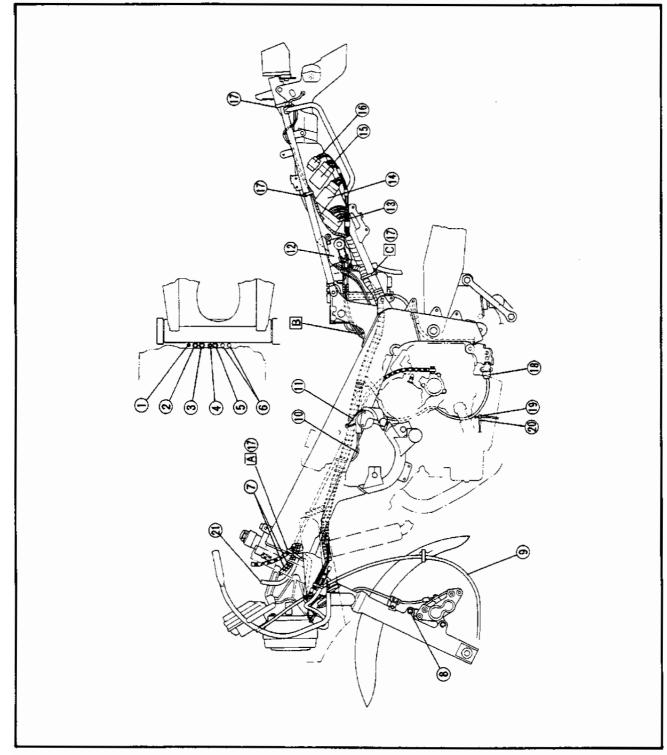


CABLE ROUTING

- Ventilation hose (coolant reservoir tank)
- (2) Ventilation hose (air filter case)
- 3 Breather hose (fuel tank)
- Breather hose (battery)
- (5) Canister hose
- 6 EXUP cables
- $(\tilde{7})$ Throttle cables
- (8) Brake hose

- Speedometer cable
- 1 Starter cable
- (1) Starter lever assembly
- (1) EXUP servo motor(1) Fuse box
- Flasher relay
- Belay unit
- (6) Fuse (main)

- 🕧 Band
- 18 Sidestand switch
- (19 Oil level switch lead
- 20 Clamp
- Handlebar switch lead (left)
 Clamp the clutch hose and
- throttle cables
- B Route the EXUP cables
- C Clamp the wireharness, starter motor lead and battery negative lead

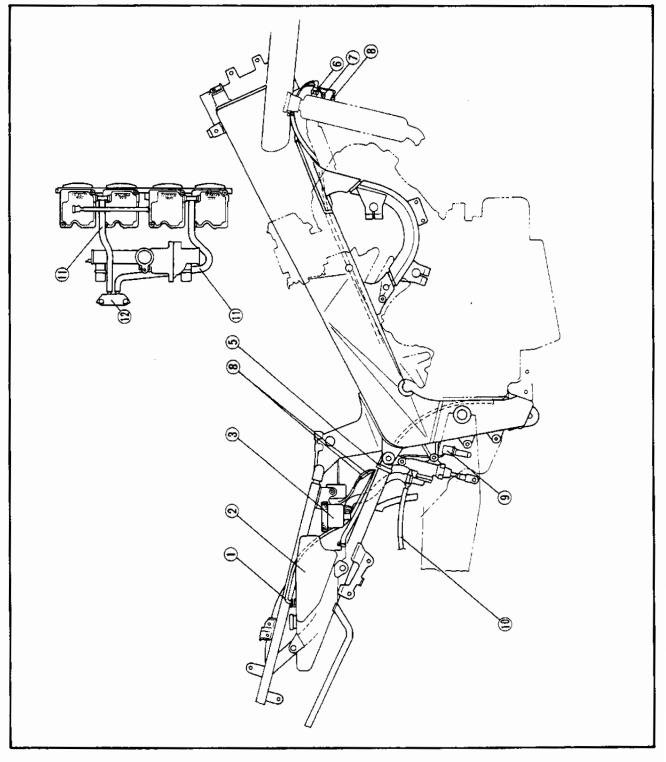


CABLE ROUTING SPEC

- () Ventilation hose (coolant reservoir tank)
- 2 Reservoir tank (coolant)
- (3) Reservoir tank (rear brake)
- Rear brake switch leads
- 5 Band
- 6 Thermo switch

(7) Ground lead

- B Thermo unit
- (9) Rear brake switch
- 🕦 Rear brake hose
- (i) Overflow hose (carburetor)
- Dese guide

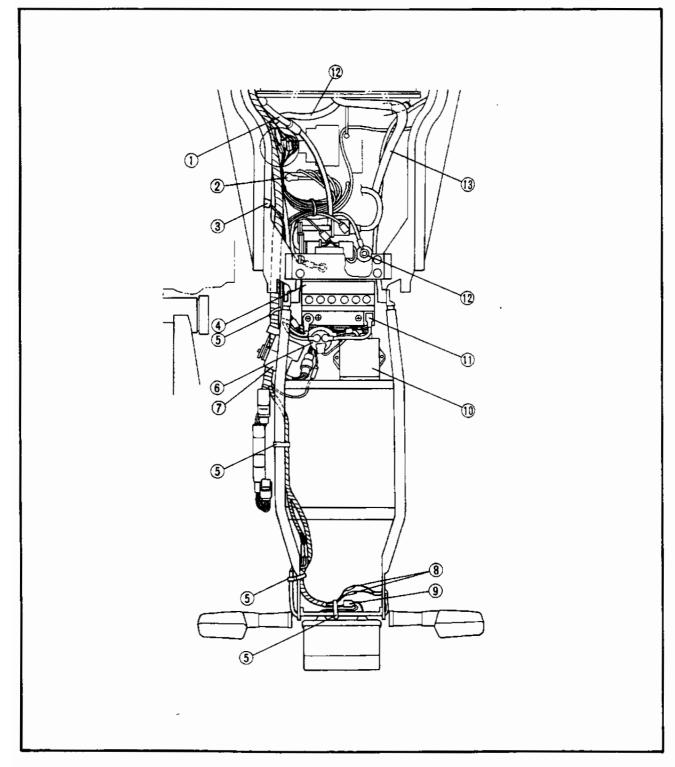


CABLE ROUTING



- Ventilation hose (air filter case)
 Starter motor lead
 Fuel sender
- (4) Battery
- (5) Band
- 6 Starter relay
- (7) EXUP servo motor

- (8) Rear flasher light leads
- 9 Tail/brake light coupier
- (1) Digital ignitor unit
- Battery positive lead
- (2) Sub tank (rear shock absorber)
- (3) Ventilation hose (crankcase)



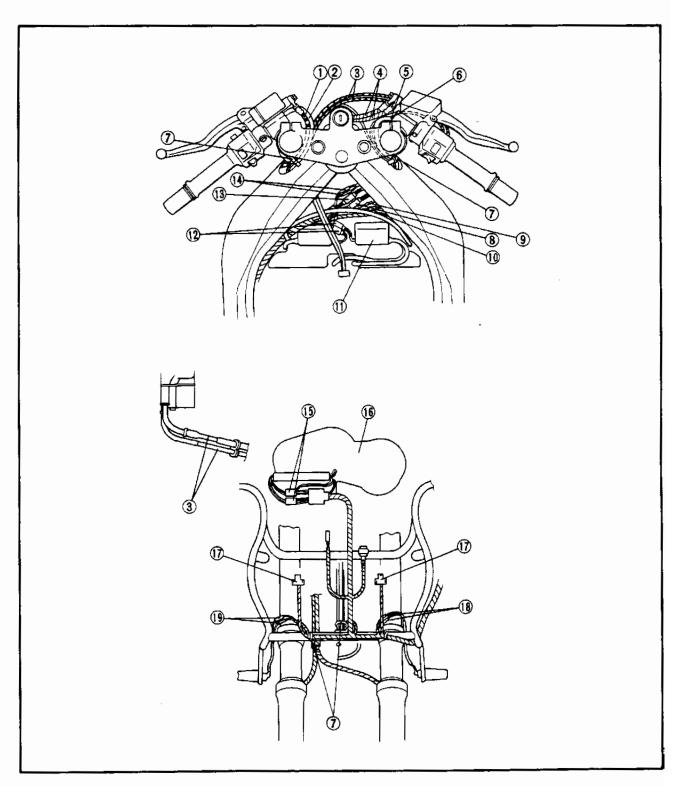


- () Clutch hose
- (2) Handlebar switch leads (left)
- ③ Throttle cables
- Front brake hoses
- (5) Front brake switch lead
 (6) Handlebar switch leads (right)
- 🕖 Band
- 8 Handlebar switch coupler (right)
- 9 Handlebar switch lead (left)
- 1 Fan motor coupler
- () Ignition coil
- (1) Ignition coil couplers
- (3) Main switch coupler
- 🕚 Front brake switch lead
- (1) Motor leads
- (6) Motor assembly
- 1 Headlight coupler
- (18) Front flasher light leads (left)

(1) Front flasher light leads (right)

CABLE ROUTING

- A Clamp the main switch lead, handlebar switch leads and front brake switch leads.
- B Clamp the clutch switch lead and handlebar switch leads.





PERIODIC INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes all information necessary to perform recommended inspections and adjustments. These preventive maintenance procedures, if followed, will ensure more reliable vehicle operation and a longer service life. The need for costly overhaul work will be greatly reduced. This information applies to vehicles already in service as well as new vehicles that are being prepared for sale. All service technicians should be familiar with this entire chapter.

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION

Unit: km (miles)

| | | | EVERY | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ITEM | REMARKS | BREAK-IN 1,000 (600) | 6,000 (4,000) or 6 months | 12,000 (8,000) or 12 months | | | | |
| Valve(s)* | Check valve clearance. Adjust if necessary. | EVER | IY 42,000 (28, |)00 (28,000) | | | | |
| Spark plug(s) | Check condition. Clean or replace if necessary. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Air filter* | Clean. Replace if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Carburetor* | Check idle speed/synchronization/starter operation. Adjust if necessary. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Fuel line* | Check fuel hose and vacuum hose for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Fuel filter* | Check condition. Replace every 30,000 (20,000). | | | 0 | | | | |
| Engine oil | Replace (Warm engine before draining). | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Engine oil filter* | Replace. | 0 | | 0 | | | | |
| Brake* | Check operation/fluid leakage/See NOTE. Correct if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Clutch* | Check operation/fluid leakage/See NOTE. Correct if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Swingarm pivot* | Check swingarm assembly for looseness. Correct if necessary. Moderately repack every 24,000 (16,000) or 24 months.*** | | | 0 | | | | |
| Rear suspension link pivots* | Check operation. Apply grease lightly every 24,000 (16,000) or 24 months.*** | | | 0 | | | | |
| Wheels* | Check balance/damage/runout. Repair if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Wheel bearings* | Check bearings assembly for looseness/ damage. Replace if damaged. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Steering bearing* | Check bearings assembly for looseness. Correct if necessary. Moderately repack every 24,000 (16,000) or 24 months.** | 0 | | 0 | | | | |
| Front forks* | Check operation/oil leakage. Repair if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Rear shock absorber* | Check operation/oil leakage. Repair if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Cooling system | Check coolant leakage. Repair if necessary. Replace coolant every 24,000 (16,000) or 24 months. | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Drive chain | Check chain slack/alignment. Adjust if necessary. Clean and lube. | EVERY 500 (300) | | | | | | |

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE/LUBRICATION



Unit: km (miles)

| | | | EVERY | | | | |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ltem | Remarks | Break-in 1,000 (600) | 6,000 (4,000) or 6 months | 12,000 (8,000) or 12 months | | | |
| Fittings/Fasteners* | Check all chassis fittings and fasterners. Correct if necessary. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Sidestand* | Check operation. Repair if necessary. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Sidestand switch* | Check operation. Clean or replace if necessary. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Battery* | Check specific gravity. Check breather pipe for proper operation, Correct if necessary. | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| AC Generator* | Replace generator brushes every 100,000 (62,000). | | | | | | |

*: It is recommended that these items be serviced by a Yamaha dealer. **: Medium weight wheel bearing grease.

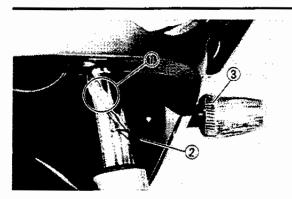
***: Molybdenum disulfide grease.

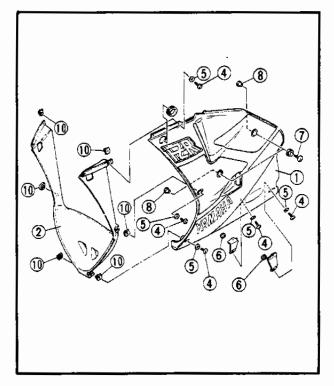
NOTE: ____

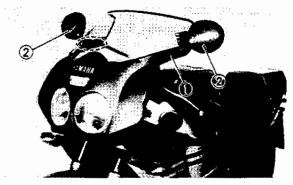
Brake fluid replacement:

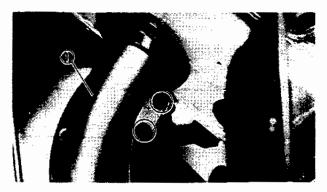
- 1. When disassembling the master cylinder or caliper cylinder (clutch release cylinder), replace the brake fluid. Normally check the brake fluid level and add the fluid as required.
- 2. On the inner parts of the master cylinder and caliper cylinder (clutch release cylinder), replace the oil seals every two years.
- 3. Replace the brake (clutch) hoses every four years, or if cracked or damaged.











COWLINGS

COWLINGS

REMOVAL

Side and upper cowling

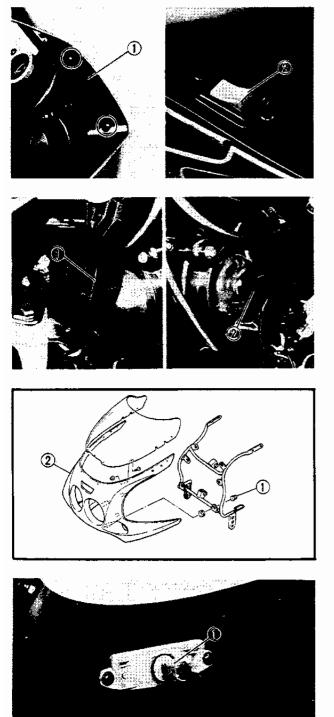
- 1. Disconnect:
 - Flasher light leads ①
- 2. Pull back the rubber cover ②.
- 3. Remove:
 - Flasher lights (left and right) ③
- 4. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left 1) and right 2)
 - Front cover ③

NOTE:

When removing the front cover, the spring nuts 0 may fall off. Be careful not to lose these parts.

- 4 Bolt
- ⑤ Plastic washer
- 6 Nut
- () Bolt (large)
- 8 Collar
- 9 Grommet
- 🕕 Spring nut
- 5. Pull back the rubber cover 1.
- 6. Remove:
 - Rear view mirrors (left and right) ②

- 7. Remove:
 - \bullet Air intake ducts (left and right) ①



COWLINGS

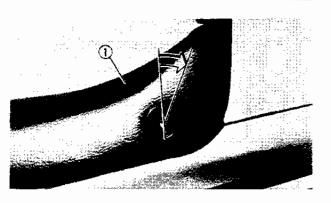
- 8. Remove:
 - Inner covers (left and right) ①
- 9. Disconnect:
 - "RES" (fuel reserve) switch ② coupler (on left side cover)
- 10. Remove:
 - Headlight covers ①
- 11. Disconnect:
 - Headlight couplers ②

- 12. Remove:
 - Nuts ①
 - Upper cowling (2)

ACAUTION:

Remove the headlight together with the upper cowling to prevent the headlight from falling out.

- 13. Disconnect:
 - Front position light coupler ①



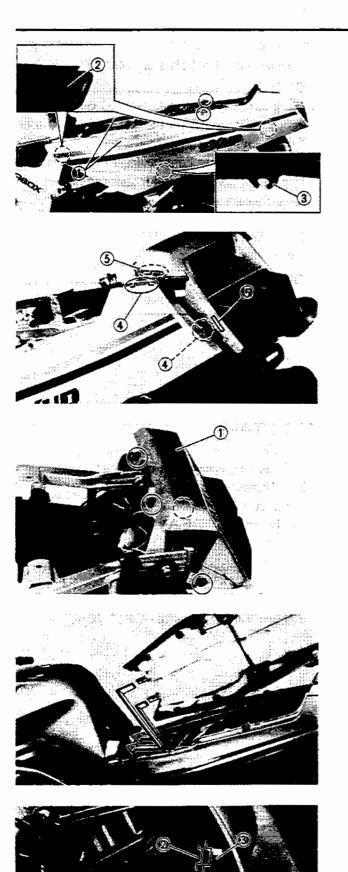
Side and tail cover

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat ①

NOTE: ___

Insert the key into the lock and turn it clockwise to release the seat lock.





- 2. Remove:
 - ullet Side covers (left and right) 1

NOTE: _

When removing the side covers, unhook the projections ② and snap ③ on the side cover from the grommets on the frame and then, unhook the hooks ④ on the side cover end from the slots ⑤ on the tail cover.

3. Remove: • Tail cover ①

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points. Seat and tail cover 1. Install:

- . Install
- Seat

NOTE: _

Insert the lobs on the seat front into the receptacle on the frame, then push down the seat end.

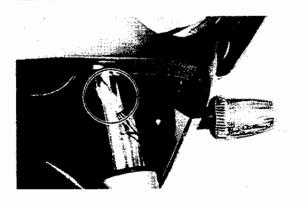
Side and upper cowling

- 1. Install:
 - Headlight covers (left and right) ①

NOTE: _

Make sure that the projection (2) on the cover is meshed with slot (3) on the headlight case.





- 2. Install:
 - Flasher lights (left and right)

NOTE: _

- Make sure that the projection ① on the flasher light stay is meshed with hole ② on the flasher light.
- Install the flasher light having a chocolate color lead on the left side and install the flasher light having a dark green color lead on the right side.

3. Connect:

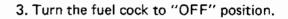
Flasher light leads

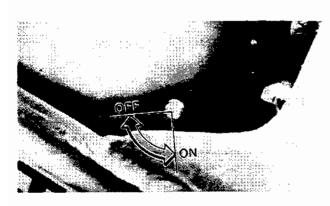
NOTE: _

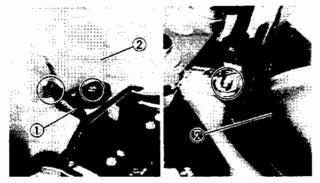
Lead of identical colors should be connected.

FUEL TANK REMOVAL

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.
- 2. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Refer to "SIDE AND TAIL COVERS '.

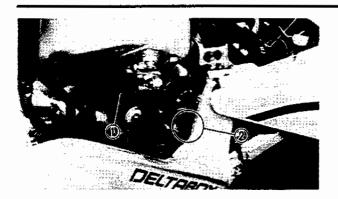


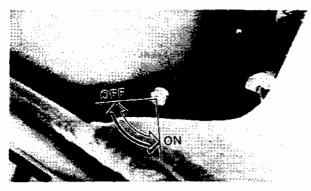




- 4. Disconnect:
 - Breather hose (fuel tank) ①
- 5. Remove:
 - Fuel tank (2)







- 6. Disconnect:
 - Fuel hose ①
 - Fuel sender coupler 2

1. WARNING:

Gasoline is highly flammable. Avoid spilling fuel on the hot engine.

NOTE: _

Place a rug on the engine to absorb a spilt fuel.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points. 1. Turn the fuel cock to "ON" position.

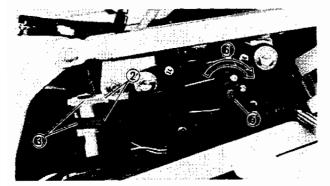
EXUP CABLE ADJUSTMENT

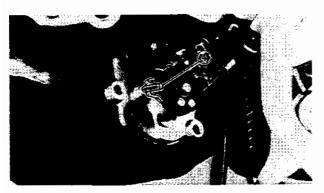


ENGINE

EXUP CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Side cowling (left)
 - Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Valve cover ①
- 3. Turn on the main switch.
- - .





4. Adjust:• EXUP cables

Adjustment steps:

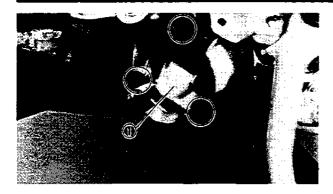
- Loosen both locknuts (2) and turn in both adjusters (3).
- Insert a [ϕ 4 mm (ϕ 0.16 in)] pin (4) through the alignment slot in the pulley and into the hole.
- Turn both adjusters counterclockwise by hand until any free play present in the cables has been eliminated.
- Turn both adjusters 1/2 turn clockwise.
- Tighten the locknuts.

Locknuts:

8 Nm (0.8 m · kg, 5.8 ft · lb)

- Remove the pin.
- Turn off the main switch, then turn the EXUP pulley (servo motor) (5) back in the direction indicated by the arrow (6) until it stops.
- Turn on the main switch once, and check that the alignment is set properly. If not, repeat the steps described above.





- 5. Install:
 - Valve cover ①

Bolt (valve cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 6. Install:
 - Side cowling (left)
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.

VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUSTMENT

.

.1. WARNING:

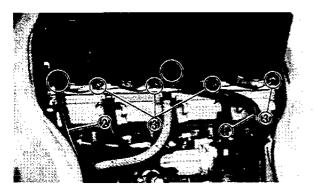
The engine must be cool before servicing the valve clearance.

NOTE: _____

Measure and adjust valve clearance when piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

Removal

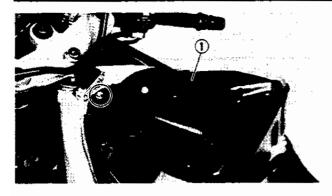
- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.
 - Fuel tank Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.

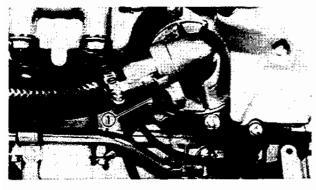


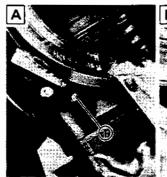
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Ventilation hose (crankcase) ①
 - Ventilation hose (air filter case) ②
- 3. Loosen:
 - Clamp screw (air filter case carburetor)

3-9





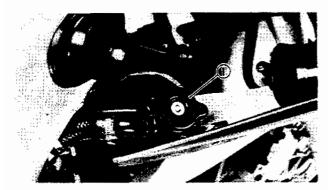












- 4. Remove:
 - Air filter case 🕕

- 5. Remove:
 - Drain bolt (water pump) ①

6. Remove: • Drain bolts (Cylinder) ①

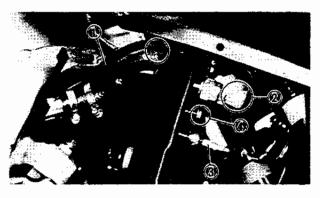
- A Left B Right
- 7. Remove:
 - Air intake duct (right) ①
 - Inner cover (right) 2

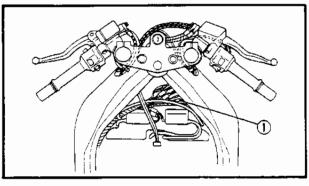
- 8. Remove:
- Radiator cap 🕦
- 9. Drain:
 - Coolant

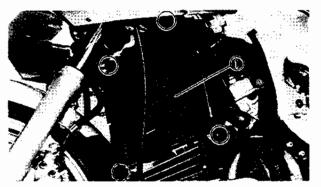
3-10

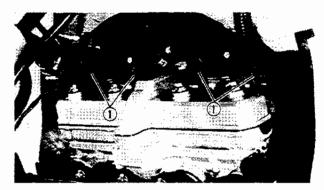












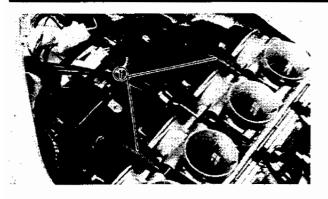
- 10. Loosen:
 - Hose band (radiator inlet hose) 1
 - Hose band (radiator outlet hose) ②

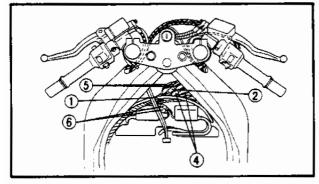
- 11. Disconnect:
 - Breather hose (radiator) ①
 - Thermo switch leads ②
 - Thermo unit lead (3)
 - Ground lead ④
- 12. Disconnect:
 - Fan motor coupler ①

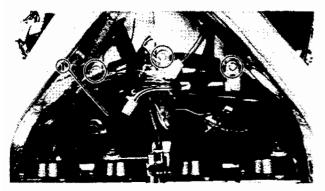
- 13. Remove:
 - Radiator assembly ①

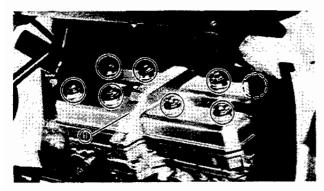
- 14. Disconnect:
 - Spark plug caps ① (from spark plugs)

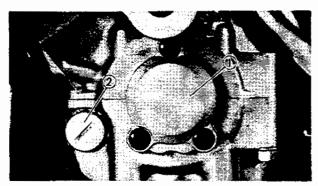












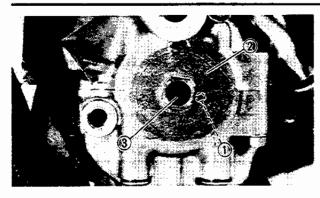
- 15. Disconnect:
 - Air vent hoses (carburetor) ①

- 16. Remove:
 - Band 🛈
- 17. Disconnect:
 - Main switch coupler ②
 - Handlebar switch coupler (3)/lead (4)
 - Front brake switch leads (5)
 - Ignition coil couplers 6
- 18. Remove:
 - Air baffle plate ① (with ignition coils)

- 19. Remove:
 - ●Spark plugs
 - Cylinder head cover ①
 - Gasket (cylinder head cover)

- 20. Remove:
 - Crankshaft end cover (left) (1) (with o-ring)
 - Timing plug (2) (with o-ring)
- 3.12

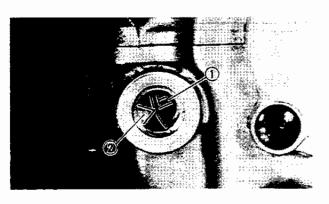


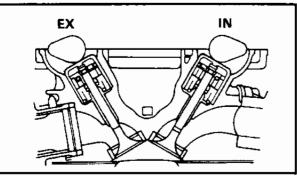


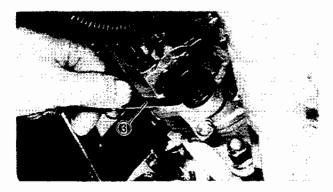
- 21. Attach:
 - Dowel pin ①
 - Timing rotor ②
 - •Bolt (8 mm) ③



- 22. Tighten:
 - •Bolt ③







Adjustment

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve clearance

Measurement steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- Align the "T" mark 1 on the crankshaft web with the stationary pointer 2 when #1 piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

NOTE: _

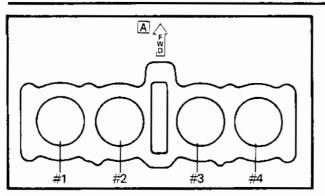
Compression TDC can be found when the cam lobes are apart from each other, as shown.

• Measure the valve clearance using a thickness gauge ③ .

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust valve clearance.



Intake Valve (Cold): $0.11 \sim 0.20 \text{ mm} (0.004 \sim 0.008 \text{ in})$ Exhaust Valve (Cold): $0.21 \sim 0.30 \text{ mm} (0.008 \sim 0.012 \text{ in})$



| 0° 180° 360° 540° 720° |
|------------------------|
| |
| D |
| D |
| D |
| |

- Record the measured amount if the clearance is incorrect.
- Measure the valve clearance in sequence, for #2, 4 and #3 cylinders.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust valve clearance.

Firing Sequence: #1 \rightarrow #2 \rightarrow #4 \rightarrow #3

A Front

NOTE: _

Turn the crankshaft each degrees counterclockwise from #1 Cylinder TDC.

B Crankshaft counterclockwise turning angle

C Cylinder number D Combustion

| #2 Cylinder | 180 degrees |
|-------------|-------------|
| #4 Cylinder | 360 degrees |
| #3 Cylinder | 540 degrees |

Adjusting Pad Replacement

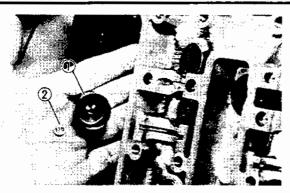
1. Remove:

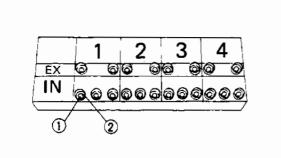
- Timing chain tensioner
- Chain guide (upper)
- Chain guide (exhaust side)
- Camshaft caps (exhaust and intake)
- Timing chain
- Camshaft (intake and exhaust)

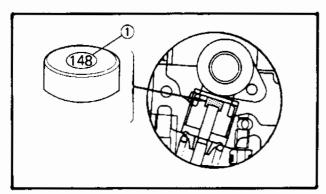
NOTE: _

- Refer to the "ENGINE DISASSEMBLY CAMSHAFT AND CYLINDER HEAD" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- When removing the timing chain or camshafts, fasten the wire to the timing chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.









- 2. Remove:
 - \bullet Valve lifter ①
 - Pad ② Record the installed pad number.

NOTE: ____

- Place a rug in the timing chain room to prevent the pad from falling into the crankcase.
- Identify each valve lifter and pad position very carefully so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.

- 3. Select:
 - Proper pad(s)

| | Selection steps:Select the proper pad from the table: | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Pad | range | Pad Availability: 25 increments | | | | | | | | |
| No. 120 ~ No. 240 | 1.20 mm (0.047 in) ~ 2.40 mm (0.094 in) | 0.05 mm (0.002 in) increments | | | | | | | | |
| NOTE: Thicknes pad top s | s ① of ea | ach pad is marked on the | | | | | | | | |
| | d pad num | nundredths digit of the ober to the nearest 0.05 | | | | | | | | |
| Hundre | dths digit | Rounded valve | | | | | | | | |
| 0 0 | r 2 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | (NOT ROUNDED OFF) | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | 10 | | | | | | | | |



EXAMPLE:

Installed pad number = 148 (1.48 mm) Rounded off digit = 150

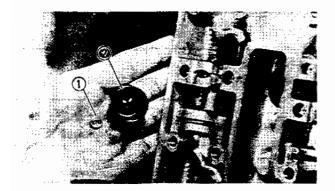
NOTE: _

Pads can only be selected in 0.05 mm (0.002 in) increments.

• Locate the "Rounded off Pad Number" on the chart, and then find the measured valve clearance. The point where these coordinates intersect is the new pad number.

NOTE: __

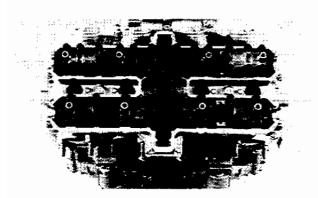
Use the new pad number as a guide only as the number must be verified.



- 4. Install:
 - Pad (new) ①
 - Valve lifter ②

NOTE: ____

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease to the pad.
- Lubricate the valve lifter with a molybdenum disulfide oil.
- Valve lifter must be rotated smoothly by a finger.
- Each valve lifter and pad position very carefully so that its original place.



- 5. Install:
 - Camshafts (exhaust and intake)
 - Timing chain
 - Camshaft caps

Bolt (camshaft cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

INSP ADJ

-

INTAKE

- -

| B | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|------|-------|-----|------|-------|--------|------|--------------|-----|-------|------|
| MEASURED CLEARANCE | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | - - | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 |
| 0.00~0.02 | | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 1.1 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 |
| 0.03~0.07 | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 1 | | | | 160 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.08~0.10 | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | | 150 | | | 165 | | | | | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 |
| 0.11~0.20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.21~0.22 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 5 | | | | 175 | | 185 | | | | | | | | 225 | | 235 | | l I |
| Arr | | 1 | | | X | | 1 | | | | 180 | | | | | | | | | | | | | ļ | |
| 0.28~0.32 | 135 | | | | | | | | | | 185 | | | | | | | | | | | | J | | |
| 0.33~0.37 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | | | 200 | | | | | | | | |) | | | |
| 0.38~0.42 | 145 | 150 | | | | | | | | | 195 | | | | | | | | | 240 | 1 | | | | |
| 0.43~0.47 | 150 | | | | | | | | | | 200 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.48~0.52 | 155 | | | | 175 | | | | | | 205 | | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | |
| 0.53~0.57 | 160 | | | | 180 | | | | | | 210 | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | |
| 0.58~0.62 | 165 | 170 | | | | | | | | | 215 | _ | 225 | | _ | 240 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.63~0.67 | 170 | | | | 190 | | | | _ | 215 | | | 230 | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.68~0.72 | 175 | | | | | | | | | | 225 | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.73~0.77 | 180 | | | | | | | | | | 230 | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.78~0.82 | | | | | | | | | | | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.83~0.87 | | | | | | | | | | | 240 | F | XA | MPI | F٠ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.88~0.92 | | 200 | | | | | | | | 240 | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 200 | | | | | | _ | | 240 | | | V | 'AL' | VE | CL | EAI | 1AF | NCE | i (co | old): | | | | | |
| 0.98~1.02 | 205 | | | _ | | | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ۰ ۰ : | -1 | | |
| | 210 | - | | | | | 240 | J | | | | | U | . 1 1 | ~ U | .20 | mn | 1 (U | .004 | \sim | 0.00 | IR II | n) | | |
| 1.08~1.12 | | | | _ | | 240 | | | | | | | - Ir | າsta | lled | is | 14 | B (| Rou | inde | ed o | off | nur | nbe | r is |
| | 220 | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| | 225 | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | 50) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 230 | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | N | leas | ure | d cle | ara | nce | is O | .24 | mm | n (O. | 009 |) in) | |
| | 235 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| 1.33~1.37 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | epi | ace | 148 | pae | u WI | in I | 00 | pag | | | | |

EXHAUST

| B | A INSTALLED PAD NUMBER | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| CLEARANCE | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 116 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 |
| 0.00~0.02 | | | | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 190 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 |
| 0.03~0.07 | | | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 1 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 |
| 0.08~0.12 | | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 |
| 0.13~0.17 | | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 185 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 |
| 0.18~0.20 | | 120 | 125 | 130 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 179 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 |
| 0.21~0.30 | | | | | | | | C | RE | COM | MEN | DED | CLE | ARA | NCE | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.31~0.32 | | 130 | | | | | | | | | 175 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | } |
| 1.33~0.37 | 136 | 135 | | | | | | | | | 10 | | | | | | | | | 225 | | | | | |
| 0.38~0.42 | 135 | 140 | 145 | | | | | | | | 185 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.43~0.47 | 140 | 145 | 150 | | | | | | | | 190 | | | | | | | | | | |] | | | |
| | 145 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | J | | | | |
| 0.53~0.57 | 150 | 155 | 160 | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 185 | 190 | 195 | 200 | 205 | 210 | 215 | 220 | 225 | 230 | 235 | 240 | | | | | | |
| 0.58~0.62 | | 160 | | | | | | | | | 205 | | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | |
| 0.63~0.67 | | 165 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | |
| 0.68~0.72 | | 170 | | | | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | | | 240 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | · | 175 | | | | | | | | | 220 | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 180 | | | | | | | | | 225 | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.83~0.87 | | 185 | | | | _ | | _ | _ | | 230 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.68~0.92 | | 190 | | | | | _ | - | | _ | | 240 | l | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.93~0.97 | | 195 | | | | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.98~1.02 | | | | | | | | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 205 | | | | | _ | | 240 | | | I | EXA | AIMI P | LE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 210 | | | | | | 240 | | | | 1 | νΑι | VE | | E۸ | RA | NC | | old | ١. | | | | |
| | | 215 | _ | | | | 240 | l | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | 220 | _ | | | 240 | | | | | | | (| 0.21 | \sim | 0.30 |) m | m (C |).00 | 8~ | 0.0 | 12 | in) | | |
| | | 225 230 | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | Inst | alle | d is | 175 | | | | | | | | |
| | | 230 | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | 、 |
| | | | 240 | | | | | | | | | | i | Mea | SULE | ed c | lear | ance | e is l | 0.35 | o mr | n (C | 0.01 | 4 in |) |
| 1.43~1.47 | 235 240 | 240 | | | | | | | | | | | | Rep | lace | 17 | 5 pa | ad w | ith | 185 | i pa | đ | | | |

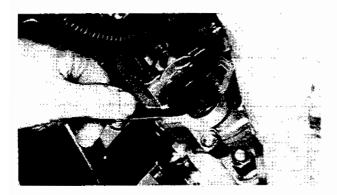
3-17

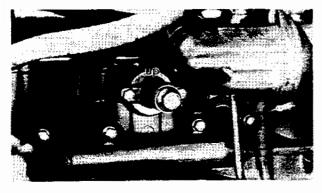




NOTE: _

- Refer to the "ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT - CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- Lubricate the camshaft bearing surfaces, cam lobes and cam journals.
- Install the exhaust camshaft first.
- Align the matching marks.
- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise several turns for the installed parts to settle into the correct position.





- 6. Measure:
 - Valve clearance

Valve clearance verification steps:

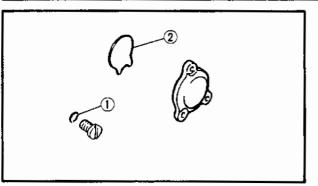
- Follow the "valve clearance measurement steps".
- If the clearance is incorrect, repeat all Adjusting Pad Replacement steps until the proper clearance is obtained.
- 7. Install:
 - Chain guide (exhaust side)
 - Chain guide (upper)
 - Timing chain tensioner

Bolt (chain guide -- upper): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Bolt (cam chain tensioner): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Install the tensioner body so that the "UP" mark faces upward.





Installation

Reverse the "removal" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Inspect:
 - O-ring (timing plug) ①
 - Gasket (crankshaft end cover) ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
- 2. Tighten:
 - Screws (crankshaft end cover)

Screw (crankshaft end cover): 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)

- 3. inspect:
 - Gasket (cylinder head cover) ①
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
- 4. Install:
 - Gasket (cylinder head cover)
 - Cylinder head cover (2)
 - Spark plugs

NOTE: ____

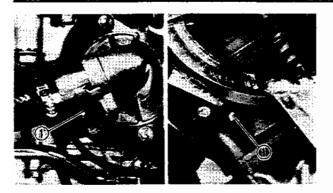
Be sure the cylinder head gasket mark ③ faces front.

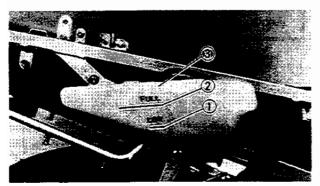
Bolt (cylinder head cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Spark plug: 17.5 Nm (1.75 m · kg, 12.5 ft · lb)

- 5. Inspect:
 - Gasket (drain bolts cylinder)
 - Gasket (drain bolts water pump)
 Damage → Replace.

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION







- 6. Tighten:
 - Drain bolts ①

Drain bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 7. Fill:
 - Cooling system

Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Recommended coolant: High quality ethylene glycol anti-freeze containing anticorrosion for aluminum engine inhibitors

Coolant and water mixed ratio: 50%/50%

Total amount: 2.1 L (1.9 Imp qt, 2.2 US qt) Reservoir tank capacity: 0.4 L (0.35 Imp qt, 0.42 US qt) From "LOW" to "FULL" level: 0.15 L (0.13 Imp qt, 0.16 US qt)

() "LOW" level line

- "FULL" level line
- (3) Coolant reservoir tank

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION

Carburetors must be adjusted to open and close simultaneously.

NOTE: ____

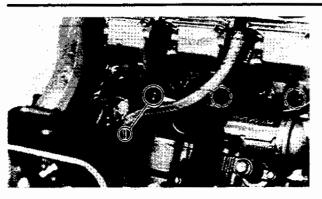
Valve clearance must be set properly before synchronizing the carburetors.

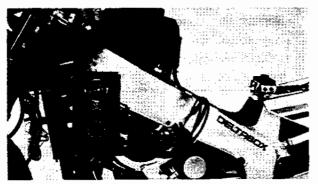
- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank
 - Refer to the "FUEL TANK Removal" section.

CARBURETOR SYNCHRONIZATION



÷.

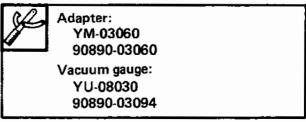






- 2. Remove:
 - Screws (vacuum plug) ()
 (with gaskets)

- 3. Install:
 - Adapters
 - Vacuum gauge
 - Sub tank (fuel)

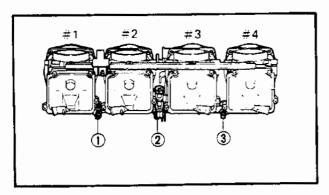


- 4. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 5. Adjust:
 - Idle speed

Turn the throttle stop screw ①.

| Turn in | Engine speed is increased. |
|----------|----------------------------|
| Turn out | Engine speed is decreased. |

Idle speed: 950 ~ 1,050 r/min



6. Adjust:

• Carburetors synchronization

Adjustment steps:

- Synchronize carburetor #1 to carburetor #2 by turning synchronizing screw ① until both gauges read the same.
- Racing the engine for less than a second, two or three times, and check the synchronization again.

IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT





Vacuum pressure at idle speed: 27.26 ~ 26.06 kPa (205 ~ 195 mmHg, 8.07 ~ 7.67 in Hg) Vacuum synchronous difference:

- 1.33 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.4 in Hg)
- Repeat the above steps to synchronize carburetor #4 to carburetor #3 by turning synchronizing screw ③ until both gauges read the same.
- Repeat the same steps to synchronize # 2 carburetor to #3 carburetor by turning synchronizing screw ② until both gauges read the same.
- 7. Adjust:
 - Idle speed Refer to "IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT" section.
- 8. Inspect:
 - Gaskets (vacuum plug)
 Damage → Replace.
- 9. Install:
 - Fuel tank
 - Seat Refer to the "FUEL TANK – Installation" section.

IDLE SPEED ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

Before adjusting the idle speed, the carburetors synchronization should be adjusted.

- 1. Start the engine and let it warm up.
- 2. Check:
 - Idle speed
 Out of specification → Adjust.

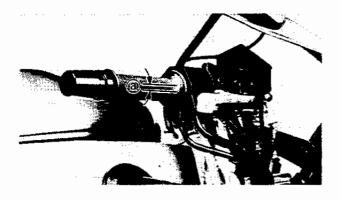
جر اdle speed: ۲ ل 950 ~ 1,

ie speed: 950 ~ 1,050 r/min

THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT







- 3. Adjust:
 - Engine idle speed

Adjustment steps:

• Turn the throttle stop screw ① in or out until specified idle speed is obtained.

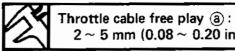
| Turn in | Idle speed becomes higher. |
|----------|----------------------------|
| Turn out | Idle speed becomes lower. |

THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUST-MENT

NOTE: _

Before adjusting the throttle cable free play, the engine idle speed should be adjusted.

- 1. Check:
 - Throttle cable free play (a)
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.



 $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.20 \text{ in})$

- 2. Adjust:
 - Throttle cable free play

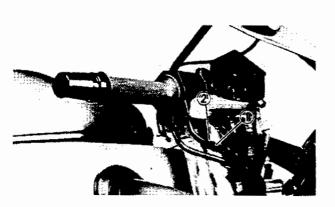
Adjustment steps:

First step:

- Remove the seat, fuel tank and air filter case.
- Make sure that the adjuster ① and locknut (2) on the throttle housing side are fully tightened.
- Loosen the locknut ③ on the carburetor side.
- Turn the adjuster ④ in or out unit! the correct free play is obtained.

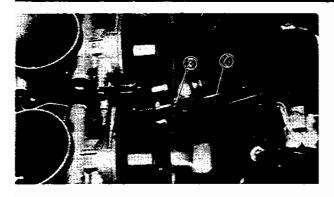
| Turn in | Free play is increased. | |
|----------|-------------------------|--|
| Turn out | Free play is decreased. | |

Tighten the locknut ③.



SPARK PLUG INSPECTION





Second step:

- If the free play is incorrect, adjust the throttle cable free play with the adjuster (Throttle grip side).
- Loosen the locknut 2.
- Turn the adjuster ① in or out until the correct free play is obtained.

Turn inFree play is increased.Turn outFree play is decreased.

• Tighten the locknut ②.

NOTE: _

After adjusting the free play, turn the handlebar to right and left, and make sure that the engine idling does not run faster.

• Install the air filter case, fuel tank and seat.

SPARK PLUG INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Spark plug

A CAUTION:

Before completely removing plug, use compressed air to clean the setting areas to prevent dirt particles from falling into the engine.

- 2. Inspect:
 - Spark plug type Incorrect → Replace.

Standard spark plug: DR8ES-L (NGK), X24ESR-U (NIPPON DENSO)

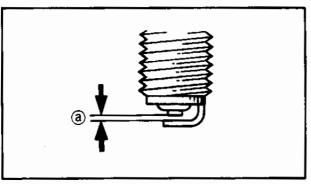
- 3. Inspect:
 - Electrode ①

Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Insulator color ②
 Normal condition is a medium to light tan color.

Distinctly different color \rightarrow Check the engine condition.





4. Clean:

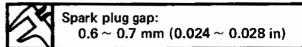
IGNITION TIMING CHECKS

Spark plug

Clean the spark plug with a spark plug cleaner or wire brush.

5. Measure:

Spark plug gap (a)
 Out of specification → Regap.
 Use a wire gauge.



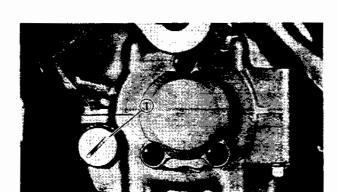
6. Tighten: • Spark plug

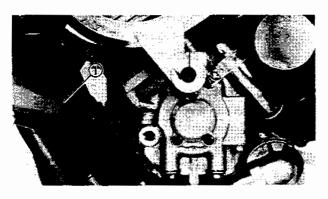
NOTE: .

- Before installing a spark plug, clean the gasket surface and plug surface.
- If a torque wrench is not available when you are installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4 to 1/2 turns part finger tight. Have the spark plug torqued to the correct value as soon as possible with a torque wrench.

X

Spark plug: 17.5 Nm (1.75 m · kg, 13 ft · lb)





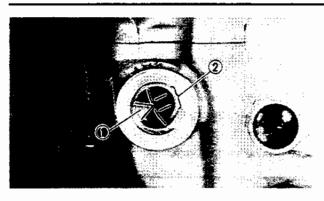
IGNITION TIMING CHECKS

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover
 - Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Timing plug ① (with o-ring)
- 3. Attach:
 - \bullet Timing light ①
 - Inductive tachometer (to #1 spark plug lead)

Timing light: YU-33223 90890-03109 Inductive tachometer: YU-08037 90890-03113

COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT





- 4. Check:
 - Ignition timing

Checking steps:

• Warm up the engine and let it at the specified speed.

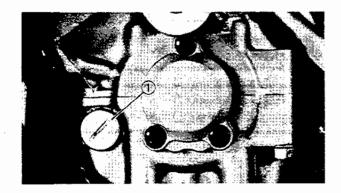
Engine speed: 950 ~ 1,050 r/min

• Visually check the stationary pointer ① is within the firing range ② on the crankshaft web.

Incorrect firing range \rightarrow Check pickup assembly.

NOTE:

Ignition timing is not adjustable.



- 5. Install:
 - Timing plug ① (with o-ring)
 - Front cover
 - Side cowlings Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.

COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

NOTE: __

Insufficient compression pressure will result in performance loss.

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.
- 2. Measure:
 - Valve clearance
 Out of specification → Adjust.
 Refer to the "VALVE CLEARANCE AD-JUSTMENT" section.
- 3. Warm up the engine.
- 4. Remove:
 - Spark plugs

COMPRESSION PRESSURE MEASUREMENT





- 4. Measure:
 - Compression pressure

Measurement steps:

- Install the compression gauge (1) using an adapter.
- Crank over the engine with the electric starter (be sure the battery is fully charged) with the throttle wide open until the compression reading on the gauge stabilizes.
- •Check readings with specified levels (See chart).

Compression gauge: YU-33223 90890-03081

Compression pressure (at sea level): Standard: 1,400 kPa (14.0 kg/cm², 199 psi) Minimum:

1,360 kPa (13.6 kg/cm² , 194 psi) Maximum:

1,480 kPa (14.8 kg/cm², 210 psi)

A WARNING:

When cranking the engine, ground spark plug lead to prevent sparking.

- •Repeat the previous steps for the other cylinders.
- •If pressure falls bellow the minimum level:
- 1) Squirt a few drops of oil into the affected cylinder.
- 2) Measure the compression again.

| | ompression pressure introduced into cylinder) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Reading Diagnosis | | | | |
| Higher than without oil Worn or damaged pistons | | | | |
| Same as without oil | Defective ring(s), valves, cylinder head gasket or piston is possible. | | | |
| Above Inspect cylinder head, maximum valve surfaces, or piston level crown for carbon deposi | | | | |

ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION



Difference between each cylinder: Less than 100 kPa (1 kg/cm², 14 psi)

- Remove the compression gauge with a adapter.
- 3. Install:
 - Spark plug

Spark plug: 17.5 Nm (1.75 m · kg, 12.5 ft · lb)

Refer to the "SPARK PLUG INSPECTION" section.

- 4. Install:
 - Front cover
 - Side cowlings (left and right) Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.

ENGINE OIL LEVEL INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Engine oil level Oil level low → Add sufficient oil.

Inspection steps:

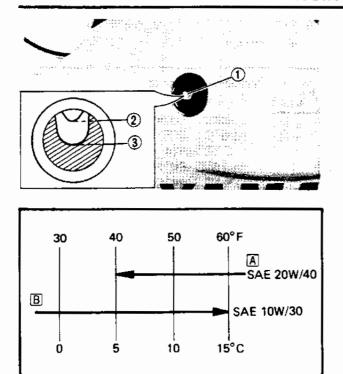
• Place the motorcycle on a level place and hold it in an upright position.

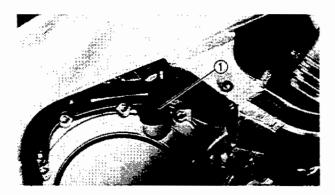
NOTE: __

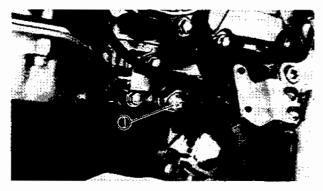
Be sure the motorcycle is positioned straight up when checking the oil level; a slight tilt toward the side can produce faise readings.

• Warm up the engine for several minutes, and stop it, then wait at least several minutes for the oil to drain back into the crankcase.

ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT







- Visually check the oil level through the level window ① whether or not oil level is between maximum ② and minimum level ③.
- If the level is lower, add the oil up to the proper level.

Recommended engine oil:

At 5°C (40°F) or higher A : SAE 20W40 type SE motor oil At 15°C (60°F) or lower B : SAE 10W30 type SE motor oil

A CAUTION:

- Do not add any chemical additives. Engine oil also lubricates the clutch and additives could cause clutch slippage.
- Be sure no foreign material enters the crankcase.

ENGINE OIL REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover

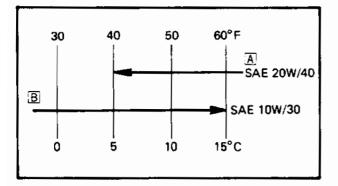
Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.

- 2. Warm up the engine for several minutes.
- 3. Place a drain pan under the engine.
- 4. Remove:
 - Oil filler cap ①
- 5. Remove:
 - Drain plug ①
 - Drain the crankcase of its engine oil.
- 6. Inspect:
 - O-ring (oil filler cap)
 - Gasket (drain plug)
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
- 7. Tighten:
 - Drain plug

Drain plug: 43 Nm (4.3 m·kg, 31 ft·lb)

ENGINE OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT





8. Fill:

Crankcase

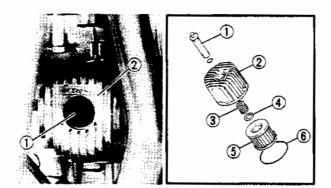
Periodic oil change: 2.7 L (2.4 Imp qt, 2.9 US qt) Recommended engine oil: At 5°C (40° F) or higher A : SAE 20W40 type SE motor oil At 15°C (60° F) or lower B : SAE 10W30 type SE motor oil

A CAUTION:

- Do not add any chemical additives. Engine oil also lubricates the clutch and additives could cause clutch slippage.
- Be sure no foreign material enters the crankcase.
- 9. Install:
 - Oil filler cap
- 10. Install:
 - Front cover
 - Side cowlings (left and right) Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.

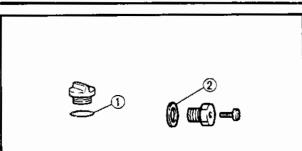
ENGINE OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT

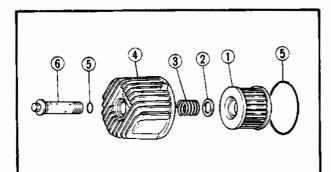
- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover Refer to the "COWLING" section.
- 2. Warm up the engine for several minutes.
- 3. Place a drain pan under the engine.
- 4. Remove:
 - Oil filler cap
 - Drain plug
 - Drain the crankcase of its engine oil.
- 5. Remove:
 - Bolt (oil filter) ①
 - Filter cover ②
 - •Spring ③
 - Washer ④
 - Oil filter (5)
 - O-ring 🌀



ENGINE OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT







6. Inspect:

- 7. Install: • Drain plug
 - Oil filter (new) ①

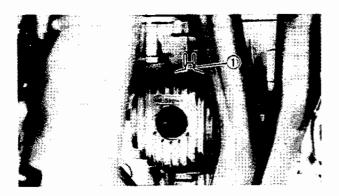
O-ring (oil filler cap) ①
 Gasket (drain plug) ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.

- Washer ②
- Spring ③
- Filter cover ④ (with o-ring ⑤)
- Bolt (oil filter) (6)
 (with o-ring (5))



Drain plug: 43 Nm (4.3 m · kg, 31 ft · lb) Bolt (oil filter):

15 Nm (1.5 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)



NOTE: _

Mesh the oil filter cover projection ① with the crankcase slot.

- 8. Fill:
 - Crankcase

Refer to the "ENGINE OIL REPLACE-MENT" section for recommended engine oil.

With oil filter replacement: 3.0 L (2.6 Imp qt, 3.1 US qt)

CLUTCH FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION



- (with o-ring)
- 10. Warm up the engine for a few minutes, then stop the engine.
- 11. Inspect:
 - Oil leaks
 - Oil level
- 12. Inspect:
 - Oil flow

Inspection steps:

- •Slightly loosen the oil gallery bolt (1) in the cylinder head.
- Start the engine and keep it idling until oil begins to seep from the oil gallery hole. If no oil comes out after one minute, stop the engine immediately so it will not engine stick.
- Restart the engine after solving the problem(s), and recheck the oil pressure.
- •Stop the engine and tighten the oil gallery bolt to specification.



Bolt (oil gallery): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 13. Install:
 - Front cover
 - Side cowlings (left and right) Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.

CLUTCH FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION

NOTE:

Position the motorcycle straight up when inspecting the fluid level.





1. Place the motorcycle on a level surface.

NOTE: 🗕

Place the motorcycle on its centerstand if the motorcycle is equipped with a centerstand. If not, place a suitable stand under the motorcycle.



Fluid level

Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line 1 \rightarrow Replenish.

Recommended fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.

NOTE:_

When inspecting the fluid level of the reservoir at the handlebars, make sure that the master cylinder top is horizontal.

ACAUTION:

The fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

1. WARNING:

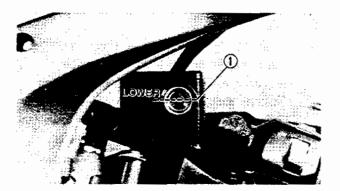
- Use only the designated quality fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor performance.
- Refill with the same type of fluid: mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

AIR BLEEDING (HYDRAULIC CLUTCH SYSTEM)

UWARNING:

Bleed the clutch system if:

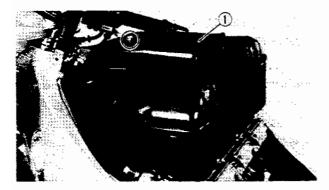
- The system has been disassembled.
- A clutch hose has been loosened or removed.
- The clutch fluid is very low.
- The clutch operation is faulty.



AIR FILTER CLEANING







- 1. Bleed:
 - Clutch system

Air bleeding steps:

- a. Add proper fluid to the reservoir.
- b. Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to over flow.
- c. Connect the clear plastic hose (1) to the bleed screw.
- d. Place the other end of the tube into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the clutch lever several times.
- f. Pull in the lever and hold it in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever to travel slowly toward its limit.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw when the lever has reached its limit, then release the lever.

Bleed screw:

6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

i. Repeat steps (e) to (h) until the air bubbles have been removed from the system.

NOTE:

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the clutch fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.

j. Add fluid to proper level. Refer to the "CLUTCH FLUID LEVEL INSPECTION" section.

A WARNING:

Check the operation of the clutch after bleeding the clutch system.

AIR FILTER CLEANING

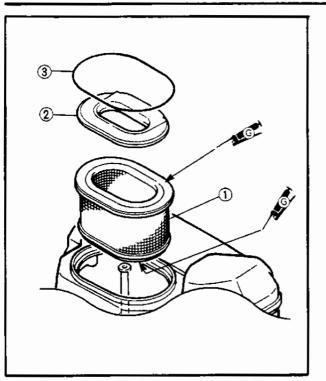
- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank
 - Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.
 - Air filter case cover (1)
 - Sealing rubber
 - Air filter element

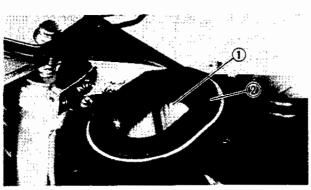
∆CAUTION:

The engine should never be run without the air filter element excessive piston and/or cylinder 3-34 wear may result.

CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION







- 2. Inspect:
 - \bullet Air filter element ①
 - Sealing rubber ②
 - O-ring ③
 Damage → Replace.
- 3. Clean:
 - Air filter element ①
 - Blow out dust in the element from the outer surface using compressed air.
 - Air filter case
 - Case cover
 - Using a cloth damped with solvent.
- 4. Apply:
 - All-purpose grease
 - (to air filter element seats 2)
- 5. Install:
 - Air filter element ①
 - Searing rubber 2
 - Air filter case cover

A CAUTION:

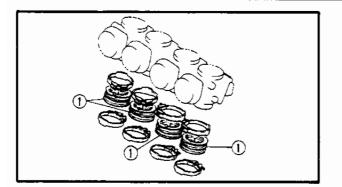
Make sure that the element seat fits into the corresponding filter case and case cover.

- 6. Install:
 - Fuel tank
 - Seat
 - Repeat to the "FUEL TANK" section.

CARBURETOR JOINT INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank
 - Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.





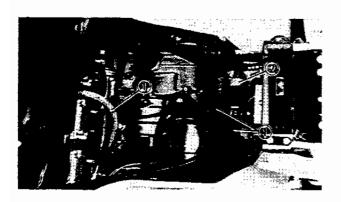
2. Inspect:

FUEL LINE INSPECTION

- Carburetor joints ①
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 Refer to the "CARBURETION" section in the CHAPTER 6 for replacement.
- 3. Install:
 - Fuel tank
 - Seat Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.

FUEL LINE INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
- Seat
- Fuel tank
 - Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.



- 2. Inspect:
 - Fuel hoses ① Cracks/Damage → Replace. Loose connection → Connect properly.
 Fuel filter ② Contamination/Damage → Replace.
- NOTE: ____

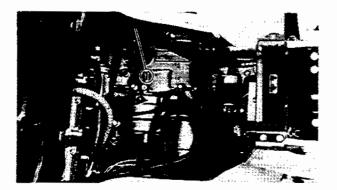
Drain and flush the fuel tank if abrasive damage to any components is evident.

- 3. Install:
 - Fuel tank
 - Seat
 - Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.



CRANKCASE VENTILATION HOSE INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank
 - Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.

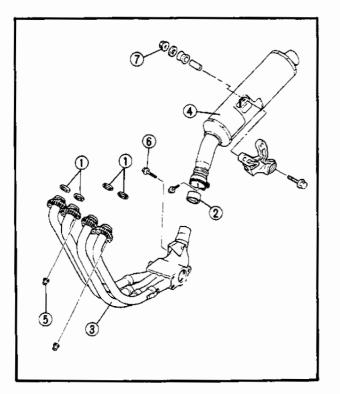


- 2. Inspect:
 - Crankcase ventilation hose ①
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 Loose connection → Connect properly.

▲ CAUTION:

Make sure that the crankcase ventilation hose is routed correctly.

- 3. Install:
 - Fuel tank
 - Seat Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.



EXHAUST SYSTEM INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Gasket (exhaust pipe) ①
 - Joint (silencer) ②
 Damage → Replace.
 - Exhaust gas leakage \rightarrow Repair.
 - Exhaust pipe ③
 - Silencer ④
 - Cracked/Dent/Damage \rightarrow Repair or replace.
- 2. Tighten:
 - Exhaust pipe
 - Muffler

 Nut (exhaust pipe) (5):

 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

 Bolt (muffler stay) (6):

 25 Nm (2.5 m·kg, 18 ft·lb)

 Nut (muffler/rear footrest) (7):

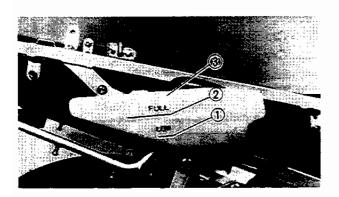
 42 Nm (4.2 m·kg, 30 ft·lb)

COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION



COOLANT LEVEL INSPECTION

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Side cover (right) Refer to the "COVERS" section.



- 2. Inspect:
 - Coolant level

Coolant level is under "LOW" level line $(1) \rightarrow \text{Add soft water}$ (tap water).

2 "FULL" level

③ Coolant reservoir tank

⚠ WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

ACAUTION:

Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts; use boiled or distilled water if you can't get soft water.

- 3. Add:
 - Soft water (tap water)

Until the coolant level reaches "FULL" Level line ②.



Reservoir tank capacity: Total:

0.4 L (0.35 Imp qt, 0.42 US qt) From "LOW" to "FULL" level: 0.15 L (0.13 Imp qt, 0.16 US qt)

- 4. Install:
 - Side cover (right)
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLING" section.





COOLANT REPLACEMENT

丛WARNING:

Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap by the following procedure:

Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Air intake duct (right) ①
 - Inner cover (right) (2)
- 3. Place an open container under the drain bolts.
- 4. Remove:
 - Drain bolt (water pump) ①

- 5. Remove:
 - Drain bolts (cylinder) ① Drain the coolant.

NOTE:

Remove the drain bolts first, then remove the radiator cap to prevent the coolant from spilling out.

A Left B Right



COOLANT REPLACEMENT

- 6. Inspect:
 - Gasket (drain bolts cylinder)
 - Gasket (drain bolt water pump)
 Damage → Replace.
- 7. Tighten:
 - Drain bolts



Drain bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

8. Fill:

• Cooling system

Coolant filling steps:

- Fill the radiator with the coolant to the specified level ①.
- Start the engine.

A CAUTION:

Always check coolant level, and check for coolant leakage before starting engine.

- To maintain the coolant level, add the coolant into the radiator while the engine is running.
- Stop the engine when the coolant level stabilizes.
- Add the coolant again to the specified level.
- Install the radiator cap.
- Fill the reservoir tank with the coolant to the specified level.



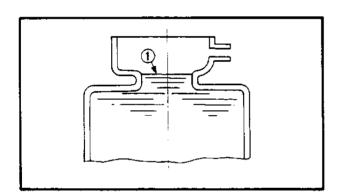
Recommended coolant: High quality ethylene glycol anti-freeze containing anti-corrosion for aluminum engine inhibitors Coolant and water mixed ratio:

50%/50% Total amount:

2.1 L (1.9 Imp gt, 2.2 US gt)

Reservoir tank capacity: 0.4 L (0.35 Imp qt, 0.42 US qt) From "LOW" to "FULL" level:

0.15 L (0.13 Imp gt, 0.16 US gt)







Handling notes of coolant:

The coolant is harmful so it should be handled with special care.

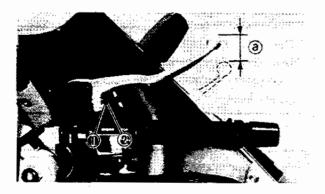
.1. WARNING:

- When coolant splashes to your eye. Thoroughly wash your eye with water and see your doctor.
- When coolant splashes to your clothes. Quickly wash it away with water and then with soap.
- When coolant is swallowed.

Quickly make him vomit and take him to a doctor.

ACAUTION:

- Hard water or salt water is harmful to the engine parts; use boiled or distilled water if you can't get soft water.
- Do not use water containing impurities or oil.
- Take care so that coolant does not splash to painted surfaces. If splashes, wash it away with water.
- 9. Install:
 - Inner cover (right)
 - Air intake duct (right)
 - Front cover
 - Side cowlings (left and right) Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.



CHASSIS

FRONT BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Brake lever free play (a)
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Free play: $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.20 \text{ in})$

at lever end.





- 2. Adjust:
 - Brake lever free play

Adjustment steps:

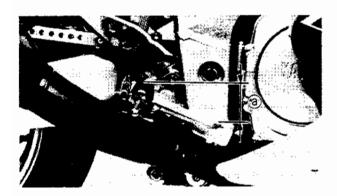
- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjuster ② in or out until the specified free play is obtained.

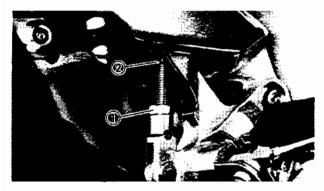
| Turn in | Free play is decreased. | | |
|----------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Turn out | Free play is increased. | | |
| | | | |

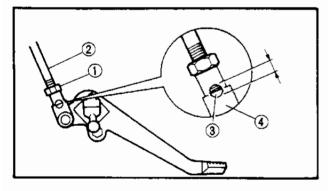
Tighten the locknut.

A CAUTION:

Proper lever free play is essential to avoid excessive brake drag.







REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check:
 - Brake pedal height (a)
 Out of specification → Adjust.



Brake pedal height: 60 mm (2.36 in) Below top of footrest.

- 2. Adjust:
 - Brake pedal height

Adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjuster ② in or out until the specified pedal height is obtained.

| Turn in | Pedal height is increased. |
|----------|----------------------------|
| Turn out | Pedal height is decreased. |

[⊥] ₩ARNING:

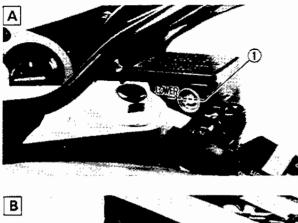
After adjusting the brake pedal height, visually check the adjuster end through the hole ③ of the joint holder ④. The adjuster end must appear within this hole.

• Tighten the locknut ①.

Locknut: 26 Nm (2.6 m·kg, 19 ft·lb)

BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION/ BRAKE PAD INSPECTION







BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level surface.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level
 Fluid level is under "LOWER" level line
 ① → Replenish.

Recommended Brake Fluid: DOT #4

- A Front brake side
- B Rear brake side

NOTE:

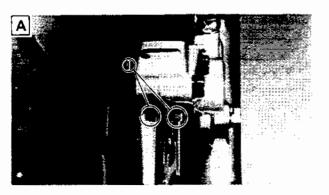
- Position the motorcycle straight up when inspecting the brake fluid level.
- When inspecting the brake fluid level, make sure the top surface of the master cylinder cap or reservoir tank cap is horizontal.
- Before inspecting the rear brake fluid level, remove the side cover (right).
- Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.

A CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

.1. WARNING:

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid: mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.



BRAKE PAD INSPECTION

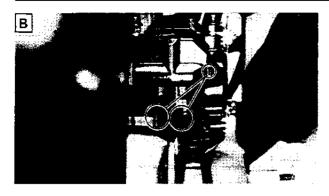
- 1. Activate the brake lever or brake pedal.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Brake pad

Wear indicator ① almost contacts brake disc \rightarrow Replace brake pad as a set.

Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 7 for replacement.

BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT/ BRAKE HOSE INSPECTION





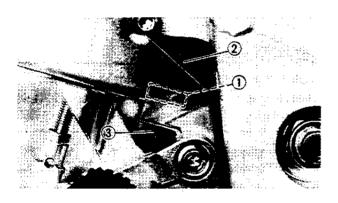
- A Front brake
- B Rear brake

BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: __

The brake light switch is operated by movement of the brake pedal.

Proper adjustment is achieved when the brake light comes on just before the brake begins to take effect.



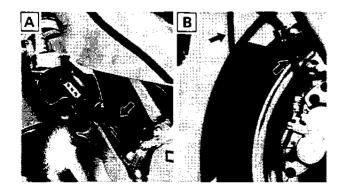
- 1. Loosen:
 - Locknut ①
- 2. Adjust:
 - •Rear brake light switch Hold the switch body ② with your hand so

it does not rotate and turn the adjuster ③.

NOTE: _

Proper adjustment is achieved when the brake light comes on just before the brake begins to take effect.

- 3. Tighten:
 - Locknut



BRAKE HOSE INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Brake hoses
 Cracks/Wear/Damage → Replace.

A Front brake sideB Rear brake side

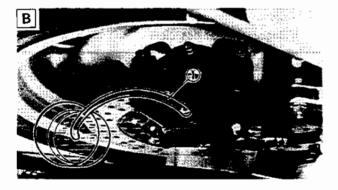


AIR BLEEDING (HYDRAULIC BRAKE SYSTEM)

.t. WARNING:

Bleed the brake system if:

- The system has been disassembled.
- A brake hose has been loosened or removed.
- The brake fluid is very low.
- The brake operation is faulty. A loss of braking performance may occur if the brake system is not properly bled.



- 1. Bleed:
 - Brake system

Air bleeding steps:

- a. Add proper brake fluid to the reservoir.
- b. Install the diaphragm. Be careful not to spill any fluid or allow the reservoir to overflow.
- c. Connect the clear plastic tube ① tightly to the bleed screw on the caliper.
- A Front
- B Rear
- d. Place the other end of the tube into a container.
- e. Slowly apply the brake lever or pedal several times.
- f. Pull the lever in or push down on the pedal. Hold the lever or pedal in position.
- g. Loosen the bleed screw and allow the lever or pedal to travel towards its limit.
- h. Tighten the bleed screw when the lever or pedal limit has been reached; then release the lever or pedal.

Bleed Screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

CHANGE PEDAL ADJUSTMENT/ DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

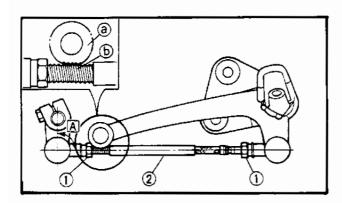


i. Repeat steps(e) to (h) until of the air bubbles have been removed from the system.

NOTE: _

If bleeding is difficult, it may be necessary to let the brake fluid system stabilize for a few hours. Repeat the bleeding procedure when the tiny bubbles in the system have disappeared.

j. Add brake fluid to the level line on the reservoir.



CHANGE PEDAL ADJUSTMENT

1. Check:

Change pedal position

When looking at the side view, the bottom (a) of the change pedal cover should be even with the top (b) of the thread area of the shift rod.

(Also, angle "A" will be approximately 90°)

Not even \rightarrow Adjust.

- 2. Adjust:
 - Change pedal position

Adjustment steps:

- Loosen both locknuts ① .
- Turn the adjuster rod ② in or out until adjustment is suitable.
- Tighten the both locknuts.

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: __

Before checking and/or adjusting the chain slack, rotate the rear wheel through several revolutions. Check the chain slack several times to find the point where the chain is the tightest. Check and/or adjust the chain slack where the rear wheel is in this "tight chain" position.

DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT



1. Place the motorcycle on a level place, and hold it in an upright position.

NOTE: _

The both wheels on the ground without rider on it.

2. Measure:

Drive chain slack ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.



- 3. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack

Adjustment steps:

A CAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and over vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

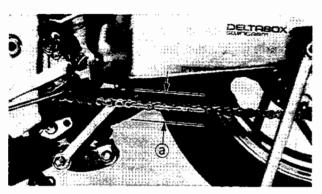
- Remove the cotter pin ①.
- Loosen the axle nut ②.
- Loosen both locknuts ③ (adjuster) and turn the adjuster ④ clockwise or counterclockwise until the specified slack is obtained.

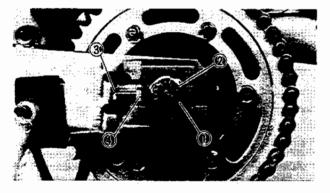
| Clockwise | Slack is increased. |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Cownterclockwise | Slack is decreased. |

NOTE: .

Turn each adjuster exactly the same amount to maintain correct axle alignment. (There are marks on each side of swingarm; use them to check for proper alignment.)

- Tighten the locknut.
- Tighten the axle nut to specification, while pushing up or down the chain to be tight.





DRIVE CHAIN LUBRICATION/

Axle Nut:

Install the cotter pin.

U. WARNING:

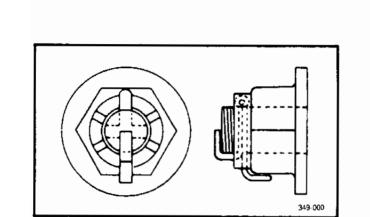
ACAUTION:

150 Nm (15 m·kg, 108 ft·lb)

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening. If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the cotter pin hole, align groove with the hole by tightening up on the axle nut.





DRIVE CHAIN LUBRICATION

The chain consists of many parts which work against each other. If the chain is not maintained properly, it will wear out rapidly, therefore, form the habit of periodically servicing the chain. This service is especially necessary when riding in dusty conditions.

This motorcycle has a drive chain with small rubber O-rings between the chain plates. Steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, and certain solvents can damage these O-rings. Use only kerosene to clean the drive chain. Wipe it dry, and thoroughly lubricate it with SAE $30 \sim 50W$ motor oil. Do not use any other lubricants on the drive chain. They may contain solvents that could damage the O-rings.



Recommended Lubricant: SAE 30 ~ 50 Motor Oil

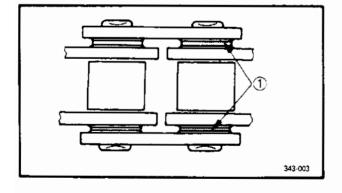
1 O-ring

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION

L WARNING:

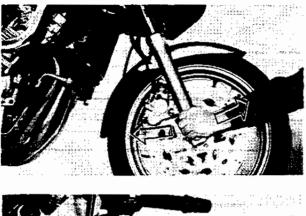
Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

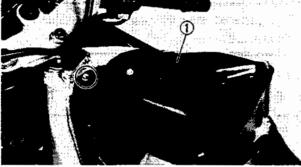
- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.
- 2. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.

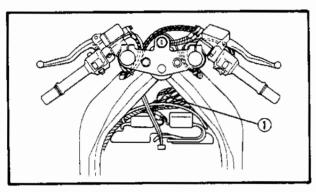


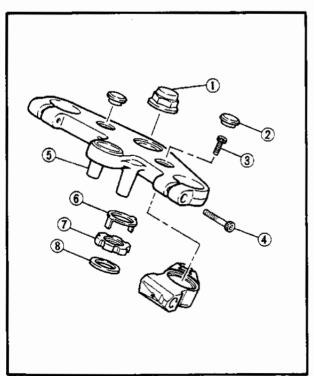
STEERING HEAD INSPECTION











- 3. Check:
 - Steering assembly bearings

Grasp the bottom of the front forks and gently rock the fork assembly back and forth.

Looseness \rightarrow Adjust the steering head.

- 4. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank

Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section.

- 5. Remove:
 - Air filter case ①
 Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL AIR
 FILTER CASE" section in the CHAPTER
 4.
- 6. Disconnect:
 - \bullet Main switch coupler (1)

- 7. Remove:
 - Nut (steering stem) ①
 - Blind plugs ②
 - Bolts (handlebar boss) ③
- 8. Loosen:
 - Pinch bolts (upper bracket) ④
- 9. Remove:
 - Upper bracket (5)
 - Lock washer
 - Ring nut (upper) ⑦
 - Washer (rubber) (8)

STEERING HEAD INSPECTION



10. Tighten:

• Ring nuts (lower and upper)

Tightening steps:

NOTE:

Set the torque wrench to the ring nut wrench so that they form a right angle.

• Loosen the ring nut (lower) ①

NOTE: _

The tapered side of ring nut must be faced downward.

• Tighten the ring nut (lower) using the ring nut wrench.

Ring nut wrench: YU-33975 90890-01403

Ring nut (lower) (initial tightening): 52 Nm (5.2 m · kg, 37 ft · lb)

• Loosen the ring nut (lower) completely and retighten it to specification.

心 WARNING:

Do not over-tightening.

Ring nut (lower) (final tightening): 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb)

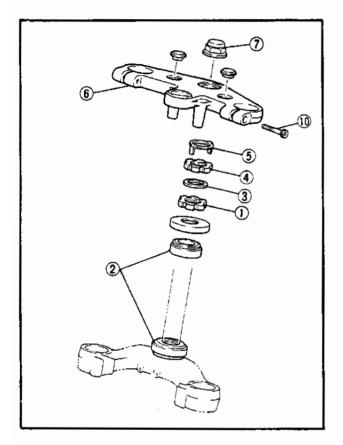
• Check the steering stem by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering stem assembly and inspect the steering bearing ②.

Refer to the "STEERING HEAD" section in the CHAPTER 7 for more details.

- ullet Install the washer (rubber) igl(3) .
- ullet Install the ring nut (upper) ullet .

NOTE:

The tapered side of ring nut must be faced downward.



STEERING HEAD INSPECTION



- Finger tighten the ring nut ④, then align the slots of both ring nuts. If not aligned, hold the ring nut (lower) ① and tighten the other until they are aligned.
- Install the lock washer (5).

NOTE: -

Make sure the lock washer tab is placed in the slots.

• Install the upper bracket (6) and tighten the steering stem nut (7) to specification.

NOTE:

Make sure the projection (8) on the upper bracket are meshed with slot (9) on the handle-bar boss.



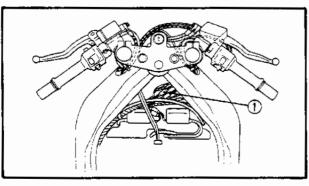
Nut (steering stem): 110 Nm (11.0 m · kg, 80 ft · lb)

• Tighten the pinch bolts (1) to specification.



Pinch bolt (upper bracket): 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)





- 9. Tighten:
 - \bullet Bolts (handlebar boss) (1)



Bolt (handlebar boss): 13 Nm (1.3 m · kg, 9.4 ft · lb)

- 10. Install:
 - Blind plugs ②
- 11. Connect:
 - Main switch coupler ①
- 12. Install:
 - Blind plugs
 - Air filter case
 - Fuel tank
 - Seat



FRONT FORK INSPECTION

WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.
- 2. Check:
 - Inner tube ①
 Scratch/Damage → Replace.
 - Oil seal 2
 - Excessive oil leakage \rightarrow Replace.
- 3. Hold the motorcycle on upright position and apply the front brake.
- 4. Check:
 - Operation
 Pump the front fork up and down for several times.
 Unsmooth operation → Repair.

FRONT FORK ADJUSTMENT

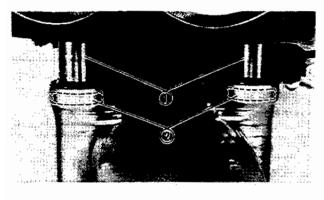
* WARNING:

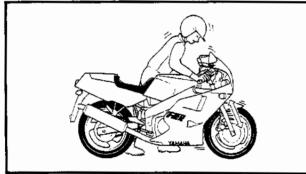
- Always adjust each fork preload to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability.
- •Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.
 - 1. Remove:
 - Cap (adjuster) ①
 - 2. Adjust:• Spring preload

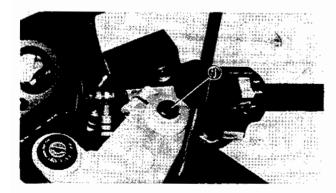
Adjustment steps:

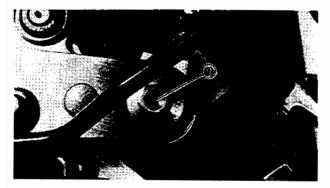
• Turn the adjuster ① in or out.

| Turn in 🛦 | Preload is increased. |
|------------|-----------------------|
| Turn out 🖪 | Preload is decreased. |



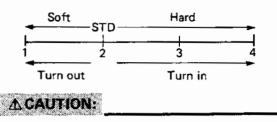






REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ADJUSTMENT





Turn the spring preload adjuster from 1 to 4 or 4 to 1 in progressive steps. Never turn the adjuster directly from 1 to 4 or 4 to 1.

- 3. Install:
 - Cap (adjuster) ①

REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ADJUSTMENT

1 WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 1. Adjust:
 - Spring preload

Adjustment steps:

- Loosen the locknut ①.
- Turn the adjuster 2 in or out. Use the wrench (owner's tool kit).

NOTE: _

The length of the spring changes 1.0 mm (0.04 in) per turn of the adjuster.

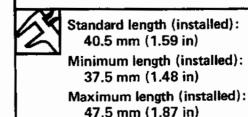
| Turn in A | Preload is increased. |
|------------|-----------------------|
| Turn out B | Preload is decreased. |

40.5 mm (1.59 in)

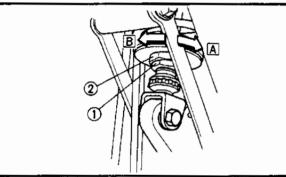
37.5 mm (1.48 in)

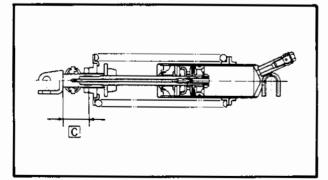
47.5 mm (1.87 in)

C Measurement length











REAR SHOCK ABSORBER ADJUSTMENT

A CAUTION:

Never attempt to turn the adjuster beyond the maximum or minimum setting.

Tighten the locknut.

Locknut: 55 Nm (5.5 m·kg, 40 ft·lb)

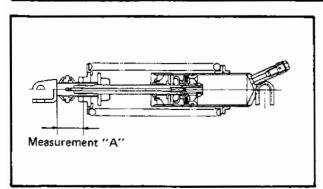
- 2. Adjust:
 - Damping force

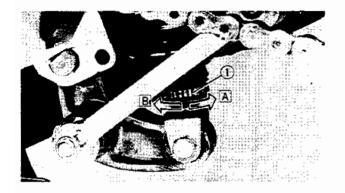
| Adjusting steps: • Turn the adjuster ① in or out. | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Turn in 🗚 | Damping forc | e is increased. | | |
| Turn out B | Damping force is decreased. | | | |
| 9 clicks out H MIN | 7 clicks out | 0 | | |
| Turn out | ¥ | er more than 9 | | |
| clicks from th | e fully tuned in | position. | | |

Recommended Combinations of Front Fork and Rear Shock Absorber Settings.

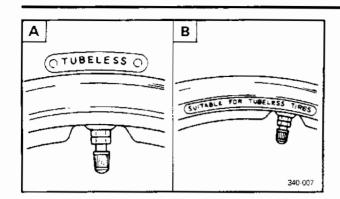
Use this table as a guide for specific riding and motorcycle load conditions.

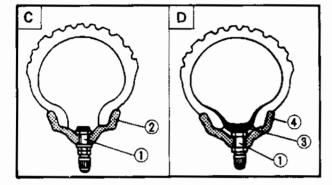
| | Front fork | Rear shock absorber | | Loading condition | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Spring preload adjuster | Spring preload adjuster Measurement ''A'' | Damping adjuster | Solo rider | With passenger | With accessories equipment | With accessories equipment and passenger |
| 1 | 1, 2 | 37.5 ~ 42.5 mm (1.48 ~ 1.67 in) | 5~9 clicks turns out | 0 | | | |
| 2 | 2, 3 | 40 ~ 45 mm (1.57 ~ 1.77 in) | 4~7 clicks turns out | | 0 | 0 | |
| 3 | 3, 4 | 42.5 ~ 47.5 mm (1.67 ~ 1.87 in) | 3~6 clicks turns out | | | | 0 |





TIRE INSPECTION ADJ



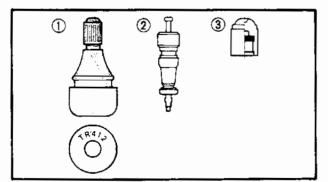


FRONT:

| Manufacture | Size | Туре |
|-------------|-----------------|-------|
| Bridgestone | 130/60VR17-V280 | CY15 |
| Dunlop | 130/60VR17-V280 | K510F |
| Pirelli | 130/60ZR17 | MP7S |
| Michelin | 130/60ZR17 | A59X |

REAR:

| Manufacture | Şize | Туре |
|-------------|-----------------|------|
| Bridgestone | 170/60VR17-V280 | CY16 |
| Duniop | 170/60VR17-V280 | K510 |
| Pirelli | 170/60ZR17 | MP7S |
| Michelin | 170/60ZR17 | M59X |



TIRE INSPECTION

A WARNING:

• Do not attempt to use tubeless tires on a wheel designed for tube type tires only. Tire failure and personal injury may result from sudden deflation.

| Wheel | Tire | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Tube type | Tube type only | | |
| Tubeless type | Tube type or tubeless type | | |

• Be sure to install the correct tube when using tube type tires.

- A Tire
- C Tubeless tire
- B Wheel
- D Tube type tire
- 1 Air valve
- Aluminum wheel (tubeless type)
- ③ Tube
- (4) Aluminum wheel (tube type)

A WARNING:

• After extensive tests, the tires mentioned have been approved by Yamaha motor Co., Ltd. for this model. No guarantee for handling characteristics can be given if tire combinations other than what is approved are used on this motorcycle.

The front and rear tires should be of the same manufacture and design.

- The use of tire valves and valve cores other than listed could cause tire deflation during extreme high speed riding. Always use genuine parts or their equivalent for replacement.
- Be sure to install the valve caps securely, as these are important to prevent air pressure leakage during extreme high speed riding.
- 1 Tire valve
- ② Valve core
- 3 Valve cap with seal

| | Туре | |
|------------|------------------|--|
| Tire valve | TR412 | |
| Valve core | #9000A (genuine) | |



WHEEL INSPECTION

- 1. Measure:
 - Tire pressure

Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust.

| Basic weight: With oil and full fuel tank | 235 kg (518 lb) | |
|---|---|---|
| Maximum load X | 205 kg (452 lb) 174 kg (384 lb) | For Germany and France For the others |
| Cold tire pressure | Front | Rear |
| Up to 90 kg (198 lb) Ioad X | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) |
| 90 kg (198 lb) ~ Maximum load X | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | 290 kPa (2.9 kg/cm ² , 42 pis) |
| High speed riding | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | 290 kPa (2.9 kg/cm ² , 42 psi) |

- *Load is the total weight of cargo, rider, passenger, and accessories.
 - 2. Inspect:
 - Tire surfaces Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

Minimum tire tread depth (front and rear): 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

- 1) Tread depth
- 2 Side wall
- (3) Wear indicator

WHEEL INSPECTION

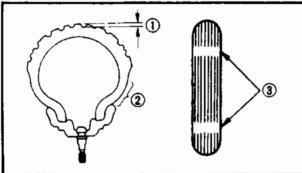
- 1. Inspect:
 - Aluminum wheels
 - Damage/Bends \rightarrow Replace.

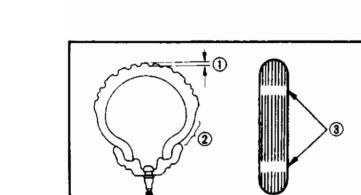
.t. WARNING:

Never attempt even small repairs to the wheel.

NOTE:

Always balance the wheel when a tire or wheel has been changed or replaced.





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CABLE INSPECTION/LUBRICATION

CABLE INSPECTION

.), WARNING:

Damaged cable sheath may cause corrosion and interfere with the cable movement. An unsafe condition may result so replace such cable as soon as possible.

- 1. Inspect:
 - Cable sheath
 - Cables (Throttle and choke) Damage → Replace.

LUBRICATION

Cables

- 1. Check:
 - Cable operation

Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Lubricate.



Recommended lubricant: SAE 10W30 motor oil

NOTE: _

Hold cable end high and apply several drops of lubricant to cable.

2. Apply the grease to the throttle cable end and cable guide groove at inside of throttle housing.



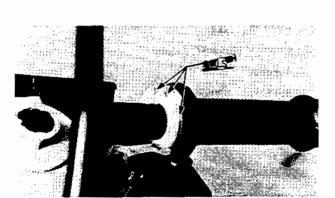
Recommended lubricant: Lithium soap base grease

Brake and Change Pedals

1. Lubricate the pivoting parts of the each pedal.



Recommended lubricant: SAE 10W30 Motor Oil





Brake and Clutch Levers

1. Lubricate the pivoting parts of the each lever.



Sidestand

1. Lubricate the pivoting parts.



Recommended lubricant: SAE 10W30 motor oil

Rear Suspension

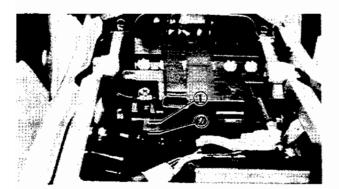
1. Lubricate the pivoting parts.



Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap base grease

ELECTRICAL BATTERY INSPECTION 1, Remove:

Removie
 Seat



- 2. Inspect:
 - Fluid level should be between upper ① and lower ② marks. Incorrect → Refil!.

∆ CAUTION:

Refill with distilles water only; tap water contains minerals harmful to a battery.

- BATTERY INSPECTION
 - 3. Inspect:
 - Battery terminal
 Dirty terminal → Clean with wire brush.
 Poor connection → Correct.

NOTE:

After cleaning the terminals, apply grease lightly to the terminals.

4. Check:

 Specific gravity: Less than 1.280 → Recharge battery.

> Charging Current: 1.4 amps/10 hrs Specific Gravity: 1.280 at 20°C (68°F)

Replace the battery if:

- Battery voltage will not rise to a specific value or bubbles fail to rise even after many hours of charging.
- Sulfation of one or more cells occurs, as indicated by the plates turning white, or an accumulation of material exists in the bottom of the cell.
- Specific gravity readings after a long, slow charge indicate one cell to be lower than the rest.
- •Warpage or buckling of plates or insulators is evident.

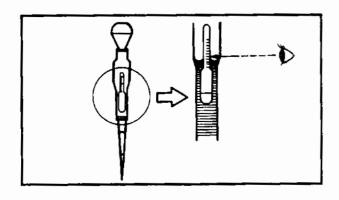
ACAUTION:

Always charge a new battery before using it to ensure maximum performance.

Ja WARNING:

Battery electrolyte is dangerous; it contains sulfuric acid and therefore is poisonous and highly caustic.

- Always follow these preventive measures:
- Avoid bodily contact with electrolyte as it can cause servere burns or permanent eye injury.
- •Wear protective eye gear when handling or working near batteries.







BATTERY INSPECTION

- Antidote (EXTERNAL):
- •SKIN-Flush with water.
- •EYES—Flush with water for 15 minutes and get immediate medical attention.

Antidote (INTERNAL):

• Drink large quantities of water or milk follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, or vegetable oil. Get immediate medical attention.

Batteries also generate explosive hydrogen gas, therefore you should always follow these preventive measures:

- •Charge batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- •Keep batteries away from fire, sparks, or open flames (e.g., welding equipment, lighted cigarettes, etc.)
- •DO NOT SMOKE when charging or handling batteries.

KEEP BATTERIES AND ELECTROLYTE OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

- 5. Inspect:
 - Breather hose (battery) ①
 Obstruction → Remove.
 Damage → Replace.

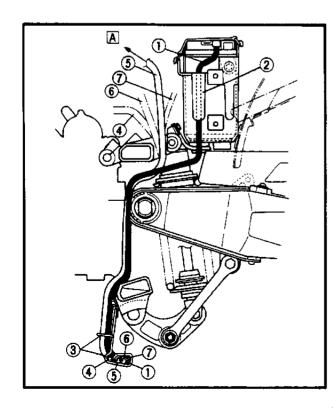
6. Connect:

• Breather hose (battery) ① Be sure the hose is properly attached and routed.

ACAUTION:

When inspecting the battery, be sure the breather pipe is routed correctly. If the breather pipe touches the frame or exits in such a way as to cause battery electrolyte or gas to exit onto the frame, structural and cosmetic damage to the motorcycle can occur.

- A To fuel tank
- 2 Hose holder
- 3 Hose guide
- **(4)** Overflow hose (carburetor)
- (5) Ventilation hose (fuel tank)
- (6) Ventilation hose (air filter case)
- (7) Breather hose (coolant reservoir tank)

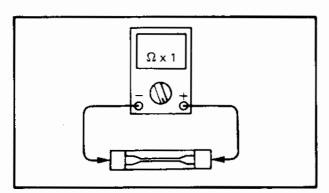


FUSE INSPECTION



FUSE INSPECTION

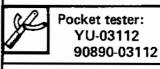
- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Side cover (left)
 - Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.



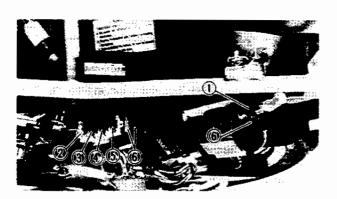
- 2. Inspect:
 - Fuse

Inspection:

- Connect the pocket tester to the fuse and check it for continuity.
- NOTE: _
- Set the " $\Omega \times 1$ " position.



• If the tester is indicated at ∞ . The fuse is blown, replace it.



| Description | Amperage | Quantity |
|-------------|----------|----------|
| 1 Main | 30A | 1 |
| ② Head | 20A | 1 |
| ③ Signal | 10A | 1 |
| ④ Ignition | 10A | 1 |
| 5 Fan | 10A | 1 |
| 6 Reserve | 30A | 1 |
| | 20A | 1 |
| | 10A | 1 |

- 3. Replace:
 - Blown fuse

Replacement steps:

- Turn off the ignition.
- Install a new fuse of proper amperage.
- Turn on the switches to verify operation of electrical device.
- If fuse blows immediately again, check electrical circuit.

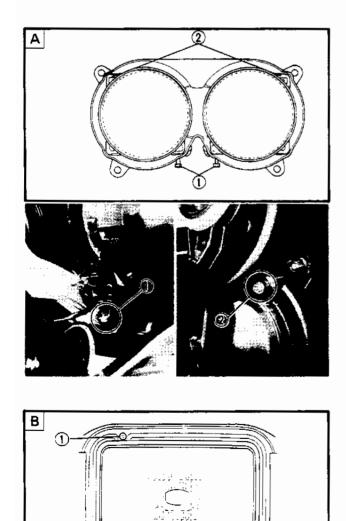


1. WARNING:

Do not use fuses of higher amperage rating than recommended. Extensive electrical system damage and fire could result from substitution of a fuse of improper amperage.

- 4. Install:
 - Side cover (left)
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLINGS" section.



õ

HEADLIGHT BEAM ADJUSTMENT

This model (Except for CH) is equipped with dual headlight. Adjust the headlight beam for each individual headlight.

- 1. Adjust:
 - Headlight beam (horizontally)

| Horizontal adjustment (for right-hand) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Right | Turn adjusting screw ① clockwise. | |
| Left | Turn adjusting screw (1) counter- clockwise. | |
| Horizontal adjustment (for left-hand) | | |
| Right | Turn adjusting screw ① counter- clockwise. | |
| Left | Turn adjusting screw (1) clockwise. | |

2. Adjust:

• Headlight beam (vertically)

| Vertical adjustment | | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Higher | Turn the adjusting screw ② clock- wise. | |
| Lower | Turn the adjusting screw ② counterclockwise. | |

A Except for CH

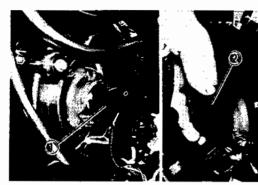
B For CH

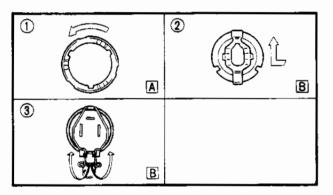
2

HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT









HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Headlight covers ①

- 2. Disconnect:
 - Headlight coupler(s) ①
- 3. Remove:
 - Headlight bulb cover(s) 2

- 4. Remove:
 - Bulb holder

NOTE: _

Removal is different according to the model. Remove the bulb holder by referring to illustration as shown.

- 1 Left side
- 2 Right side
- ③ For CH
- A Turn
- B Unhook

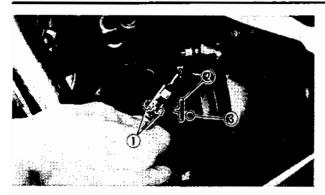
- 5. Remove:
 - Bulb (defective)

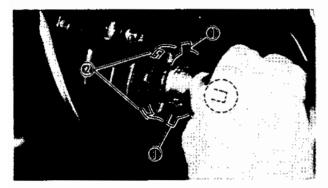
U WARNING:

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the bulb while it is on, it will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.

HEADLIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT







6. Install:

• Bulb (new)

NOTE: ____

- Right side:
- Make sure that the projections (1) on the bulb are meshed with the slot 2 and hole 3 in the bulb case.

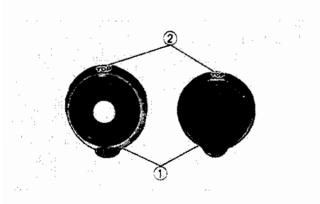
(Except for CH)

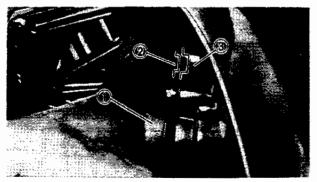
• Left side:

Make sure that the projections ① on the bulb are meshed with the slot 2 in the bulb case. (Except for CH)

A CAUTION:

Avoid touching the glass part of the bulb. Keep it free from oil; otherwise, the transparency of the glass, life of the bulb, and illuminous flux will be adversely affected. If oil gets on the bulb, throughly clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol or lacquer thinner.





- 7. Install:
- Bulb holders
- 8. Install:
 - Headlight bulb cover ①

NOTE:

Install the bulb covers so that the "TOP" mark faces ② upward.

9. Connect:

Headlight coupler(s)

10. Install:

• Headlight cover ①

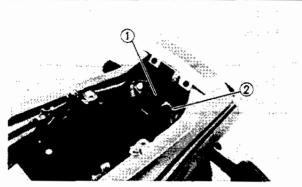
NOTE:

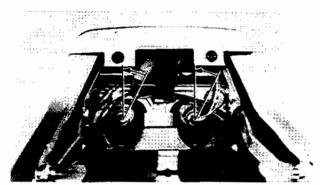
Make sure that the projections 2 on the cover are meshed with slots (3) on the headlight case.

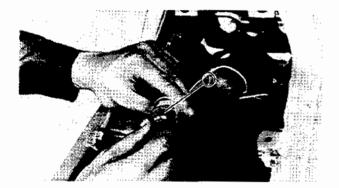
3-64



TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT







TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Band ①
 - Tool kit ②
- 2. Remove:
 - Bulb socket

NOTE:

Turn the socket approximately 30° counterclockwise to remove it.

- 3. Remove:
 - Bulb (defective)

NOTE:

Turn the bulb 1 counterclockwise while it is pushed.

A WARNING:

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the bulb while it is on, it will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.



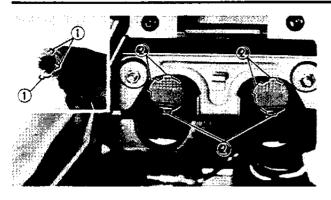
- 4. Install:
 - Bulb (new)

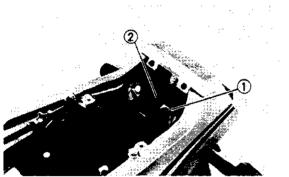
NOTE:___

Turn the bulb 1 clockwise while it is pushed.

TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT BULB REPLACEMENT







- 5. Install:
 - Bulb socket

NOTE: ____

Make sure that the projections 1 on the socket are meshed with slots 2 on the headlight case.

6. Install:

- Tool kit 🛈
- Band ②
- Seat

ENGINE REMOVAL



ENGINE OVERHAUL

ENGINE REMOVAL

NOTE: ____

It is not necessary to remove the engine in order to remove the following components:

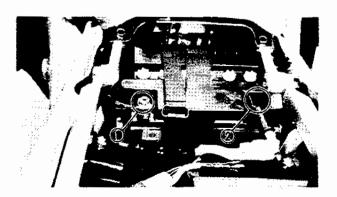
- Cylinder head
- Clutch
- Water pump
- Starter motor
- AC generator

COWLINGS AND FUEL TANK

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover
 - Seat
 - Side covers (left and right) Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Fuel tank Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 3.

ENGINE OIL AND COOLANT

- 1. Drain:
 - Engine oil Refer to the "ENGINE OIL REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Coolant Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

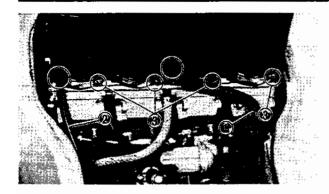


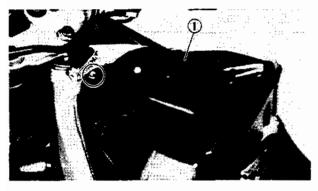
BATTERY LEADS

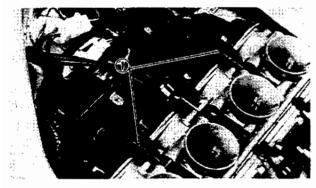
- 1. Disconnect:
 - Battery leads

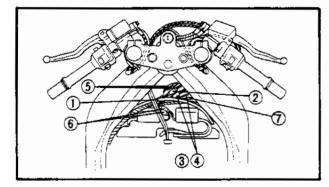
▲ CAUTION:

Disconnect the negative lead (1) first and then disconnect the positive lead (2).











ENGINE REMOVAL

AIR FILTER CASE

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Ventilation hose (crank case) 1
 - Ventilation hose (air filter case) ②
- 2. Loosen:
 - Screw (air filter case carburetor) ③

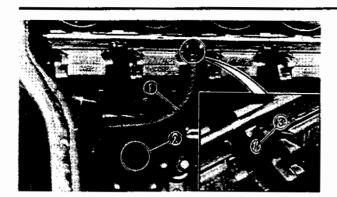
ENG

- 3. Remove:
 - Air filter case ①

AIR BAFFLE PLATE

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Spark plug caps (from spark plugs)
 - Ventilation hoses (carburetor) ①
- 2. Remove:
 - Band ①
- 3. Disconnect:
 - \bullet Main switch coupler 2
 - Handlebar switch coupler ③ / lead ④
 - Front brake switch leads (5)
 - Ignition coil couplers ⑥
 - Fan motor coupler ⑦
- 4. Remove:
 - Air baffle plate ① (with ignition coils)





CARBURATOR

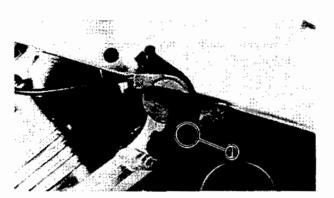
- 1. Loosen:
 - Screws (carburetor joint lower)
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Fuel hose ①
 - Overflow hoses (carburetor) 2

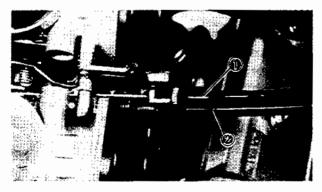
NOTE: _

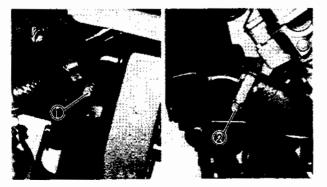
When disconnecting the fuel hose, the fuel strainer (3) may fall off.

Be careful not to lose this part.

- 3. Remove:
 - Fuel strainer ③







- 4. Remove:
 - Bolt (starter lever) ①
 - Carburetor assembly (with starter lever assembly)
- 5. Disconnect:
 - Throttle cable 1 ①
 - Throttle cable 2 ②

NOTE: _

Cover the carburetor with a clean rag to prevent dirt or foreign material into the carburetor.

RADIATOR

- 1. Loosen:
 - Hose band (radiator hose inlet) 1
 - Hose band (radiator hose outlet) 2



ENGINE REMOVAL

- 2. Disconnect:
 - Breather hose (radiator) ①
 - Thermo switch leads ②
 - Thermo unit lead ③
 - Ground lead ④
- 3. Remove:
 - Radiator assembly ①

ACAUTION:

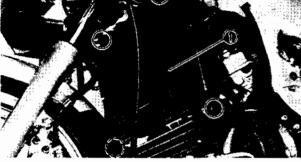
Cover the cylinder head cover and the fender with rugs to prevent a scratching.

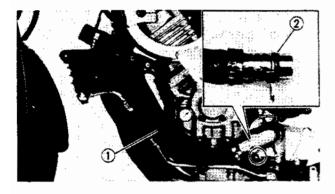
- 4. Remove:
 - Radiator hose/pipe ①
 - O-ring 2

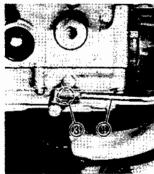
OIL COOLER

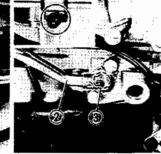
- 1. Disconnect:
 - Pipe (oil cooler inlet) ①
 - Pipe (oil cooler outlet) ② (with o-rings ③)
- 2. Remove:
 - Pipe (oil cooler inlet) ①
 - Pipe (oil cooler outlet) 2
 - Copper washers
- 3. Remove:
 - Oil cooler assembly ③

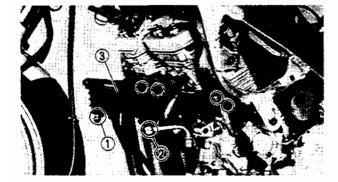








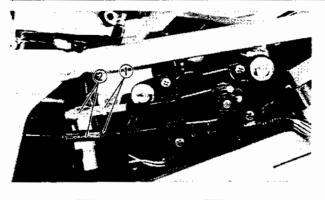




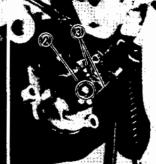
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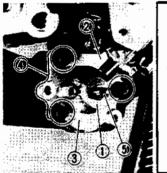
ENGINE REMOVAL

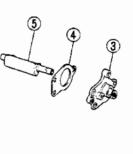




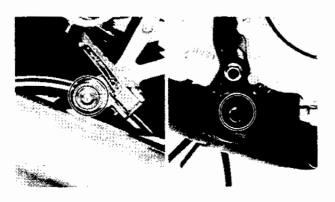












MUFFLER ASSEMBLY

1. Fully loosen the locknuts ① and turn in the adjusters ② completely.

- 2. Remove:
 - Valve cover ①
 - Pulley 2
- 3. Disconnect:
 - EXUP cables ③
- 4. Remove:
 - Washer ①
 - Holder (EXUP cable)
 ②
 - Housing (valve) ③
 - Gasket (steel) ④
 - Valve (EXUP) (5)
- 5. Remove:
 - Exhaust pipes
 - Muffler assembly



CLUTCH RELEASE CYLINDER AND DRIVE SPROCKET

- 1. Remove:
 - Shift pedal link ①

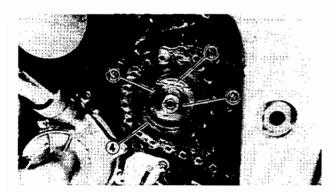
ENGINE REMOVAL

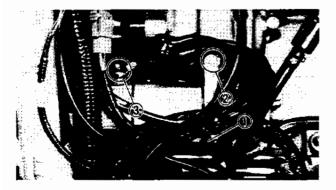
NOTE: ____

Put marks ② on the shift pedal joint and shift shaft before removing out so that the shift pedal joint can be reinstalled in the original position.

- 2. Remove:
 - Clutch release cylinder ①
 - Dowel pins
 - Crankcase cover (left)
 2
 - Dowel pins
 - Gasket
 - Spacer collar (shift shaft) ③
- 3. Loosen:

• Drive chain Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.





- 4. Straighten:
 - ullet Lock washer tab 1
- 5. Remove:
 - \bullet Nut (drive sprocket) 2
 - Lock washer ③
 - Drive sprocket ④

NOTE: ___

Loosen the nut (drive sprocket), whill applying the rear brake.

LEADS

- 1. Remove:
- Band ①
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Lead (ground) ②
 - Lead (starter motor) ③





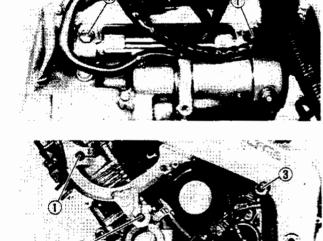
ENGINE REMOVAL

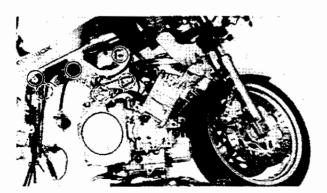
- Coupler (oil level/neutral switch)
- Coupler (pick up coil)
- •Coupler (AC generator)
- Leads (side stand switch)

ENGINE REMOVAL

- 1. Place a suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Loosen:
 - Pinch bolt (spacer) ①
 - Pinch bolt (spacer) ②
- 3. Loosen:
 - Pinch bolts (spacer) (1)

- 4. Remove:
 - Mounting bolt (cylinder head) 1
 - Mounting bolt (cylinder) ②
 - Mounting bolt (rear upper) ③
 - Mounting bolt (rear lower) ④
- 5. Remove:
 - Engine assembly (from right side of motorcycle)
 - Mounting collars (from mounting boss on frame)





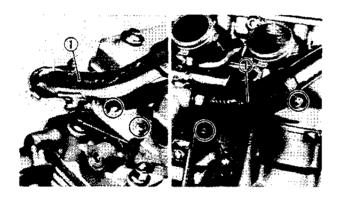


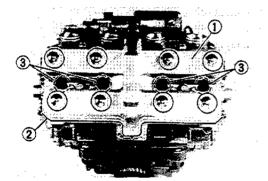
CYLINDER HEAD COVER, CAMSHAFT AND CYLINDER HEAD

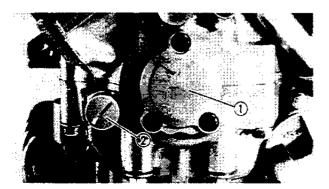
NOTE:

With the engine mounted, the cylinder head cover, camshaft and cylinder head can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Side cowlings
- Front cover
- Fuel tank
- Air filter case
- Radiator assembly
- Oil cooler assembly
- Air baffle plate





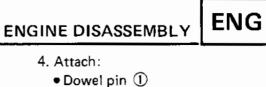


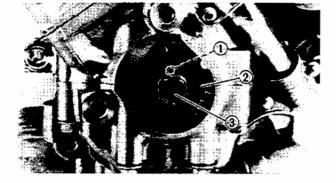
1. Remove:

• Radiator hose/pipe (inlet) ①

- 2. Remove:
 - Cylinder head cover ①
 - Gasket (cylinder head cover) 2
 - Spark plugs ③

- 3. Remove:
 - Crankshaft end cover (left) ① (with o-ring)
 - Timing plug ② (with o-ring)

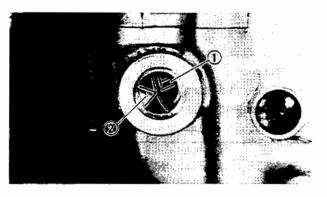


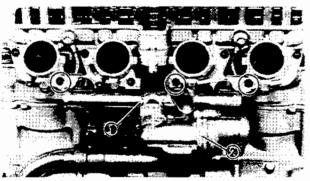


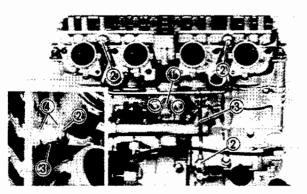
- Timing rotor ②
- Bolt (8 mm) ③



- 5. Tighten:
 - Bolt (8 mm) ③







- 6. Align:
 - ●"T" mark (with stationary pointer)

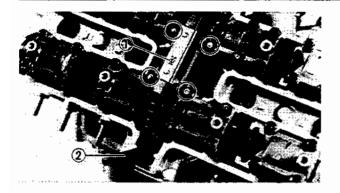
NOTE:

Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise and align the "T" mark 1 on the crankshaft web with the stationary pointer ② when #1 piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

- 7. Remove:
 - Water jacket joint (inlet) ① (with thermostatic valve housing 2)

- 8. Remove:
 - Timing chain tensioner ①
 - Gasket
 - Union bolts ②
 - OII delivery pipe 2 ③
 - Copper washers ④





9. Remove:

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

- Timing chain guide (upper) ①
- Timing chain guide (exhaust side) ②

NOTE:___

• Select either of the two procedures explained in this manual, as follows:

• Procedure 1.

For engine service except cylinder head disassembly.

→ Disconnect the cam chain.

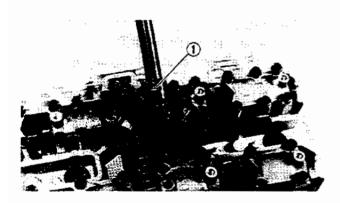
The pistons and cylinder can be removed without removing the camshafts.

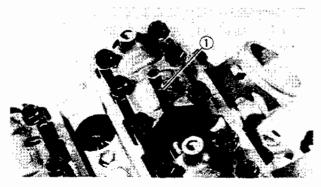
Procedure 2.

For engine service including cylinder head disassembly.

 \rightarrow Remove the cam caps and camshafts.

The camshafts can be removed without disconnecting the cam chain.





Procedure 1.

- 1. Disconnect:
 - Timing chain
 - Use the timing chain cutter ①.

Timing chain cutter: YM-01112 90890-01112

- 2. Remove:
 - Nuts (cylinder head) Use the hexagon wrench (6 mm) ①.

Hexagon wrench: YM-3448 90890-01395

NOTE: _

• Loosen the nuts in their proper loosening 4-10 sequence.

. .



- Follow numerical order shown in photo. Start by loosening each nut 1/2 turn until all are loose.
 - 3. Remove:
 - Cylinder head
 - Gasket (cylinder head)
 - Dowel pins
- 4. Refer to "CYLINDER AND PISTON" section.

Procedure 2.

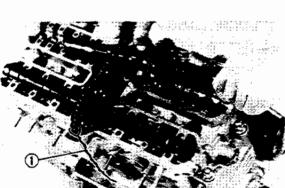
- 1. Remove:
 - Camshaft caps
 - Dowel pins

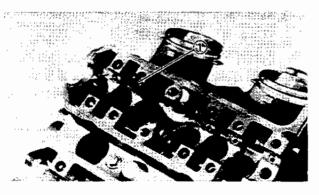
NOTE: _

Remove the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from outermost to inner caps.

∆CAUTION:

Do not rotate the camshaft because valve damage may occur.





- 2. Remove:
 - Camshafts

NOTE:

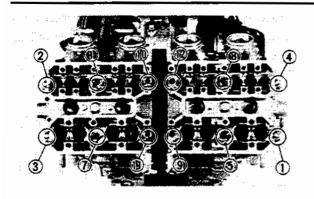
Fasten a safety wire (1) to the timing chain to prevent it from falling into the crankcase.

- 3. Remove:
 - Bolts (cylinder head) Use the hexagon wrench (6 mm) ①.

Hexagon wrench: YM-3448 90890-01395



ENG



NOTE: __

Loosen the bolts in their proper loosening sequence. Follow numerical order shown in photo. Start by loosening each nut 1/2 turn until all are loose.

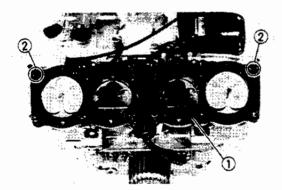
- 4. Remove:
 - Cylinder head

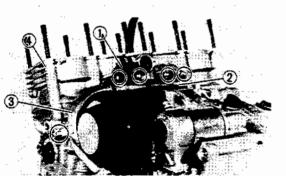
ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

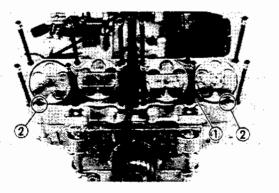
Camshaft case

NOTE:___

Remove the cylinder head and camshaft case as a whole to prevent the valve lifters and adjusting pads from falling into the crankcase.







5. Remove:

- Gasket (cylinder head) ①
- Dowel pins 2

CYLINDER AND PISTON

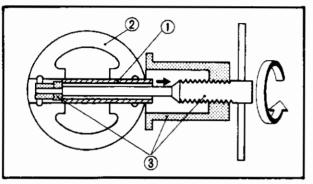
- 1. Remove:
 - Holder (air vent hose) ①
 - Water jacket joint (2) (with o-ring)
 - Coolant feed pipe ③ (with o-ring)
 - Cylinder ④
- 2. Remove:
 - Gasket (cylinder) ①
 - Dowel pins ②

NOTE: _

Put identification marks on the each piston head for reference during reinstallation.







3. Remove:

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

• Circlips (piston pin) ①

NOTE:

Before removing the piston pin circlip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the circlip from falling into the crankcase cavity.

- 4. Remove:
 - Piston pins ①
 - Pistons 2

NOTE:_

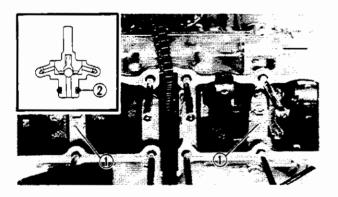
Before removing the piston pin, deburr the clip grooved and pin hole area. If the piston pin groove is deburred and piston pin is still difficult to remove, use the piston pin puller.



Piston pin puller ③: YU-01304 90890-01304

A CAUTION:

Do not use a hammer to drive the piston pin out.



5. Remove:

• Oil-Jet nozzles ① (with o-ring ②)

CLUTCH

NOTE: ---

With the engine mounted, the clutch assembly can be maintained by removing the following parts.

Side cowling (right)

Crankcase cover (right)



- 1. Remove:
 - Crankcase cover (right)

NOTE:__

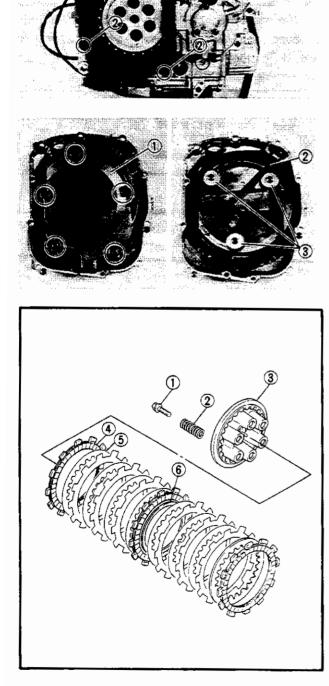
Working in a crisscross pattern, loosen bolts 1/4 turn each. Remove them after all are loosened.

- 2. Remove:
 - Gasket ①
 - Dowel pins 2

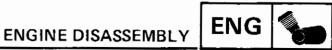
- 3. Remove:
 - Cover (breather) ①
 - Gasket ②
 - Washer ③
 - Rubber ring
 - Cover
- 4. Remove:
 - Bolts (pressure plate) ①
 - Clutch springs (2)
 - Pressure plate ③
 - Friction plates ④
 - Clutch plates (5)
 - Cushion spring 6

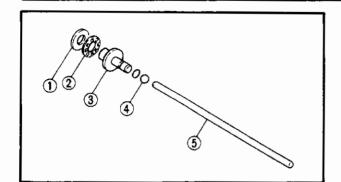
NOTE:_

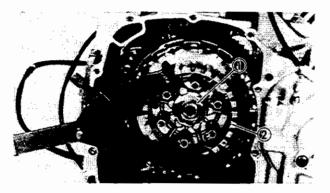
Loosen the bolts in a crisscross pattern.

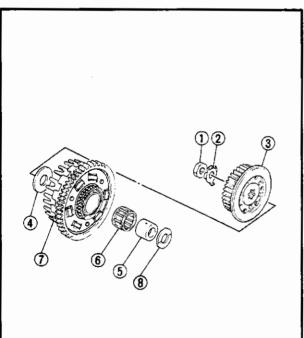


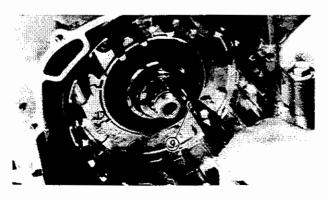
4-14











- 5. Remove:
 - Washer ①
 - Bearing 2
 - Push rod #1 ③
 - Ball ④
 - Push rod #2 (5)
- 6. Straighten the lock washer tabs.
- 7. Loosen:
 - Nut (clutch boss) ①

NOTE: _

Loosen the nut (1) (clutch boss) while holding the clutch boss (2) with the universal clutch holder.



Universal clutch holder: YM-91042 90850-04086

- 8. Remove:
 - •Nut (clutch boss) ①
 - Lock washer ②
 - Clutch boss ③
 - Thrust washer ④
 - Spacer (5)
 - Bearing 🔞
 - \bullet Clutch housing T
 - Thrust washer (8)

NOTE:

Install the 5 mm (0.2 in) screw (9) into the spacer Then remove the spacer by pulling on the screw.



OIL PAN, OIL FILTER AND OIL STRAINER

NOTE:

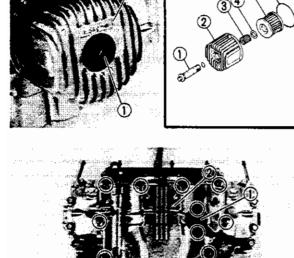
With the engine mounted, the oil pan and oil strainer can be maintained by removing the following parts.

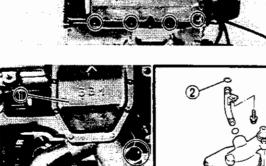
- Side cowlings
- Front cover
- Exhaust pipes



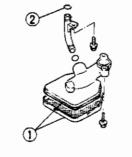
- Bolt (oil filter) ①
- Filter cover ②
- Spring ③
- Washer ④
- Oil filter (5)
- O-ring 🔞
- 2. Remove:
 - Oil level switch ①
 - •Oil pan ②
 - Gasket (oil pan)
 - Neutral switch lead
- 3. Remove:
 - \bullet Oil strainer assembly 1
 - 0-ring (2)

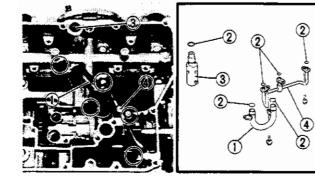
- 4. Remove:
 - •Oil pipe 2 ①
 - •O-rings ②
 - Relief valve ③
 - •Oil delivery pipe 1 ④



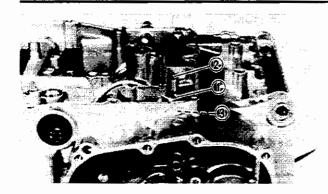












- 5. Remove:
 - Circlip ① • Oil pipe ②
 - Mount rubber ③
 - -

OIL PUMP AND SHIFT SHAFT

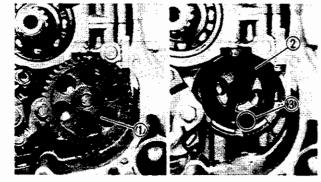
NOTE:

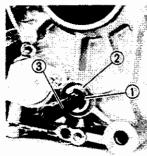
With the engine mounted, the oil pump and shift shaft can be maintained by removing the following parts.

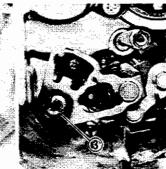
- Side covers
- Front cover
- Crankcase covers (left and right)
- Clutch housing
- 1. Remove:
 - \bullet Oil pump assembly (1)
 - •Gasket ②
 - Dowel pin ③

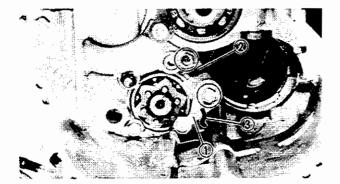
- 2. Remove:
 - Circlip ①
 - Washer ②
 - Shift shaft assembly (3)

- 3. Remove:
 - Stopper lever ①
 - Stopper plate (shift fork guide bar) 2
 - Spring ③









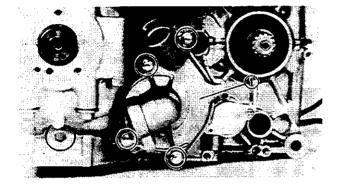


WATER PUMP

NOTE: ____

With the engine mounted, the water pump can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Side covers
- Front cover
- Crankcase cover (left)
- Radiator hose/pipe (outlet)
- 1. Remove:
 - Water pump assembly (1)

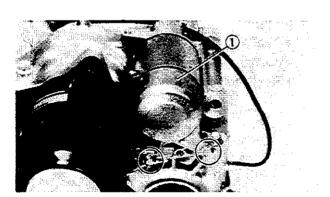


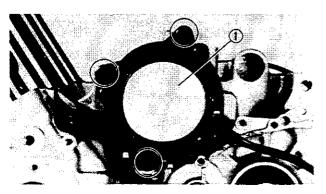
STARTER MOTOR AND A.C. GENERATOR

NOTE:__

With the engine mounted, the starter motor and A.C. generator can be maintained by removing the following parts.

- Side cowlings (left and right)
- Front cover

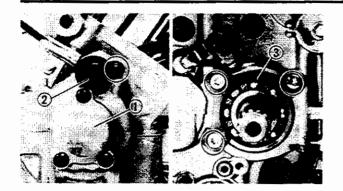


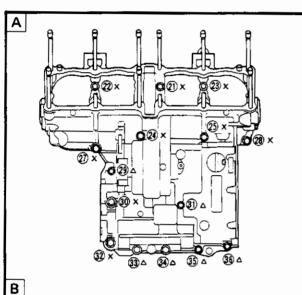


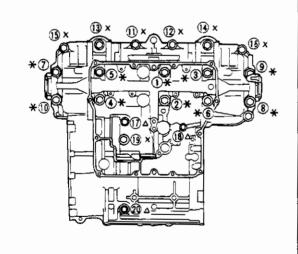
- 1. Remove:
 - Starter motor ①

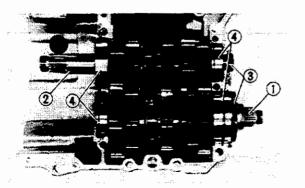
- 2. Remove:
 - \bullet AC generator (1)











CRANKCASE DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
 - Crankshaft end cover (right) ①
 - Pickup coil (2)

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

• Bearing retainer (main axle) ③ Use the torx wrench (T30).

Torx wrench (T30): YU-29843-6 90890-05245

- 2. Remove:
 - Bolts (crankcase)

NOTE:_

- Remove the bolts starting with the highest numbered one.
- The embossed numbers in the crankcase designate the crankcase tightening sequence.
 - 3. Plate the engine upside down.
 - 4. Remove:
 - Crankcase (lower)

▲ CAUTION:

Use a soft hammer to tap on the case half. Tap only on reinforced portions of the case. Do not tap on the gasket mating surface. Work slowly and carefully. Make sure that the case halves separate evenly.

- A Upper case
- B Lower case
- △ : 6 mm bolts
- x: 8 mm bolts
- ★: 9 mm bolts

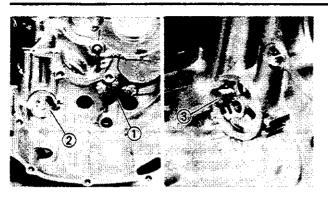
TRANSMISSION

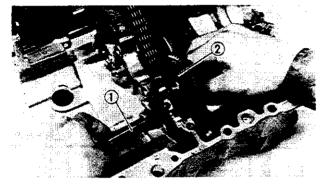
- 1. Remove:
 - Drive axle assembly ①
 - Main axle assembly (2)
 - Oil seal ③

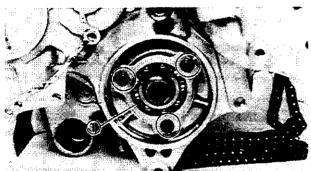
4 Bearing

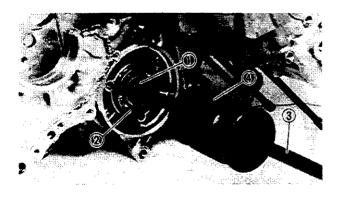
4-19



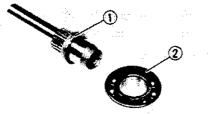








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STARTER CLUTCH AND CRANKSHAFT

- 1. Remove:
 - Oil delivery pipe 5 ①
 - O-rings
 - Oil plug plate ②

ENGINE DISASSEMBLY

- Gasket
- Oil splay nozzle ③
- 2. Remove:
 - •Shaft 🛈
 - Starter idle gear (2)

3. Remove: • Bearing retainer ①

4. Remove:

Shaft (AC generator) ①
(with bearing) ②
Use the armature shock puller ③ and weight ④.

| Þ | Armature shock puller: YU-01047 – 3 90890-01290 |
|---|---|
| | Weight: |
| | YU-01047 – 2 |
| | 90890-01291 |

AC generator shaft
 Bearing

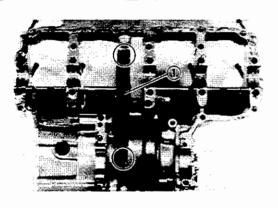


- 5. Remove:
 - Starter clutch assembly ①
 - \bullet Crankshaft assembly (2)
 - Timing chain ③
 - •HY-VO chain ④
- 6. Remove:
 - Plane bearings (crankshaft)

NOTE:__

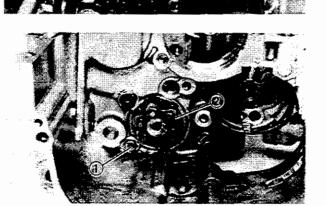
Identify each plane bearing position very carefully so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.

- 7. Remove:
 - HY-VO chain guide ①



SHIFT FORK AND SHIFT CAM

- 1. Remove:
 - Guide bar (shift fork) ①
 - Shift fork "R" (2)
 - Shift fork "C" (3)
 - Shift fork "L" ④
- 2. Remove:
 - Bolt 🕕
 - Shift cam assembly 2





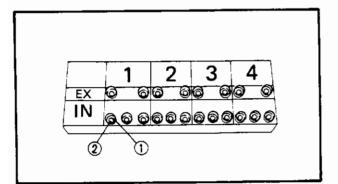
- 3. Remove:
 - Timing chain guide (intake side) ①
 - Dowel pin ②
 - •O-ring ③

4. Remove:
• Neutral switch ①

- 5. Remove:
 - Baffle plates (engine oil) ①

VALVE AND CAMSHAFT CASE

NOTE: _______Before removing the internal parts (valve, valve spring, valve seat etc.) of the cylinder head. The valve sealing should be checked.



- 1. Remove:
 - Lifters
 - Pads
 - Spark plugs

NOTE: _

Identify each lifter ① and pad ② position very carefuly so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.



- 2. Check:
 - Valve sealing

Leakage at value seat \rightarrow inspect the value face, value seat and value seat width.

Refer to the "INSPECTION AND REPAIR - VALVE SEAT".

Checking Steps:

• Pour a clean solvent ① into the intake and exhaust ports.

• Check the valve seating.

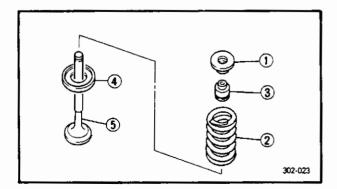
There should be no leakage at the value seat (2).

- 3. Remove:
 - Valve cotters ①

NOTE: _

Attach the value spring compresser (2) and attachment (3) between the value retainer and cylinder head to remove the value cotters.

Valve spring compresser: YM-04019 90890-04019 Attachment: (For exhaust valve) YM-04108 90890-04108 (For intake valve) YM-04114 90890-04114



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- 4. Remove:
 - Valve retainers ①
 - Valve spring ②
 - Oil seal ③
 - •Spring seat ④
 - ●Valve ⑤

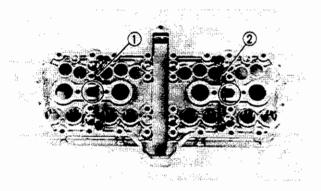
NOTE:__

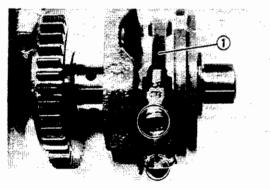
Identify each part position very carefuly so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.



- 5. Remove:
 - Camshaft case 🛈

- 6. Remove:
 - Gasket (camshaft case) (1)
 - Dowel pins (2)
 - Nuts (cylinder head) ③
 - Washers





7. Remove:

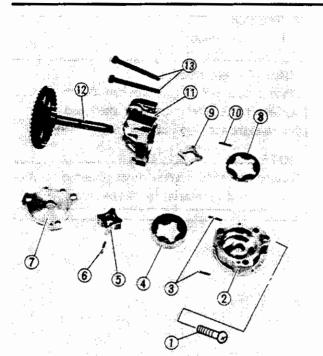
- Oil delivery pipe 3 ①
- Oil delivery pipe 4 ②
- O-rings

CONNECTING ROD

- 1. Remove:
 - Connecting rod ①
 - Connecting rod bearing

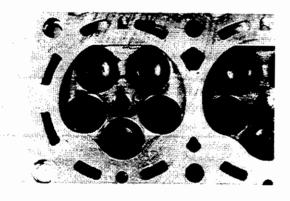


INSPECTION AND REPAIR



OIL PUMP

- 1. Remove:
 - •Screw ①
 - Pump housing 1 ②
 - Dowel pins ③
 - Outer rotor 1 ④
 - Inner rotor 1 (5)
 - Pin 1 🔞
 - Intermediate plate ⑦
 - Outer rotor 2
 - Inner rotor 2 (9)
 - Pin 2 🔞
 - Pump housing 2 🕕
 - Pump shaft 🔞
 - Bolts 🚯



INSPECTION AND REPAIR

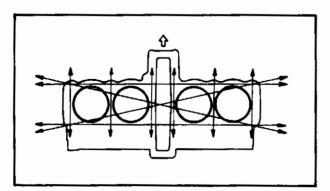
CYLINDER HEAD

- 1. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposit (from combustion chamber) Use rounded scraper,

NOTE:__

Do not use a sharp instrument and avoid damaging or scratching:

- Spark plug threads
- Valve seat 2. Inspect:
 - Cylinder head Scratches/Damage → Replace.



- 3. Measure:
 - Warpage
 Out of specification → Resurface.

Cylinder head warpage: Less than 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)



INSPECTION AND REPAIR

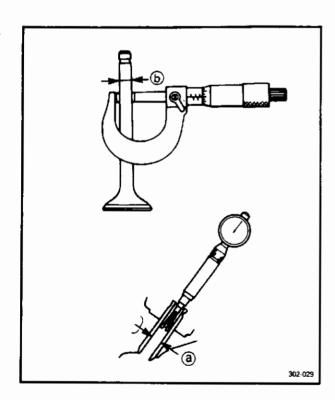
- 4. Resurface:
 - Cylinder head

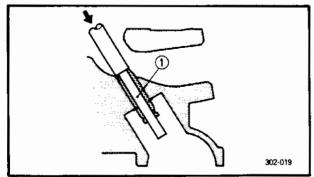
Resurfacement steps:

Place a $400 \sim 600$ grit wet sandpaper on the surface plate, and resurface the head using a figure-eight sanding pattern.

NOTE:_

Rotate the head several times to avoid removing too much material from one side.



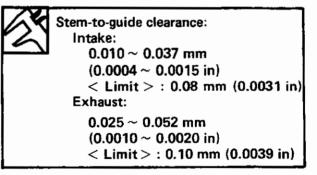


VALVE AND VALVE GUIDE

- 1. Measure:
 - •Stem-to-guide clearance

Stem-to-guide clearance = Valve guide inside diameter (a) – Valve stem diameter (b)

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace valve guide.



- 2. Replace:
 - Valve guide

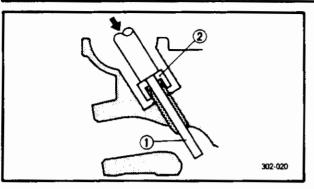
Replacement steps:

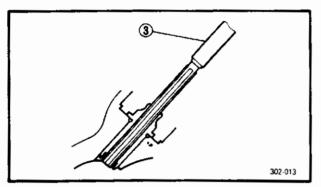
NOTE: _

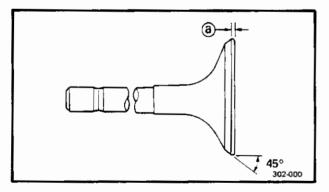
Heat the cylinder head in an oven to 100° C (212°F) to ease guide removal and installation and to maintain correct interference fit.

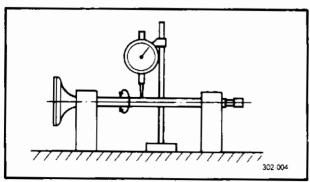




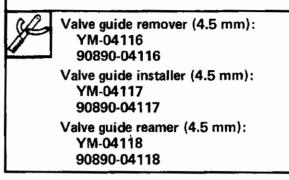








- \bullet Remove the valve guide using the valve guide remover 1 .
- Install the valve guide (new) using the valve guide installer (2) and valve guide remover (1).
- After installing the valve guide, bore the valve guide using the valve guide reamer (3) to obtain proper stem-to-guide clearance.



NOTE:__

Reface the valve seat after replacing the valve guide.

- 3. Eliminate:
 - Carbon deposit (from valve face)
- 4. Inspect:
 - Valve face
 - Pitting/Wear \rightarrow Grind the face.
 - Valve stem end

Mushroom shape or diameter larger than rest of stem \rightarrow Replace.

- 5. Measure:
 - Margin thickness ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.



Margin thickness: Limit: 0.7 mm (0.0276 in)

- 6. Measure:
 - Runout (valve stem)
 Out of specification → Replace.



Less than 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

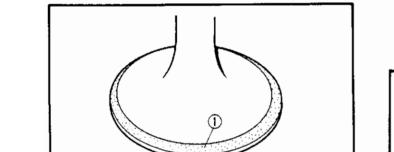


NOTE:_

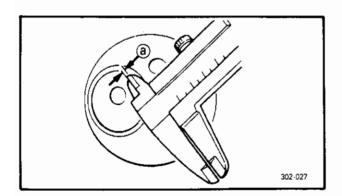
- Always replace the guide if the valve is replaced.
- Always replace the oil seal if the valve is removed.

VALVE SEAT

- 1. Clean:
 - Valve face
 - Valve seat
 - Eliminate carbon deposit.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Valve seat
 Pitting/Wear → Reface valve seat.



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3. Measure:

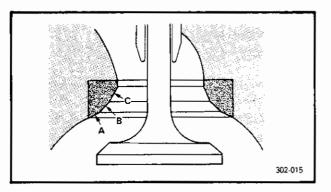
Valve seat width ③
 Out of specification → Reface valve seat.

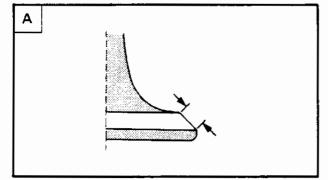
Valve seat width measurement steps:

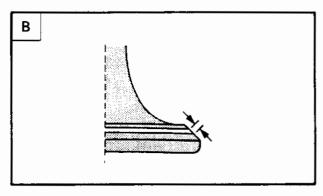
- Apply the Mechanic's bluing dye (Dykem) (1) to the valve face.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern.
- Remove the valve from the cylinder head.
- Measure the valve seat width (a) . When the valve seat and valve face make contact, bluing will be applied to the valve face.

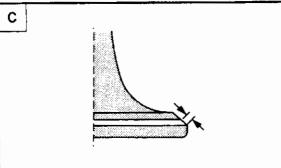
| N. | Valve seat width | Limit | | |
|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Intake Exhaust | 0.9 ~ 1.1 mm (0.035 ~ 0.043 in) | 1.6 mm (0.063 in) | | |
| • If the valve seat width is too wide, too narrow, or seat has not centered. The valve seat must be refaced. | | | | |











- 4. Reface:
 - Valve seat

Use 20°, 45° and 60° Valve Seat Cutter.

▲CAUTION:

Remove just enough material to achieve satisfactory seat.

When twisting cutter, keep and even downward pressure to prevent chatter marks.

| Cut sections as follows | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Section | Cutter |
| Α | 20 ° |
| В | 45° |
| C | 60° |

Valve seat refacing steps:

A Valve face indicates that valve seat is centered on valve face but is too wide.

| Valve seat cutter set | | Desired result | |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------------------|--|
| Use | 20° cutter | To reduce valve seat | |
| Use lightly | 60° cutter | width to 1.0 mm (0.04 in) | |

B Valve seat is in the middle of the valve face but too narrow.

| | To achieve a uniform |
|------------------|---|
| Use 45° cutter v | valve seat width of 1.0 mm (0.04 in) |

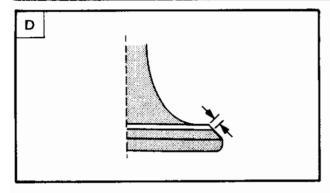
C Valve seat is too narrow and right up near valve margin.

| Valve seat cutter set | | Desired result | |
|-----------------------|------------|--|--|
| Use | 20° cutter | To center the seat and to achieve its width of | |
| Use | 45° cutter | 1.0 mm (0.04 in) | |

D Valve seat is too narrow and is located down near the bottom edge of the valve face.

| Valve s | eat cutter set | Desired result |
|---------|----------------------|--|
| Use | 60° cutter, first | To center the seat and increase its width. |
| 1 | 45° cutter | increase its width. |

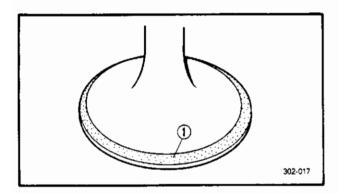


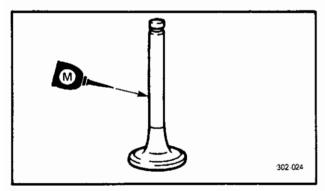


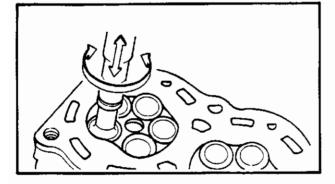
- 5. Lap:
 - Valve face
 - Valve seat

NOTE:_

After refacing the valve seat or replacing the valve and valve guide, the valve seat and valve face should be lapped.







Valve lapping steps:

• Apply a coarse lapping compound ① to the valve face.

ACAUTION:

Be sure no compound enteres the gap between the valve stem and guide.

- Apply a molybdnum disulfide oil to the valve stem.
- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Turn the valve until the valve face and valve seat are evenly polished, then clean off all compound.

NOTE:__

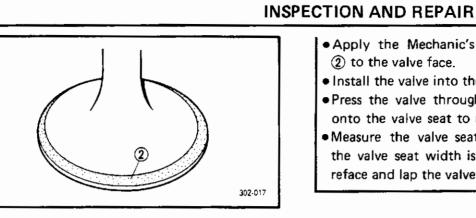
To obtain the best lapping result, lightly tap the valve seat while rotating the valve back and forth between your hand.

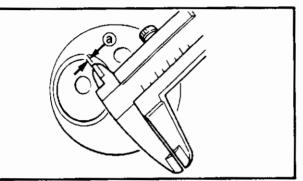
• Apply a fine lapping compound to the valve face and repeat the above steps.

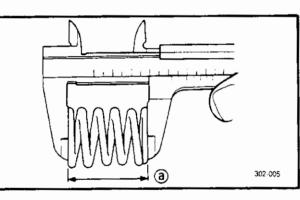
NOTE:___

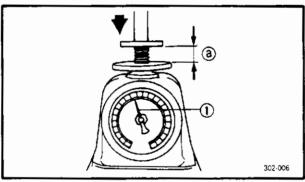
Be sure to clean off all compound from the valve face and valve seat after every lapping operation.











• Apply the Mechanic's bluing dye (dykem) (2) to the valve face.

- Install the valve into the cylinder head.
- Press the valve through the valve guide and onto the valve seat to make a clear pattern.
- Measure the valve seat width (a) again. If the valve seat width is out of specification, reface and lap the valve seat.

VALVE SPRING

- 1. Measure:
 - Valve spring free length (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

| Valve spring free length | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Intake spring | Exhaust spring | |
| 39.76 mm (1.565 in) | 39.96 mm (1.573 in) | |

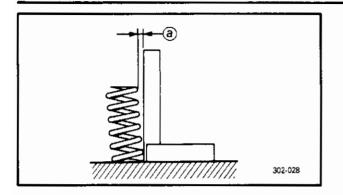
2. Measure:

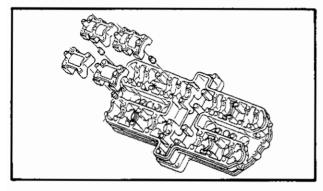
• Valve spring installed force ① Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.

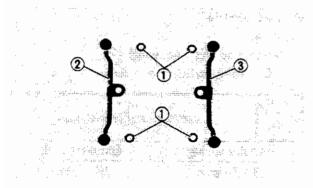
(a) Installed length

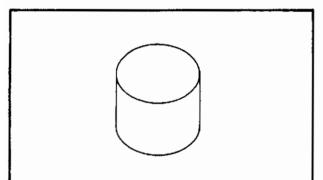
| Valve spring installed force | | | |
|------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|
| Intake | e spring | Exhaust | spring |
| a | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| 35.0 mm (1.378 in) | 7.3 ~ 8.7 kg (16.1 ~ 19.2 lb) | 35.0 mm (1.378 in) | 11.0 ~ 13.0 kg (24.3 ~ 28.7 lb) |

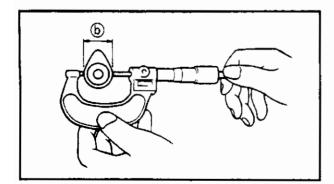












3. Measure:

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Spring tilt ⓐ
 Out of specification → Replace.

Spring tilt: Less than 1.8 mm (0.0709 in)

CAMSHAFT CASE

- 1. Inspect:
 - Camshaft case Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Camshaft bearing surfaces
 Pitting/Scratches/Damage → Replace the
 camshaft case and camshaft caps as a set,
 and inspect the camshaft.

2. Inspect:

- O-rings ①
- Oil delivery pipe 3 2
- Oil delivery pipe 4 ③
 Damage → Replace.
 Contamination → Wash and blow-out the passage.

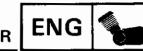
VALVE LIFTER

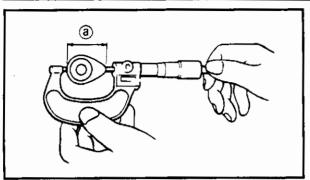
Inspect:
 Valve lifters
 Scratches/Damage → Replace both lifters
 and camshaft case.

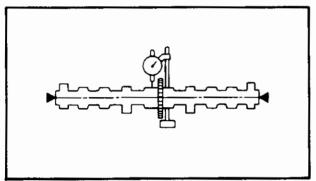
CAMSHAFT, TIMING CHAIN, HY-VO CHAIN, AND CAM SPROCKET

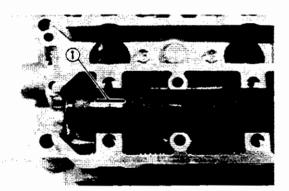
Camshaft

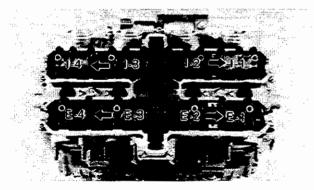
- Inspect:
 Cam lobes
 Pitting/Scratches/Blue discoloration → Replace.
- 2. Measure:
 - Cam lobes
 - Use the Micrometer.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.
- 4-32





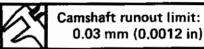






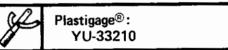
| E. | Cam lobe (Limit) | Cam lobe (Limit) |
|---------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Intake | 32.45 mm (1.278 in) | 24.85 mm (0.978 in) |
| Exhaust | 32.85 mm (1.293 in) | 24.85 mm (0.978 in) |

- 3. Measure:
 - Camshaft runout
 - Use a dial gauge.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Camshaft/Cap Clearance Measurement

- 1. Install:
 - Intake camshaft
 - Exhaust camshaft
- 2. Position:
 - Plastigage® ① (onto camshaft)



- 3. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - Camshaft caps
- 4. Tighten:
 - Camshaft cap bolts

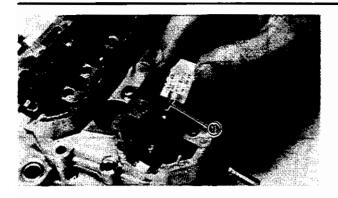


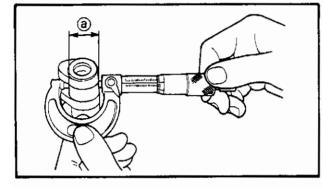
Bolts (camshaft cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

NOTE: _

- Tighten the bolts (camshaft caps) in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer caps.
- Do not turn the camshaft when measuring clearance with the Plastigage[®].
 - 5. Remove:
 - Camshaft caps







6. Measure:

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Width of Plastigage[®] ①
 Out of specification → Follow step 7.

Camshaft-to-cap clearance: I-1, I-4, E-1, E-4: 0.020 ~ 0.054 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0021 in) I-2, I-3, E-2, E-3: 0.050 ~ 0.084 mm (0.0020 ~ 0.0033 in)

7. Measure:

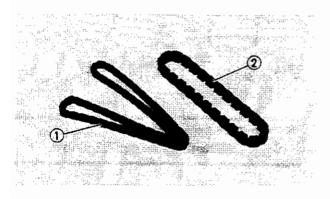
 Camshaft outside diameter ⓐ Use a micrometer. Out of specification → Replace the camshaft.

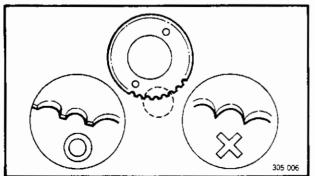
Within specification \rightarrow Replace the camshaft case and camshaft caps as a set.



Camshaft outside diameter: Standard: 24.437 ~ 24.450 mm (0.9621 ~ 0.9626 in) Cam cap inside diameter: Standard: 11, 14, E1, E4,: 24.470 ~ 24.491 mm (0.9634 ~ 0.9642 in) 12, 13, E2, E3,: 24.500 ~ 24.521 mm

24.500 ~ 24.521 mm (0.9646 ~ 0.9654 in)





Timing Chain and HI-VO Chain

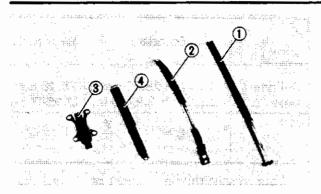
- 1. Inspect:
 - Timing chain ①
 - HI-VO chain ②

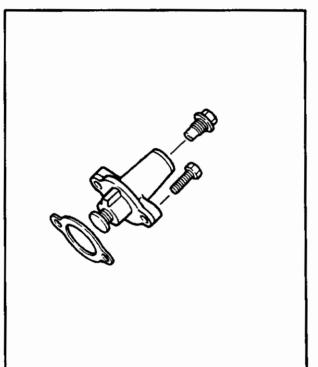
Chain stretch/Cracks \rightarrow Replace.

Cam Sprockets

- 1. Inspect:
 - Cam sprockets
 - Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.







Timing Chain and HI-VO Chain Guides

1. Inspect:

- ullet Timing chain guide (exhaust) 1
- Timing chain guide (intake) ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
- Timing chain guide (upper) (3)
- HI-VO chain guide ④

Timing Chain Tensioner

- 1. Check:
 - One-way cam operation
 Unsmooth operation → Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - All parts
 Damage/Wear → Replace.

CYLINDER AND PISTON

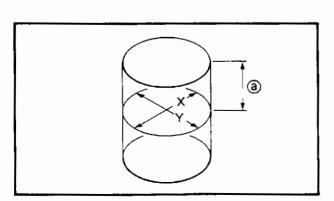
- 1. Inspect:
 - Cylinder and Piston walls
 - Vertical scratches \rightarrow Rebore or Replace cylinder and piston.
- 2. Measure:
 - Piston-to-cylinder clearance

Measurement steps:

- First step:
- Measure the cylinder bore "C" with a cylinder bore gauge.
- (a) 40 mm (1.57 in) from the cylinder top.

NOTE:

Measure the cylinder bore "C" in parallel to and at right angles to the crankshaft. Then, find the average of the measurements.



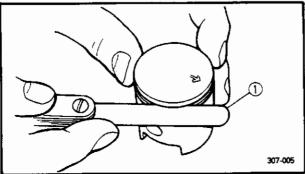


Wear limit

Standard

| | Cylinder bore "C": | 75.500 ~ 75.505 mm (2.9724 ~ 2.9726 in) | |
|---------|--|---|---------------|
| | | $C = \frac{X+Y}{2}$ | |
| | If out of specification, rebore or replace the cylinder, and replace the piston and piston rings as a set. 2nd step: Measure the piston skirt diameter "P" with a micrometer. (a) 3 mm (0.12 in) from the piston bottom edge. | | |
| 307 001 | | Piston size | P |
| | Standard | 75.425 ~ 75.44 (2.700 ~ 2.97 | |
| | piston rin 3rd step: • Calculate with follo Piston-to-to-to-to-to-to-to-to-to-to-to-to-to- | specification, replace gs as a set. the piston-to-cylinde wing formula: cylinder clearance = er bore "C" — | |
| | | skirt diameter "P" | |
| | | specification, rebore or and replace the piston set. | |
| · | | con-to-cylinder clearanc $0.06 \sim 0.08 \text{ mm}$ $0.0024 \sim 0.0031 \text{ in}$ hit: 0.15 mm (0.006 in) | |
| 307-005 | Piston Ring 1. Measure • Side cl Use a 1 | earance feeler gauge ①. f specification → Repla | ace the pisto |

n, rebore or replace the e the piston and piston skirt diameter "P" with the piston bottom edge. Piston size P 425 ~ 75.440 mm .700 ~ 2.970 in) ion, replace piston and n-to-cylinder clearance on, rebore or replace the e the piston and piston

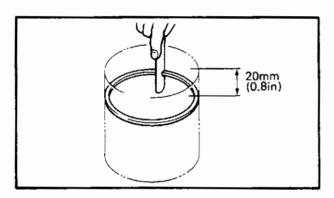




NOTE:

Eliminate the carbon deposits from the piston ring grooves and rings before measuring the side clearance.

| K | Side clearance: | |
|----------|--|------------------------|
| 6 | Standard | Limit |
| Top ring | 0.03 ~ 0.07 mm (0.0012 ~ 0.0028 in) | 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) |
| 2nd ring | 0.02 ~ 0.06 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0024 in) | 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) |



- 2. Position:
 - Piston ring Into cylinder.

NOTE:_

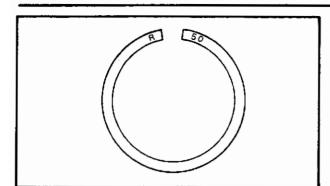
Insert the ring into the cylinder, and push it approximately 20 mm (0.8 in) into the cylinder. Push the ring with the piston crown so that the ring will be at a right angle to the cylinder bore.

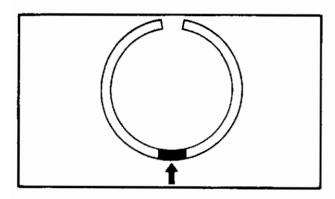
3. Measure:

End gap
 Use a feeler gauge.
 Out of specification → Replace.

| | End gap (installed): | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3 | Standard | Limit |
| Top ring | 0.3 ~ 0.5 mm (0.0118 ~ 0.0197 in) | 0.7 mm (0.0276 in) |
| 2nd ring | 0.3 ~ 0.5 mm (0.0118 ~ 0.0197 in) | 0.7 mm (0.0276 in) |
| Oil control (rails) | 0.2 ~ 0.8 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0315 in) | - |

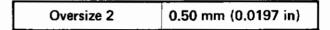






INSPECTION AND REPAIR Piston Ring Oversize

- Top and 2nd piston ring
- Oversize top and 2nd ring size is stamped on the top of ring.



Oil control ring

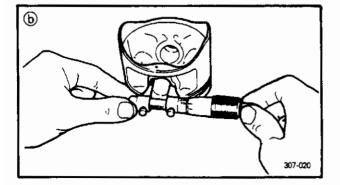
Expander spacer of oil control ring is colorcoded to identify sizes.

| Size | Color |
|------------|-------|
| Oversize 2 | Red |

Piston Pin

- 1. Inspect:
- Piston pin
 - Blue discoloration/Grooves \rightarrow Replace then inspect lubrication system.

With the second s



- 2. Measure:
 - Outside diameter (a) (piston pin)
 Out of specification → Replace.

Outside diameter (piston pin): 17.995 ~ 18.000 mm (0.7085 ~ 0.7087 in)

- 3. Measure:
 - Piston pin-to-piston clearance
 Out of specification → Replace piston.

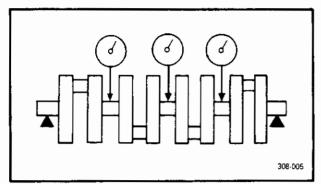
Piston pin-to-piston clearance = Bore size (piston pin) (b) --Outside diameter (piston pin) (a)

Piston pin-to-piston clearance: 0.004 ~ 0.0020 mm (0.0002 ~ 0.0008 in) < Limit: 0.07 mm (0.003 in) >

4-38

- '--

ENG



CRANKSHAFT AND CONNECTING ROD

Crankshaft

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

- 1. Measure:
 - Runout (crankshaft)
 Use the v-blocks and dial gauge.
 Out of specification → Replace.



Runout limit: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)

- 2. Inspect:
 - Crankshaft bearing surfaces Wear/Scratches → Replace.

Main Journal Oil Clearance

- 1. Clean all parts.
- 2. Position:
 - Crankcase half (upper)

Place it on a bench in an upside down position.

- 3. Install:
- Bearings
 - (into upper crankcase)
- Crankshaft
- 4. Attach:
 - Plastigage® ①
 - (onto crankshaft journal surface)

NOTE:

Do not turn the crankshaft until clearance measurement has been completed.

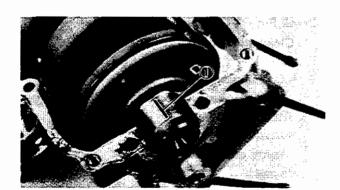
- 5. Install:
 - Bearings
 - (into lower crankcase)
 - Crankcase (lower)
- 6. Tighten:
 - Bolts

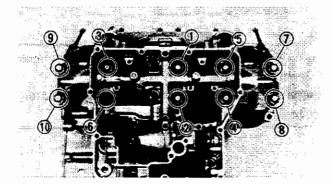
A CAUTION:

Tighten the bolts to specified torque. Tightening sequence is casted on the crankcase.



9 mm (0.35 in) Bolt: 32 Nm (3.2 m·kg, 23 ft·lb)







- 7. Remove: •Bolts
 - Reverse assembly procedure.
 - Crankcase (Lower)
 - Use care in removing.



8. Measure:

Plastigage[®] width (a)
 Out of specification → Replace the bearings;
 replace the crankshaft if necessary.



Main journal oil clearance: 0.020 ~ 0.044 mm (0.0008 ~ 0.0017 in)

Connecting Rod Bearings

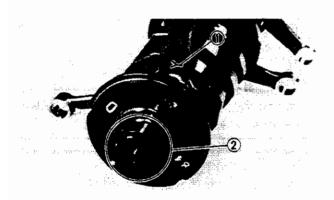
- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearings Burns/Flaking/Roughness/Scratches → Replace.

Crank Pin Oil Clearance

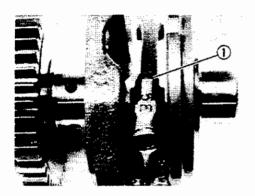
- 1. Clean all parts thoroughly.
- 2. Install:
 - Connecting rod bearings (into connecting rod and cap)
- 3. Attach:
 - Plastigage ®
 - (onto crank pin)
- 4. Install:
 - Connecting rod
 - Connecting rod cap

NOTE:

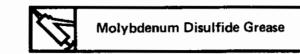
- Be sure the "Y" marks ① on the connecting rods face toward left crankshaft end ②.
- Be sure the letters on both components align to form a perfect character.







- 5. Lubricate:
 - Bolt threads (Connecting rod)
 - Nut seats (Connecting rod)



- 6. Tighten:
 - Nuts ① (connecting rod cap)

NOTE: _

Do not turn the connecting rod until the clearance measurement has been completed.

A CAUTION:

Tighten to full torque specification without pausing. Apply continuous torque between 2.0 and 3.6 m·kg. Once you reach 2.0 m·kg DO NOT STOP TIGHTENING unit! final torque is reached. If tightening is interrupted between 3.0 and 3.6 m·kg, loosen nut to less than 2.0 m·kg, and start again.

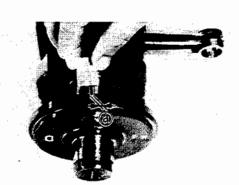
> Nuts (connecting rod): 36 Nm (3.6 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

- 7. Remove:
 - Connecting rod cap Use care in removing.
- 8. Measure:
 - Width of Plastigage[®] ⓐ
 Out of specification → Beplace t

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the bearings and/or replace the crankshaft if necessary.

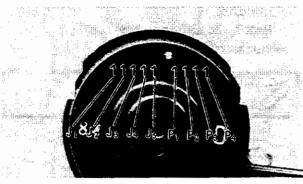


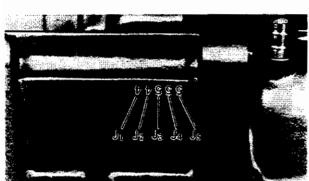
Crank pin oil clearance: 0.032 ~ 0.056 mm (0.0013 ~ 0.0022 in)

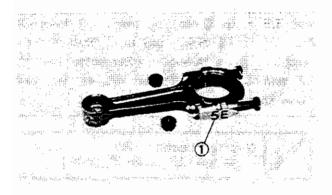












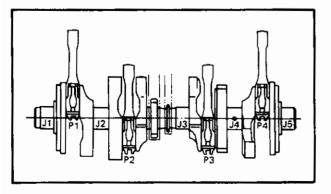
Crankshaft Main Journal and Crank Pin Bearing Selection

- Numbers used to indicate crankshaft journal sizes are stamped on the LH crankweb. The first five (5) are main journal bearing numbers, starting with the left journal. The four (4) crank pin bearing numbers follow in the same sequence.
- •The upper crankcase half is numbered J1, J2, J3, J4 and J5 on the rear right bosse as shown.

• The numbers are stamped in ink on the connecting rod ①.

| BEARING COLOR CODE | | |
|--------------------|--------|--|
| No. 1 | Blue | |
| No. 2 | Black | |
| No. 3 | Brown | |
| No. 4 | Green | |
| * No. 5 | Yellow | |

* No. 5 applies only to the main journal bearing selection.



Example 1:

Selection of the main journal bearings:

• If the crankcase J1 and crankshaft J1 sizes are No. 4 and No. 1, respectively, the bearing size No. is:

Bearing Size No. = Crankcase No. - Crankshaft No. = 4 - 1 = 3 (Brown)



| BEARING COLOR CODE | | |
|--------------------|--------|--|
| No. 1 | Blue | |
| No. 2 | Black | |
| No. 3 | Brown | |
| No. 4 | Green | |
| No. 5 | Yellow | |

Example 2:

Selection of the crank pin bearing:

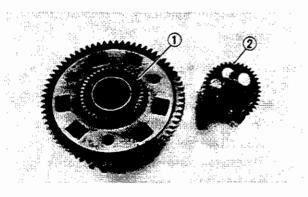
• If the connecting rod P1 and crankshaft P1 sizes are No. 5 and No. 1, respectively, the bearing size No. is:

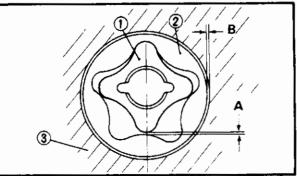
Bearing Size No. =

Connecting rod No. - Crankshaft No. =

5 - 1 = 4 (Green)

| BEARING COLOR CODE | | |
|--------------------|-------|--|
| No. 1 | Blue | |
| No. 2 | Black | |
| No. 3 | Brown | |
| No. 4 | Green | |





OIL PUMP

- 1. Inspect:
 - Oil pump drive gear ①
 - Oil pump driven gear ②
 Wear/Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- 2. Measure:
 - Tip clearance "A" Between the inner rotor ① and the outer rotor ②
 - •Side clearance "B" Between the outer rotor ② and the pump housing ③

Use a filler gauge and straight edge.

Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the oil pump assembly.





Tip clearance "A" limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in) Side clearance "B" limit: 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

- 3. Lubricate:
 - Inner rotors
 - Outer rotors
 - Pump shaft

SAE 1

SAE 10W30 Motor Oil

- 4. Install:
 - Oil pump assembly Reverse the "ENGINE DISASSEMBLY – OIL PUMP" section.

NOTE:

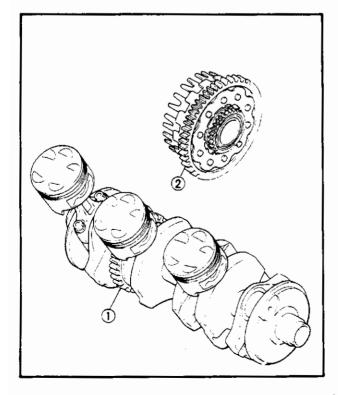
Align the pins in the pump shaft with the groove on the inner rotors dualing assembly.

- 5. Check:
 - Oil pump operation
 Unsmooth operation → Repeat step 2. or replace.

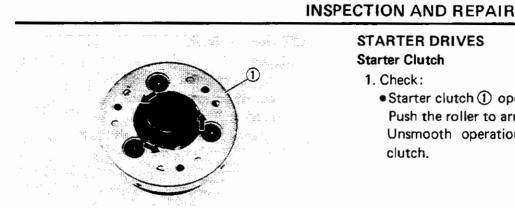
PRIMARY DRIVE

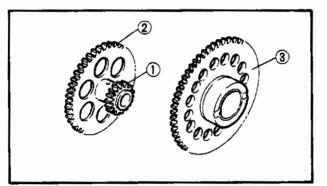
- 1. Inspect:
 - Primary drive gear (crank shaft) ①
 - Primary driven gear ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace both gears.
 Excessive noises during operation →
 Replace both gears.

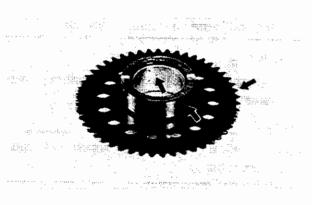
| Primary reduction ratio: | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------|--|--|
| No. of teeth | | Datia | | |
| Drive | Driven | Ratio | | |
| 41 | 68 | 1.659 | | |

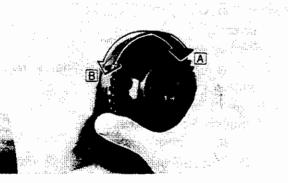












STARTER DRIVES

Starter Clutch

- 1. Check:
 - Starter clutch ① operation Push the roller to arrow direction. Unsmooth operation \rightarrow Replace one-way clutch.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Starter idle gear teeth ①
 - Starter drive gear teeth ②
 - Starter clutch gear ③ Burrs/Chips/Roughness/Wear → Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Starter clutch gear (contacting surfaces) Pitting/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

- 4. Check:
 - Starter clutch operation

Clutch operation checking steps:

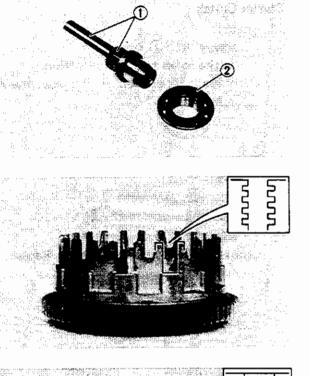
- Install the starter clutch gear to the starter. clutch, and hold the starter clutch.
- •When turning the starter clutch gear clockwise \underline{A} , the starter clutch and the wheel gear should be engaged.

If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.

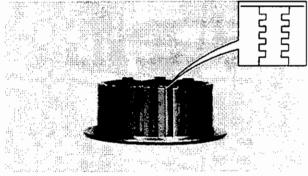
 When turning the starter clutch gear counterclockwise B , the starter clutch gear should turn freely.

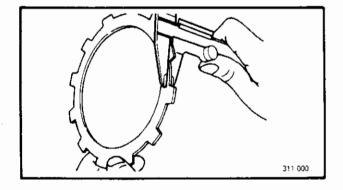
If not, the starter clutch is faulty. Replace it.





wheel sugger wheel sign





AC Generator Shaft

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

- 1. Check:
 - Shaft and spline ①
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
 - Bearing ②
 Unsmooth operation → Replace.

CLUTCH

Clutch Housing

- 1. Inspect:
 - Dogs
 - (on housing)
 - Cracks/Wear/Damage → Deburr or replace.
 - Clutch housing bearing Chafing/Wear/Damage → Replace.

NOTE:_

Wear on the friction plate dogs of the clutch housing will cause an erratic operation.

Clutch boss splines
 Scoring/Wear/Damage → Replace clutch boss assembly.

NOTE:____

Scoring on the clutch plate splines will cause erratic operation.

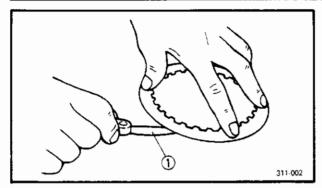
Friction Plates

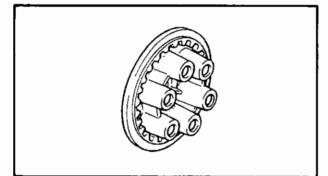
- 1. Inspect:
 - Friction plate
 Damage/Wear → Replace the friction plates
 as a set.
- 2. Measure:
 - Friction plate thickness
 - Measure at all four points.
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the friction plates as a set.

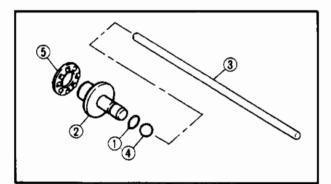


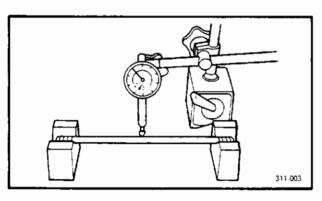
Wear limit: 2.8 mm (0.110 in)

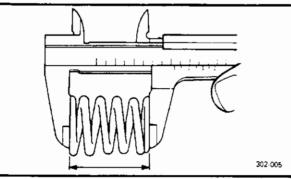








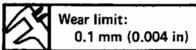




Clutch Plates

1. Measure:

Clutch plate warpage
 Use a surface plate and feeler gauge ①
 Out of specification → Replace.

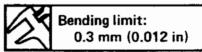


2. Inspect:

Pressure plate ①
 Damage → Replace.

Push Rod

- 1. Inspect:
 - •O-ring (1)
 - Push rod #1 ②
 - Push rod #2 ③
 - Ball 🌗
 - Bearing ⑤ Wear/Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- 2. Measure:
 - Push rod #2
 Use a v-blocks and dial gauge.
 Out of specification → Replace.



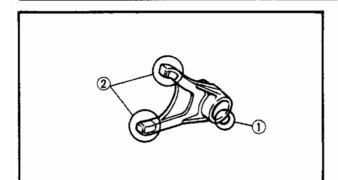
Clutch Spring

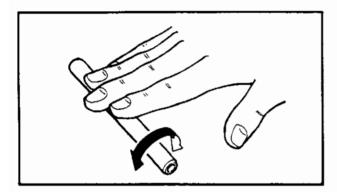
- 1. Measure:
 - Clutch spring free length
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Replace the springs as a set.

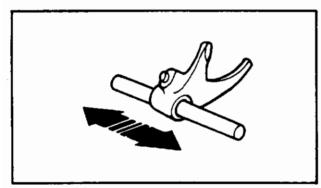


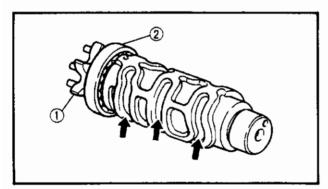
Clutch spring minimum free length: 54.0 mm (2.13 in)

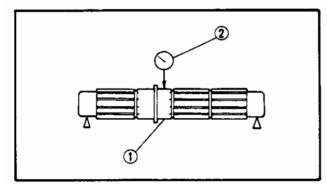












TRANSMISSION

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

Shift Fork

- 1. Inspect:
 - \bullet Shift fork cam follower (1)
 - Shift fork pawl ②
 Wear/Chafing/Bends/Damage → Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Guide bar
 Roll the guide bar on a flat surface.
 Bends → Replace.

A WARNING:

Do not attempt to straighten a bent guide bar.

- 3. Check:
 - Shift fork movement (on its guide bar)
 Unsmooth operation → Replace the fork and/guide bar.

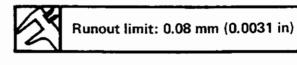
Shift Cam

1. Inspect:

- Shift cam grooves
 Wear/Damage/Scratches → Replace.
 Shift cam geograph ①
- Shift cam segment ①
 Damage/Wear → Replace.
- Shift cam bearing ②
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.

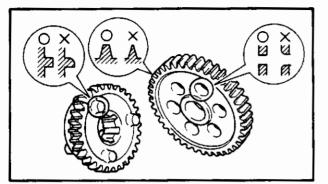
Main and Drive Axles

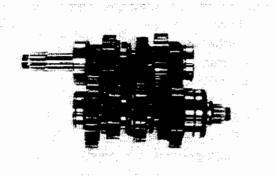
- 1. Measure:
 - Axle runout (main and rive) ①
 Use a centering device and dial gauge②.
 Out of specification → Replace.

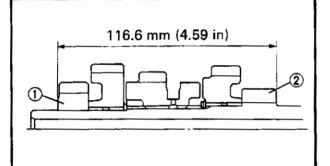


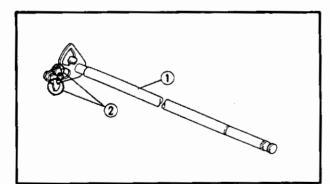


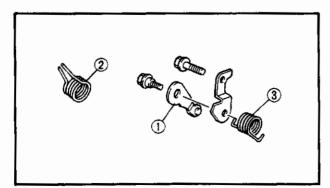












2. Inspect:

Gear teeth
 Blue discoloration/Pitting/Wear → Replace.

- Mated dogs Rounded edges/Cracks/Missing portions → Replace.
- 3. Check:
 - Proper gear engagement (each gear) (to its counter part) Incorrect → Reassemble.
 - Gear movement
 Roughness → Replace.

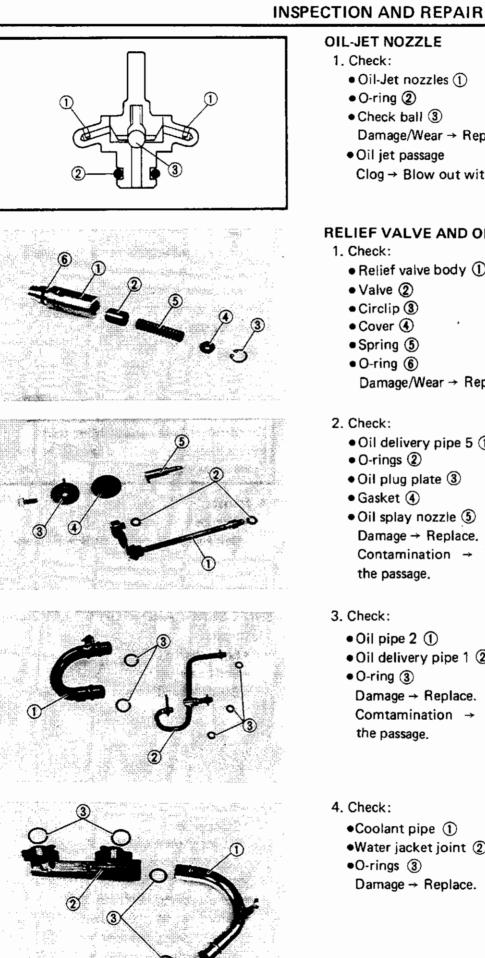
Transmission gear reassembling point:

- Press the 2nd pinion gear ① in the main axle ② as shown.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Circlips
 Damage/Looseness/Bends → Replace.

SHIFT SHAFT AND STOPPER LEVER

- 1. Inspect:
 - Shift shaft ①
 - Shift pawls ②
 Bends/Wear/Damage → Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Stopper lever (1) Roller turns roughly \rightarrow Replace. Bends/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Return spring (shift shaft) 2
 - Return spring (shift pawls)
 - Return spring (stopper lever) ③
 Wear/Damage → Replace.



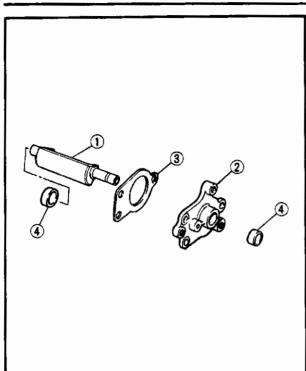


OIL-JET NOZZLE

- 1. Check:
 - Oil-Jet nozzles ①
 - O-ring ②
 - Check ball ③
 - Damage/Wear → Replace.
 - Oil jet passage $Clog \rightarrow Blow out with compressed air.$

RELIEF VALVE AND OIL PIPE

- 1. Check:
 - Relief valve body ①
 - Valve (2)
 - Circlip ③
 - Cover ④
 - Spring (5)
 - O-ring (6) Damage/Wear \rightarrow Replace.
- 2. Check:
 - Oil delivery pipe 5 ①
 - O-rings ②
 - Oil plug plate ③
 - Gasket ④
 - Oil splay nozzle (5) Damage → Replace. Contamination → Wash and blow out the passage.
- 3. Check:
 - Oil pipe 2 ①
 - Oil delivery pipe 1 ②
 - O-ring ③ Damage \rightarrow Replace. Comtamination -> Wash and blow out the passage.
- 4. Check:
 - •Coolant pipe ①
 - •Water jacket joint ②
 - •O-rings ③ Damage → Replace.



EXUP

- 1. Inspect:
 - Valve (EXUP) ①
 - Housing (valve) ②
 - Gasket (steel) ③
 - Wear/Cracks/Damage → Replace.

ENG

- Bush ④
 - Wear \rightarrow Replace.

CRANKCASE

- 1. Thoroughly wash the case halves in mild solvent.
- 2. Clean all the gasket mating surfaces and crankcase mating surfaces thoroughly.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Crankcase
 - $Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.$
 - Oil delivery passages
 - $Clog \rightarrow Blow out with compressed air.$

BEARING AND OIL SEAL

- 1. Inspect:
 - Bearings

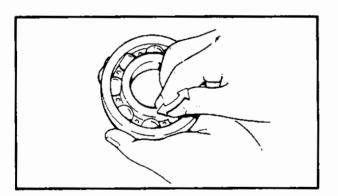
Clean and lubricate, then rotate inner race with finger.

Roughness → Replace (see Removal).

- 2. Inspect:
 - Oil seals
 Damage/Wear → Replace (see Removal).

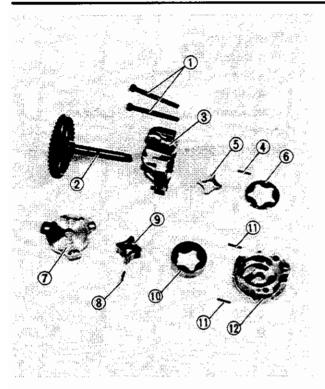
CIRCLIP AND WASHER

- 1. Inspect:
 - Circlips
 - Washers
 - $Damage/Looseness/Bends \rightarrow Replace.$



ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT





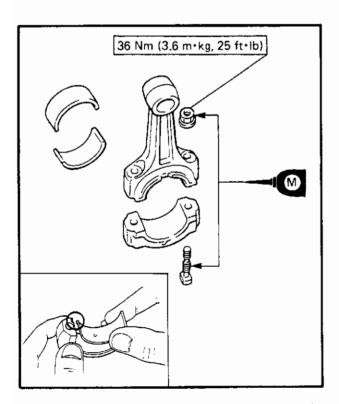
ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

OIL PUMP

- 1. Install: • Boits ①
 - (to pump housing 2)
 - Pump shaft ②
 - Pump housing 2 ③
 - •Pin 2 ④
 - Inner rotor 2 (5)
 - Outer rotor 2 6
 - \bullet Intermediate plate O
 - •Pin 1 🛞
 - ●Inner rotor ⑨
 - Outer rotor 10 .
 - Dowel pins ①
 - Pump housing 1 (12)
 - Screw

NOTE: _

Insert the inner rotors into the outer rotor. Then with the pump shaft dowel pin in the inner rotor slit.



CONECTING ROD

- 1. Clean:
 - Crankshaft
 - Connecting rods
- 2. Instali:
 - Connecting rod bearings (into connecting rod and cap)

NOTE:

- Align the projection of bearing with the groove of cap.
- Identify each bearing position very carefully so that it can be reinstalled in its original place.
 - 3. Lubricate:
 - Connecting rod bolt threads
 - Connecting rod nuts



Molybdenum Disulfide Oil

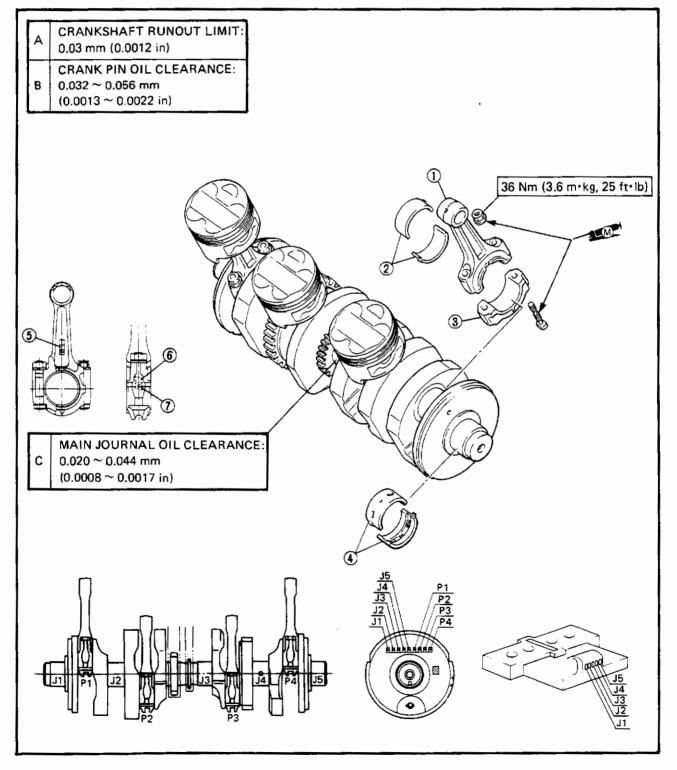
4. Apply engine oil to the crankshaft pins.



CONNECTING ROD AND CRANKSHAFT

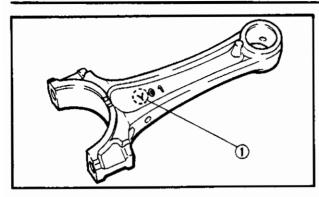
- (1) Connecting rod
- 2 Connecting rod bearing
 3 Connecting rod cap
 4 Main journal bearing

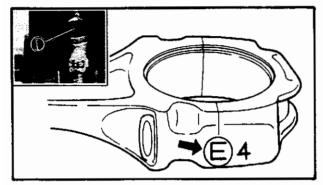
- (5) "Y" mark
- 6 Matching mark
- (7) Crank pin bearing size



ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT







- 5. Install:
 - Connecting rods
 - Connecting rod caps

NOTE:__

- The stamped "Y" mark on the connecting rods (1) should face towards the left side of the crankcase.
- Be sure that the letter on both components align to from a perfect character.
- 6. Install:
 - Connecting rod bolts

NOTE:

Align the bolt head (1) and connecting rod cap.

- 7. Tighten:
 - Connecting rod nuts

ACAUTION:

Tighten to full torque specification without pausing. Apply continuous torque between 2.0 and 3.6 m·kg. Once you reach 2.0 m·kg DO NOT STOP TIGHTENING unit! final torque is reached. If the tightening is interrupted between 2.0 and 3.6 m·kg, loosen the nut to less than 2.0 m kg and start again.

36 Nm (3.6 m · kg, 25 ft · lb) VALVE AND CHAMSHAFT CASE 1. Deburr:

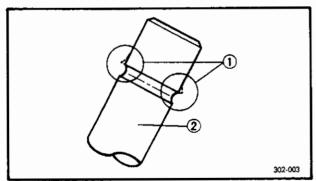
Valve stem end

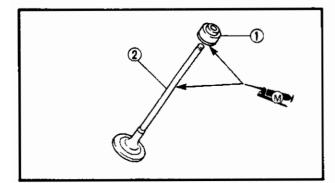
Nut (connecting rod):

Use an oil storne to smooth the stem end.

- 2. Lubricate:
 - Valve stem ①
 - Oil seal 2

High-quality molybdenum disulfide Motor oil or molybdenum, disulfide grease



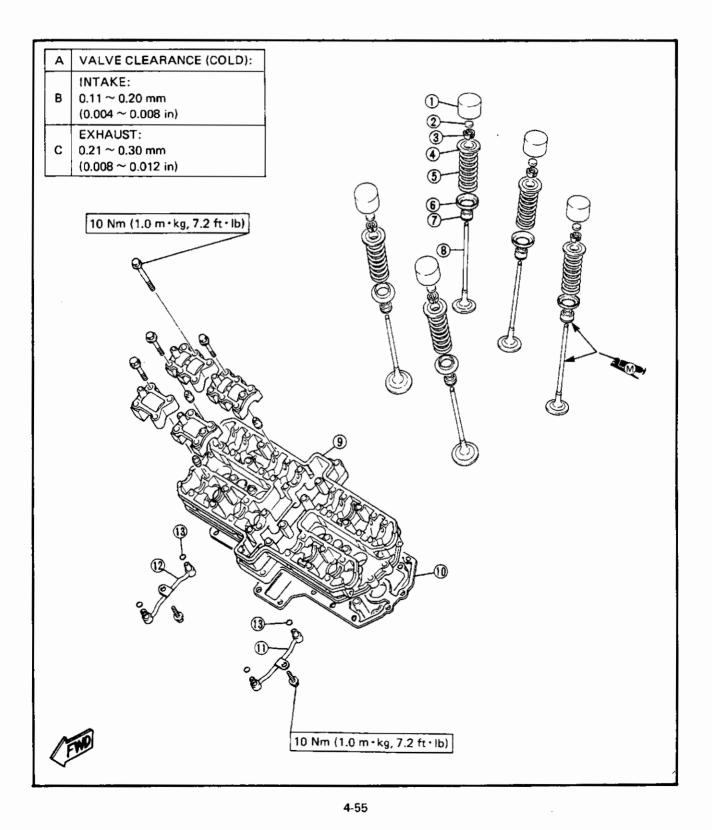




VALVE AND CAMSHAFT CASE

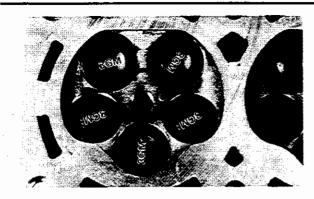
- 1 Valve lifter
- 2 Pad
- 3 Valve cotter
- (4) Valve retainer
- (5) Valve spring
- 6 Valve retainer
- ⑦ Oil seal
- 8 Valve

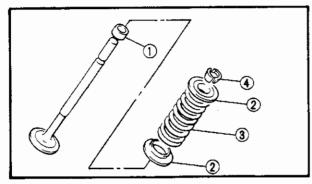
- (9) Camshaft case
 (10) Gasket (camshaft case)
 (11) Oil delivery pipe 3
 (12) Oil delivery pipe 4
- ① O-ring

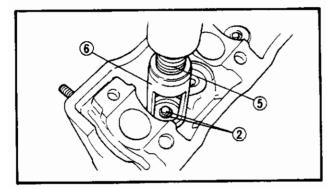


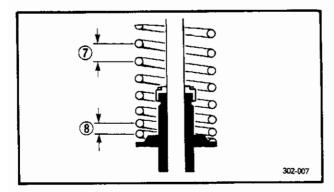
ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT











3. Install:

| Valves | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Intake | (right/left) | : "3GM:" |
| | (center) | : "3GM·" |
| Exhau | st | : "3GM" |

NOTE:

Be sure to reinstall in its original place.

- 4. Install:
 - Oil seal (1)
 - Valve retainers ②
 - Valve spring ③
 - Valve cotters ④

NOTE:

Attach the valve spring compresser (5) and attatchment (6) between the valve retainers and cylinder head to install the valve cotters.

Valve spring compresser: YM-04019 90890-04019 Attachment: (For exhaust valve) YM-04108 90890-04108 (For intake valve) YM-04114 90890-04114

NOTE: ____

All value springs must be installed with the larger pitch O upward as shown.

(8) Smaller pitch

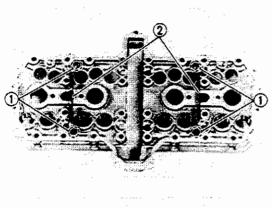
5. Secure the valve cotter onto the valve stem by tapping it lightly with a piece of wood.

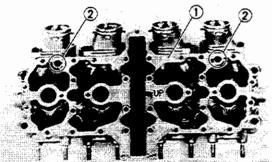
NOTE:

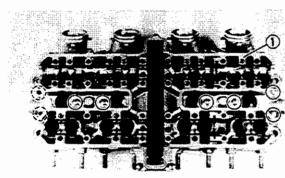
Do not hit so much as to damage the valve.

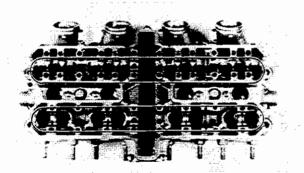
ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

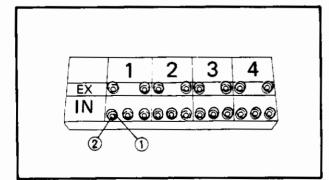












- 6. Install:
 - O-rings ①
 - Oil delivery pipe 3/4 (2) (onto camshaft case)

Bolt (oil delivery pipe 3/4): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 7. Install:
 - Gasket (camshaft case) ①
 - Dowel pins (2)

NOTE: _

Be sure the "UP" mark faces upward.

AWARNING:

Always use a new gasket (camshaft case).

- 8. Install:
 - Camshaft case (1)

Camshaft case bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

- 9, Install:
 - Pad ②
 - Valve lifter ①

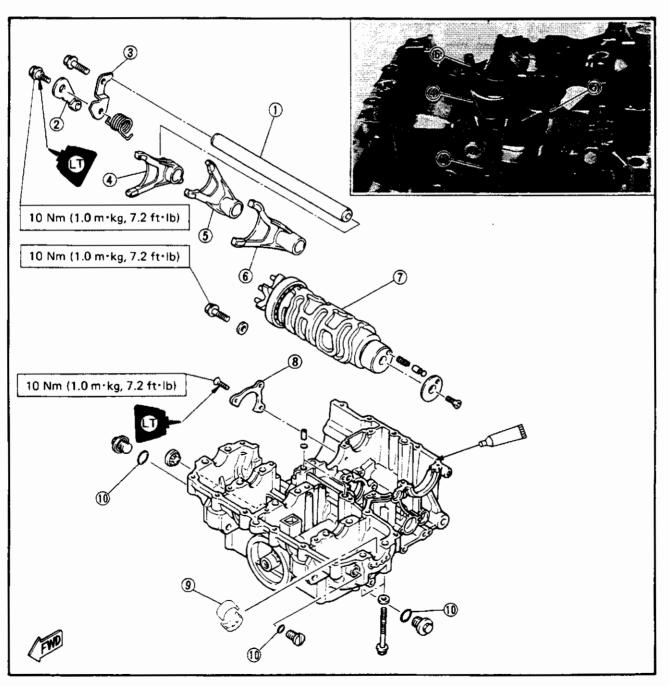
NOTE: _

- Apply the molybdenum disulfide grease to the pad.
- Lubricate the valve lifter with a molybdenum disulfide oil.
- Valve lifter must be rotated smoothly by a finger.
- · Each valve lifter and pad position very carefully so that its original place.



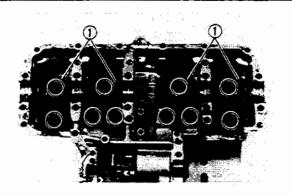
LOWER CRANKCASE

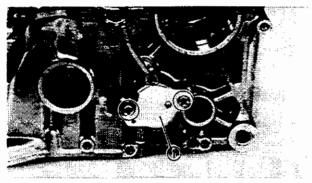
- 1) Guide bar
- 2 Stopper lever
- 3 Guide bar stopper
- (4) Shift fork (R)
- 5 Shift fork (C)
- 6 Shift fork (L)
- 🖲 Shift cam
- B Main axle bearing retainer
- (9) Crankshaft main bearing
- 0-ring

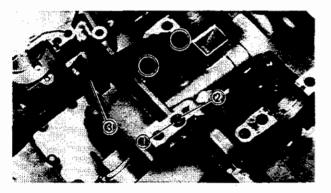


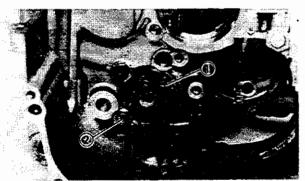
ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT

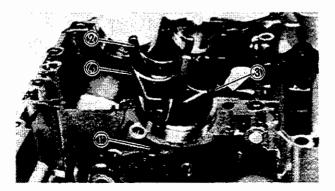






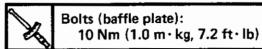






SHIFT FORK AND SHIFT CAM

- 1. Install:
 - Baffle plates (engine oil) ①



2. Install:Neutral switch ①

3. install:

- •O-ring (1)
- Dowel pin ②
- Timing chain guide (intake side) ③



Bolt (chain guide): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

<u>t</u> WARNING:

Always use a new O-ring.

- 4. install:
 - •Shift cam assembly ①
 - •Bolt ②

Bolt : 10 Nm Apply

10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®

- 5. Install:
 - •Guide bar ①
 - •Shift fork "L" 2
 - •Shift fork "C" (3)
 - •Shift fork "R" ④

NOTE:__

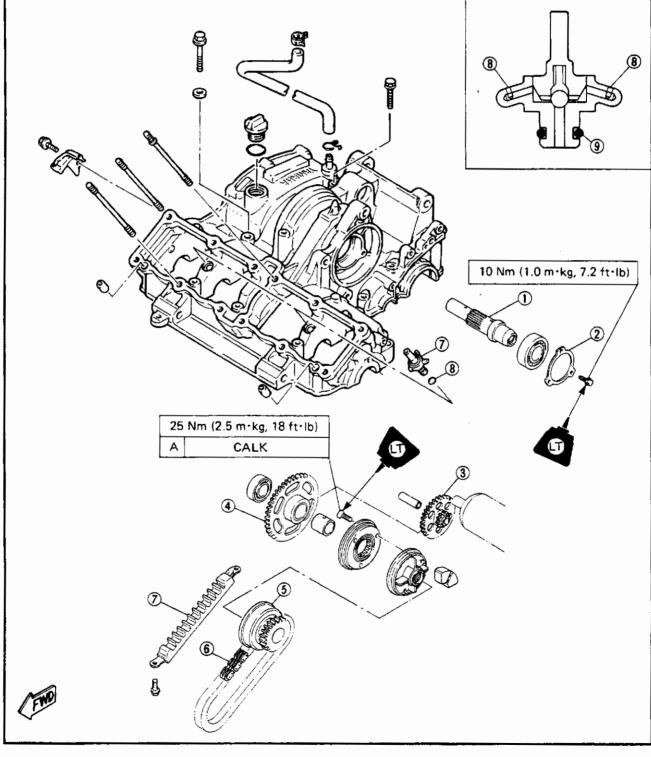
All shift fork letters should face to the right side and be in sequence (R, C, L) begining from the right.



UPPER CRANKCASE

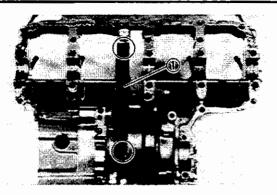
AC generator shaft
 Bearing retainer
 Starter idle gear
 Starter clutch gear
 Starter clutch
 HY-VO chain
 HY-VO chain guide
 Oil-Jet nozzle

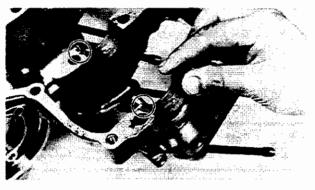
9 O-ring

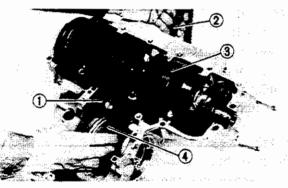


ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT









STARTER CLUTCH AND CRANKSHAFT

- 1. Install:
 - HY-VO chain guide ①

Bolts (HY-VO chain guide): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

2. Install:

Plane bearings (crankshaft)

NOTE: -

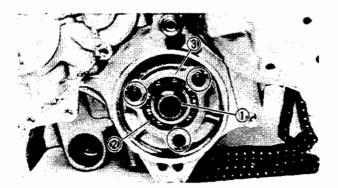
- Align the projection of the bearing with the notch in the case.
- Identify each bearing position so that the bearing should be installed position.
- 3. Apply engine oil to the plane bearing.

4. Install:

- HY-VO chain ①
- Timing chain (2)
 (onto crankshaft)
- Crankshaft assembly ③
- Starter clutch assembly ④

NOTE:

- The stepped crankshaft end should face to the left.
- Pass the timing chain through the timing chain cavity. Be sure to attach a retaining wire to the timing chain.

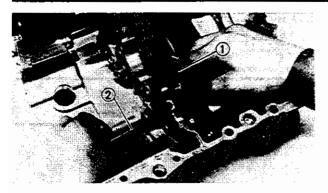


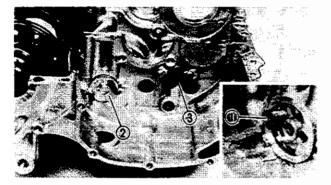
- 5. Install:
 - AC generator shaft ①
 - Bearing ②
 - Bearing retainer ③
 - Bolts

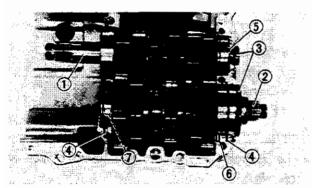
Bolt (bearing retainer): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE®

ENGINE ASSEMBLY AND ADJUSTMENT









- 6. Install:
 - Starter idle gear ①
 - Shaft ②

- 7. Install:
 - Oil splay nozzle ①
 - Gasket
 - Oil plug plate 2
 - Oil delivery pipe 5 ③ (with o-ring)

Bolt (oil plug plate): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

TRANSMISSION

- 1. Install:
 - •Main axle assembly ①
 - Drive axle assembly (2)
 - •Oil seal ③
 - •Circlip ④

NOTE:___

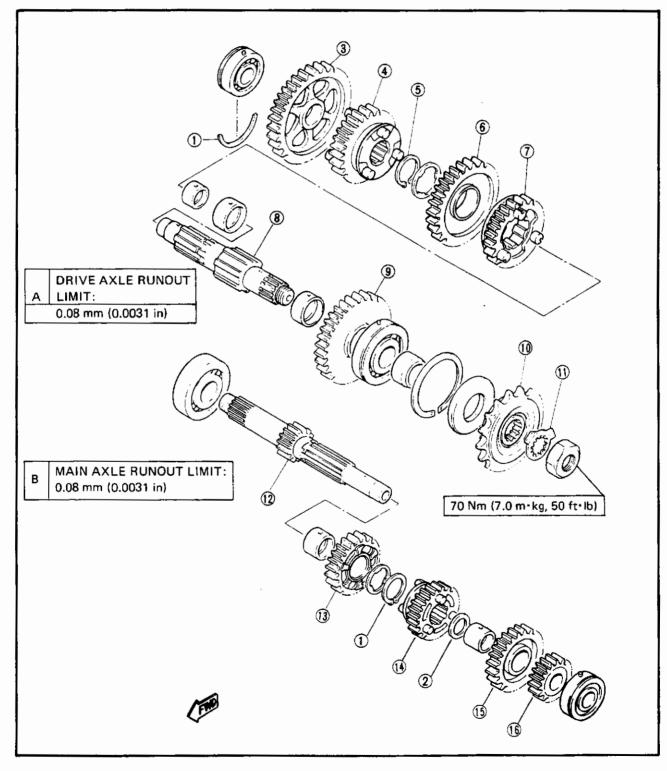
- Be sure that the drive axle bearing circlips ④ are inserted into the upper crankcase positioning grooves.
- Be sure that the main axle bearing pin (5) should face to lower case side and the drive axle bearing pin (6) should face to rear, and main axle bearing pin (7) should face to upper case side.

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ENG

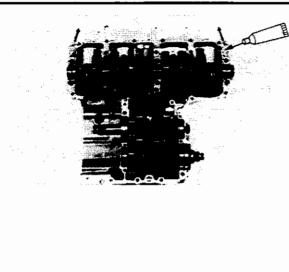
TRANSMISSION

- (1) Circlip
- Plain washer
 1st wheel gear (36T)
- $\overline{4}$ 4th wheel gear (27T)
- 5 Circlip
- 6 3rd wheel gear (29T)
- (7) 5th wheel gear (28T) (8) Drive axle 9 2nd wheel gear (32T) Drive sprocket (1) Lock washer (12) Main axle
- (13) 4th pinion gear (27T) (14) 3rd pinion gear (21T)
- 5 5th pinion gear (27T)
- (6) 2nd pinion gear (18T)









CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY

- 1. Apply:
- Sealant

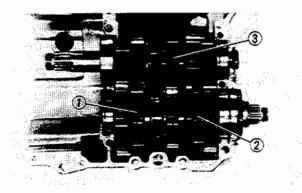
(onto crankcase matching surfaces)

Yamaha bond No. 1215:

90890-85505 Quick gasket®: ACC-11001-05-01

NOTE:__

DO NOT ALLOW any sealant to come in contact with the oil gallery O-ring, or crankshaft bearings. Do not apply sealant to within $2 \sim 3$ mm (0.08 \sim 0.12 in) of the bearings.



- 2. Set shift cam and transmission gears in **NEUTRAL** position.
- 3. Place the lower crankcase assembly onto the upper crankcase assembly.
- 4. Install:
 - •Lower crankcase.

Carefully guide the shift forks so that they mesh smoothly with the transmission gears.

NOTE:__

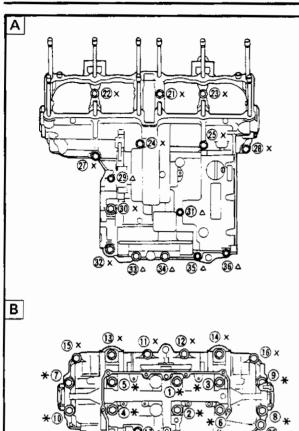
- •Mesh the shift fork "L" with the 4th wheel gear (1) and "R" with the 5th wheel gear (2) on the drive axle.
- •Mesh the shift fork "C" with the 3rd pinion gear (3) on the main axle.

∆CAUTION:

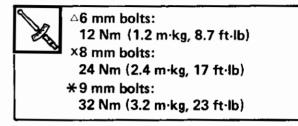
Before tightening the crankcase bolts, check the following points:

•Be sure the gear shifts correctly while handturning the shift cam.





- 5. Tighten:
 - •Lower crankcase bolt B
 - Upper crankcase bolt A (follow the proper tightening sequence.)



NOTE: _

- •Install the washer ① on bolt No. 7, 8, 9, and 10.
- ullet Install the copper washer 2 on bolt No. 25.

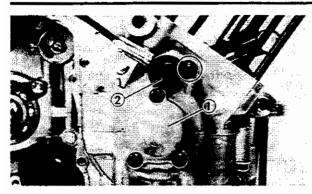


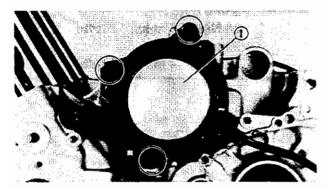
• Bearing retainer (main axle) ① Use the torx wrench (T30).

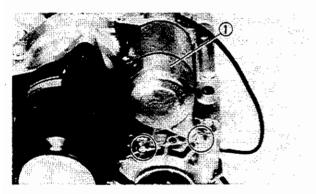
Torx wrench (T30): YU-29843-6 90890-05245

Screws (bearing retainer): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) LOCTITE ®

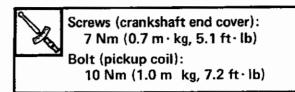








- 7. Install:
 - •O-ring
 - Crankshaft end cover ① (right)
 - Pickup coil ②



AC GENERATOR AND STARTER MOTOR

- 1. Check:
 - O-rings (AC generator and starter motor) Damage → Replace.
- 2. Install:
 - AC generator ①



Bolts (AC generator): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

NOTE: _

Apply the engine oil to the o-ring of the AC generator.

3. Install:

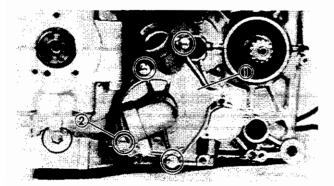
• Starter motor ①

Jon 1

Bolt (starter motor): 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

NOTE:

Apply the engine oil to the O-ring of the starter motor.



WATER PUMP

- 1. Check:
 - O-ring (water pump)
- 2. Install:
 - Water pump assembly (1)

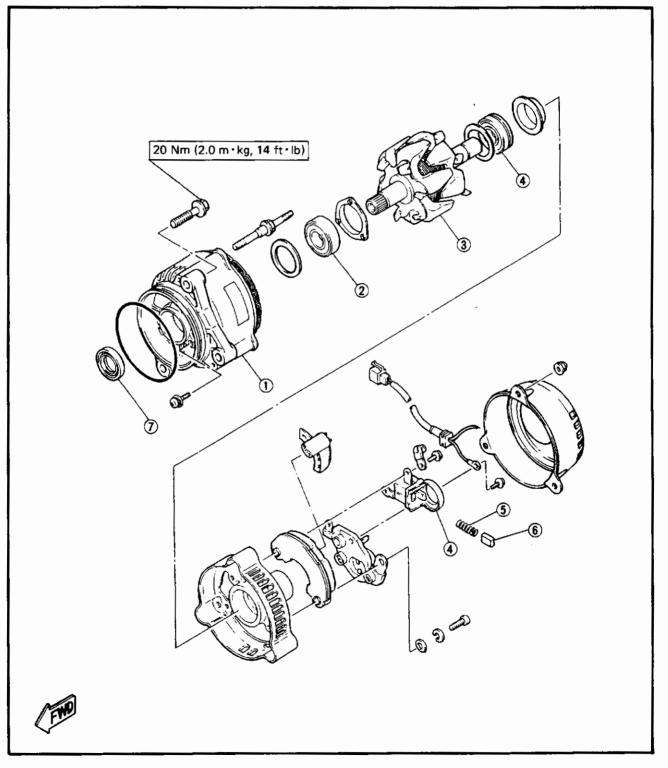
Bolts (water pump): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



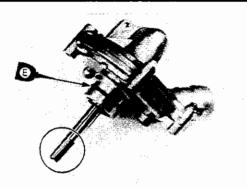
AC GENERATOR

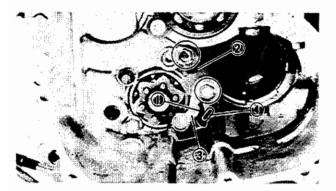
- 1 Stator coil
- 2 Bearing3 Field coil

- Fried conf
 Brush holder
 Brush spring
 Brush
 Oil seal









NOTE: -

- Align the slot of the water pump shaft with the projection of the oil pump drive shaft.
- Before installing the water pump assembly, apply the engine oil to the O-ring.
- Use the cupper washer (2) on the coolant drain bolt.

SHIFT SHAFT AND OIL PUMP

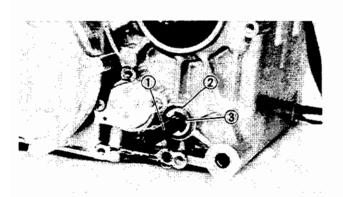
- 1. Install:
 - Spring ①
 - Stopper plate (guide bar) ②
 - Stopper lever ③

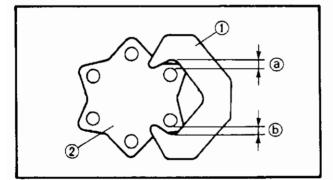


Bolt (stopper plate/stopper lever): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Apply LOCTITE®

NOTE:

- Mesh the stopper lever ③ with the shift cam stopper.
- Hook the spring ends on the stopper lever and crankcase boss (4).





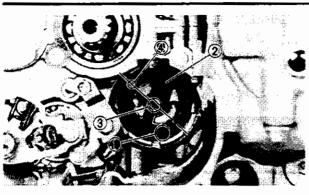
- 2. Install:
 - •Shift shaft ①
 - Washer ②
 - Circlip ③

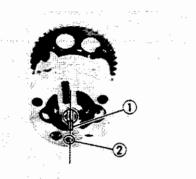
NOTE:

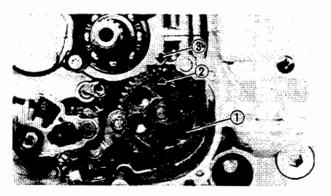
- Insert the stopper between spring ends.
- Apply the grease to the oil seal lip.
- 3. Check:
 - Shift pawl ① position Gaps (a) and (b) are not equal \rightarrow Replace the defective parts or adjust the adjuster.

2 Shift cam









- 4. Install:
 - Dowel pin ①
 - ●Gasket ②

NOTE:

Align the water pump impeller shaft slot (3) with the oil pump thread hole (4).

5. Install:

•Oil pump mounting bolt

NOTE:_

Align the oil pump shaft projection ① with the oil pump hole②.

6. Install

•Oil pump assembly ①



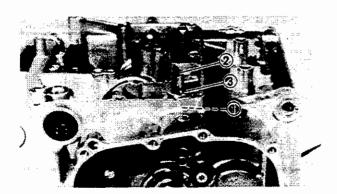
Oil pump mounting bolts: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kg, 7.2 ft·lb)

NOTE:__

Align the oil pump arrow mark ② with crankcase arrow mark ③.

∆CAUTION:

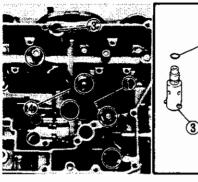
- Be sure that the oil pump turns smoothly in itself after tightening the bolts.
- Be sure that the oil pump shaft projection mesh with the water pump impeller shaft slot.

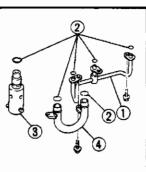


OIL STRAINER, OIL FILTER AND OIL PAN

- 1. Install:
 - Mount rubber ①
 - Oil pipe 2
 - Circlip ③





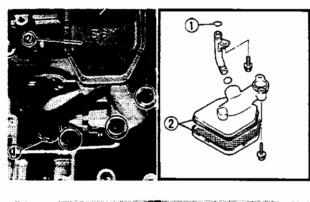


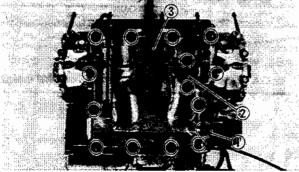
- 2. Install:
 - Oil delivery pipe 1 ①
 - O-rings (2)
 - Relief valve ③
 - Oil pipe 2 ④

WARNING:

Always use new circlip and O-rings.

Bolts (oil pipe 2): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)





- 3. Install:
 - 0-ring ①
 - Oil strainer assembly (2)

L WARNING:

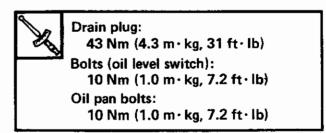
Always use a new o-ring.

Bolt (oil strainer): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

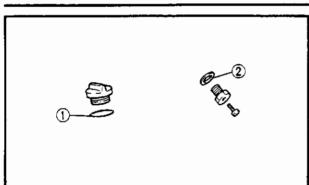
- 4. Install:
 - Drain plug ① (with copper washer)
 - Oil level switch 2 (with o-ring)
 - Gasket
 - Oil pan (3)

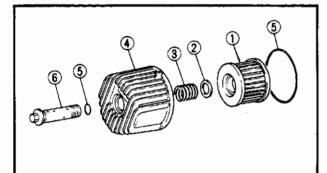
WARNING:

Always use new o-ring and gasket.









- 5. Inspect:
 - O-ring (oil filler cap) ①
 - Gasket (drain plug) ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.

- 6. Install:
 - Oil filter (new) ①
 - Washer ②
 - Spring ③
 - Filter cover ④ (with o-ring ⑤)
 - Bolt (oil filter) (6) (with o-ring (5))

NOTE:

Be sure that the o-ring is positioned properly.

L WARNING:

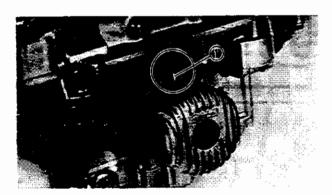
Always use a new o-ring.

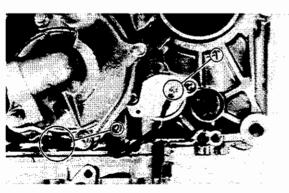


Bolt (oil filter): 15 Nm (1.5 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)

NOTE: _____

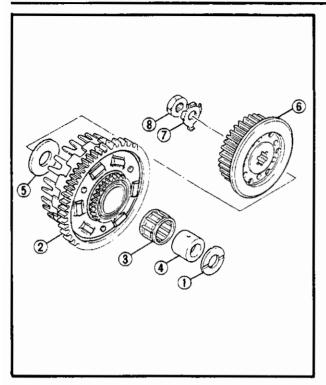
Mesh the oil filter cover projection ① with the crankcase slot.





- 7. Connect:
 - Neutral switch lead ①
 - Oil level switch lead 2







- 1. Install:
 - Thrust washer ①
 - Clutch housing 2
 - Bearing ③
 - Spacer ④
 - Thrust washer (5)
 - Clutch boss (6)
 - Lock washer (7)
 - Nut (clutch boss)
 ⑧

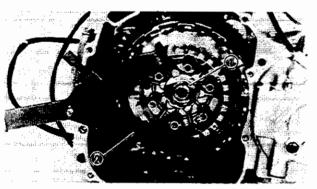
NOTE: _

Install the bearing (3) and spacer (4) after installation of the clutch housing (2).

A WARNING:

Always use a new lock washer.

- 2. Tighten:
 - Nut (clutch boss) ①



Nut (clutch boss): 70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)

NOTE:

Tighten the nut (clutch boss) ① while holding the clutch boss with the universal clutch holder ②.



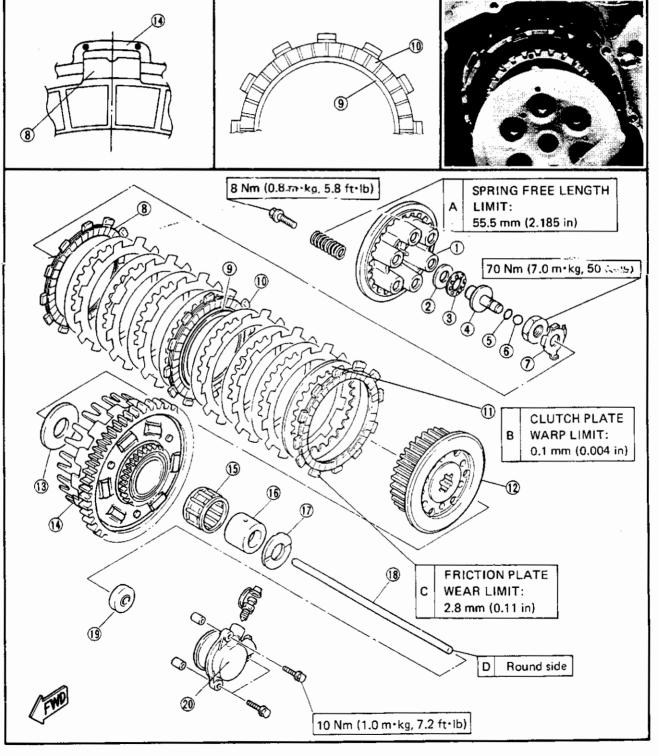
Universal clutch holder: YM-91042 90890-04086

3. Bend the lock washer tab along the nut flat.

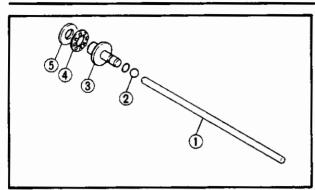


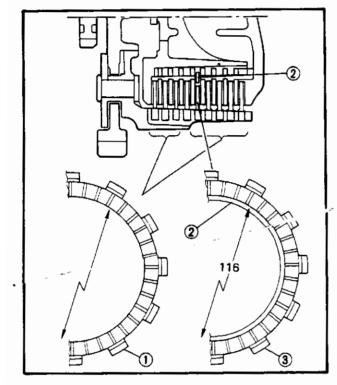
CLUTCH

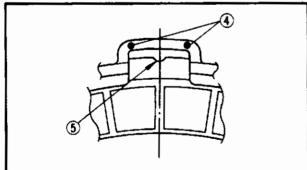
- Pressure plate
 Plate washer
 Bearing
 Push rod # 1
 O-ring
 Ball
 Lock washer
- 8 Friction plate (outer)
 9 Cushion spring
 10 Friction plate (center)
 11 Clutch plate
 12 Clutch boss
 13 Washer
 14 Primary driven gear
- 15 Bearing
- 🚯 Spacer
- Thrust washer
 Push rod #2
- (19) Oil seal
- 20 Clutch release cylinder

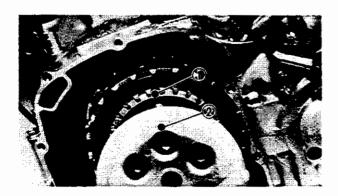












- 4. Install:
 - •Push rod #2 🛈
 - •Ball ②
 - •Push rod #1 3
 - •Bearing ④
 - •Washer (5)

NOTE: ____

Apply the lithium soap base grease to the push rod #2 and ball.

- 5. Install:
 - Friction plates
 - Clutch plates
 - •Cushion spring

Installation steps:

- Install the four friction plates (with the red painted mark) ① and the four clutch plates mutually.
- Install the cushion spring (2) and the one center friction plate (with the blue painted mark) (3) at the center position.

NOTE:

Be sure that the cushion spring ② and the center friction plate ③ must be positioned at the center among nine friction plates.

- Install the three friction plates ① (with the red painted mark) and the three clutch plates mutually.
- Install the one outer friction plate (with the signal semi-circular slot) ④.

NOTE:

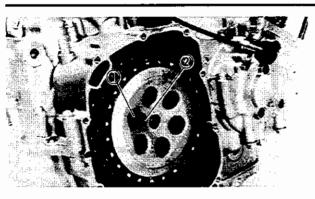
Be sure the that single semi-circular slot 4 on the friction plate is aligned with the clutch housing embossed match marks 5.

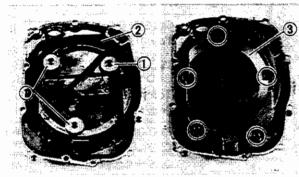
- 6. Install:
 - Pressure plate

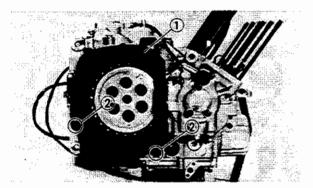
NOTE:

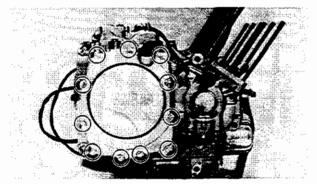
Be sure that the match mark (1) on the clutch boss is aligned with the match mark (2) on the pressure plate.

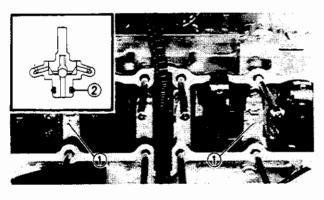












- 7. Install:
 - Clutch springs ①
 - Bolts (clutch spring) ②



Bolt (clutch spring): 8 Nm (0.8 m · kg, 5.8 ft · lb)

NOTE: _

Tighten the bolts (clutch spring) in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

- 8. Install:
 - Cover
 - Rubber ring
 - Washer ①
 - Gasket 2
 - Cover (breather) ③

the WARNING:

Always use a new gasket.

- 9. Install:
 - Gasket 🕦
 - Dowel pins ②

▲ WARNING:

Always use a new gasket.

- 10. Install:
 - Crankcase cover (right)



Bolt (crankcase cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

NOTE:

Tighten the bolts (crankcase cover) in stage, using a crisscross pattern.

PISTON AND CYLINDER

- 1. install:
 - Oil-jet nozzles ① (with o-ring ②)

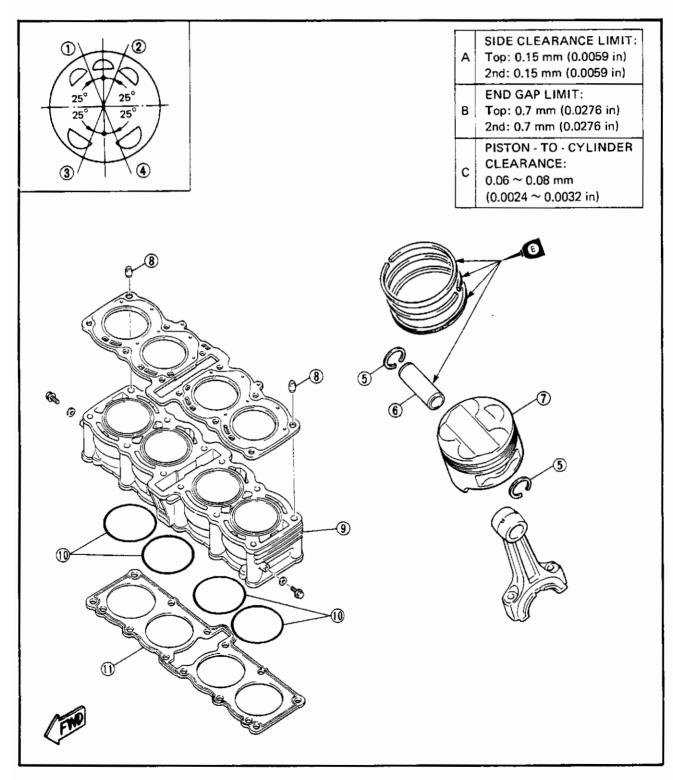
NOTE: _

Apply the engine oil to the o-rings.

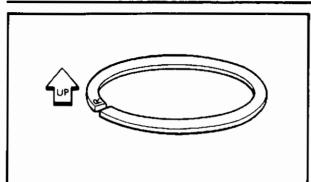


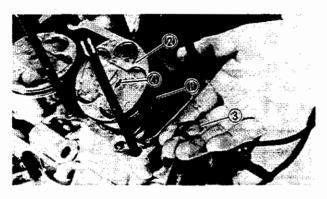
PISTON AND CYLINDER

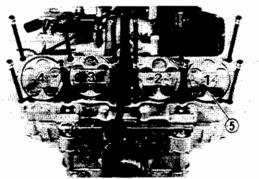
- ① Top ring② Cylinder② Oil ring (Lower)① O-ring③ Oil ring (Upper)① Gasket④ Second ring
- 5 Circlip
- 6 Piston pin
- **Ö**Piston
- B Dowel pin

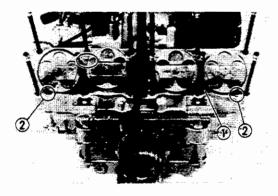












- 2. Install:
 - Piston rings

NOTE:__

Be sure to install rings so that Manufacturer's marks or numbers are located on the top side of the rings. Oil the pistons and rings liberally.

- 3. Install:
 - Piston pins ①
 - Pistons ②
 - Circlips (piston pin) ③

NOTE:_

- Apply the engine oil to the piston pins.
- •Be sure that the piston arrow mark ④ face to exhaust side of the engine.
- Before installing the piston pin circlip, cover the crankcase with a clean rag to prevent the circlip from falling into the crankcase cavity.
- Be sure that the marked piston numbers (5) should be in sequence (1, 2, 3, 4) begining from the left.

L WARNING:

Always use new circlips (piston pin).

- 4. Install:
 - Gasket (cylinder) ①
 - Dowel pins ②

NOTE:

The gasket "UP" mark should face upward.

UT WARNING:

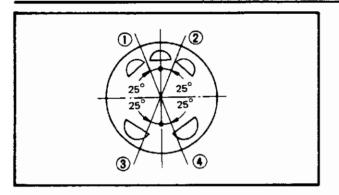
Always use a new gasket (cylinder).

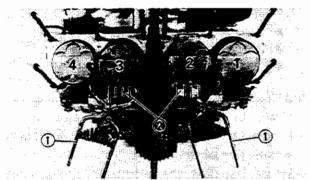
- 5. Lubricate:
 - Pistons
 - Piston rings
 - Cylinder

NOTE:_

Apply a liberal coating of 4-stroke engine oil.







- 6. Position:
 - Top ring
 - •2nd ring
 - Oil ring

Offset the piston ring end gaps as shown.

Top ring end
 Oil ring end (lower)
 Oil ring end (upper)
 2nd ring end

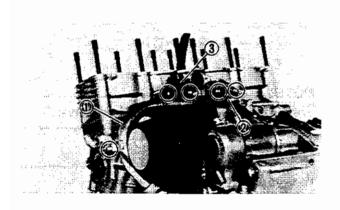
- 7. install:
- Cylinder

NOTE:___

• Use the piston ring compressor (1) and piston base (2).

Piston ring compressor: YM-04008 90890-04008 Piston base: YM-01067 90890-01067

- Install the #2 and #3 pistons first.
- Pass the cam chain and cam chain guide (exhaust side) through the cam chain cavity.



- 8. Install:
 - Coolant feed pipe ① (with o-ring)
 - Water jacket joint (with o-ring)
 - Holder (air vent hose) (3)



Bolt (coolant feed pipe): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Bolts (water jacket joint): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

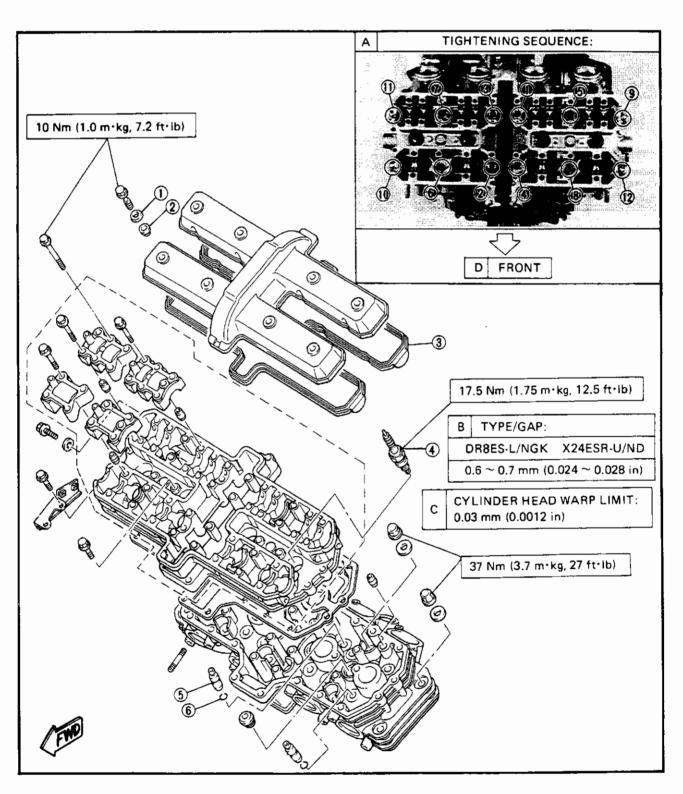
WARNING:

Always use a new o-ring.



CYLINDER HEAD

- (1) Washer
- Ž Rubber washer
- 3 Gasket
- Spark plug
- 5 Valve guide 6 Circlip

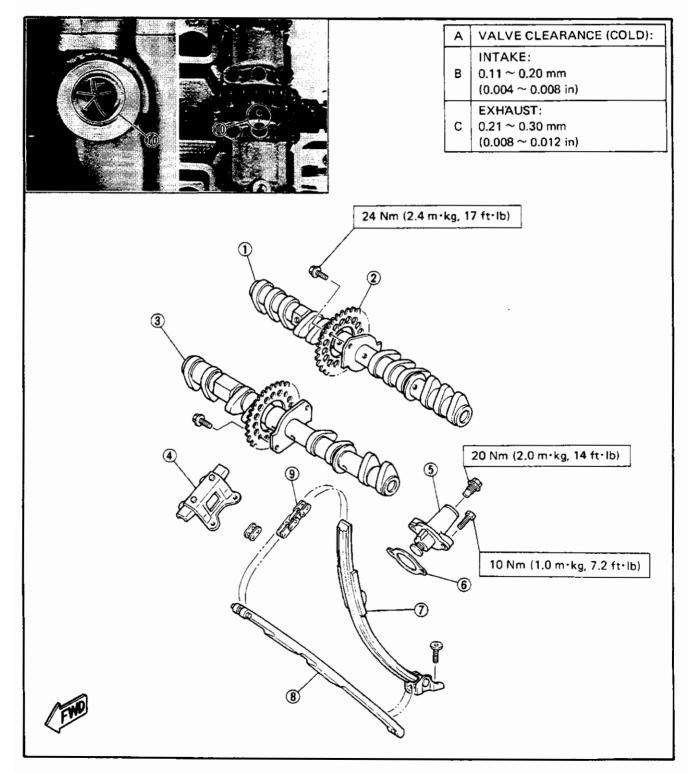




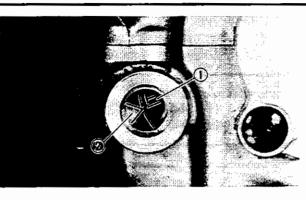
CAMSHAFT

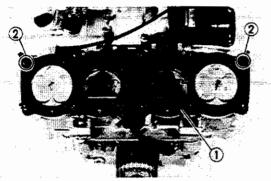
- Camshaft (intake)
- 2 Timing chain sprocket
- 3 Camshaft (exhaust)
- Chain guide (upper)
- 5 Timing chain tensioner
- 🔞 Gasket

- Timing chain guide (intake side)
- (a) Timing chain guide (exhaust side)
- 9 Timing chain
- 10 Match mark









- 9. Align:
 - "T" mark ① (with stationary pointer)② Refer to the "ENGINE DISASSEMBLY – CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT" section.

NOTE:__

When #1 piston is at TDC on compression stroke.

CYLINDER HEAD AND CAMSHAFT

- 1. Install:
 - Gasket (cylinder head) ① (new)
 - Dowel pins 2

NOTE:_

The gasket "UP" mark should face upward.

A WARNING:

Always use a new gasket (cylinder head).

NOTE:__

- Select either of the two procedures explained in this manual, as follows:
- Procedure 1.
 The timing chain is disconnected → Connect.
- Procedure 2.

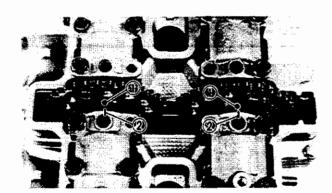
The camshafts are removed \rightarrow Install.



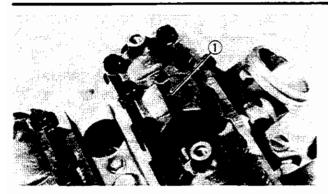
- 1. Install:
 - Camshafts, camshaft case and cylinder head assembly

NOTE: _

- Be sure that the camshaft timing marks (1) align with the camshaft cap marks (2).
- Be sure that the "T" mark on the crankshaft web align the stationary pointer when #1 piston is at TDC.







- 2. Tighten:
 - Nuts (cylinder head) Use the hexagon wrench (6 mm) ①.

Hexag YM 908

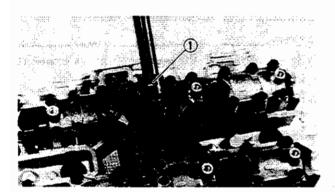
Hexagon wrench: YM-3448 90890-01395

NOTE:_

Tighten the nuts in their proper tightening sequence and torque nuts in two stages.



Nut (cylinder head): 37 Nm (3.7 m·kg, 27 ft·lb)



- 3. Connect:
 - Timing chain (with the chain joint) Use the timing chain cutter ①.

Timing chain cutter: YM-01112 90890-01112

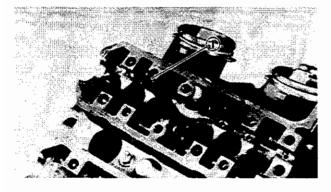
NOTE:_

Keep the timing chain as tense as possible on the exhaust side.

the WARNING:

Always use a new chain joint.

4. Go to "CAM CHAIN TENSIONER".



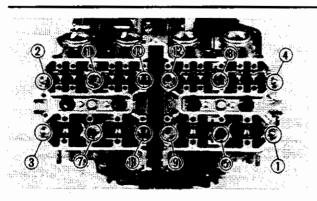
Procedure 2.

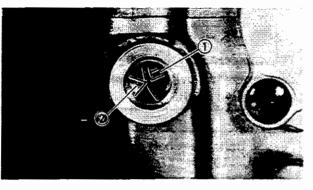
- 1. install:
- Camshaft case and cylinder head assembly
- 2. Tithten:
 - Nuts (cylinder head)

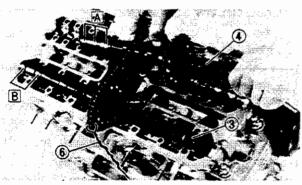
Use the hexagon wrench (6 mm) ().

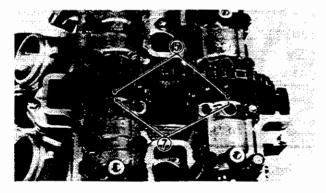
Hexagon wrench: YM-3448 90890-01395





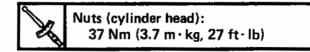






NOTE:_

Tighten the nuts in their proper tightening sequence and torque nuts in two stages.



- 3. Install:
 - Camshafts

Installation steps:

- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise.
- Align the "T" mark ① on the crankshaft web with the stationary pointer ② when # 1 piston is at TDC.

▲ CAUTION:

Do not turn the crankshaft during the camshafts installation. Damage or improper valve timing will result.

• Lubricate the camshaft bearing surfaces, cam lobes and cam journals.

Molybdeum Disulfide Oil

• Install the exhaust camshaft ③ first, then install the intake camshaft ④.

NOTE:__

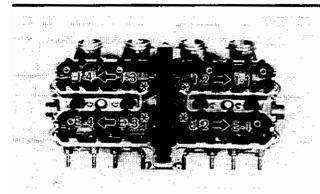
- •"3 Lobe" A is for the intake camshaft.
- "2 Lobe" \mathbb{B} is for the exhaust camshaft.
- Be sure the timing marks (5) on the camshaft face upward.
- Keep the timing chain as tense as possible on the exhaust side.
- Remove the retaining wire (6).

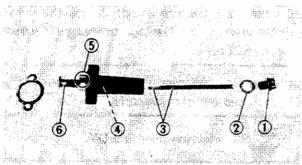
ACAUTION:

Do not turn the camshaft separately or damage to the piston and valve will result.

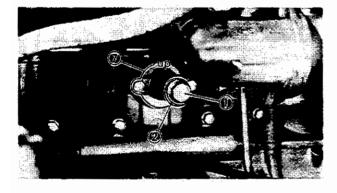
- Install the dowel pins.
- Install the camshaft caps.
- Align the camshaft timing marks (5) with the camshaft cap marks (7).







Andrews Affred States and Antonio and A



NOTE:___

- The numbers are punched on the camshaft caps in increments from right to left.
- Do not install the bolts at * marked place in this stage.
- Tighten the bolts (camshaft caps).

NOTE:_

Tighten the camshaft caps in a crisscross pattern from innermost to outer caps.

ACAUTION:

The cam caps must be tightened evenly or damage to the cylinder head, camshaft caps and cam will result.

Bolts (camshaft cap): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER

- 1. Install:
 - Timing chain tensioner

Installation steps:

- Remove the tensioner cap bolt (1), washer (2), springs (3) and collar (4).
- Release the timing chain tensioner one-way cam (5) and push the tension rod (6).
- Install the tensioner with a new gasket ⑦ into the cylinder.

NOTE: _

The "UP" mark on the tensioner should face upward.

Bolt (timing chain tensioner): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

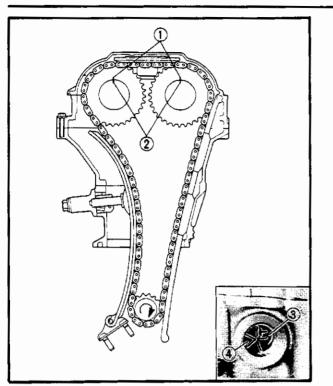
• Install the collar ④, springs ③, washer ② and cap bolt ①.

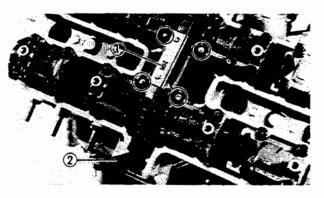
Cap bolt (timing chain tensioner): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

NOTE:_____

Install the tensioner body so that the "UP" mark face upward.









- 2. Turn:
 - Crankshaft

Counterclockwise for a several turns.

- 3. Check:
 - Camshaft timing marks ① Align with the camshaft cap marks (2).
 - Crankshaft "T" mark ③ Align with the stationary pointer (4). Out of alignment \rightarrow Adjust. Refer to "CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION STEPS".

- 4. Install:
 - Timing chain guide (upper) ①
 - Timing chain guide (exhaust side) ②

Bolt (chain guide - upper): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

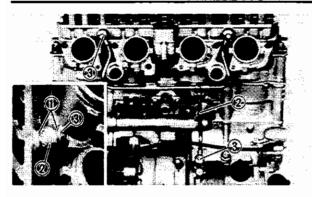
- 5. Measure:
 - Valve clearance
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Adjust. Refer to "VALVE CLEARANCE ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Intake valve (cold):

 $0.11 \sim 0.20 \text{ mm}$ (0.004 ~ 0.008 in) Exhaust valve (cold):

 $0.21 \sim \, 0.30 \; \text{mm}$ (0.008 ~ 0.012 in)





CYLINDER HEAD COVER AND OIL DELIVERY PIPE

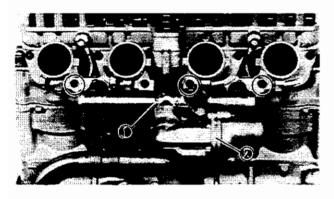
- 1. Install:
 - Copper washers ①
 - Oil delivery pipe 2 2
 - Union bolts ③

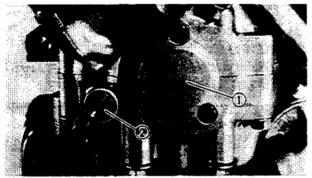


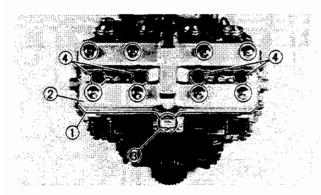
Union bolt (oil delivery pipe 2): 21 Nm (2.1 m · kg, 15 ft · lb)

L WARNING:

Always use new copper washers.







2. Install:

•Water jacket joint (inlet) ① (with thermostatic valve housing ②)

- 3. Remove:
 - Timing rotor
 - Dowel pin
 - Bolt (8 mm)
- 4. Install:
 - •Crankshaft end cover (left) () (with o-ring)
 - Timing plug ② (with o-ring)



Screws (crankshaft end cover): 7 Nm (0.7 m · kg, 5.1 ft · lb)

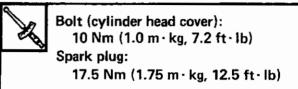
- 5. Install:
 - Gasket (cylinder head cover) ①
 - Cylinder head cover 2

NOTE:_

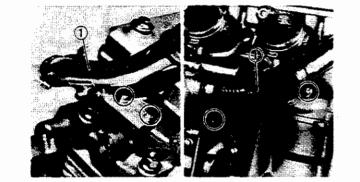
Be sure the cylinder head gasket mark 3 faces front.

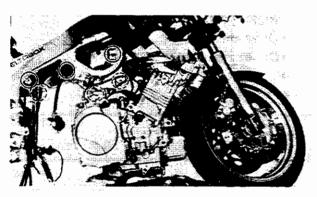


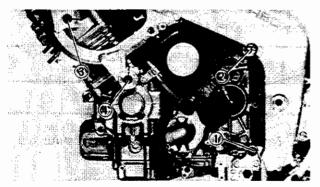
- 6. Install:
 - Rubber washers
 - Washers
 - Bolts (cylinder head cover)
 - Spark plugs ④



- 7. install:
 - Radiator hose/pipe (inlet) (1)







REMOUNTING ENGINE

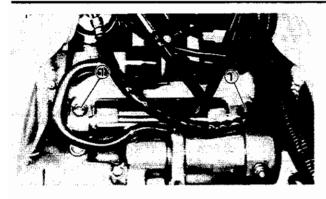
When remounting the engine, reverse the removal procedure. Note the following points.

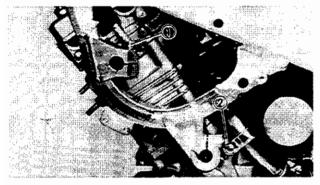
- 1. Install:
 - Mounting collars (to mounting boss)
 - Engine assembly (from right side)
- 2. Install:
 - Mounting bolt (rear lower) ①
 - Mounting bolt (rear upper) ②
 - Mounting bolt (cylinder head) ③
 - Mounting bolt (cylinder) ④

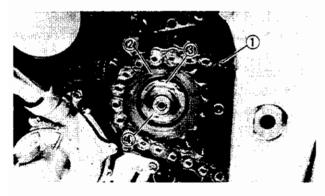
Engine mounting

Bolt (rear - lower) 1 55 Nm (5.5 m · kg, 40 ft · lb) Bolt (rear - upper) 2 60 Nm (6.0 m · kg, 43 ft · lb) Bolt (cylinder head) 3 60 Nm (6.0 m · kg, 43 ft · lb) Bolt (cylinder) 4 33 Nm (3.3 m · kg, 24 ft · lb)









- 3. Tighten:
 - Pinch bolt (spacer) ①



Pinch bolt (spacer): 15 Nm (1.5 m · kg, 11 ft · lb)

4. Tighten:

- Pinch bolt (spacer) ①
- Pinch bolt (spacer) ②

Pinch bolts: 22 Nm (2.2 m · kg, 16 ft · lb)

- 5. install:
 - Drive chain ①
 - Drive sprocket (2)
 - Lock washer ③
 - Nut (drive sprocket) ④



Nut (drive sprocket): 70 Nm (7.0 m·kg, 50 ft·lb)

NOTE:_

Tighten the nut (drive sprocket) while applying the rear brake.

1 WARNING:

Always use a new lock washer.

6. Bend the lock washer tab along the nut flat.

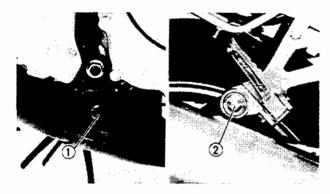


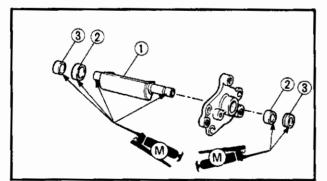
- 7. Install:
 - Spacer collar (shift shaft) ①
 - Gasket
 - Dowel pins
 - Crankcase cover (left) ②
 - Dowel pins
 - Clutch release cylinder ③
 - •Change pedal link ④

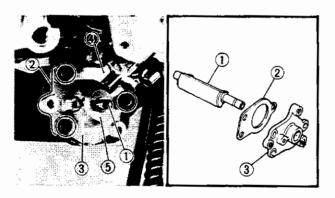




Bolt (clutch release cylinder): 10 Nm (1.0 m kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Bolt (shift pedal link): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7,2 ft · lb)







- 8. Install:
 - Muffler assembly
- 9. Tighten:
 - Flange nuts (exhaust pipe)



Flange nuts (exhaust pipe): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 10. Tighten:
 - Bolt (muffler stay) ①
 - Bolt (muffler/rear footrest) (2)

Bolt (muffler stay): 25 Nm (2.5 m · kg, 18 ft · lb) Bolt (muffler/rear footrest): 42 Nm (4.2 m · kg, 30 ft · lb)

- 11. Lubricate:
 - Valve shaft (EXUP) ①
 - Bush 2
 - Oil seal lip ③

Molybdenum Disulfied Grease

- 12. Install:
 - Valve (EXUP) ①
 - Gasket (steel) (2)
 - Housing (valve) ③
 - Holder (EXUP cable) ④
 - Washer (5)

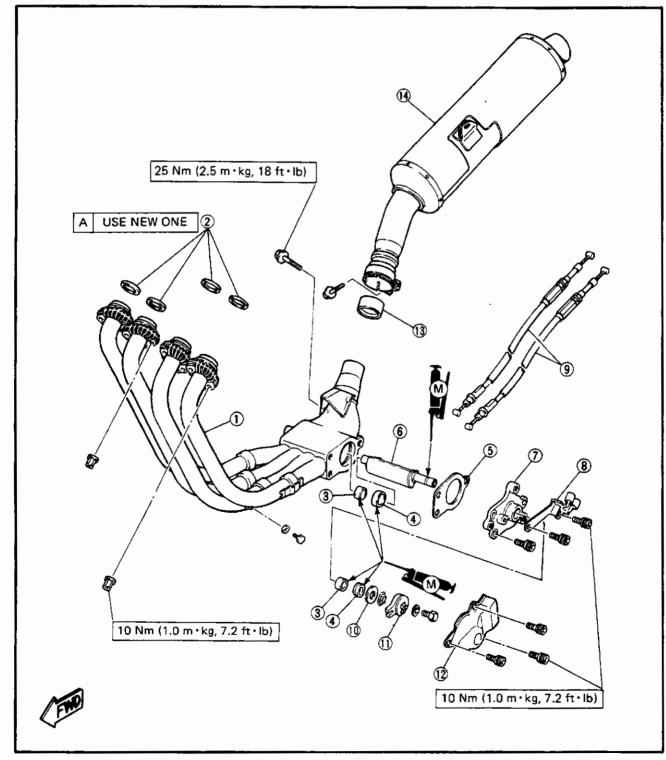
Bolt (housing): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



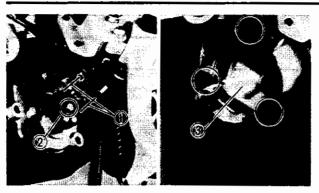
EXUP

- (1) Exhaust pipe assembly (2) Gasket (exhaust pipe)
- 3 Bush
- ă Oil seal
- 5 Gasket
- 6 Valve (EXUP)
- (7) Housing

- (8) Holder (EXUP cable) (9) Cables
- (1) Washer
- D Pulley
- 2 Valve cover
- 3 Gasket (muffier)
- Muffler assembly







- 13. Connect:
 - EXUP cables ① (to pulley)
- 14. Install:
 - Pulley (2)
 - Valve cover (3)

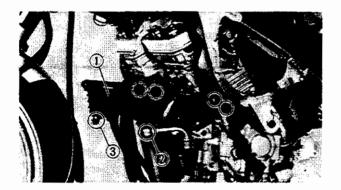


Bolt (valve cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

15. Adjust:

•EXUP cable

Refer to "EXUP CABLE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



16. Install: • Oil cooler assembly (1)

Stav (oil cooler):

10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 17. Connect:
 - Pipe (oil cooler outlet) 2
 - Pipe (oil cooler inlet) ③ (with copper washers)



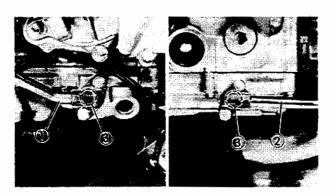
Union bolt (oil cooler pipe): 25 Nm (2.5 m · kg, 18 ft · lb)

WARNING:

Always use new copper washer.

- 18, Connect:
 - Pipe (oil cooler outlet) ①
 - Pipe (oil cooler inlet) ②
 - (with o-rings ③)

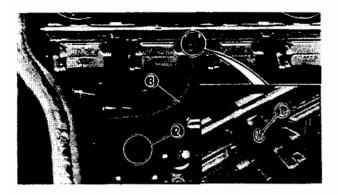
Pipe (oil cooler): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

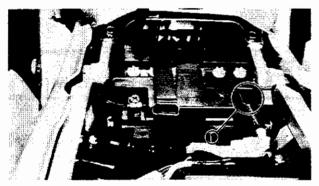




A WARNING:

Always use new o-rings.





19. Install:

• Fuel strainer (1)

- 20. Connect:
 - Overflow hoses (carburetor) ②
 - Fuel hose ③
- 21. Tighten:
 - Clamp screws (carburetor joint lower)
- 22. Connect:
 - Battery leads

NOTE:__

Connect the positive lead ① first.

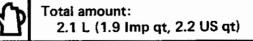
- 23. Fill:
 - Crankcase

Refer to the "ENGINE OIL REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Total amount: 3.5 L (3.1 Imp qt, 3.7 US qt)

- 24. Fill:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT LEVEL INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.



4-92





- 25. Adjust:
 - Carburetor synchroniz

Refer to the "CARBURETOR SYNCHRO-NIZATION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

26. Adjust:

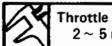
 Idle speed Refer to the "IDLE SPEED ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

Idle speed: 950 ~ 1,050 r/min

27. Adjust:

Throttle cable free play

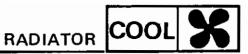
Refer to the "THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Throttle cable free play: $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.20 \text{ in})$

- 28. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section.

Drive chain slack: 15 ~ 20 mm (0.6 ~ 0.8 in)

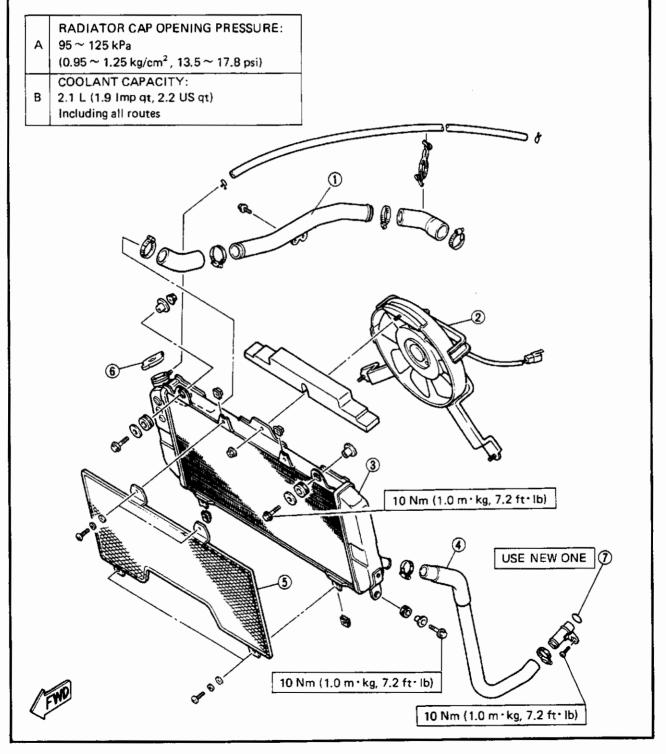


COOLING SYSTEM

RADIATOR

() Radiator hose (inlet)

- 2 Fan motor assembly
- 3 Radiator assembly
- (4) Radiator hose (outlet)
- 5 Radiator guard
 6 Radiator cap
- (7) O-ring





Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. When the engine has cooled, open the radiator cap by the following procedure:

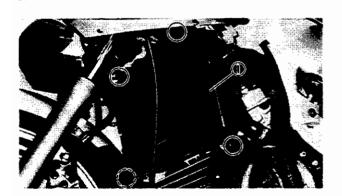
Place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent. This procedure allows any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning counterclockwise and remove it.

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowling (left and right)
 - Front cowling

Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- Seat
- Fuel tank
 - Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- Air filter case Refer to the "AIR FILTER CASE" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Fan motor coupler ①



- 3. Remove:
 - Radiator assembly ① Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL – RADIATOR" section in the CHAPTER 4.

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4, Remove:

• Fan motor assembly

INSPECTION

1. Inspect:

- Radiator core
 - Obstruction \rightarrow Blow out with compressed air through rear of the radiator. Flattened fin \rightarrow Repair/replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Radiator hoses
 - Radiator pipes Cracks/Damage → Replace.

- 3. Measure:
 - Radiator cap opening pressure Radiator cap opens at pressure below the specified pressure → Replace.

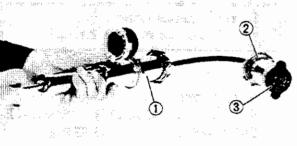
Radiator cap opening pressure: $95 \sim 125 \text{ kPa}$ $(0.95 \sim 1.25 \text{ kg/cm}^2, 13.5 \sim 17.8 \text{ psi})$

Measurement steps:

• Attach the cooling system tester (1) and adapter (2) to the radiator cap (3).

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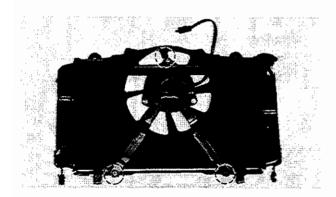
Cooling system tester: YU-24460-01 90890-01325 Adapter:

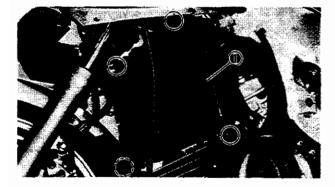
YU-33984 90890-01352

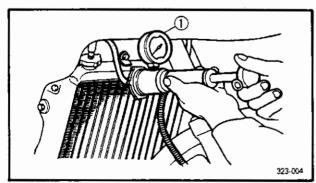
• Apply the specified pressure for 10 seconds, and make sure there is no pressure drop.

4. Inspect:

 Fan motor assembly Damage → Replace.
 Does not operate → Check.
 Refer to the "ELECTRICAL - COOLING SYSTEM" section.







INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Fan motor assembly



Screw (fan motor assembly): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7,2 ft · lb)

- 2. Install:
 - Radiator assembly ①



Bolts (radiator assembly): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

3. Fill:

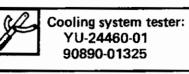
• Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 4. Inspect:
 - Cooling system

Decrease of pressure (leaks) \rightarrow Repair as required.

Inspection steps:

• Attach the cooling system tester ① to the radiator.



- Apply 100 kPa (1.0 kg/cm², 14 psi) pressure.
- Measure the indicated pressure with the gauge.

. - -

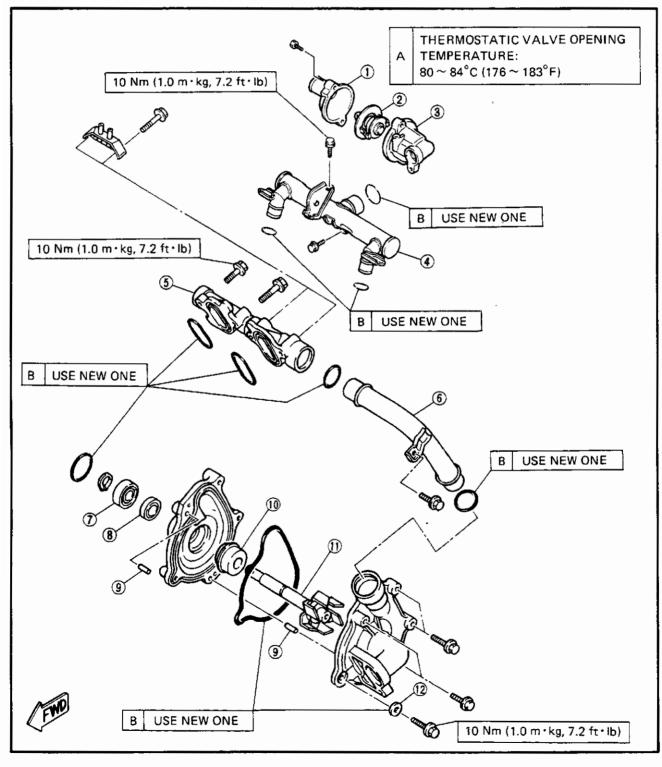


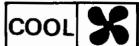
THERMOSTATIC VALVE/WATER PUMP

- 1 Thermostatic valve cover
- Thermostatic valve
- 3 Thermostatic valve housing
- $\overline{(4)}$ Water jacket joint (outlet)
- 5 Water jacket joint (inlet)
- 6 Water pump outlet pipe
- 8 Oil seal
 9 Dowel pin

(7) Bealing

- Damper rubber
- impeller shaft
- ① Cupper washer





THERMOSTATIC VALVE

THERMOSTATIC VALVE

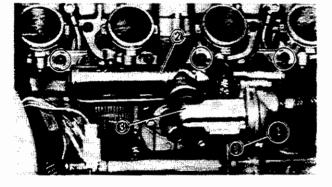
REMOVAL

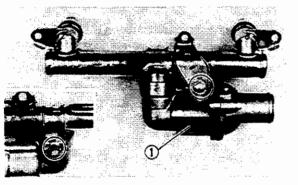
- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cowling Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank

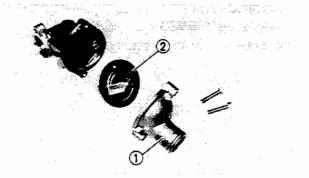
Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- Air filter case Refer to the "AIR FILTER CASE" in the CHAPTER 3.
- Carburetor assembly Refer to the "CARBURETOR" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 2. Drain:
 - Coolant Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 3. Loosen:
 - Hose band (radiator hose-inlet) ①
- 4. Remove:
 - Water jacket joint (outlet) ② (with thermostatic valve housing ③)
- 5. Remove:
 - Thermostatic valve housing () (from water jacket joint (outlet))

- 6. Remove:
 - Thermostatic valve cover ①
 - Thermostatic valve 2

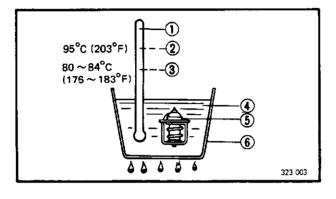


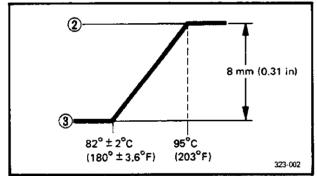


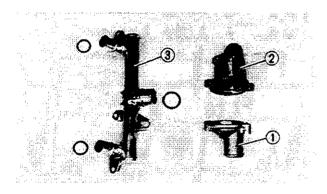




THERMOSTATIC VALVE







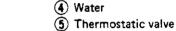
INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Thermostatic valve ①
 Valve does not open at 80 ~ 84°C (176 ~ 183°F) → Replace.

Inspection Steps:

- Suspend thermostatic valve in a vessel.
- Place reliable thermometer in a water.
- Heat water slowly.
- Observe thermometer, while stirring water continually.

1 Thermometer



(6) Vessel

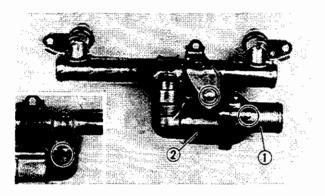
- Full open
 Opening sequence begins
- A OPEN
- B CLOSE

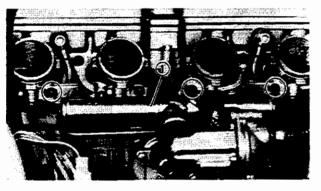
NOTE: _

Thermostatic valve is sealed and its setting is specialized work. If its accuracy is in doubt, replace it. A fualty unit could cause serious overheating or overcooling.

- 2. Inspect:
 - Thermostatic valve cover ①
 - Thermostatic valve housing ②
 - Water jacket joint (outlet) ③
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.

INSTALLATION Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.





1. Install:

THERMOSTATIC VALVE

• Thermostatic valve ① (to thermostatic valve housing ②)

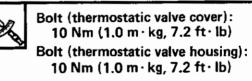
NOTE: _

The thermostatic valve must be installed with the breather hole 3 facing to the housing slot 4.

COOL

2. Instali:

- Thermostatic valve cover ①
- Thermostatic valve housing ②



- 3. Install:
 - Water jacket joint (outlet) ①

Bolt (water jacket joint): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

WARNING:

Always use new o-rings.

- 4. Fill:
 - Cooling system Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 5. Adjust:
 - Throttle cable free play Refer to the "THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

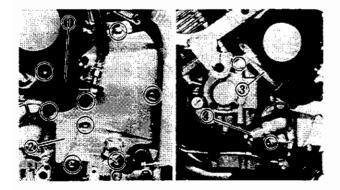


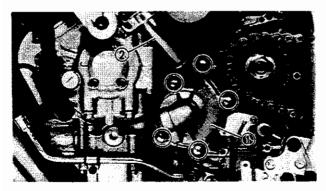
WATER PUMP

REMOVAL

1. Remove:

- Side cowlings (left and right)
- Front cowling Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 2. Drain:
 - Coolant
 - Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



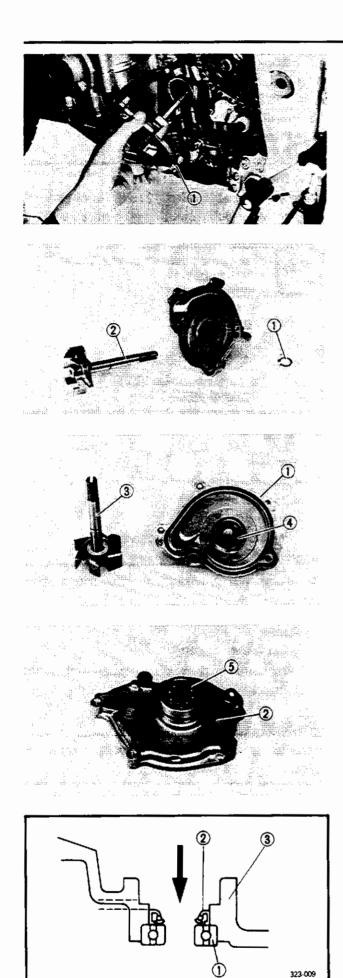


- 3. Remove:
 - •Shift pedal link ①

NOTE:

Put marks ② on the shift pedal joint and shift shaft before removing out so that shift pedal joint can be reinstalled in the original position.

- 4. Remove:
 - Clutch release cylinder ①
 - Dowel pins
 - Crankcase cover (left)
 2
 - Dowel pins
 - Gasket
 - Bolt (outlet pipe water pump) ③
 - Inlet pipe (water pump) ④
- 5. Remove:
 - Water pump cover ① (with outlet pipe ②)
 - Dowel pins



WATER PUMP

COOL

- 6. Remove:
 - $\bullet \, {\rm Water} \ {\rm pump} \ {\rm housing} \ {\rm (1)}$

- 7. Remove:
 - •Circlip (1)
 - Impeller shaft 2

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Water pump cover ①
 - Water pump housing ② Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Impeller ③ Cracks/Wear/Damage → Replace.
 - Water pump seals
 - Oil seal ④
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
 - Bearing ⑤ Roughness → Replace.

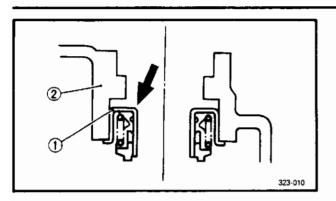
Bearing and Seal Replacement

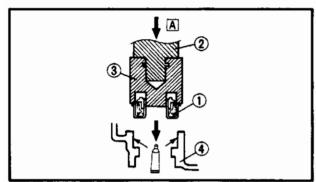
- 1. Remove:
 - Bearing ①
 - •Oil seal ②

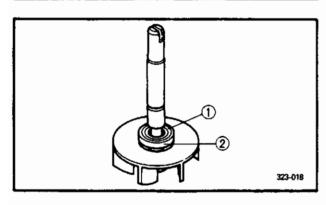
Tap off both components from the water pump seal side.

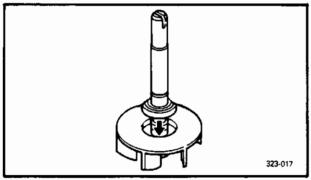
3 Water pump housing

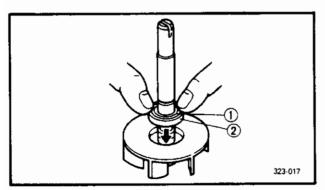












- 2. Remove:
 - •Water pump seal ①

Tap it off from the water pump housing (2) 3. Install:

• Water pump seal ①

NOTE: ___

- Use the water pump seal installer.
- Apply Yamaha bond No. 1215 or Quick gasket[®] to the water pump housing ④ before installing seal.

| Þ | Water pump seal installer (2) and (3): YU-04051-1 90890-04058 YM-33221 90890-04078 |
|---|--|
| | Quick gasket [®] : ACC-11001-05-01 |
| | Yamaha bond No. 1215 90890-85505 |

A PRESS

- 4. Remove:
 - Water pump seal ①
 - Damper rubber ② (from impeller)
 - Pry out with a small screwdriver.

NOTE:

Be careful not to scratch or bend the impeller shaft.

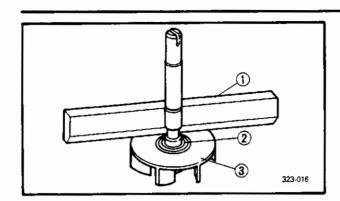
- 5. Apply:
 - Tap water or coolant

(to outer surface of dampper rubber and impeller hab.)

A CAUTION:

Never apply oil or grease to water pump seal surfaces.

- 6. Install:
 - •Water pump seal ①/Damper rubber ② (to impeller hab)
- 7. Measure:
 - Tilt
 - Out of specification \rightarrow Repeat the above procedure "4 ~ 6".



WATER PUMP



NOTE: _

Be sure the water pump seal 2 fits squarely.

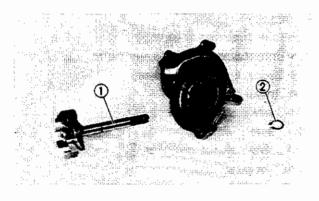


0.15 mm (0.006 in)

1) Straight edge ③ Impeller

INSTALLATION Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.

Note the following points.



- 1. Install:
 - Impeller shaft ①
 - Circlip ②

NOTE: _

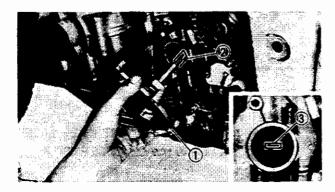
Before installing the impeller shaft, apply the tap water or coolant to the water pump seal and then apply the lithium soap base grease to the bearing and oil seal.

▲ CAUTION:

Be sure not to scratch the water pump seal while installing.

UWARNING:

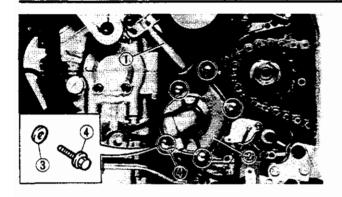
Always use new circlip.



- 2. Install:
 - Water pump housing ①

NOTE:

- Align the slot 2 on the impeller shaft with the projection (3) on the oil pump shaft.
- Apply the lithium soap base grease on the o-ring.



3. Install:

• Outlet pipe (with o-ring) ① (to water pump cover ②)

WATER PUMP

- Dowel pins
- Water pump cover ②

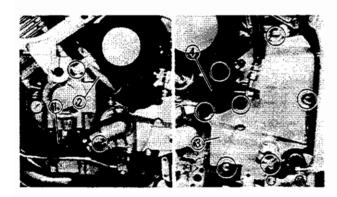
NOTE:

- Before installing the outlet pipe (water pump) ①, apply the grease to the o-rings.
- •Set the new cupper washer ③ to the coolant drain bolt ④.

Bolt (water pump cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

1. WARNING:

Alwyas use new o-rings.



- 4. Install:
 - Inlet pipe (water pump) ①
 - Bolt (outlet pipe water pump) ②
 - Gasket (crankcase cover)
 - Dowel pins
 - Crankcase cover (left) ③
 - Dowel pins
 - Clutch release cylinder ④
 - •Shift pedal link

NOTE: _

Before installing the inlet pipe (water pump) , apply the grease to the o-ring.

A WARNING:

Always use a new o-ring.

Bolt 10 Bolt 10 Bolt

Bolt (outlet pipe – water pump): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

Bolt (crankcase cover): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Bolt (shift pedal link): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- 5. Fill:
 - Cooling system

Refer to the "COOLANT REPLACE-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



CARBURETION

CARBURETOR

- (1) Fuel strainer (2) Joint (fuel feed)
- 3 Valve seat
- (4) Needle valve
- 5 O-ring
- 6 Floats
- (7) Jet housing
- 8 Starter jet
- (9) Main jet
- (1) Pilot jet
- (1) Pilot air jet
- (15) Joint (starter lever) 16 Starter plunger

(13) Joint (overflow hose)

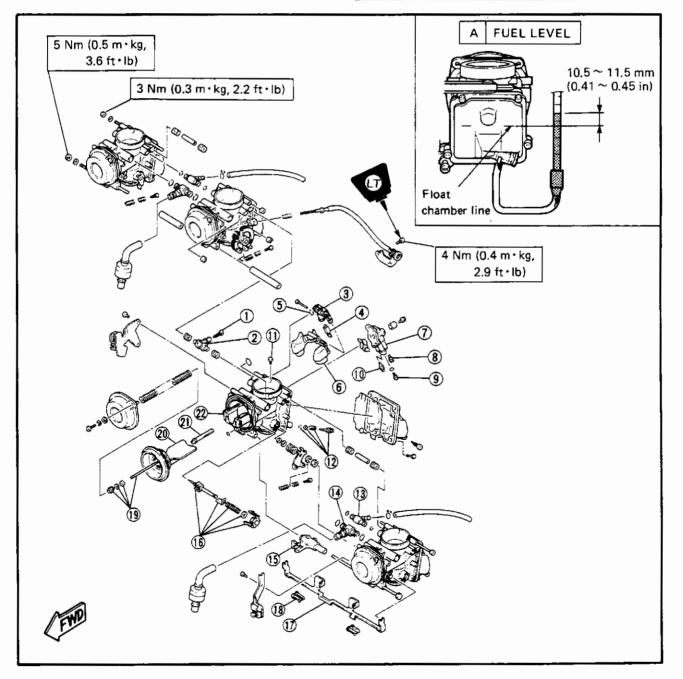
(14) Joint (ventilation hose)

🗊 Starter joint

(2) Pilot air screw

- 18 Stopper
- (19) Jet needle set
- 20 Throttle valve
- 1 Needle jet
- 2 Throttle valve support

| ID Mark 3GM00 3LE00, 3LF00, 3LH00 MAIN JET (#1, 4 cylinder) #125 #127.5 (#2, 3 cylinder) #122.5 #125 MAIN AIR JET #85 #85 PILOT JET #40 #40 PILOT AIR JET #115 #115 JET NEEDLE 5CEW8-35 5CEW8-35 PILOT SCREW 2-1/2 turns out 2-1/2 turns | SPECIFICATIONS | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| (#1, 4 cylinder)#125#127.5(#2, 3 cylinder)#122.5#125MAIN AIR JET#85#85PILOT JET#40#40PILOT AIR JET#115#115JET NEEDLE5CEW8-355CEW8-35 | D Mark | 3GM00 | 3LF00, | | |
| THROTTLE VALVE #125 #125 ENGINE IDLE SPEED 950 ~ 1,050 r/min 10.5 ~ 11.5 mm FUEL LEVEL 10.5 ~ 11.5 mm 10.5 mm | (#1, 4 cylinder) (#2, 3 cylinder) MAIN AIR JET ILOT JET ILOT AIR JET ET NEEDLE ILOT SCREW HROTTLE VALVE NGINE IDLE SPEED | #122.5 #85 #40 #115 5CEW8-35 2-1/2 turns out #125 950 ~ 1,050 | #127.5 #125 #85 #40 #115 5CEW8-35 2-1/2 turns out #125 r/min | | |



CARB

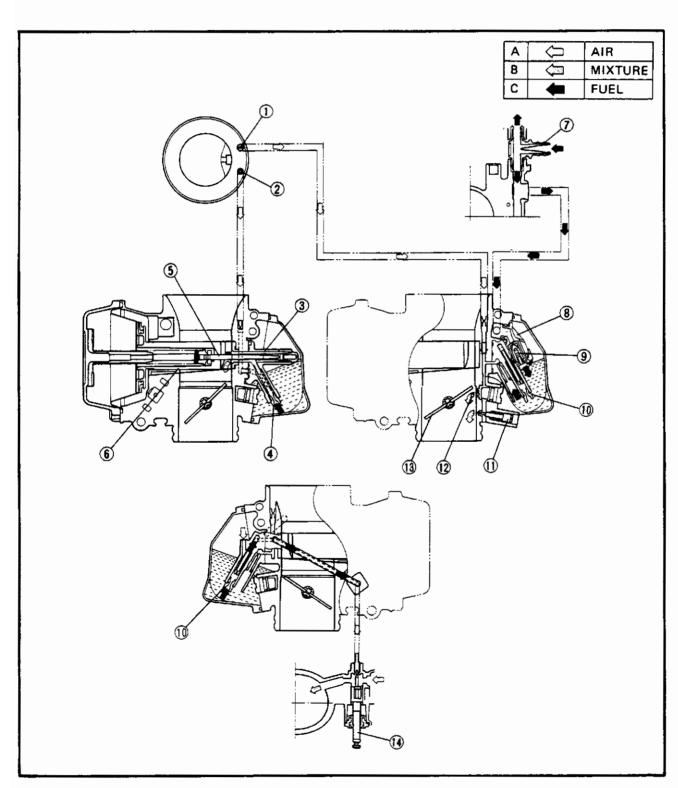
SECTION VIEW

- 1) Pilot air jet
- 2 Main air jet

- 3 Needle jet
 4 Main jet
 5 Jet needle
 6 Piston valve
- (7) Joint (fuel feed)
- (8) Valve seat



- 10 Starter jet
- Dilot screw
- 1 By-pass hole (13) Throttle valve
- **(1)** Starter plunger

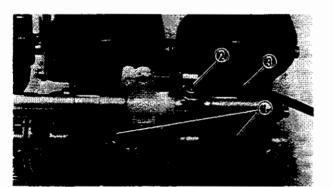


CARB

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowling (left) Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Fuel tank Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Air filter case
 - Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL AIR FILTER CASE" section in the CHAPTER 4.
 - Carburator assembly

Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL --CARBURATOR" section in the CHAPTER 4.



- 2. Remove:
 - •Carburator joints ①
- 3. Loosen:
 - Clamp screw (starter cable) 2
- 4. Disconnect:
 - Starter cable ③

DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

The following parts can be cleaned and inspected without carburetor separation.

(All inner parts except starter plunger can be cleaned and inspected without carburetor separation.)

- Throttle valve
- Piston valve
- All jets
- Float
- Needle valve
- Valve seat
- Main nozzle
- Jet needle

CARB

- 1. Remove:
 - Screw (throttle stop screw bracket) ①

CARBURETOR

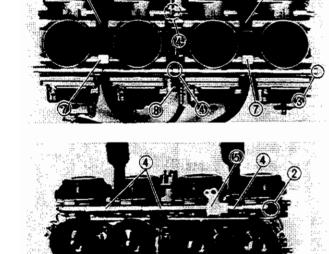
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Ventilation hoses (carburetor) ①
 - 3. Remove:
 - Connecting bolt (upper) ②
 - Connecting bolt (lower) ③
 - Spacer collars ④
 - Joint (starter lever) (5)
 - Joints (ventilation hose) (6) (with o-rings)
 - Joints (overflow hose) ⑦ (with o-rings)
 - Joint (fuel feed) (8) (with gasket rings)
 - Springs

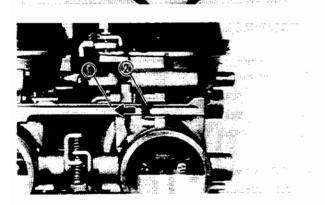
- 4. Remove:
 - Starter joint ① Slide out the stoppers ② to remove the starter joint ①.

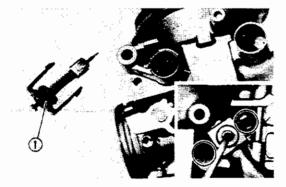
- 5. Remove:
 - Starter plunger ①

NOTE:

Unhook the hooks from the carburetor body and then pull out the starter plunger.







- _
- -----
- .

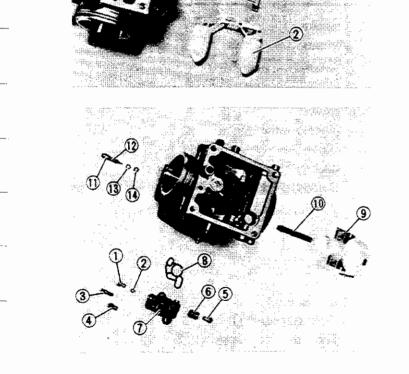


- 6. Remove:
 - Vacuum chamber cover ①
 - Spring 2
 - Throttie valve ③
 - Jet needle ④
 - O-ring (5)

6 Jet needle stopper

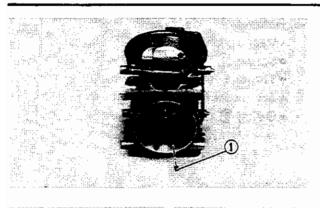
- 7. Remove:
 - Float chamber cover ①
 - Gasket ②

- 8. Remove:
 - Float pin ①
 - Float 2
 - $\bullet\, \text{Needle valve}\,\, \textcircled{3}$
 - \bullet Valve seat ④
 - •O-ring (5)
- 9. Remove:
 - Main jet ①
 - O-ring 2
 - ●Pilot jet ③
 - Starter jet ④
 - Bolt (needle jet) (5)
 - Holder (needle jet) 6
 - Jet housing ⑦
 - ●Gasket ⑧
 - \bullet Throttle valve support ④
 - •Needle jet 🕦
 - Pilot air screw (1)
 - •Spring 🔞
 - •Washer 🚯
 - •O-ring 🚯



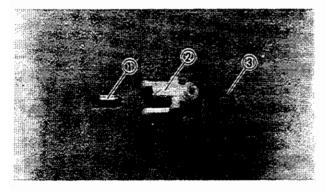
11

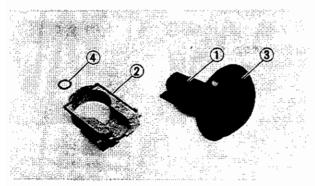
CARB











10. Remove:

• Pilot air jet 🛈

CARBURETOR

INSPECTION

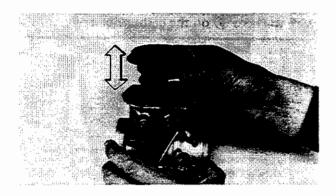
- 1. Inspect:
 - Carburetor body
 - Float chamber
 - Jet housing
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Fuel passage
 Contamination → Clean as indicated.

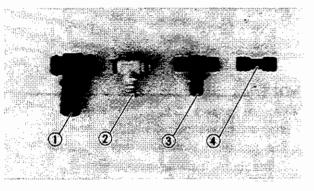
Cleaning steps:

- Wash carburetor in petroleum based solvent. (Do not use any caustic carburetor cleaning solution.)
- Blow out all passages and jets with compressed air.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Floats
 Damage → Replace.
- 3. Inspect:
 - Needle valve ①
 - Valve seat 2
 - ●O-ring ③
 - Damage/Wear/Contamination \rightarrow Replace as a set.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Throttle valve ①
 - Throttle valve support ② Scratches/Wear/Damage → Replace.
 - Rubber diaphragm ③
 Tears → Replace.
 - O-ring ④ Wear/Damage → Replace.



- 5. Inspect:
 - Jet needle ①
 - Needle jet 2
 - Main jet ③
 - •O-ring ④
 - Starter jet (5)
 - ●Pilot jet ⑥
 - Pilot air screw set ⑦
 - Pilot air jet (8)
 - Starter plunger (9) Bends/Wear/Damage → Replace. Contamination → Blow out jets with compressed air.





6. Check:

 Free movement Insert the throttle valve into the carburetor body, and check for free movement.
 Stick → Replace.

- 7. Inspect:
 - Joint (ventilation hose) ①
 - Joint (overflow hose) ②
 - Joint (fuel hose) (3)
 - Joint (fuel feed) ④

ASSEMBLY

Reverse the "DISASSEMBLY" procedures. Note the following points.

A CAUTION:

- Before reassembling, wash all parts in clean petroleum based solvent.
- Always use a new gasket.



- 1. Install:
 - ullet Throttle valve support $oldsymbol{1}$

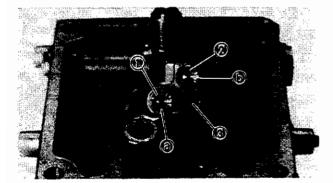
NOTE: ___

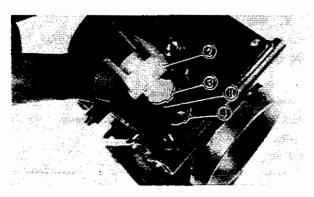
Align the projections ② on the valve support with the slots ③ on the carburetor body.

- 2. Install:
 - Needle jet ①
 - Gasket
 - Jet housing ②
 - Holder (needle jet)
 - Bolt (needle jet);

NOTE: _

Align the groove ③ on the needle jet ① with the projection ④ on the jet housing ② and then align the projection ⑤ on the jet housing ② with the hole ⑥ on the carburetor body.





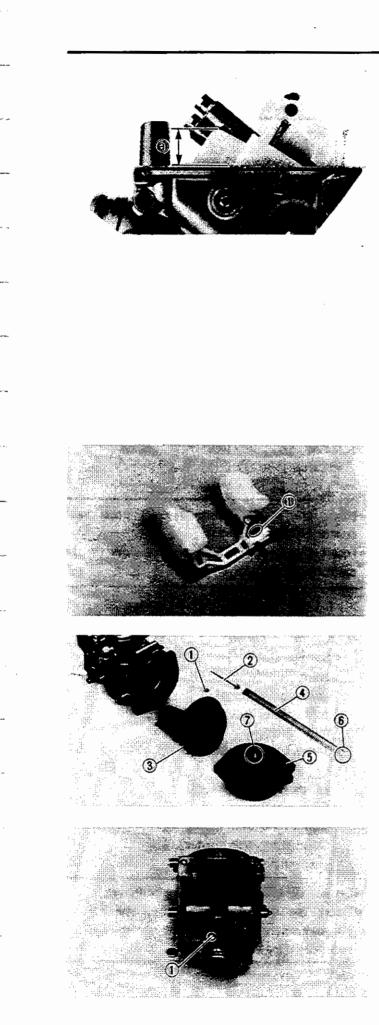
- 3. Install:
 - Main jet 🛈
 - Starter jet ②
 - Pilot jet ③

NOTE: ____

- The jet with a bigger eye is main jet ①. It should be installed on position ⓐ.
- •The jet with a smaller eye is starter jet 2. If should be installed on position (b).
 - 4. Install:
 - O-ring ①
 - Valve seat 2
 - Needle valve
 - Float
 - Float pin

NOTE: _

Align the projection (3) on the value seat with the slot (4) on the carburetor body.



- 5. Measure:
 - Float height ⓐ
 Out of specification → Adjust.

K

Float height (F.H.): 12 ~ 14 mm (0.47 ~ 0.55 in)

CARB

Measurement and adjustment steps:

- Hold the carburetor in an upside down position.
- Measure the distance from the mating surface of the float chamber (gasket removed) to the top of the float.

NOTE: _

The float arm should be resting on the needle valve, but not compressing the needle valve.

- If the float height is not within specification, inspect the valve seat and needle valve.
- If either is worn, replace them both.
- If both are fine, adjust the float height by bending the float tang (1) on the float.
- · Recheck the float height.

- 6. Install:
 - •O-ring 🕦
 - •Jet needle ②
 - Throttle valve \Im
 - •Spring ④
 - Vacuum chamber cover (5)

NOTE:

Insert the spring end 6 onto the spring guide 7 on the vacuum chamber cover.

- 7. Install:
 - O-ring
 - Washer
 - Spring
 - Pilot air screw ①

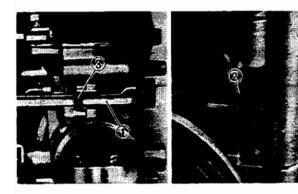
Note the following installation points:

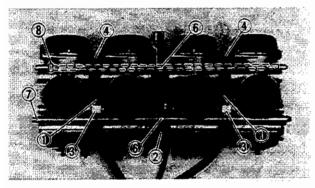
- Screw in the pilot air screw (1) until it is lightly seated.
- Back out by the specified number of turns.

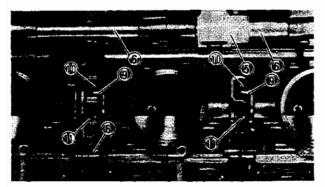




Pilot air screw (turns out): 2-1/2







- 8. Install:
- Starter plunger ①

NOTE: ____

Install with the flat surface ② of the starter plunger on that of the carburetor body ③.

- 9. Install:
 - Starter joint (1)

NOTE: _

- Hook the starter joint arm (2) onto each starter plunger.
- Insert the stoppers ③ into the slots on the carburetor body.

10. Install:

- Springs ①
- Joint (fuel feed) ② (with gasket rings)
- Joints (overflow hose) ③ (with o-rings)
- Joints (ventilation hose) ④ (with o-rings)
- Joints (starter lever) (5)
- Spacer collars (6)
- Connecting bolt (lower) ⑦
- Connecting bolt (upper) (8)

NOTE:

- Do not tighten the connecting bolts yet.
- •Insert the throttle arm (9) (on the #1, #2, #4 carburetors) between the spring (1) and synchronizing screw (1).

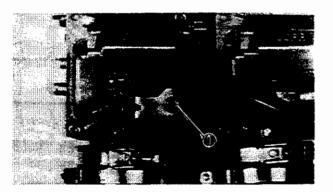
- 11. Tighten:
 - Connecting bolts

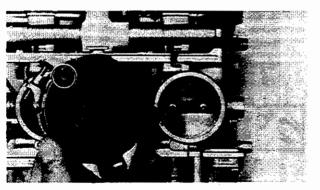


Connecting bolt (upper): 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb) Connecting bolt (lower): 5 Nm (0.5 m · kg, 3.6 ft · lb)

NOTE:

- Place the carburetor assembly on a surface plate with the intake manifold side down and the tighten the connecting bolts while pushing down the respective carburetors with an even force.
- After tightening, check the throttle lever and starter joint for smooth action.





- 12. Tighten:
 - Screw (throttle stop screw bracket) (1)

Screw (throttle stop screw bracket): 4 Nm (0.4 m · kg, 2.9 ft · lb) Apply LOCTITE®

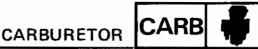
INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Carburetor joint

NOTE: __

- Install the carburetor joint with the "R" mark onto the #1 and #2 carburetors and the carburetor joint with the "L" mark onto the #3 and #4 carburetors.
- The carburetor joints with the "R" and "L" marks should face the carburetor side.



- 2. Adjust:
 - Carburetor synchronization Refer to the "CARBURETOR SYNCHRO-NIZATION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 3. Adjust:
 - Idle speed

Engine idle speed: 50 ~ 1,050 r/min

> Refer to the "IDLE SPEED ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 4. Adjust:
 - •Throttle cable free play



Throttle cable free play: $2 \sim 5 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.20 \text{ in})$

Refer to the "THROTTLE CABLE FREE PLAY ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

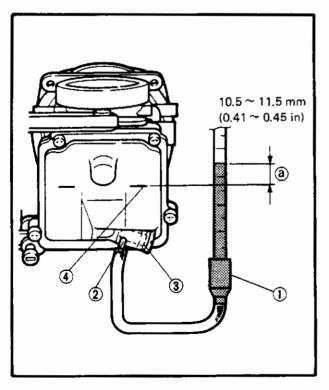
FUEL LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Measure:
 - Fuel level (a)
 Out of specification → Adjust.

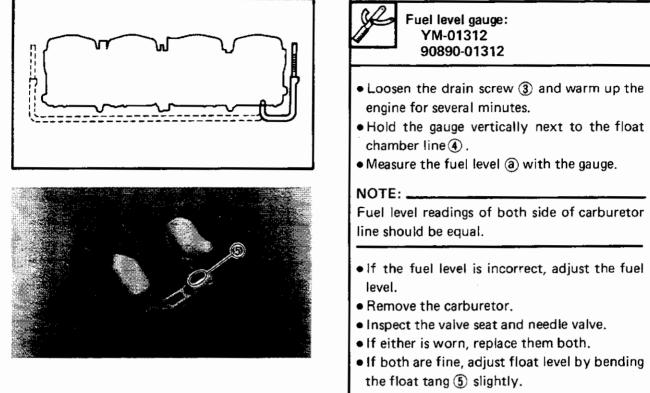
Fuel level a : $10.5 \sim 11.5 \text{ mm}$ $(0.41 \sim 0.45 \text{ in})$ Above the float chamber line

Fuel level measurement and adjustment steps:

- Place the motorcycle on a level surface.
- Use a garage jack under the engine to ensure that the carburetor is positioned vertically.
- Connect the fuel level gauge (1) to the drain pipe (2).

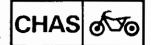






- Install the carburetor.
- Recheck the fuel level.

FRONT WHEEL



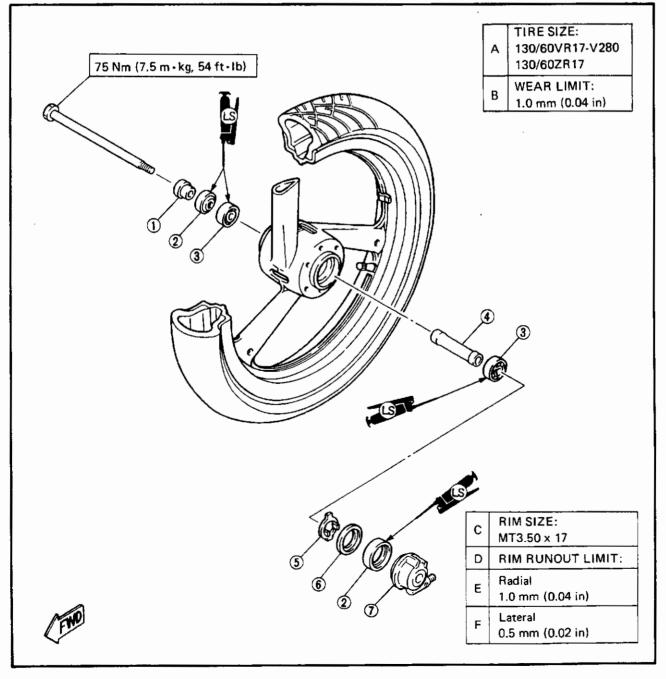
CHASSIS

FRONT WHEEL

- Collar
 Oil seal
 Bearing
- (4) Spacer
- 5 Meter clutch 6 Clutch retainer
- () Speedometer gear unit

| TIRE AIR PRESSURE (COLD): | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Cold tire pressure | Front | Rear | | |
| Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load X | 250 kPa 2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | 250 kPa (2.5 kg/cm ² , (36 psi) | | |
| 90 kg (198 lb) ~ Maximum load X | 250 kPa 2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | 290 kPa (2.9 kg/cm², 42 psi) | | |
| High speed riding | 250 kPa 2.5 kg/cm ² , 36 psi) | 290 kPa (2.9 kg/cm ² , 42 psi) | | |

*Load is the total weight of cargo, rider passenger, and accessoires.

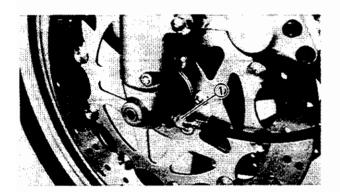


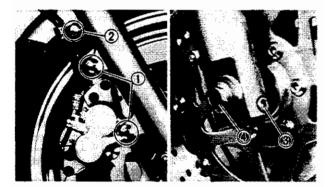


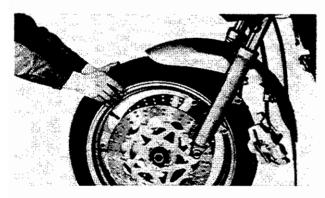
REMOVAL

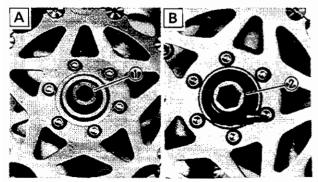
- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover

Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.









2. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

A WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

- 3. Disconnect:
 - Speedometer cable ①
- 4. Remove:
 - Bolts (brake calipers) ①
 - Clamp (brake hose) (2)
- 5. Loosen:
 - Pinch bolt (front wheel axle) ③
 - Front wheel axle
- 6. Elevate the front wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 7. Remove:
 - Front wheel axle
 - Front wheel

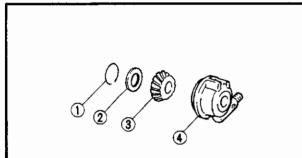
NOTE: ___

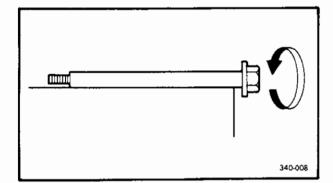
Do not apply the front brake while the wheel is removed.

- 8. Remove:
 - Collar ①
 - Speedometer gear unit ②

A Right side

B Left side





FRONT WHEEL

CHAS 650

- 9. Remove:
 - Wire clip ①
 - Washer ②
 - Drive gear ③ (from gear unit case④)

INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - Front axle Roll the axle on a flat surface.
 Bends → Replace.

A WARNING:

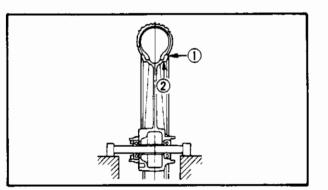
Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

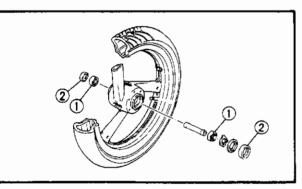
- 2. Inspect:
 - Tire Wear/Damage → Replace. Refer to the "TIRE INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Wheel Refer to the "WHEEL INSPECTION" in the CHAPTER 3.
- 3. Measure:
 - Wheel runout
 Over specified limit → Replace.



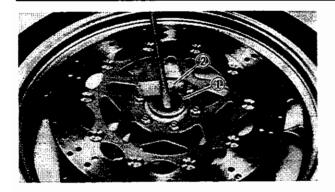
Rim runout limits: radial ①: 1.0 mm (0.04 in) lateral ②: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

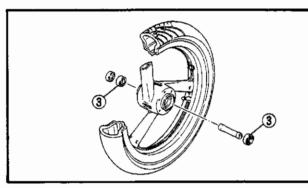
- 4. Inspect:
 - Wheel bearings ①
 Bearings allow play in the wheel hub or wheel turns roughly → Replace.
 - Oil seals ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.

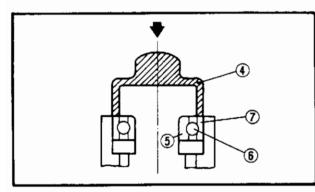


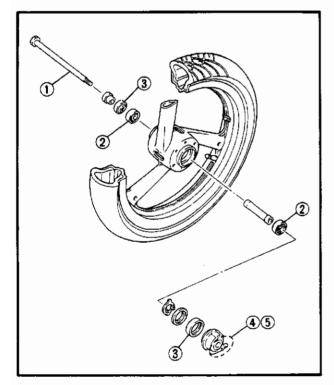












Wheel bearing and oil seal replacement steps:

- Clean the outside of the wheel hub.
- Remove the oil seals (1) use a flat-head screw driver.

NOTE: _

Place a rag 2 on the outer edge to prevent damage.

- Remove the bearings ③ using a general bearing puller.
- Install the new bearing and oil seal by reversing the previous steps.

NOTE: ____

Use a socket 4 that matches the outside diameter of the race of the bearing and oil seal.

A CAUTION:

Do not strike the center race (5) or balls (6) of the bearing. Contact should be made only with the outer race (7).

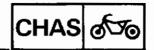
INSTALLATION

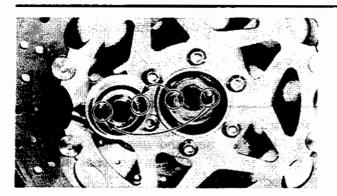
Reverse the "Removal" procedure. Note the following points.

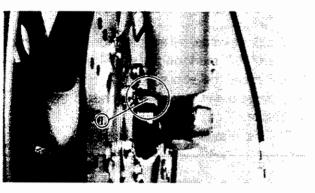
- 1. Lubricate:
 - Front wheel axle ①
 - Bearings ②
 - Oil seal (lip) (3)
 - Drive ④ / Driven gear ⑤ (speedometer)

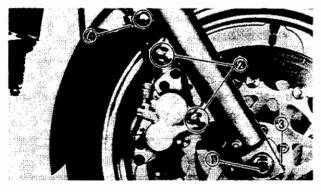
Lithium soap base grease

FRONT WHEEL









- 2. Install:
 - Speedometer gear unit

NOTE: _

Be sure that the two projections inside the wheel hub mesh with the two slots in the gear unit assembly.

3. Install:

Front wheel

NOTE: _

Be sure that the projecting portion (torque stopper) 1 of the gear unit housing is positioned correctly.

- 4. Tighten:
 - Front wheel axle ①
 - Bolts (brake calipers) (2)
 - Pinch bolt (front wheel axle) ③

Front wheel axle: 75 Nm (7.5 m · kg, 54 ft · lb) Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb) Pinch bolt (front wheel axle): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

J_A WARNING:

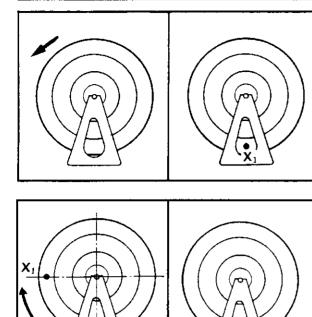
Make sure that the brake hoses are routed properly.

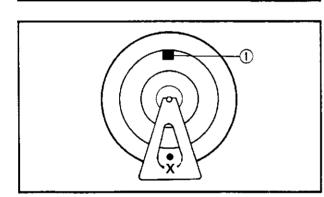
(4) Brake hose clamp

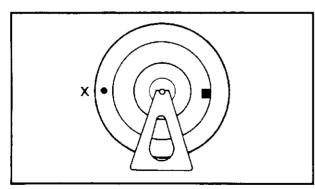
STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

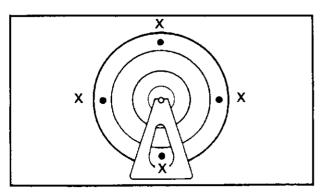
NOTE:__

- After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balancer should be adjusted.
- Adjust the wheel balance with brake disk installed.
- 1. Remove:
 - Balancing weight









FRONT WHEEL

- 2. Set the wheel on a suitable stand.
- 3. Find:
 - Heavy spot

Procedure:

a. Spin the wheel and wait for it to rest.

CHAS of Jo

- b. Put an "X₁" mark on the wheel bottom spot.
- c. Turn the wheel so that the $`'X_1''$ mark is 90° up.
- d. Let the wheel fall and wait for it to rest. Put an $^{\prime\prime}X_2^{\prime\prime}$ mark on the wheel bottom spot.
- e. Repeat the above b., c., and d. several times until these marks come to the same spot.
- f. This spot is the heavy spot "X".
- 4. Adjust:
 - •Wheel balance

Adjusting steps:

• Install a balancing weight ① on the rim exactly opposite to the heavy spot "X".

NOTE: ___

Start with the smallest weight.

- •Turn the wheel so that the heavy spot is 90° up.
- •Check that the heavy spot is at rest there. If not, try another weight until the wheel is balanced.

- 5. Check:
 - •Wheel balance

Checking steps:

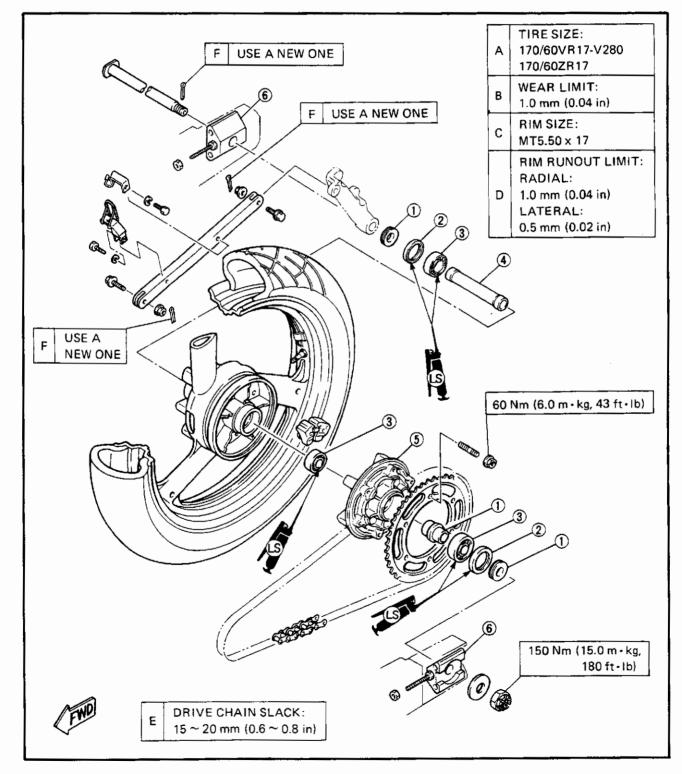
- Turn the wheel so that it comes to each point as shown.
- •Check that the wheel is at rest at each point. If not, readjust the wheel balance.

REAR WHEEL

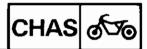
CHAS 650

REAR WHEEL

- 1 Collar 2 Oil seal
- 3 Bearing
- 4 Spacer
- 5 Clutch hub
- (6) Adjuster collar



REAR WHEEL



REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

A WARNING:

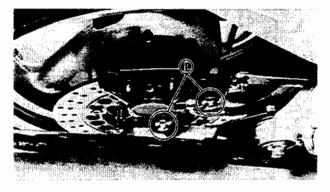
Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

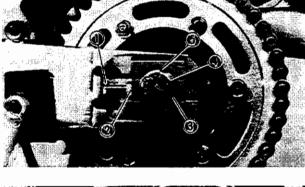
- 2. Elevate the rear wheel by placing a suitable stand under the swingarm.
- 3. Remove:
 - Bolts (brake caliper) ①

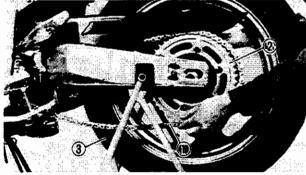
NOTE: ____

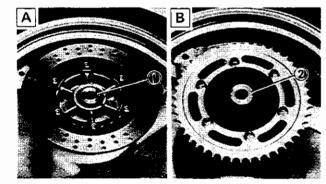
Do not depress the brake pedal while the caliper is removed.

- 4. Loosen:
 - Locknut ①
 - Adjuster (2)
- 5. Remove:
 - Cotter pin ③
 - Axle nut ④
 - Washer (5)
- 6. Push the rear wheel forward and disconnect the drive chain ① from the driven sprocket
 ② .
- 7. Remove:
 - Rear wheel axle
 - Adjuster collars (left and right)
 - Rear wheel ③
- 8. Remove:
 - Collar (1)
 - Collar 2
- A Right B Left
- 7-8









REAR WHEEL CHAS

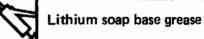
INSPECTION

- 1. Inspect:
 - ⊤ire
 - Rear wheel axle
 - Wheel
 - Wheel bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL INSPEC-TION".
- 2. Measure:
 - Wheel runout Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – INSPEC-TION".
- 3. Check:
 - Wheel balance Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – INSPEC-TION".

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "Removal" procedure.

- Note the following points.
- 1. Lubricate:
 - Rear wheel axle
 - Bearings
 - Oil seals



- 2. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack

L'

Drive chain slack: $15 \sim 20 \text{ mm} (0.6 \sim 0.8 \text{ in})$

Refer to the "CHAPTER 3. – DRIVE CHAIN ADJUSTMENT".

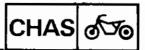
3. Tighten:

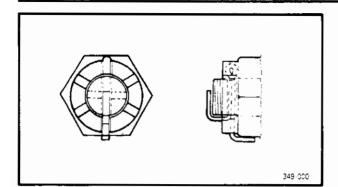
×,

- Nut (rear wheel axle)
- Bolts (brake caliper)

Nut (rear wheel axle): 150 Nm⁻(15.0 m · kg, 108 ft · lb) Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

REAR WHEEL







NOTE:

Do not loosen the axle nut after torque tightening.

If the axle nut groove is not aligned with the wheel shaft cotter pin hole, align groove to hole by tightening up on the axle nut.

- 4. Install:
 - Cotter pin

/ WARNING:

- Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.
- Make sure that the brake hose is routed properly.
- 1 Brake hose
- 2 Brake hose guide

STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT

NOTE:

- After replacing the tire and/or rim, wheel balance should be adjusted.
- Adjust the wheel balance with brake disc and wheel hub installed.

1. Adjust:

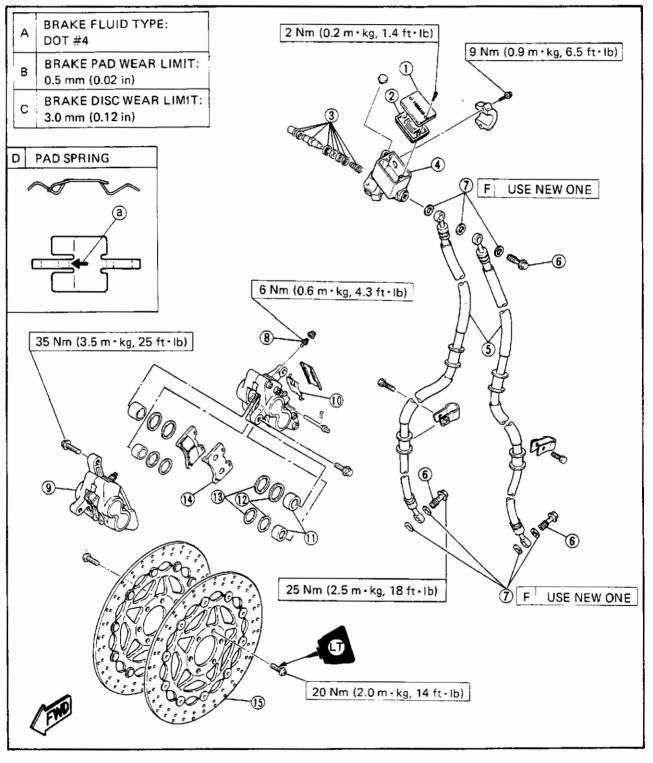
Wheel balance

Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL – STATIC WHEEL BALANCE ADJUSTMENT" section.

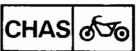


FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

- 1 Master cylinder cap
- Diaphragm
- (3) Master cylinder kit
- Master cylinder
 Brake hose
- (5) Brake hose (6) Union bolt
- Copper washer
- Bleed screw
- Brake caliper
 Pad spring
 Piston
 Piston seal
 Dust seal
- 🚺 Brake pad
- 15 Brake disc
- D The arrow mark (a) on the pad spring must point the disc rotating direction.



FRONT AND REAR BRAKE



- Reservoir tank cap
- 2 Holder (diaphragm)
- ③ Diaphragm
- ④ Reservoir tank
- 5 Reservoir hose
- 6 Master cylinder
- (7) Master cylinder kit
- (8) Brake hose
- (9) Brake pedal
- (1) Union bolt
- Piston seal
 Dust seal
 Brake pad
 Shim

(1) Copper washer

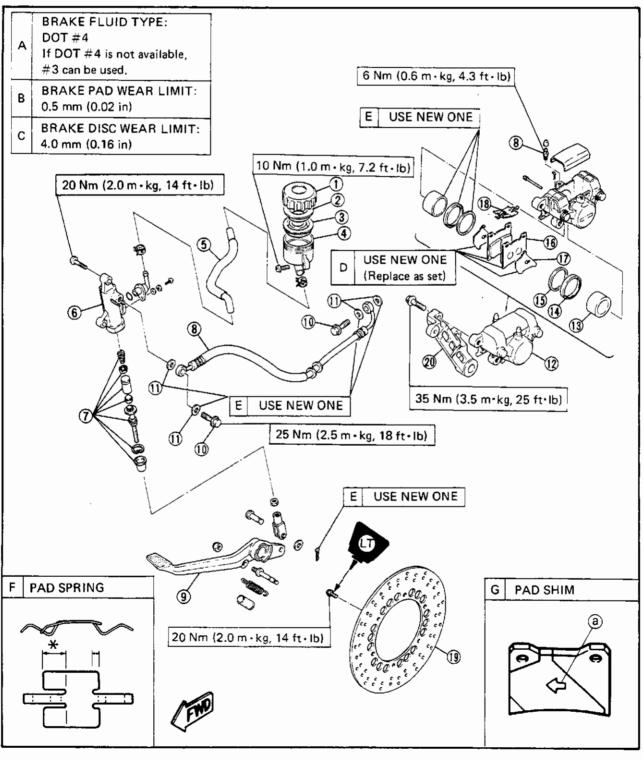
(12) Brake caliper

(18) Pad spring

(13) Piston

- 🕦 Brake disc
 - ② Caliper bracket

- The longer tangs(*) of the pad spring must point in the disc rotating direction.
- G The allow mark (a) on the pad shim must point in the disc rotating direction.



▲ CAUTION:

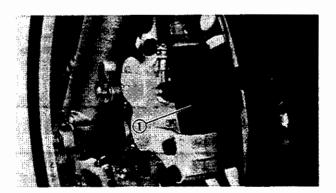
Disc brake components rarely require disassembly. DO NOT:

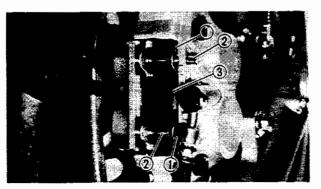
- Disassembly components unless absolutely necessary.
- Use solvents on internal brake component.
- Use contaminated brake fluid for cleaning. Use only clean brake fluid.
- Allow brake fluid to come in contact with the eyes otherwise eye injury may occur.
- Allow brake fluid to contact painted surfaces or plastic parts otherwise damage may occur.
- Disconnect any hydraulic connection otherwise the entire system must be disassembled, drained, cleaned, and then properly filled and bled after reassembly.

BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT

NOTE:

It is not necessary to disassemble the brake caliper and brake hose to replace the brake pads.

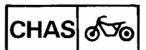


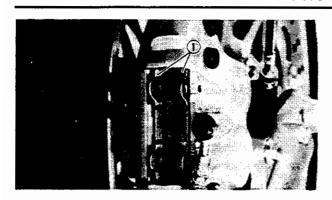


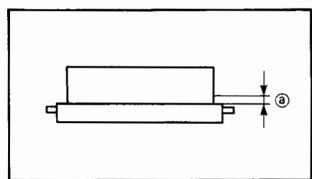
Front Brake

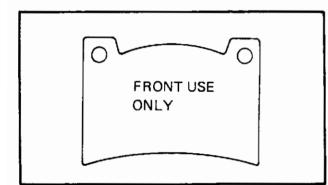
1. Remove: • Cover ①

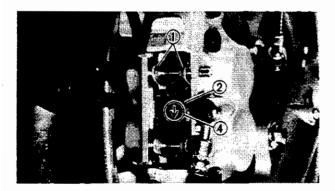
- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining clips ①
 - Retaining pins ②
 - •Pad spring ③

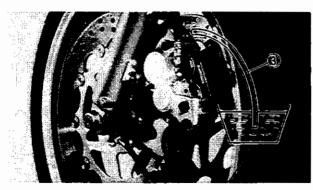












3. Remove:

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

 Brake pads ① (with shims)

NOTE: _

- Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.

Wear limit ⓐ: 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

Replace the pad shim if the pad replacement is required.

- 4. Install:
 - Brake pads (1)
 - Pad springs (2)

NOTE:

The brake pads with "FRONT USE ONLY" mark should be used for the front brake only.

Installation steps:

- Connect a suitable hose ③ tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place the other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.
- Tighten the caliper bleed screw.

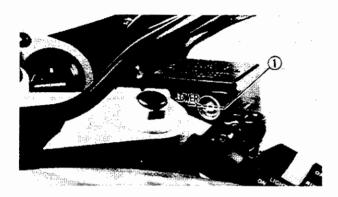
Caliper bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ft · lb)

• install the brake pad (new) and pad spring (new).

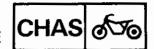
NOTE: _

The arrow mark ④ on the pad spring must point in the disc rotating direction.





FRONT AND REAR BRAKE



- 5. Install:
 - Retaining pins
 - Retaining clips
 - Cover ①

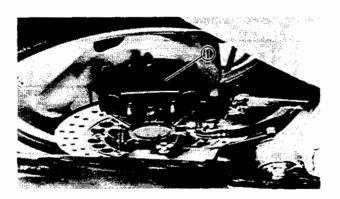
6. Inspect:

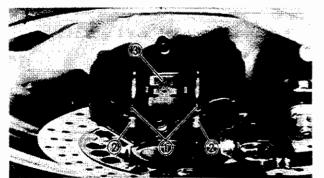
• Brake fluid level Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- ① "LOWER" level line
- 7. Check:
 - Brake lever operation

A softy or spongy filling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.



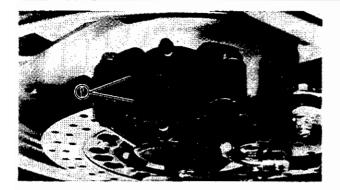


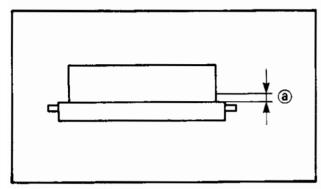
Rear Brake

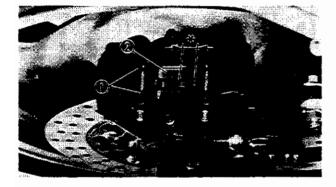
1. Remove: • Cover ①

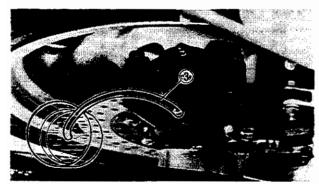
- 2. Remove:
 - Retaining clips ①
 - Retaining pins (2)
 - Pad spring ③

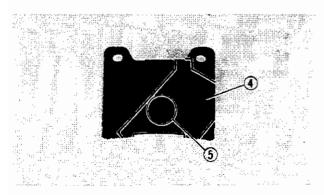












- 3. Remove:
 - Brake pads ① (with shims)

NOTE: _

- Replace the pad spring if the pad replacement is required.
- Replace the pads as a set if either is found to be worn to the wear limit.

Wear limit (a): 0.5 mm (0.02 in)

- Replace the pad shim if the pad replacement is required.
 - 4. Install:
 - Brake pads ①
 - Pad springs (2)

Installation steps:

- Connect a suitable hose ③ tightly to the caliper bleed screw. Then, place the other end of this hose into an open container.
- Loosen the caliper bleed screw and push the piston into the caliper by your finger.
- Tighten the caliper bleed screw.

Caliper bleed screw: 6 Nm (0.6 m · kg, 4.3 ftJlb)

• Install the pad shim (new) ④ to the brake pad (new).

NOTE:

The arrow mark (5) on the pad shim must point in the disc rotating direction.

 Install the brake pad (new) and pad spring (new)

NOTE:

The longer tangs (\star) of the pad spring must point in the disc rotating direction.

7-16





5. install:

- Retaining pins
- Retaining clips
- Cover ①
- 6. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Side cover (right)

Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.

CHAS of 50

- 7. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level

Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- ① "LOWER" level line
- 8. Check:
 - Brake pedal operation

A softy or spongy filling \rightarrow Bleed brake system.

Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 9. Install:
 - Side covers (right)
 - Seat

Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.

CALIPER DISASSEMBLY

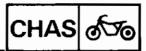
NOTE:

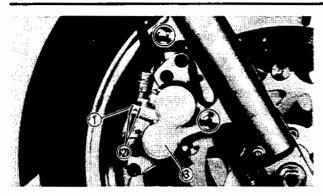
Before disassembling the front brake caliper or rear brake caliper, drain the brake hose, master cylinder, brake caliper and reservoir tank of their brake fluid.

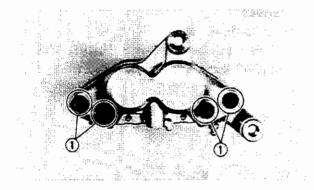
Front Brake

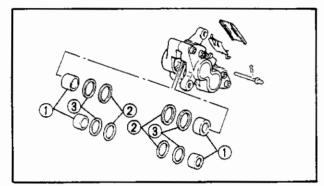
- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Retaining clips
 - Retaining pins
 - Pad spring
 - Brake pads

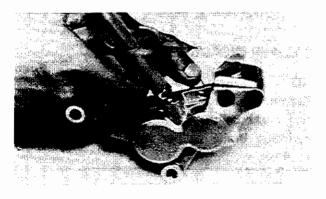
Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.











- 2. Remove:
 - \bullet Union bolt ①
 - Copper washers ②
 - Caliper ③

▲CAUTION:

Do not loosen the bridge bolts 1.

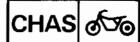
- 3. Remove:
 - Pistons ①
 - Dust seals ②
 - Piston seals ③

Remove steps:

• Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

A WARNING:

- Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.

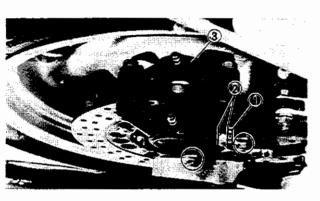


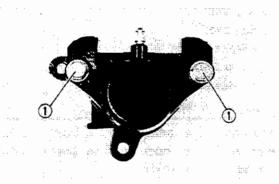
Rear Brake

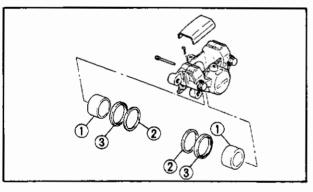
- 1. Remove:
 - Cover
 - Retaining clips
 - Retaining pins
 - Pad spring
 - Brake pads
 - (with shims)

Refer to the "BRAKE PAD REPLACE-MENT" section.

- 2. Remove:
 - Union bolt ①
 - Copper washers 2
 - Caliper ③









▲CAUTION:

Do not loosen the bridge bolts ①.

- 3. Remove:
 - Pistons ①
 - Dust seals ②
 - Piston seals (3)

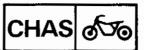
Remove steps:

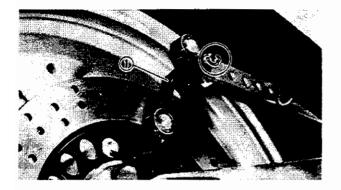
• Blow compressed air into the tube joint opening to force out the piston from the caliper body.

$\underline{\mathbf{J}}_{\mathbf{A}}$ WARNING:

- Never try to pry out the piston.
- Cover the piston with a rag. Use care so that piston does not cause injury as it is expelled from the cylinder.





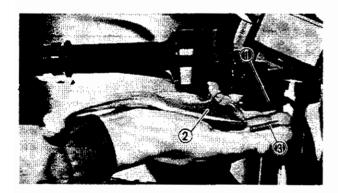


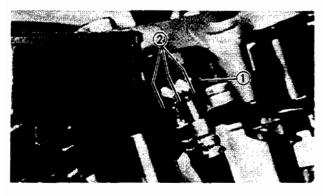
- 4. Remove:
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR WHEEL" section.
 - Cotter pin
 - Caliper bracket ①

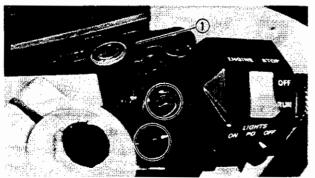
MASTER CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY

NOTE:

Before disassembling the front or rear brake master cylinders, drain the brake hose, master cylinder, brake caliper and reservoir tank of their brake fluid.







Front Brake

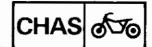
- 1. Remove:
 - Brake switch ①
 - Brake lever ②
 - Return spring (brake lever) ③

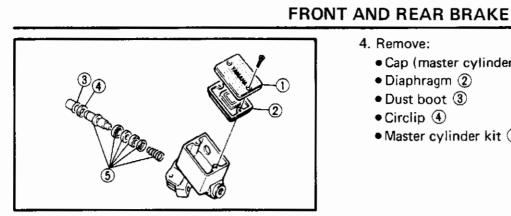
NOTE: _

Disconnect the brake switch from the brake lever while the hook of the brake switch is pushed by suitable rod.

- 2. Remove:
 - Union bolt ①
 - Copper washers 2

- 3. Remove:
 - Master cylinder ①

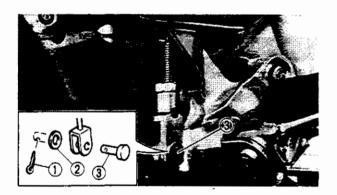


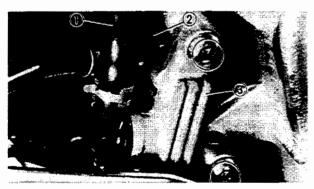


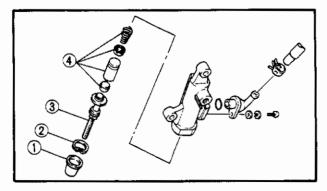
- 4. Remove:
 - Cap (master cylinder) ①
 - Diaphragm ②
 - Dust boot ③
 - Circlip ④
 - Master cylinder kit

Rear Brake

- 1. Remove:
 - Seat
 - Side cover (right)
 - Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.

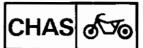


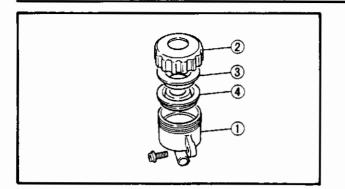




- 2. Remove:
 - Cotter pin ①
 - Washer (2)
 - Clevis pin (3)

- 3. Disconnect:
 - Brake hose (reservoir tank master cylinder) ①
- 4. Loosen:
 - •Union bolt 2
- 5. Remove:
 - Master cylinder ③
 - Union bolt ②
 - Copper washers
- 6. Remove:
 - Dust boot ①
 - Circlip ②
 - Push rod ③
 - Master cylinder kit ④





7. Remove:

FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

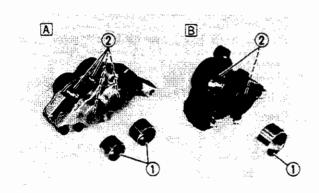
- Reservoir tank ① (from flame)
- Cap (reservoir tank) 2
- Holder (diaphragm) (3)
- Diaphragm ④

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

| Recommended brake component replacement schedule: | | |
|--|--|--|
| Brake pads | As required | |
| Piston seal, dust seal | Every two years | |
| Brake hoses | Every four years | |
| Brake fluid | Replace only when brakes are disassembled. | |

UWARNING:

All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only. Do not use solvents will cause seals to swell and distort.



1. Inspect:

Caliper piston ①
 Scratches/Rust/Wear → Replace caliper assembly.

- Caliper cylinder ②
 Wear/Scratches → Replace caliper assembly.
- A Front
- B Rear

∆ WARNING:

Replace the piston seal and dust seal whenever a caliper is disassembled.



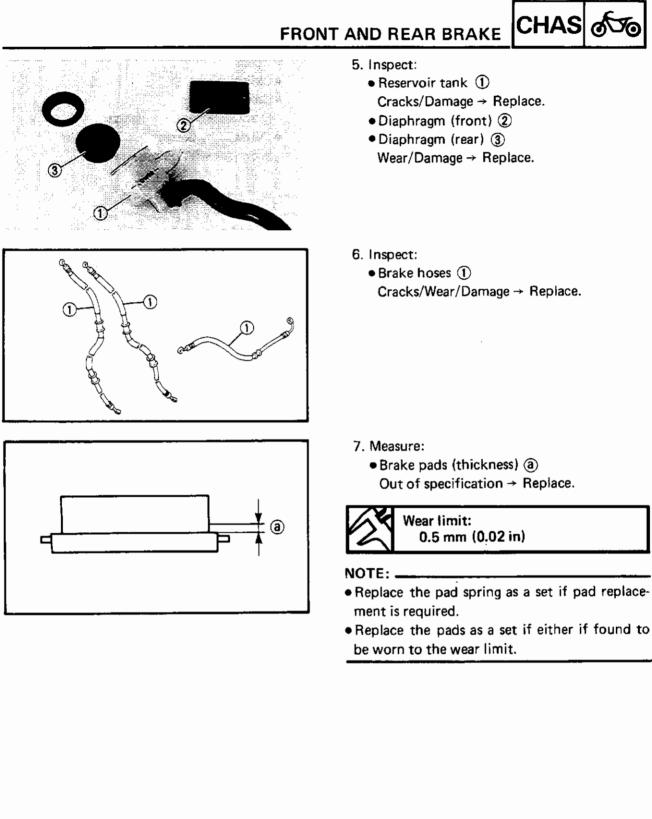
Α $\widehat{\mathbf{1}}$ В Α T В B A CELEBOOK OF THE STATE (1

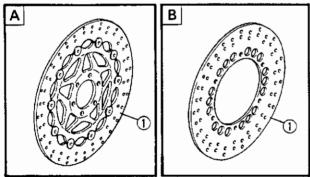
- 2. inspect:
 - Caliper body ①
 - Caliper bracket ② Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Oil delivery passage (caliper body) Blow out with compressed air.

- A Front
- B Rear
- 3. Inspect: • Master cylinder ①
 - Wear/Scratches \rightarrow Replace the caliper assembly.
 - Master cylinder body ②
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.
 - Oil delivery passage (master cylinder body) Blow out with compressed air.

- A Front
- B Rear
- 4. Inspect:
 - Master cylinder kit ①
 Scratches/Wear/Damage → Replace as a set.

A Front B Rear



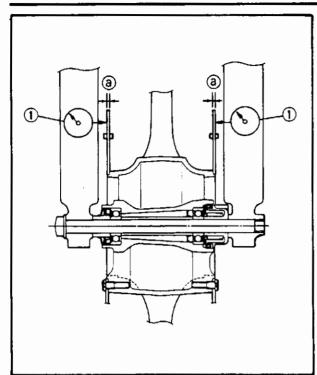


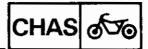
- 8. Inspect:
 - Brake discs (front and rear) ① Galling/Damage → Replace.
- A Front
- B Rear
- 9. Measure:
 - Brake disc deflection

replace the brake disc(s).

Out of specification \rightarrow Inspect wheel runout. If wheel runout is in good condition,

7-24





Maximum deflection:

- 0.15 mm (0.006 in)
- Brake disc thickness (a) Out of specification \rightarrow Replace.



Minimum thickness: front: 3.0 mm (0.12 in) 4.0 mm (0.16 in) rear:

1 Dial gauge

NOTE:

Tighten the bolts (brake disk) in stage using a crisscross pattern.



Bolt (brake disk): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb) Use LOCTITE®

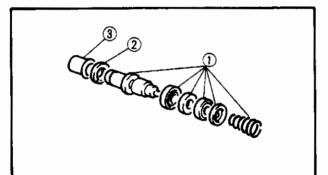
ASSEMBLY

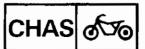
UWARNING:

- All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.
- Replace the piston seal and dust seal whenever a caliper is disassembled.

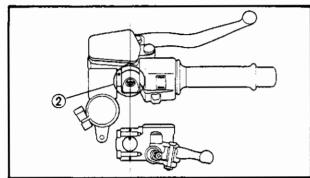
Front Brake

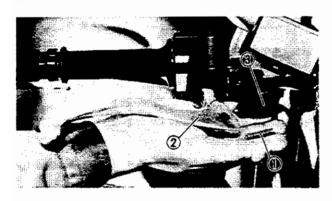
- 1. Install:
 - Master cylinder kit ①
 - Circlip ②
 - Dust boot ③

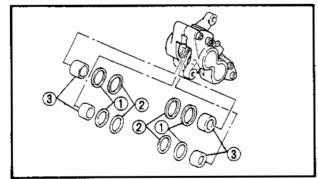












2. Install:

• Master cylinder ①

▲ CAUTION:

- Install the master cylinder holder with the "UP" mark facing upward.
- Align the end of the holder with the punch mark ② on the handlebar.
- Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.

Bolts (Master cylinder holder): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Return spring (brake lever) ①
 - Brake lever ②
 - Brake switch ③

NOTE:

Apply the lithium soap base grease to the brake lever pivot.

- 4.Install:
 - Piston seal ①
 - Dust seal 2
 - Caliper piston ③

[⊥] WARNING:

Always use new piston seal and dust seal.

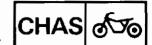
- 5. Install:
 - Brake caliper

Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

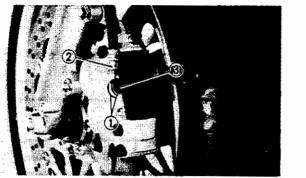
- Brake pads
- Pad spring
- Retaining pins
- Retaining clips
- Cover

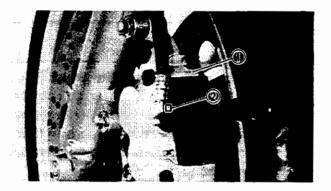
Refer to "BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT" section.

7-26









- 6. Install:
 - Copper washers ①
 - Brake hose 2
 - Union bolt ③

(onto brake caliper)

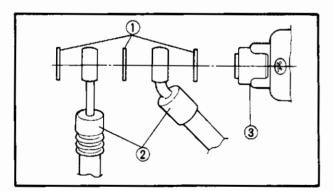
Union bolt: 25 Nm (2.5 m · kg, 18 ft · lb)

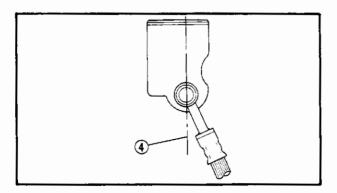
▲ CAUTION:

When installing the brake hose to the caliper (1), lightly touch the brake pipe with the projection (2) on brake caliper.

A WARNING:

- Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to "CABLE ROUTING".
- Always use new copper washers.



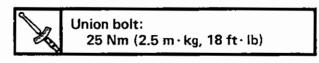


- 7. Install:
 - Copper washers ①
 - Brake hoses ②
 - Union bolt
 - (onto master cylinder (3))

(4) Vertical line

NOTE: _

- Install each brake hose as shown.
- Tighten the union bolt while each brake hose is inclined backward.



8. Make sure that each brake hose does not touch with another parts (throttle cable, wireharness, leads etc.) by turning the handlebar to right and left. If touch, repair.

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- 9. Fill:
 - Master cylinder tank

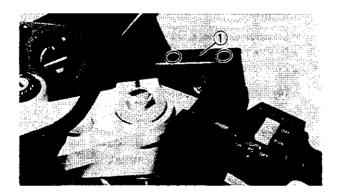
Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4

▲CAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

At WARNING:

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

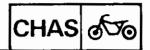


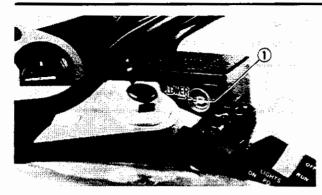
10. Install:

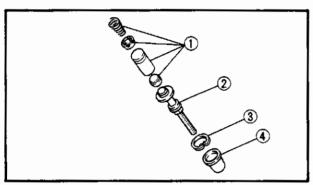
- Disphragm
- Cap (master cylinder) ①

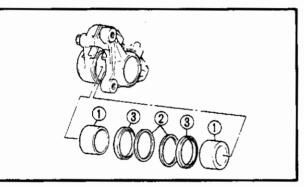
Screw (master cylinder): 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

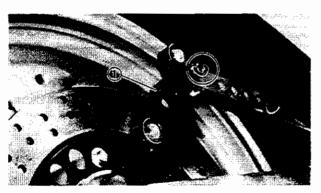
- 11. Air bleed
 - Brake system Refer to "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.











- 12. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level
 - Refer to "BRAKE FLUID INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

1 "LOWER" level line

Rear Brake

- 1. Install:
 - Master cylinder kit ①
 - Push rod ②
 - Circlip ③
 - Dust boot ④
- 2. Install:
 - Piston seal ①
 - Dust seal 2
 - Pistons ③

.1. WARNING:

Always use new piston seal and dust seal.

- 3. Install:
 - Caliper bracket ①
 - Cotter pin

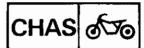
1. WARNING:

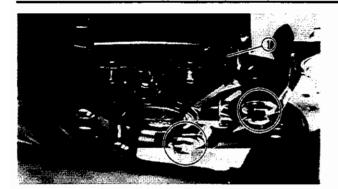
Always use a new cotter pin.



Nut (tensionbar – caliper bracket): 28 Nm (2.8 m·kg, 20 ft·lb)

- 4. Install:
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR WHEEL" section.





5. Install:

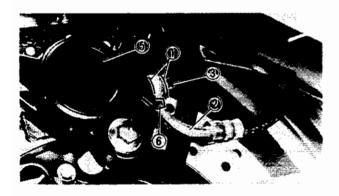
FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

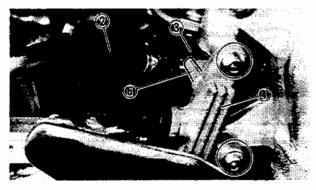
• Brake caliper (rear) ①

Bra

Brake caliper (rear): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- Brake pads (with shims)
- Pad spring
- Retaining bins
- Retaining clips
- Cover
 - Refer to "BRAKE PAD REPLACEMENT" section.





6. Install:

- Copper washers ①
- Brake hose ②
- Union bolts ③
- Master cylinder ④



Bolt (master cylinder): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb) Union bolts: 25 Nm (2.5 m · kg, 18 ft · lb)

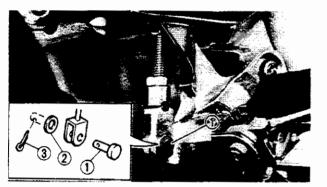
∆CAUTION:

When installing the brake hoses to the caliper (5) and master cylinder (4), lightly touch the brake pipe with the projections (6) on them.

(1) WARNING:

- Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to the "CABLE ROUTING".
- Always use new copper washers.





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- 7. Connect:
 - Brake hose (reservoir tank master cylinder) ①

- 8. Install:
 - Clevis pin ①
 - Washer ②
 - Cotter pin (3)

1. WARNING:

Always use a new cotter pin.

9. Fill:

Reservoir tank

3

Recommended brake fluid: DOT #4 If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.

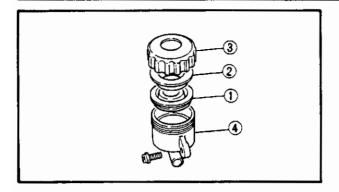
ACAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

A WARNING:

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwise, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

CHAS of 50



10. Install:

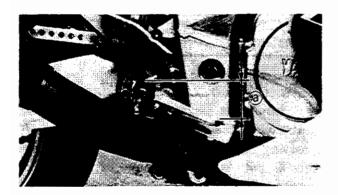
FRONT AND REAR BRAKE

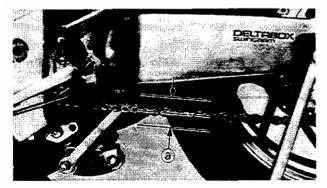
- Diaphragm ①
- Holder (diaphragm) ②
- Cap (reservoir tank) (3)
- Reservoir tank ④

NOTE: ____

Make sure that the projection on the reservoir tank are meshed with the hole on the frame.

- 11. Air bleed:
 - Brake system Refer to "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 12. Install:
 - Side cover (right)
 - Seat
 - Refer to "COVERS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 13. Inspect:
 - Brake fluid level . Refer to the "BRAKE FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.





- ① "LOWER" level line
- 14. Adjust:
 - Rear brake pedal height (a)



Pedal height: 60 mm (2.36 in) Below top of footrest.

Refer to "REAR BRAKE ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- 15. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack (a)

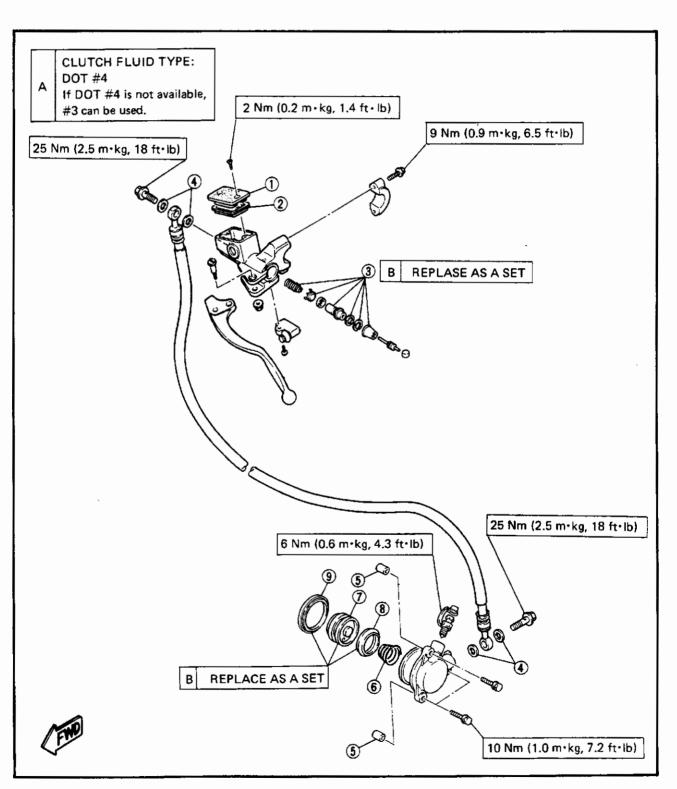
Drive chain slack: 15 ~ 20 mm (0.6 ~ 0.8 in)

Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

CHAS 🖅 ତ

HYDRAULIC CLUTCH

- 1 Master cylinder cap
- 2 Diaphragm
- 3 Master cylinder kit
- Copper washer
- 5 Dowel pin
- 6 Spring
- Piston
 Piston seal
 Dust seal



HYDRAULIC CLUTCH

▲ CAUTION:

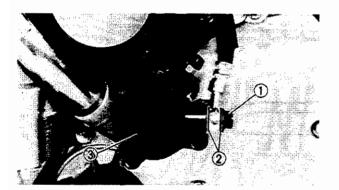
Hydraulic clutch components rarely require disassembly. DO NOT:

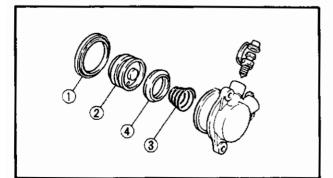
- Disassembly components unless absolutely necessary.
- Use solvents on internal hydraulic clutch component.
- Use contaminated clutch fluid or cleaning. Use only clean clutch fluid.
- Allow brake fluid to come in contact with the eyes otherwise eye injury may occur.
- Allow brake fluid to contact painted surfaces or plastic parts otherwise damage may occur.
- Disconnect any hydraulic connection otherwise the entire system must be disassembled, drained, cleaned, and then properly filled and bled after reassembly.

DISASSEMBLY Clutch Release Cylinder

NOTE:

Before disassembling the clutch release cylinder or master cylinder, drain the master cylinder and clutch hose of their fluid.





- 1. Remove:
 - •Union bolt ①
 - Copper washers ②
 - Clutch release cylinder ③
 - Dowel pins
- 2. Remove:
 - Dust seal ①
 - Piston (release cylinder)
 ②
 - Spring ③
 - Piston seal ④

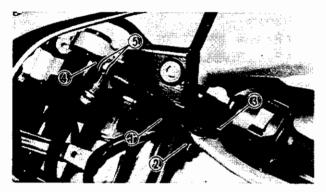
NOTE:

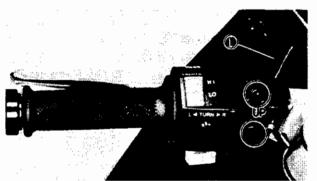
Blow compressed air into the hose joint opening to force out the piston from the release cylinder body.

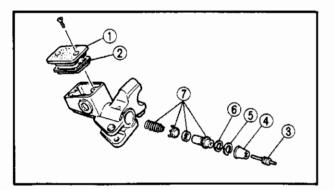
A WARNING:

HYDRAULIC CLUTCH

- Cover piston with rag and use extreme caution when expelling piston from cylinder.
- Never attempt to pry out piston.







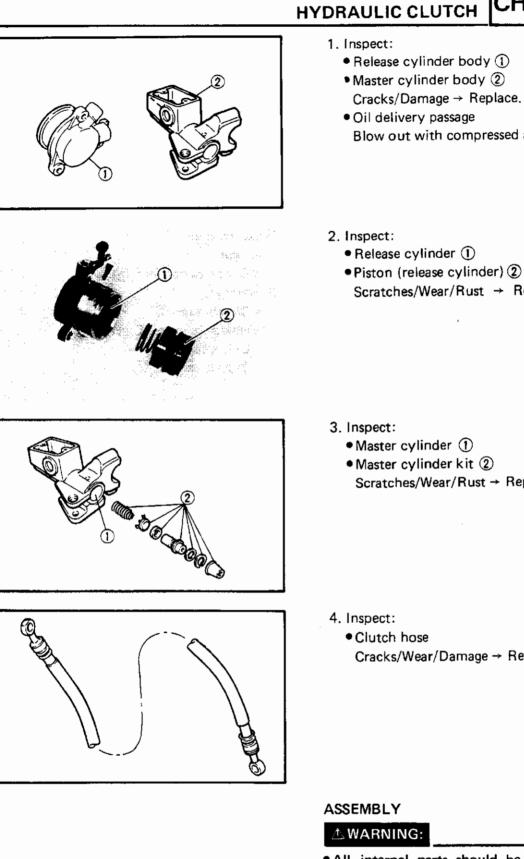
Master cylinder

- 1. Disconnect:
- Clutch switch lead ①
- 2. Remove:
 - Clutch lever 2
 - Holder (push rod) (3)
 - •Union bolt ④
 - Copper washers (5)
- 3. Remove:
 - \bullet Master cylinder ()

- 4. Remove:
 - \bullet Master cylinder cap (1)
 - Diaphragm ②
 - Push rod ③
 - Dust boot ④
 - Circlip (5)
 - Washer 🔞
 - Master cylinder kit ⑦

INSPECTION AND REPAIR

| Recommended Clutch Component Replacement Schedule | | |
|--|---|--|
| Piston seal, dust seal | Every two years | |
| Clutch hoses | Every four years | |
| Clutch fluid (Brake fluid) | Replace only when clutch is disassembled. | |



• Oil delivery passage Blow out with compressed air.

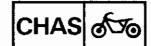
- Release cylinder ①
- Piston (release cylinder) 2 Scratches/Wear/Rust \rightarrow Replace as a set.

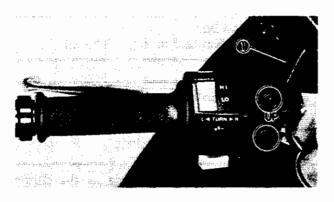
CHAS 650

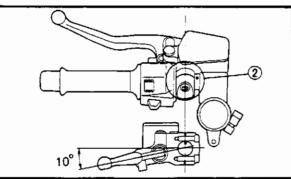
- Master cylinder ①
- Master cylinder kit ② Scratches/Wear/Rust \rightarrow Replace as a set.

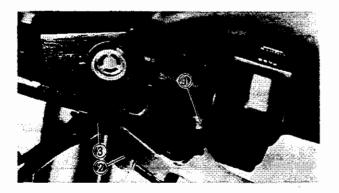
Cracks/Wear/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

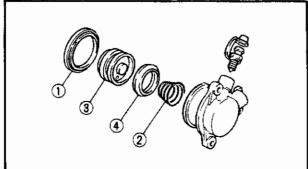
- All internal parts should be cleaned in new brake fluid only.
- Internal parts should be lubricated with brake fluid when installed.
- Replace the piston seal and dust seal whenever the release cylinder is disassembled.











- 1. Install:
 - \bullet Master cylinder kit (1)
 - Washer ②
 - Circlip ③
 - Dust boot ④
 - Push rod (5)
- 2. Install:
 - Master cylinder ①

ACAUTION:

- Install the master cylinder holder with the "UP" mark facing upward.
- Align the end of the holder with the punch mark (2) on the handlebar.
- Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.

Bolts (master cylinder holder): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

- 3. Install:
 - Holder (push rod) ①
 - Clutch lever 2

NOTE: .

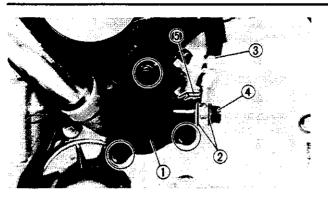
Apply the lithium soap base grease to the clutch lever pivot.

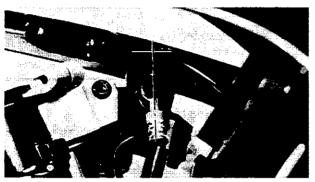
- 4. Connect:
 - Clutch switch lead 3
- 5. Install:
 - Piston seal ①

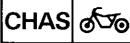
 (to piston (release cylinder))
 - •Spring ②
 - Piston (release cylinder) ③
 - Dust seal ④

▲ WARNING:

Always use new piston and dust seal.







- 6. Install:
 - Dowel pins
 - Clutch release cylinder ①



Bolt (clutch release cylinder): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

- Copper washers (2)
- Brake hose (3)
- Union bolt ④

Union bolt: 25 Nm (2.5 m · kg, 18 ft · lb)

NOTE: -

Tighten the union bolt while holding the clutch hose vertical.

ACAUTION:

When installing the clutch hose to the clutch release cylinder (1), lightly touch the clutch pipe with the projections (5) of release cylinder.

力。WARNING:

- Proper hose routing is essential to insure safe motorcycle operation. Refer to the "CABLE ROUTING".
- Always use new copper washers.

7. Fill:

• Master cylinder tank

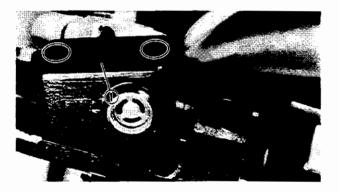
Recommended fluid: DOT # 4 brake fluid If DOT #4 is not available, #3 can be used.

ACAUTION:

Brake fluid may erode painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

스 WARNING:

- Use only the designated quality brake fluid: otherwisc, the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor brake performance.
- Refill with the same type of brake fluid; mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the master cylinder when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.

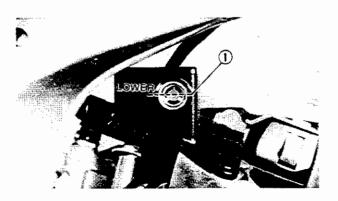


8. Install:

- Diaphragm
- Cap (master cylinder) ①

Screw (master cylinder): 2 Nm (0.2 m · kg, 1.4 ft · lb)

- 9. Air bleed:
 - Clutch system Refer to the "AIR BLEEDING" section in the CHAPTER 3.



10. Inspect:

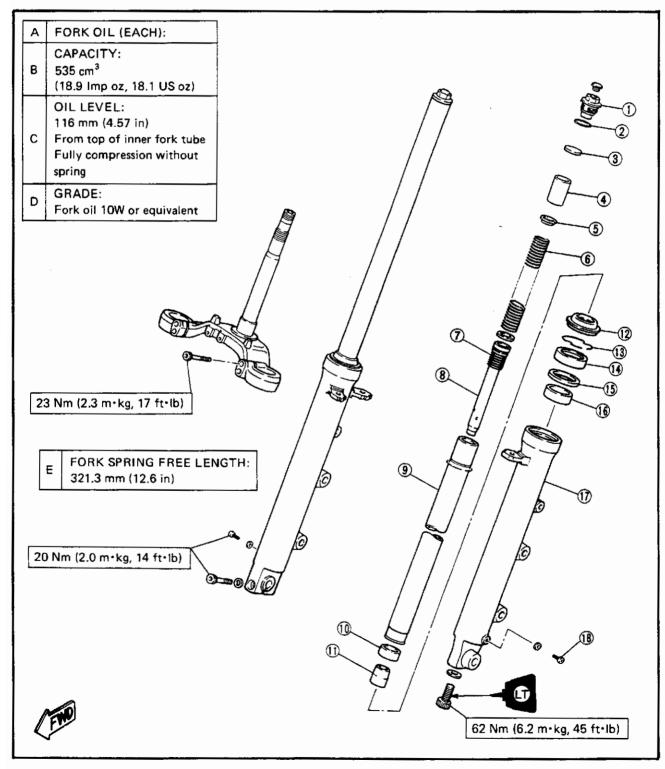
• Fluid level Refer to the "CLUTCH FLUID INSPEC-TION" section in the CHAPTER 3.

1 "LOWER" level line

CHAS 650

FRONT FORK

- 1) Cap bolt
- 2 O-ring
- ③ Washer
- 4 Spacer collar
- 5 Spring seat
- 6 Fork spring
- () Rebound spring
- B Damper rod
- Inner fork tube
- 10 Slide bushing



(1) Oil lock piece

Retaining clip
 Oil seal

(6) Guide bushing

1 Outer fork tube

12 Dust seal

15 Seal spacer

(18) Drain screw

REMOVAL

. WARNING:

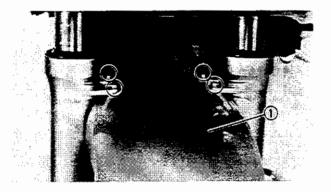
Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

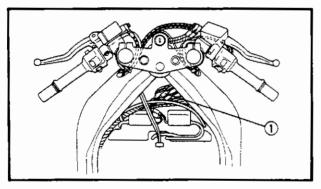
- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover Refer to the "COWLING" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank

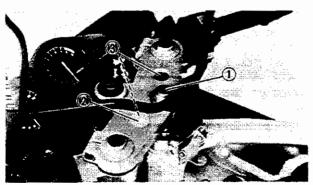
Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 3.

- Air filter case
 Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL AIR
 FILTER CASE" section in the CHAPTER
 4.
- 2. Remove:
 - Front wheel
 - Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL" section.
- 3. Remove:
 - Front fender ①
- 4. Disconnect:
 - Main switch coupler ①

- 5. Remove:
 - Nut (steering stem) ①
 - Blind plugs 2
 - Bolts (handlebar boss) (3)







11. Loosen:

• Pinch bolts (lower bracket)

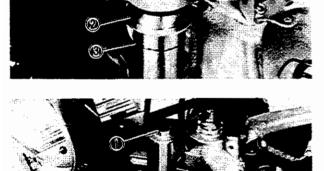
∆ CAUTION:

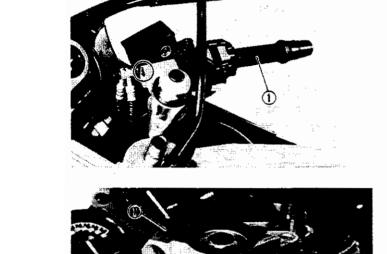
Support the fork before loosening the pinch bolts.

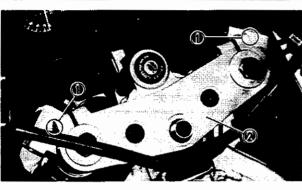
9. Remove:

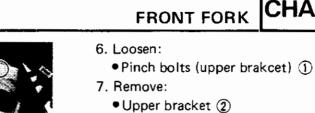
8. Remove:

- Handlebar bosses (left and right) ①
- Washer (2)
- Circlip ③
- 10. Loosen: Cap bolt ①











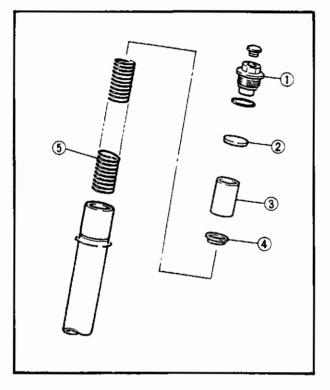
• Handlebar assembly (left and right) ①

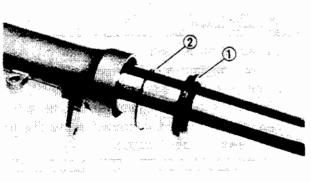
7-42

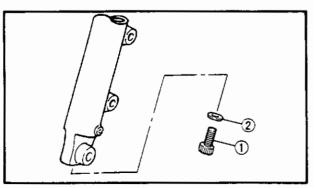


- 12. Remove:
 - Front fork(s)









DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove:
 - Cap bolt ①
 - Washer ②
 - Spacer collar ③
 - Spring seat ④
 - Fork spring (5)

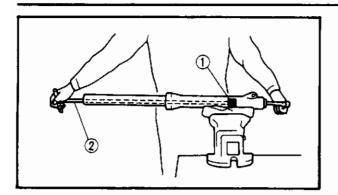
6 inner fork tube

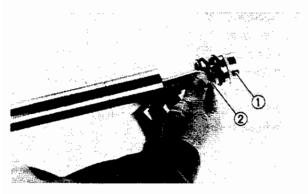
- 2. Drain:
- Fork oil
- 3. Remove:
 - Dust seal ①
 - Retaining clip ② Use a thin slotted-head screwdriver.

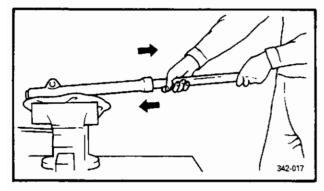
▲ CAUTION:

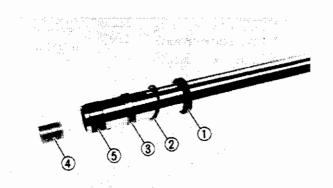
Take care not to scratch the inner tube.

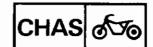
- 4. Remove:
 - Bolt (damper rod) ①
 - Copper washer ②











NOTE:

Loosen the bolt (damper rod) while holding the damper rod with the T-handle ① and holder ②.

T-Handle: YM-01326 90890-01326 Holder: YM-01327 90890-01327

- 5. Remove:
 - Damper rod ①
 - Rebound spring ②

- 6. Remove:
 - Inner fork tube

Removal steps

- Hold the fork leg horizontally.
- Clamp the caliper mounting boss of the outer tube securely in a vise with soft jaws.
- Pull out the inner fork tube from the outer tube by forcefully, but carefully, with drawing the inner tube.

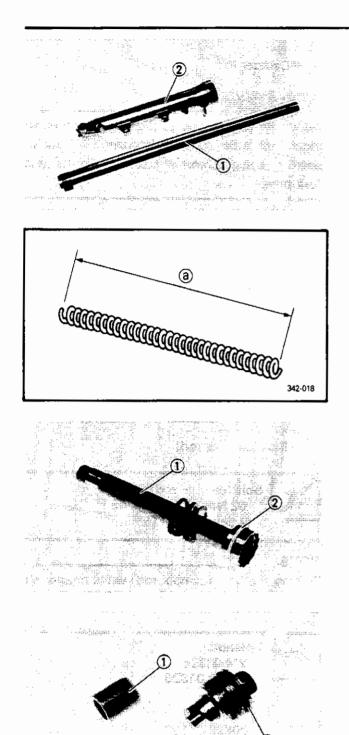
∆CAUTION:

- Excessive force will damage the oil seal and/or the bushes. Damaged oil seal and bushing must be replaced.
- Avoid bottoming the inner tube in the outer tube during the above procedure, as the oil lock piece will be damaged.
- 7. Remove:
 - Oil seal ①
 - Seal spacer ②
 - Guide bush ③
 - Oil lock piece ④

5 Slide bush

7-44





- INSPECTION
- 1. Inspect:
 - Inner fork tube ①
 - Outer fork tube ②
 - Scratches/Bends/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

A WARNING:

Do not attempt to straighten a bent inner fork tube as this may dangerously weaken the tube.

- 2. Measure:
 - Fork spring ⓐ
 Over specified limit → Replace.

Fork spring free length (limit): 321.3 mm (12.6 in)

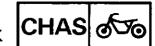
- 3. Inspect:
 - Damper rod ①
 Ring ②
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
 Contamination → Blow out all oil passages with compressed air.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Oil lock piece ①
 - O-ring (cap bolt) ② Wear/Damage → Replace.

ASSEMBLY

Reverse the "DISASSEMBLY" procedure. Note the following points.

NOTE:

- In front fork reassembly, be sure to use following new parts.
- *Guide bush
- * Slide bush
- *Oil seal
- ★ Dust seal
- Make sure that all components are clean before reassembly.



- 1. Install:
- Damper rod ①

ACAUTION:

Allow the damper rod to slide slowly down the inner fork tube ② until it protrudes from the bottom, being careful not to damage the inner fork tube.

- 2. Install:
 - Oil lock piece ① (to damper rod ②)
- 3. Lubricate:
 - Inner fork tube (outer surface) ③
 - Fork oil 10W or equivalent

(4) Outer fork tube

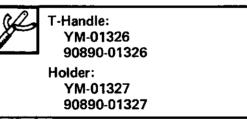
- 4. Tighten:
 - Bolt (damper rod)

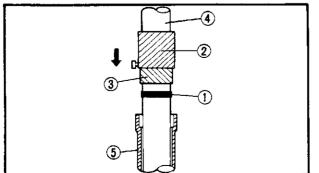


Bolt (damper rod): 62 Nm (6.2 m·kg, 45 ft·lb) Apply LOCTITE[®]

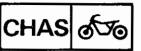
NOTE:

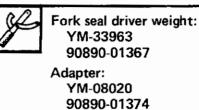
Tighten the bolt (damper rod) while holding the damper rod with the T-handle ① and Holder @.





- 5. Install:
 - Guide bush ①
 Use the Fork Seal Driver Weight ② and Adapter ③ .

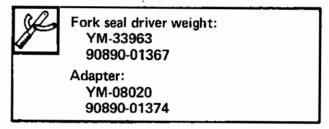




(4) Inner fork tube

⑤ Outer fork tube

- 6. Install:
 - Seal spacer ①
 - Oil seal ② Use the Fork Seal Driver Weight ③ and Adapter ④ .



A CAUTION:

Be sure that the cil seal numbered side face upward.

NOTE:

Before installing the oil seal, apply the lithium soap base grease onto the oil seal lips.

- 7. Install:
 - Retaining clip ①
 - Dust seal 2

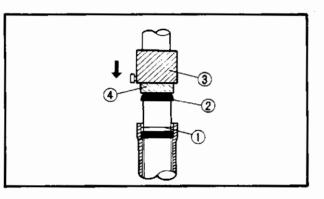
NOTE: ____

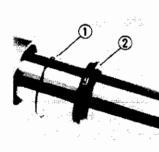
Fit the retaining clip ① correctly in the groove ③ in the outer tube.

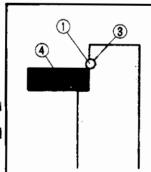
- 4 Oil seal
- 8. Fill:
 - Front fork

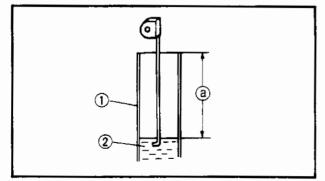
Each fork: 535 cm³

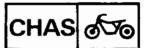
(18.9 Imp oz, 18.1 US oz) Fork Oil 10WT or equivalent After filling, slowly pump the fork up and down to distribute oil.





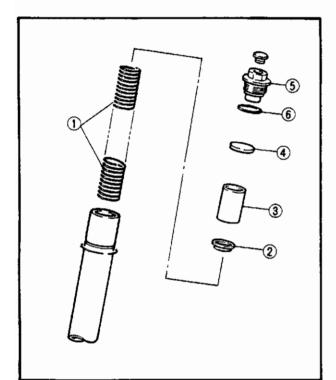




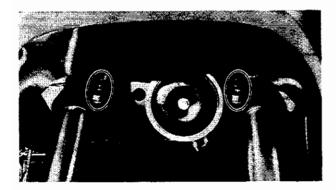


Oil level (a) : 116 mm (4.57 in) From the top of inner fork tube fully compressed without spring.

Inner fork tube
 Fork oil



256 ~ 257 mm (H).08 ~ 10 12 (m)



9. Install:

- Fork spring ①
- Spring seat ②
- Spacer collar ③
- Washer ④
- Cap bolt (5)

NOTE: _

- Before installing the cap bolt, apply the grease to the O-ring (6).
- Temporarily tighten the cap bolt 5 .

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.

Note the following points.

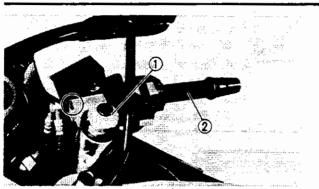
- 1. Install:
 - Front fork(s)

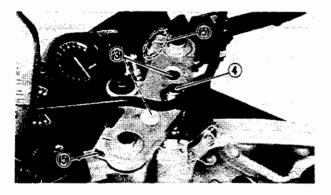
NOTE: ____

Position the upper end of the inner tube so that it is within $256 \sim 257$ mm (10.08 \sim 10.12 in) above the lower bracket.

- 2. Tighten:
 - Pinch bolt (lower bracket)

Pinch bolt (lower bracket): 23 Nm (2.3 m · kg, 17 ft · lb)





- 3. Tighten:
 - •Cap bolt ①
 - Handlebar assembly ②
 - Bolts (handlebar boss) ③
 - Nut (steering stem) ④
 - Pinch bolts (upper bracket) (5)

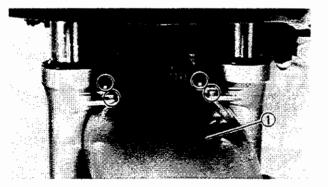
Cap bolt:

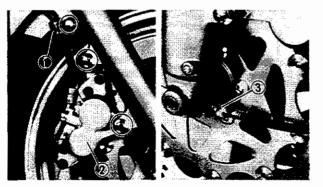
23 Nm (2.3 m · kg, 17 ft · lb)
Bolt (handlebar assembly): 28 Nm (2.8 m · kg, 20 ft · lb)
Bolt (handlebar assembly): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)
Nut (steering stem): 110 Nm (11.0 m · kg, 80 ft · lb)
Pinch bolt (upper bracket): 26 Nm (2.6 m · kg, 19 ft · lb)

CHAS 550

4. Adjust:

• Spring preload Refer to the "FRONT FORK ADJUST-MENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.





- 5. Install:
 - Front fender ①

Bolt (front fender): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

- 6. Install:
 - Front wheel
 - Clamp (brake hose) ①
 - Brake caliper (left and right) ②
 - Speedometer cable ③ Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL" section.

FRONT FORK CHAS



Front axle:

58 Nm (5.8 m · kg, 42 ft · lb) Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb) Pinch bolt (front wheel axle): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

1. WARNING:

Make sure that the brake hoses are routed properly.

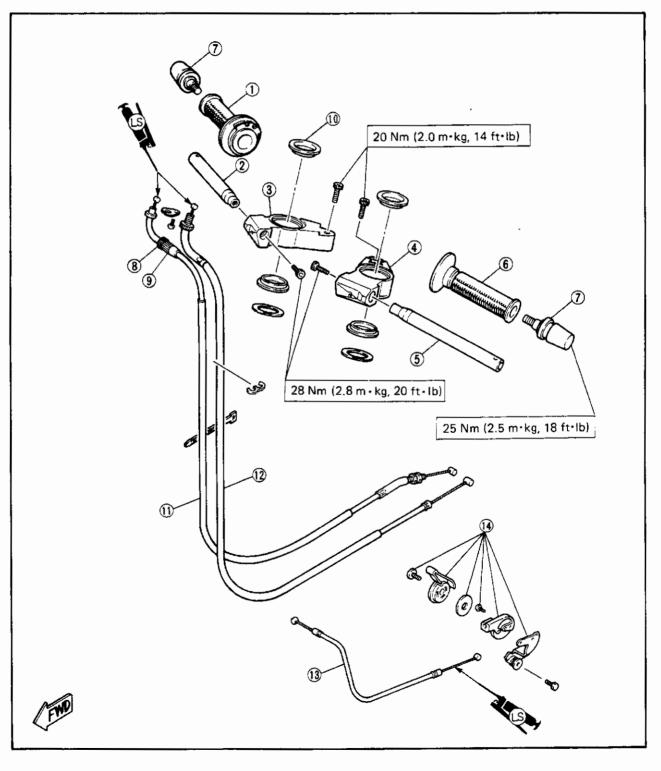
STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR

CHAS 650

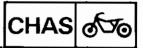
STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR

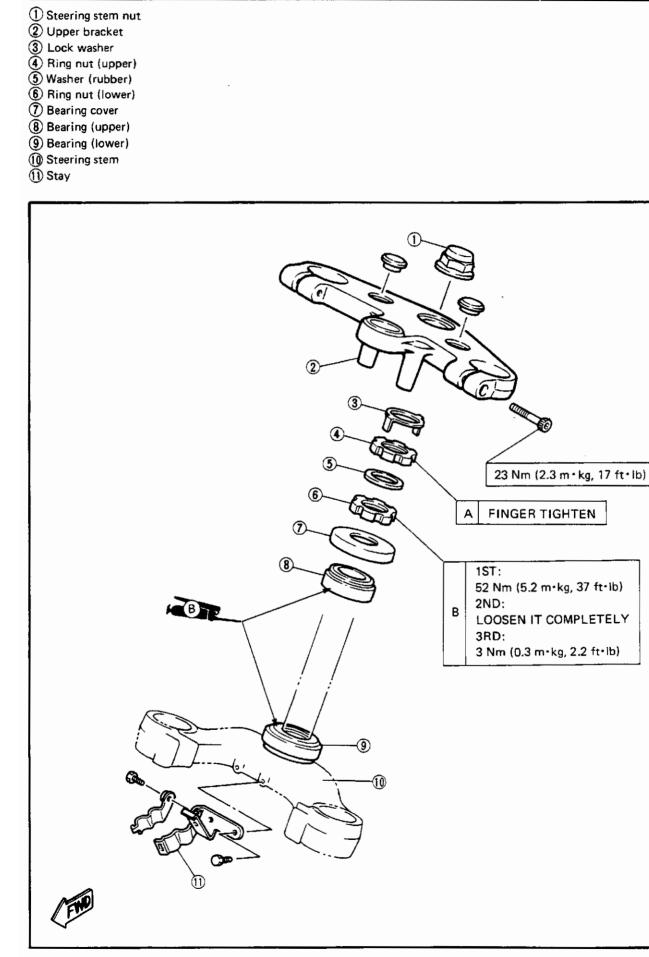
- 1 Throttle grip
- Handlebar (right)
- (3) Handlebar boss (right)
- (4) Handlebar boss (left)
- $\overline{\mathbf{5}}$ Handlebar (left)
- (6) Grip rubber
- $(\overline{7})$ Handlebar grip end

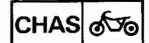
- 8 Locknut
- 9 Adjuster
- 10 Damper rubber
- 1 Throttle cable 1
- 12 Throttle cable 2
- (13) Starter cable
- (1) Starter lever assembly



STEERING HEAD AND HANDLEBAR







REMOVAL

.t. WARNING:

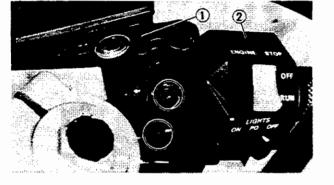
Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

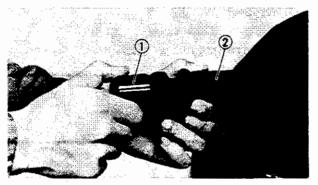
- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover
 - Refer to the "COWLING" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank

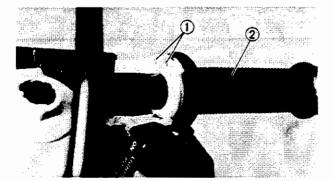
Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 3.

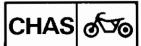
- Air filter case Refer to the "ENGINE REMOVAL -- AIR FILTER CASE" section in the CHAPTER 4.
- Front wheel Refer to the "FRONT WHEEL" section.
- 2. Remove:
 - Master cylinders (brake and clutch) ①
 - Handlebar switches (left and right) ②
- 3. Remove:
 - Grip ends (left and right) ①
 - Grip (left) 2

- 4. Disconnect:
 - Throttle cables ①
- 5. Remove:
 - Throttle grip ②













- Front fender
- Upper bracket
- Front forks Refer to the "FRONT FORK – REMO-VAL" section.
- \bullet Handlebars (left and right) 1
- 7. Remove:
 - Stay (hose guide and horn bracket) 1



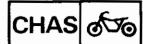
- Lock washer (right nut) ①
- Ring nut (upper) 2
- Washer (rubber) ③

- 9. Remove:
 - Ring nut (lower) ① Use the ring nut wrench.

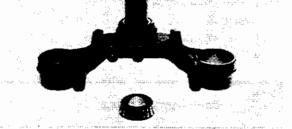
Ring nut wrench: YU-01268 90890-01268

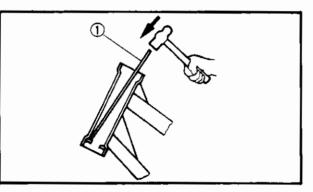
WARNING:

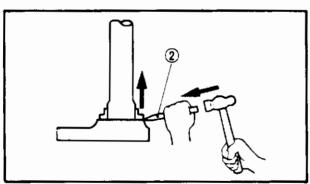
Support the steering shaft so that it may not fall down.

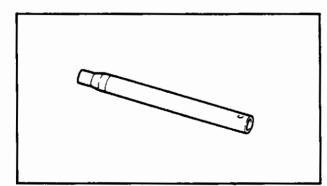












- 10. Remove:
 - Steering stem
 - Bearing cover ①
 - Bearing (upper) ②
 - Bearing (lower)

INSPECTION

- 1. Wash the bearing in a solvent.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Bearings
 - Bearing race
 Pitting/Damage → Replace.

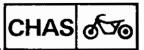
Bearing race remplacement steps:

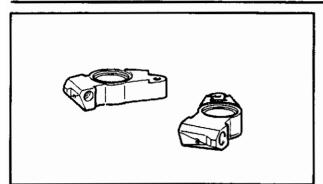
- Remove the bearing races using a long rod ① and hammer as shown.
- Remove the bearing race on the steering stem using the floor chisel (2) and the hammer as shown.
- Install the new dust seal and races.

NOTE: _

Always replace bearings, races and dust seal as a set.

- 3. Inspect:
 - Handlebars
 Bents/Damage → Replace.





- 4. Inspect:
 - Handlebar bosses
 Cracks/Damage → Replace.

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Bearings (upper and lower)
 - Bearing races



Wheel bearing grease

- 2. Install:
 - Bearing (lower) ① (onto steering stem)
 - Steering stem (2)

A CAUTION:

Hold the steering stem until it is secured.

- Bearing (upper) ③
- Bearing cover ④
- Ring nut (lower) (5)
- 3. Tighten:
 - Ring nuts (lower and upper)

Tightening steps:

NOTE: _____

Set the Torque Wrench to the Ring Nut Wrench so that they form a right angle.

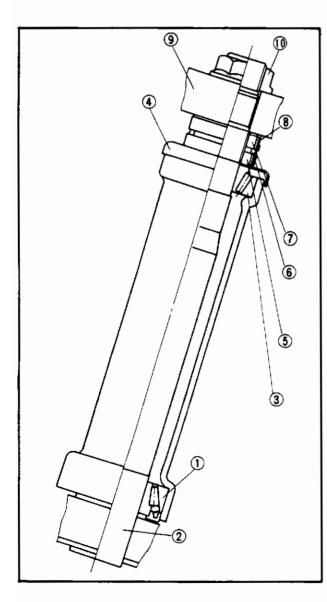
• Install the ring nut (lower) (5).

NOTE:

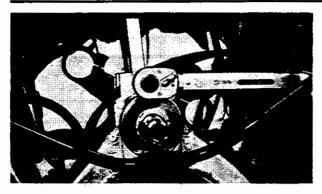
The tapered side of ring nut must face downward.

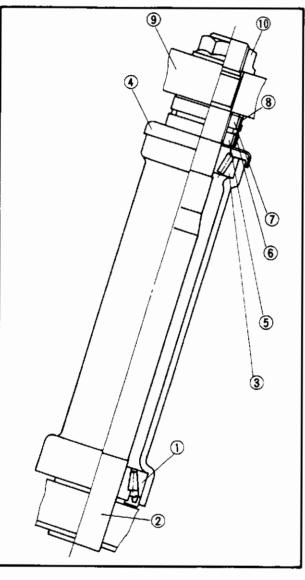
• Tighten the ring nut (5) using the ring nut wrench.

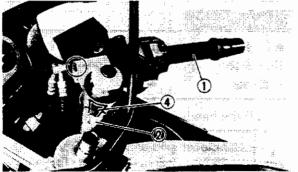
Ring nut wrench: YU-33975 90890-01403





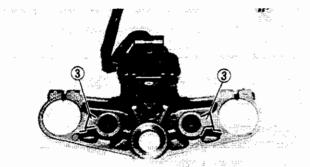




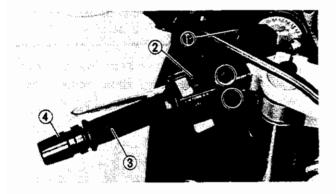


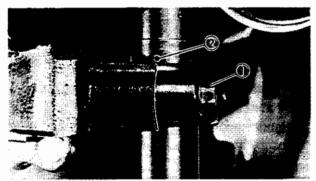
- Ring nut (5) (initial tightening): 52 Nm (5.2 m · kg, 37 ft · lb) LOOSEN THE RING NUT (5) COMPLETE-LY and retighten it to specification. A: WARNING: Do not over-tightening. Ring nut (5) (final tightening): 3 Nm (0.3 m · kg, 2.2 ft · lb) • Check the steering stem by turning it lock to lock. If there is any binding, remove the steering stem assembly and inspect the steering bearings (1), (3). • Install the washer (rubber) 6. • Install the ring nut (upper) ⑦. NOTE:_ The tapered side of ring nut must face downward. FINGER TIGHTEN THE RING NUT (7). then align the slots of both ring nuts. If not aligned, hold the lower ring nut (5) and tighten the other until they are aligned. • Install the lock washer (8). NOTE: _ Make sure that the lock washer tab is placed in the slots. Install the upper bracket (9) and tighten the steering stem nut (1) to specification. Nut (steering stem): 110 Nm (11.0 m · kg, 80 ft · lb) 8. Install:
 - Handlebars (left and right) ①

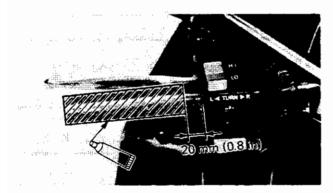




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- 9. Install:
 - ullet Handlebar bosses (left and right) (2)

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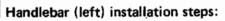
Bolt (handlebar boss): 20 Nm (2.0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)

NOTE: _

Make sure that the projection ③ on the upper bracket are meshed with slot ④ on the handlebar boss.

10. Install:

- Master cylinder (clutch) ①
- Handlebar switch (left) ②
- Handlebar grip (left) ③
- Handlebar grip end (left) ④



• Install the master cylinder (left) by aligning the slit in the master cylinder holder ① with the punched mark ② on the handlebar.

Bolt (master cylinder holder): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

∆CAUTION:

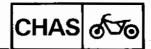
- Install the master cylinder holder with the "UP" mark facing upward.
- Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.
- Install the handlebar switch (left).
- Apply a light coat of rubber adhesive to the 20 mm (0.8 in) space (as shown) at the end of the handlebar.
- Fit the handlebar grip fully over the handlebar end.

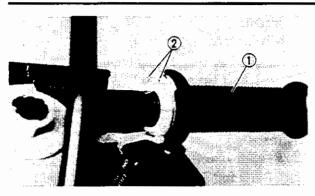
1. WARNING:

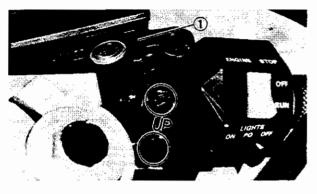
Let the adhesive dry completely. So the grip will be securely in place before moving the handlebar.

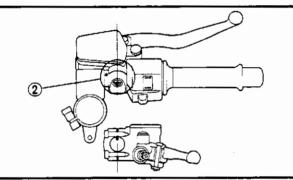
Install the handlebar grip end (left).

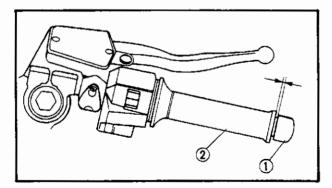
Handlebar grip end: 25 Nm (2.5 m · kg, 18 ft · lb)











- 11. Install:
 - Throttle grip ①
 - Throttle cable ②
 - Handlebar switch (right)

NOTE:

Before installing the throttle grip, apply a light coat of lithium soap base grease onto the surfaces where the handlebar and throttle grip make contact.

- 12. Install:
 - Master cylinder (front brake) ①

∆ CAUTION:

- Install the master cylinder holder with the "UP" mark facing upward.
- Align the end of the holder with the punch mark ② on the handlebar.
- Tighten first the upper bolt, then the lower bolt.

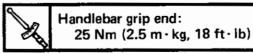


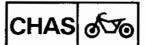
Bolts (master cylinder holder): 9 Nm (0.9 m · kg, 6.5 ft · lb)

- 13. Install:
 - Handlebar grip end (right) ①

A WARNING:

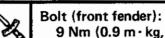
Provide a clearance of 1 mm (0.04 in) between the handlebar grip 0 and the handlebar grip end 1. Otherwise, the grip may not move.





14. Install:

• Front fender

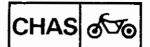




15. Install:

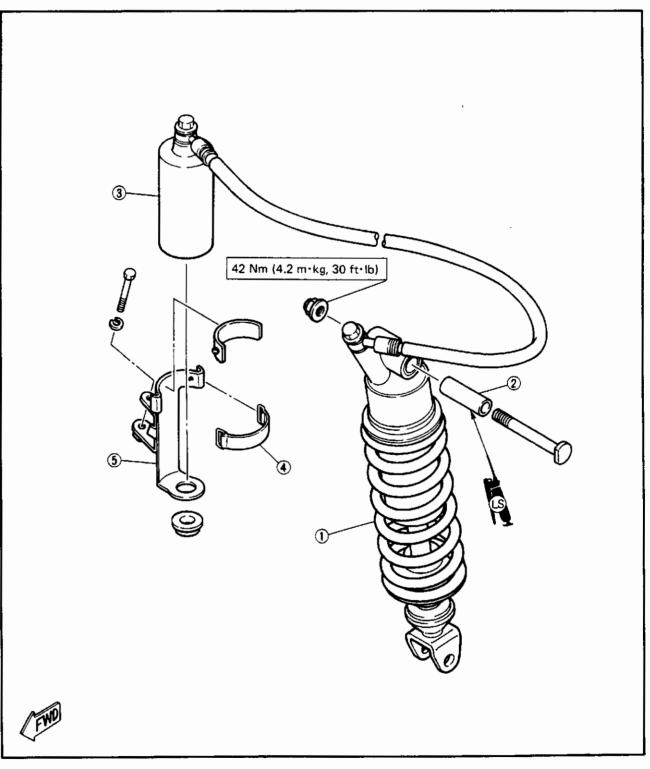
• Front wheel Refer to "FRONT WHEEL" section.

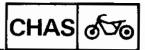
Front wheel axle: X 58 Nm (5.8 m · kg, 42 ft · lb) Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb) Pinch bolt (front fork): 20 Nm (2:0 m · kg, 14 ft · lb)



Shock absorber
 Collar
 Sub tank (shock absorber)
 Band

(5) Stay



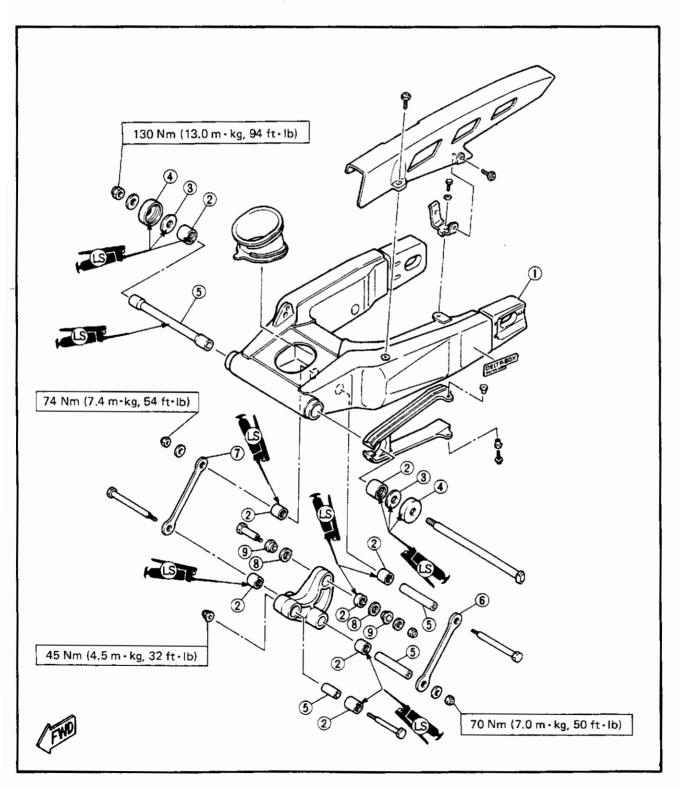


- 1 Swingarm
- 2 Bearing
- 3 Thrust washer
- Thrust cover
- 5 Collar

6 Arm 1
7 Arm 2
8 Oil seal
9 Dust cover

NOTE:

Coat the bearings, bushings, thrust covers, oil seals, and collars with a liberal amount of light weight lithium-soap base grease before installing. After installing, thoroughly wipe off excess grease.



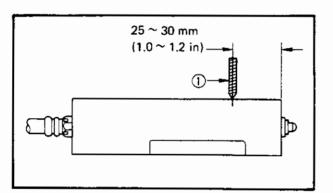
CHAS 550

HANDLING NOTES

A WARNING:

This shock absorber contains highly compressed nitrogen gas. Read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber. The manufacturer cannot be held responsible for property damage or personal injury that may result from improper handling.

- 1. Do not tamper or attempt to open the cylinder assembly.
- Do not subject shock absorber to an open flame or other high heat. This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.
- 3. Do not deform or damage the cylinder in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.



DISPOSAL NOTES

Shock absorber disposal steps:

Gas pressure must be released before disposing the shock absorber. To do so, drill (1) a $2 \sim 3 \text{ mm} (0.08 \sim 0.12 \text{ in})$ hole through the cylinder wall at a point $25 \sim 30 \text{ mm} (1.0 \sim 1.2 \text{ in})$ under the spring seat.

∆ CAUTION:

Wear eye protection to prevent eye damage from escaping gas and/or metal chips.

REMOVAL

Rear Shock Absorber

1. Place the motorcycle on a level place.

/*.WARNING:

Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.



- 2. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover
 - Side covers (left and right) Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
 - Seat
 - Fuel tank Refer to the "FUEL TANK" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 3. Remove:
 - Bolt (compration arm swingarm) ①
 - Bolt (rear shock absorber lower) 2

A WARNING:

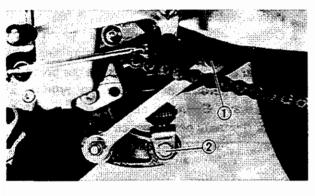
When removing the bolt (compration arm) 1, hold the swingarm so that it does not drop downwards when the bolt removed.

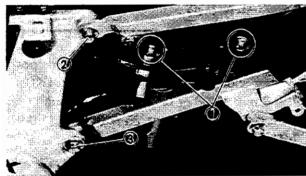
- 4. Remove:
 - Bolts (EXUP motor) ①
 - Bolts (rear fram upper) (2)
- 5. Loosen:
 - Bolts (rear fram lower) (3)
- 6. Remove:
 - Muffler stay ①
- 7. Push down the rear fram end.

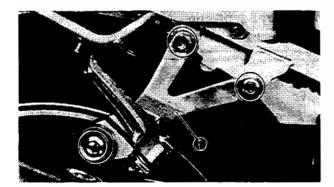
- 8. Disconnect:
 - Battery leads
 - Starter relay (2) (from battery case)

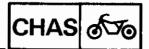
▲ CAUTION:

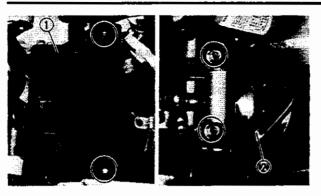
Disconnect the negative lead ① first and then disconnect the positive lead.

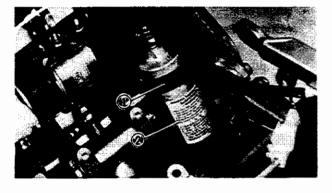


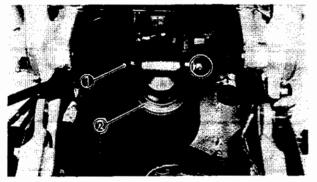












- 9. Remove:
 - Battery case ①
 - Stay (battery case) ②

- 10. Remove:
 - Band ①
 - Sub tank (shock absorber) ② (from sub tank bracket)

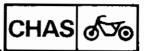
- 11. Remove:
 - Bolt (shock absorber top) (1)
 - Rear shock absorber ②

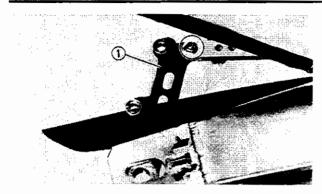
Swingarm

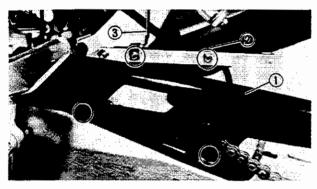
UWARNING:

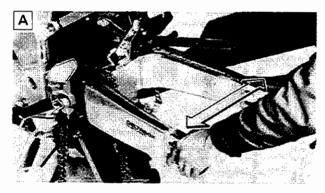
Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

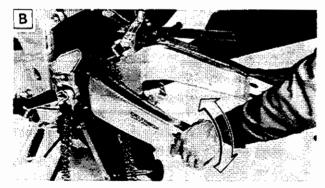
- 1. Elevate the rear wheel by placing a suitable stand under the engine.
- 2. Remove:
 - Rear shock absorber Refer to the "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER" section.
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR WHEEL" section.

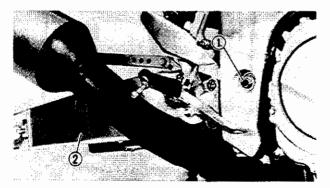












- 3. Remove:
 - Caliper bracket ① Refer to "FRONT AND REAR BRAKE – CALIPER DISASSEMBLY" section.

- 4. Remove:
 - Chain case ①
 - Brake hose holder
 2
 - Brake hose guide (3)

- 5. Check
 - Swingarm free play

Inspection steps:

• Check the tightening torque of the pivot shaft (swingarm) securing nut.

No. No.

Nut (swingarm-pivot shaft): 130 Nm (13 m · kg, 94 ft · lb)

 Check the swingarm side play A by moving it from side to side.

If side play noticeable, check the inner collar, bearing, washer and thrust cover.

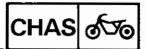


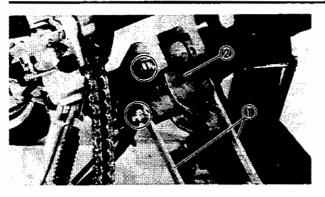
Side play (at end of swingarm): 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

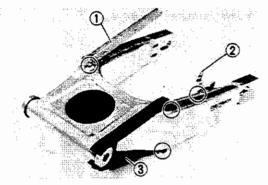
• Check the swingarm vertical movement B by moving it up and down.

If vertical movement is tight, binding or rough, check the inner collar, bearing, washer and thrust cover.

- 6. Remove:
 - Nut (pivot shaft) ①
 - Washer
 - Pivot shaft
 - Swingarm ②

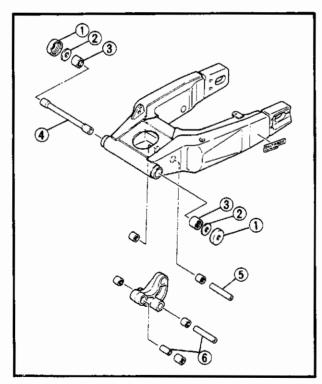


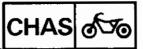


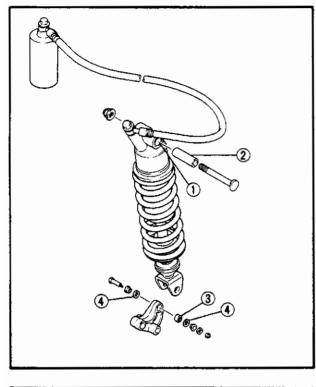


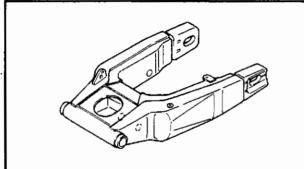
- 7. Remove:
 - $\bullet\, {\rm Compression}\, {\rm arms}$ (left and right) 1
 - Relay arm ②

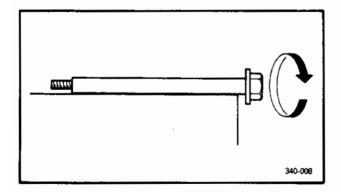
- 8. Remove:
 - Cotter pin
 - $\bullet \, {\rm Tension} \, \, {\rm bar} \, \, (1)$
 - Chain guide ②
 - Chain guide ③
- 9. Remove:
 - Thrust covers ①
 - Thrust washers ②
 - Bearings ③
 - Inner collar (swingarm) ④
 - Inner collar (compression arm) (5)
 - Collars (relay arm) 6

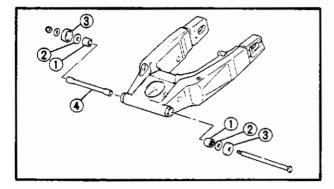












INSPECTION

Rear Shock Absorber

1. Inspect:

- Rear shock absorber
 Oil leaks/Damage → Replace.
- 2. Inspect:
 - Bushings ①
 - Inner collar ②
 - Bearing ③
 - Oil seals ④
 Wear/Damage → Replace.

Swingarm

Inspect:
 Swingarm
 Crack/Bents/Damage → Replace.

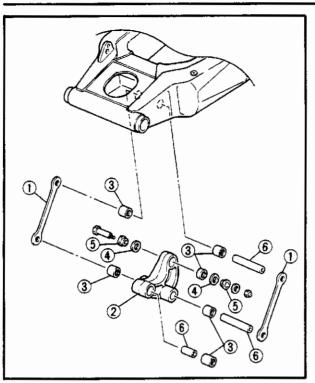
2. Inspect:

Pivot shaft ①
 Roll the axle on a flat surface.
 Bents → Replace.

MARNING:

Do not attempt to straighten a bent axle.

- 3. Wash the swingarm pivoting parts in a solvent.
- 4. Inspect:
 - Bearings (race/rollers) ① Pitting/Damage → Replace.
 - Thrust washers ②
 - Thrust covers ③
 Wear/Damage → Replace.
 - Inner collar ④
 Wear/Bents/Damage → Replace.



- 5. Inspect:
 - Compretion arm ① Bents/Damage \rightarrow Replace.

CHAS of To

- Relay arm ② Cracks/Damage → Replace.
- Bearings (3) Pitting/Damage \rightarrow Replace.
- Oil seals ④
- Dust covers (5)
- Inner collars (6)
- Damage → Replace.

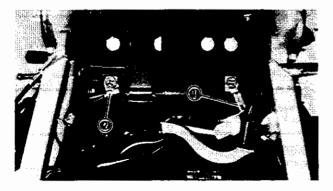
INSTALLATION

Rear Shock Absorber

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Bearings
 - Oil seals
 - Collars
 - Bushings

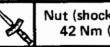




Lithium soap base grease

2. Install:

Rear shock absorber

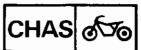


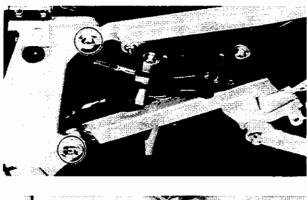
Nut (shock absorber - top): 42 Nm (4.2 m · kg, 30 ft · lb)

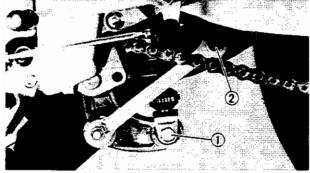
- 3. Connect:
 - Battery leads

∆CAUTION:

Connect the positive lead ① first, and then connect the negative lead 2 .







- 4. Tighten:
 - Bolts (rear frame lower/upper)

Bolt (rear frame – lower/upper): 55 Nm (5.5 m · kg, 40 ft · lb)

5. Tighten:

- Nut (rear shock absorber lower) ①
- Nut (compration arm swingarm) (2)

Nut (rear shock absorber – lower): 42 Nm (4.2 m · kg, 30 ft · lb) Nut (compration arm – swingarm): 70 Nm (7.0 m · kg, 50 ft · lb)

6. Adjust:

Rear shock absorber
 Refer to the "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER
 ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER
 3.

Swingarm

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Lubricate:
 - Bearings
 - Inner collars
 - Thrust washers
 - Pivot shaft



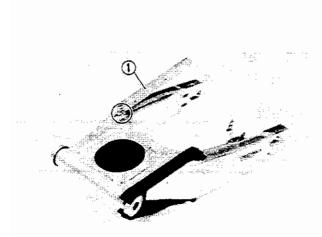
Lithium soap base grease

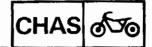
- 2. Install:
 - Tension bar ① (to swingarm)

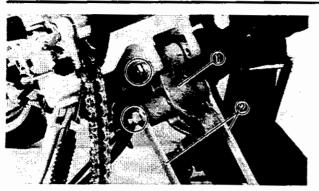
Nut (tension bar): 28 Nm (2.8 m · kg, 20 ft · lb)

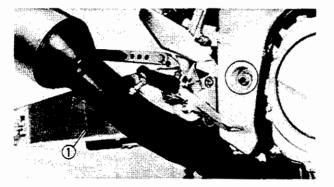
∆ WARNING:

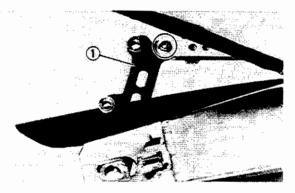
Always use a new cotter pin.

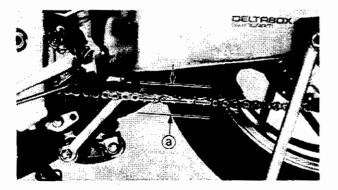












- 3. Tighten:
 - Nut (relay arm frame) ①
 - Nut (compration arm relay arm) ②

Nut (relay arm – frame): 45 Nm (4.5 m · kg, 32 ft · lb) Nut (compration arm – relay arm): 70 Nm (7.0 m · kg, 50 ft · lb)

4. Install:

• Swingarm ①

Nut (pivot shaft): 130 Nm (13.0 m · kg, 94 ft · lb)

5. Install:

- Caliper bracket ①
- Brake caliper (rear)



Nut (tensionbar – caliper bracket): 28 Nm (2.8 m·kg, 20 ft·lb) Brake caliper (rear): 35 Nm (3.5 m·kg, 25 ft·lb)

Refer to "FRONT AND REAR BRAKE" section.

- 6. Install:
 - Rear wheel
 - Refer to the "REAR WHEEL" section.
 - Rear shock absorber

Refer to the "Rear Shock Absorber" section.



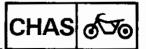
Nut (rear wheel axle): 150 Nm (15.0 m · kg, 108 ft · lb) Bolt (brake caliper): 35 Nm (3.5 m · kg, 25 ft · lb)

- 7. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack (a)

Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.

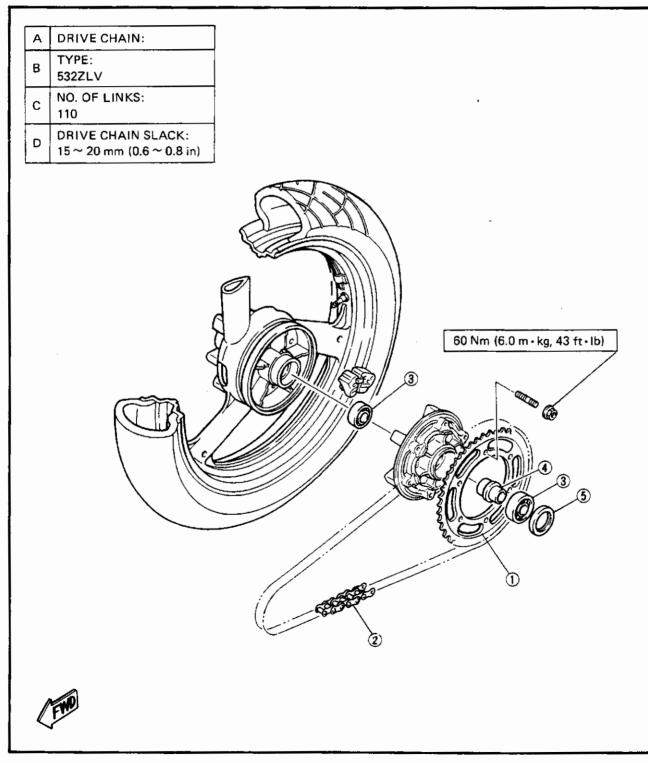


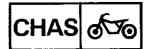
Drive chain slack: 15 ~ 20 mm (0.6 ~ 0.8 in)



DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS

- 1 Driven sprocket
- 2 Drive chain
- 3 Bearing
 4 Collar
 5 Oil seal





NOTE: _

Before removing the drive chain and sprockets, drive chain slack and 10-link length of drive chain should be measured.

REMOVAL

1. Place the motorcycle verticaly on a level place.

At. WARNING:

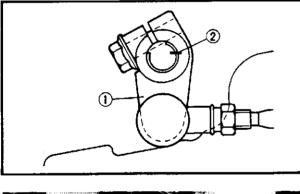
Securely support the motorcycle so there is no danger of it falling over.

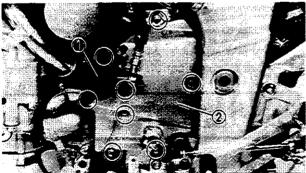
- 2. Remove:
 - Shift pedal link ①

NOTE: _

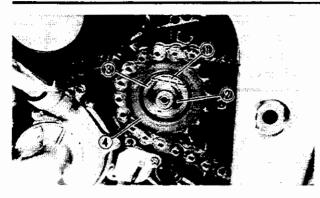
Put marks ② on the shift pedal link and shift shaft before removing out so that shift pedal link can be reinstalled in the original position.

- 3. Remove:
 - Clutch release cylinder ①
 - Dowel pins
 - Crankcase cover (left) 2
 - Dowel pins
 - Gasket
 - Spacer collar (shift shaft)
- 4. Loosen:
 - Drive chain Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.





DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS CHAS



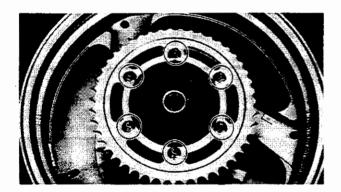
5. Straighten:

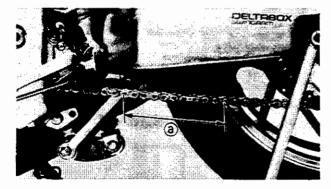
- Lock washer tab ①
- 6. Remove:
 - Nut (drive sprocket) 2
 - Lock washer ③
 - Drive sprocket ④

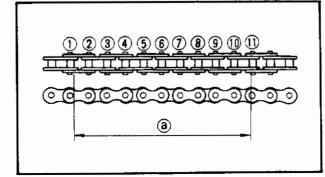
NOTE:

Loosen the nut (drive sprocket) while applying the rear brake.

- 7. Remove:
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR WHEEL" section.
 Swingarm
 - Drive chain Refer to the "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM" section.
- 8. Remove:
 - Driven sprocket







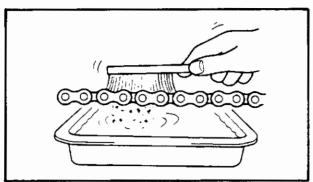
INSPECTION AND CLEANING

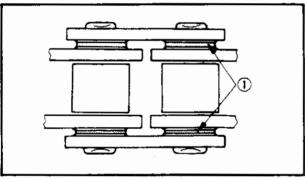
- 1. Measure:
 - 10-link length (a) (drive chain)
 Out of specification → Replace drive chain.

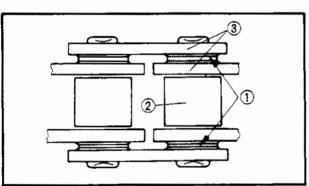
10-link length limit: 150.1 mm (5.91 in)

NOTE: ____

- For measurement make the chain tense by finger.
- 10-link length is a measurement between the insides of the ① and ① rollers as shown.
- Two or three different 10-link lengths should be measured.







- 2. Clean:
 - Drive chain

Place it in kerosene, and brush off as much dirt as possible. Then remove the chain from the kerosene and dry the chain.

CHAS 650

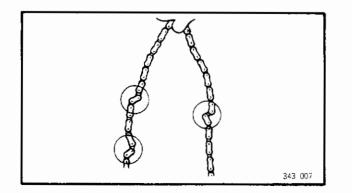
▲ CAUTION;

This motorcycle has a drive chain with small rubber o-rings ① between the chain plates. Steam cleaning, high-pressure washes, and certain solvent can damage these O-rings. Use only kerosene to clean the drive chain.

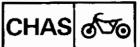
- 3. Inspect:
 - O-rings ① (Drive chain) Damage → Replace drive chain.
 - Rollers 2
 - Side plates ③
 Damage/Wear → Replace drive chain.
- 4. Lubricate:
 - Drive chain



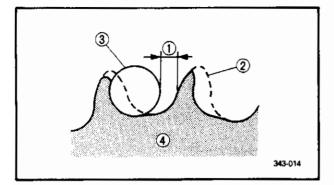
Drive chain lubricant: SAE 30 ~ 50 motor oil

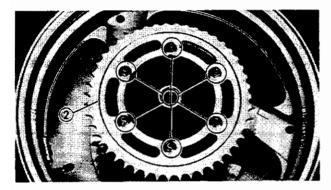


- 5. Inspect:
 - Drive chain stiffness
 Stiff → Clean and lubricate or replace.



DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS





- 6. Inspect:
 - Drive sprocket

Driven sprocket
 More than 1/4 teeth ① wear → Replace sprocket.

Bent teeth \rightarrow Replace sprocket.

2 Correct

③ Roller④ Sprocket

Driven sprocket replacement steps:

- Remove the self-locknuts ①, and driven sprocket ②.
- Clean the hub, especially on the surfaces in contact with the sprocket, using clean cloth.
- Install the new driven sprocket.

NOTE:

Tighten the self-locknuts in stage, using a crisscross pattern.



Self - locknut (driven sprocket): 60 Nm (6.0 m · kg, 43 ft · lb)

INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure.

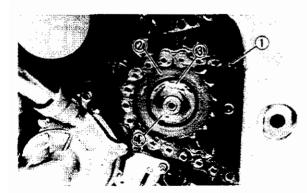
Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Drive chain
 - Swingarm
 - Refer to the "REAR SHOCK ABSORBER AND SWINGARM" section.
 - Rear wheel Refer to the "REAR WHEEL" section.

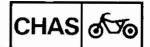
2. Install:

- Drive chain ①
- Drive sprocket ②
- Lock washer ③
- Nut (drive sprocket) 4

Nut (drive sprocket): 70 Nm (7.0 m · kg, 50 ft · lb)



DRIVE CHAIN AND SPROCKETS

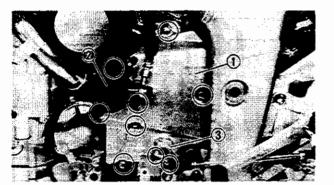


NOTE:

Tighten the nut (drive sprocket) while applying the rear brake.

1. WARNING:

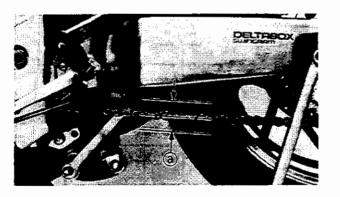
Always use a new lock washer.



- 3. Install:
 - Spacer collar (shift shaft)
 - Gasket
 - Dowel pins
 - Crankcase cover (left)
 ①
 - Dowel pins
 - Clutch release cylinder (2)
 - Change pedal link ③



Bolt (crank casecover - left): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Bolt (clutch release cylinder): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb) Bolt (change pedal link): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)



- 4. Adjust:
 - Drive chain slack

Refer to the "DRIVE CHAIN SLACK ADJUSTMENT" section in the CHAPTER 3.



Drive chain slack: $15 \sim 20 \text{ mm} (0.6 \sim 0.8 \text{ in})$

ACAUTION:

Too small chain slack will overload the engine and other vital parts; keep the slack within the specified limits.

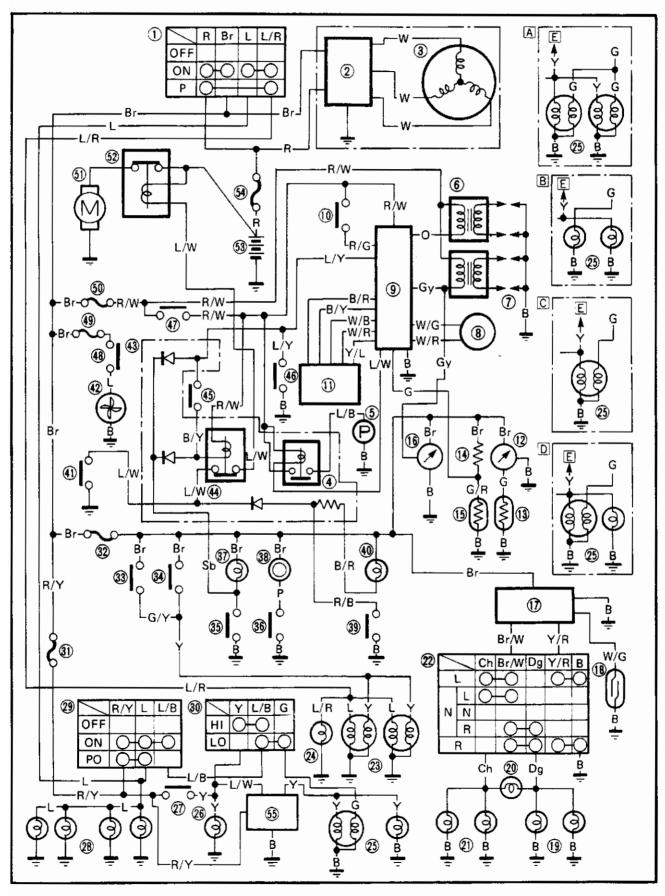
1. WARNING:

Always use a new cotter pin on the axle nut.



ELECTRICAL

FZR1000 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



FZR1000 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



(1) Main switch $\tilde{(2)}$ Rectifier/Regulator 3 AC generator $\check{\mathbf{4}}$ Fuel pump relay 5 Fuel pump 6 Ignition coil ⑦Spark plug (8) Pick up coil () Digital ignitor unit n Reserve switch EXUP servo motor DEngine temperature gauge (13) Thermo unit (1) Resistor (15) Fuel sender (6) Tachometer TIasher relay (18) Reed switch (1) Front flasher light (20) "TURN" indicator light (2) Rearflasher light 2 "TURN" switch 23 Tail/Brake light 24 Auxiliary light (25) Headlight 26 "HIGH BEAM" indicator light () "PASS" switch (28) Meter light 29 "LIGHTS" switch () "LIGHTS" (dimmer) switch

| (i) Fuse (headlight) |
|--|
| Fuse (signal) |
| 3 Front brake switch |
| 🙀 Rear brake switch |
| B Neutral switch |
| 🕉 "HORN" switch |
| 3 Neutral indicator light |
| 3 Horn |
| Oil level switch |
| "OIL LEVEL" indicator light |
| "START" switch |
| a Fan motor |
| (43) Relay unit |
| AStarting circuit cut-off relay |
| (45) Clutch switch |
| (46) Sidestand switch |
| TENGINE STOP" switch |
| (A) Thermo switch |
| (49) Fuse (fan) |
| (50) Fuse (ignition) |
| (51) Starter motor |
| 52 Starter relay |
| 53 Battery |
| (54) Fuse (main) |
| (5) Headlight relay (for D and F) |
| A for E, N, DK, GR, I and GB |
| B for B and S |
| C for CH |
| D for A, SF and NL |
| E from the "LIGHTS" (dimmer) switch ("Yellow |

E from the "LIGHTS" (dimmer) switch ("Yellow" lead)

COLOR CODE

| 8 | Black | Dg | Dark green | W/R | White/Red |
|----|-----------|-----|--------------|------|-------------|
| R | Red | Gy | Gray | W/B | White/Black |
| 0 | Orange | Br | Brown | W/G | White/Green |
| L | Blue | L/B | Blue/Black | Y/L | Yellow/Blue |
| Ρ | Pink | L/W | Blue/White | Y/R | Yellow/Red |
| Y | Yellow | L/Y | Blue/Yellow | Br/W | Brown/White |
| G | Green | L/R | Blue/Red | R/Y | Red/Yellow |
| w | White | B/Y | Black/Yellow | R/W | Red/White |
| Ch | Chocolate | B/R | Black/Red | R/G | Red/Green |

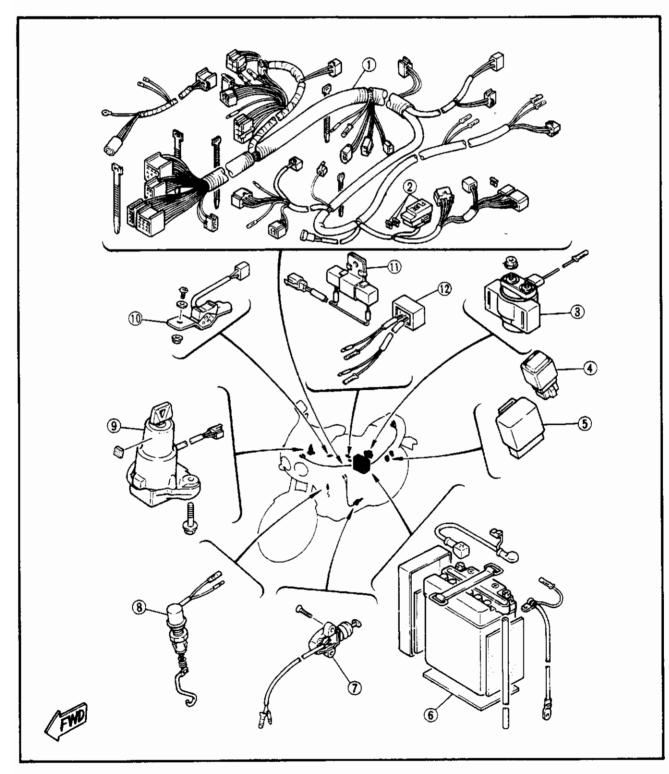


ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

- (1) Wireharness
- 2 Fuse
- 3 Startor relay
- 4 Fuse (main)
 5 Flasher relay
- 6 Battery
- (7) Sidestand switch
- 8 Rear brake switch

(9) Main switch (1) Reserve switch (1) Resistor

BATTERY: CAPACITY: 12V 14AH SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.280



ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

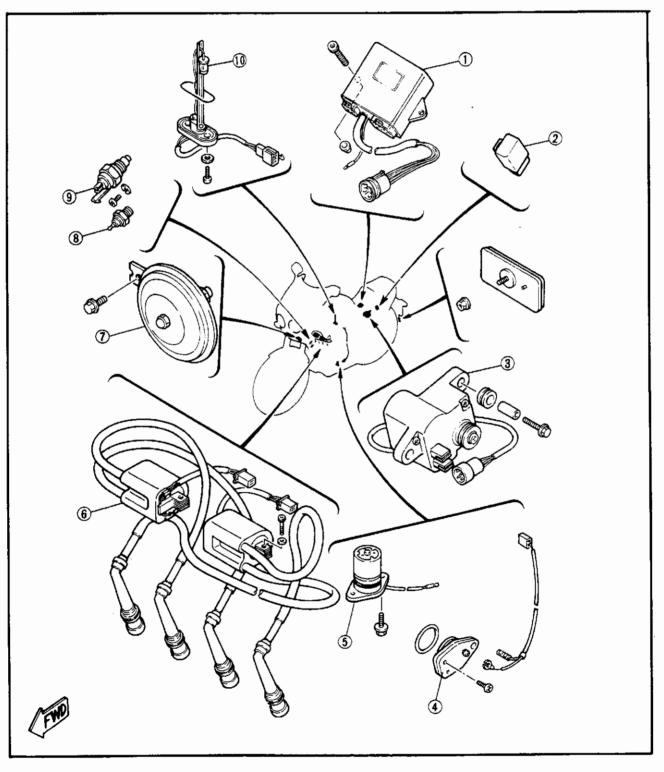


Digital ignitor unit
 Relay unit
 Exup servo motor
 Neutral switch
 Oil level switch
 Ignition coil
 Horn
 Thermo unit

Thermo switch
Fuel sender

INCAL COMPONENTS

| SPECIFICATIONS | RESISTANCE |
|--|--|
| IGNITION COIL: PRIMARY SECONDARY PICKUP COIL: | 1.8 ~ 2.2 Ω at 20°C (65°F) 9.6 ~ 14.4 k Ω at 20°C (68°F) 135 ~ 165 Ω at 20°C (68°F) |





CHECKING OF SWITCHES

Check the switches for the continuity between the terminals to determine correct connection.

Read the following for switch inspection.

SWITCH CONNECTION AS SHOWN IN MANUAL

The manual contains a connection chart as shown left showing the terminal connections of the switches (e.g., main switch, handlebar switch, brake switch, lighting switch, etc.)

The extreme left column indicates the switch positions and the top line indicates the colors of leads connected with the terminals in the switch component.

"O-O" indicates the terminals between which there is a continuity of electricity; i.e., a closed circuit at the respective switch positions.

In this chart:

"R and Br" and "L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

"B and B/W" and "R and L/R" are continuous with the "P" switch position.

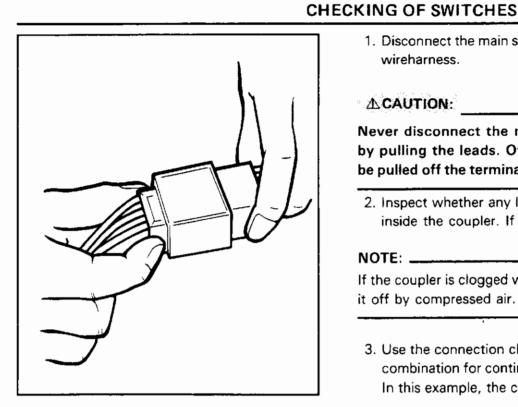
CHECKING SWITCH FOR TERMINAL CONNECTION

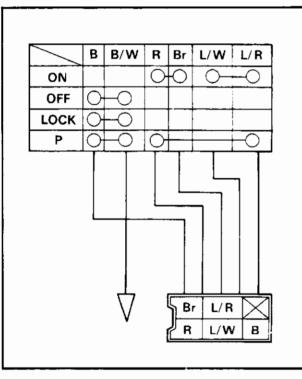
Before checking the switch, refer to the connection chart as shown above and check for the correct terminal connection (closed circuit) by the color combination.

To explain how to check the switch, the main switch is taken for example in the following.

| | В | B/W | R | Br | L/W | L/R |
|------|---|-----|---|----|-----|-----|
| ON | | | 0 | Ю | 0 | 9 |
| OFF | | -0 | | | | |
| LOCK | O | 0 | | | | |
| Р | O | -0 | 0 | | | -0 |







1. Disconnect the main switch coupler from the wireharness.

∆CAUTION:

Never disconnect the main switch coupler by pulling the leads. Otherwise, leads may be pulled off the terminals inside the coupler.

2. Inspect whether any lead is off the terminal inside the coupler. If it is, repair it.

NOTE: _

If the coupler is clogged with mud or dust, blow it off by compressed air.

3. Use the connection chart to check the color combination for continuity (a closed circuit). In this example, the continuity is as follows.

"R and Br" and "L/W and L/R" are continuous with the "ON" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "OFF" switch position.

"B and B/W" is continuous with the "LOCK" switch position.

"B and B/W" and "R and L/R" are continuous with the "P" switch position.

Please note that there is no continuity (an open circuit) at all for the color combinations other than the above.

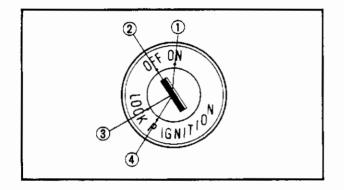
4. Check the switch component for the continuity between "R and Br".

Checking steps:

- •Turn the switch key to the "ON", "OFF", "LOCK", and "P" several times.
- •Set the pocket tester selector to the " $\Omega \times 1$ ".
- •Connect the tester (+) lead to the "R" lead terminal in the coupler and the (-) lead to the "Br" lead terminal.

CHECKING OF SWITCHES





NOTE: _

Use thin probes for checking the continuity. Otherwise, the probes may contact other terminals inside the coupler.

Check the continuity between "R" and "Br" at the respective switch positions of "ON" ①, "OFF" ②, "LOCK" ③, and "P" ④. There must be continuity (the tester indicating "0") at the "ON" switch position, and there must be no continuity (the tester indicating "∞") at "OFF", "LOCK", or "P". There is something wrong between "R" and "Br" if there is no continuity at the "ON" position or if there is some continuity either at the "OFF" or "LOCK" or "P".

NOTE: ____

Check the switch for continuity several times.

- Next go on to checking of the continuity between "B and B/W", "L/W and L/R", and "R and L/R" at the respective switch positions, as in the same manner mentioned above.
- 6. If there is something wrong with any one of the combinations, replace the switch component.

CHECKING OF BULBS (FOR HEADLIGHT, TAIL/BRAKE LIGHT, FLASHER LIGHT, METER LIGHT, ETC.)

Check the bulb terminal continuity for the condition of the bulb.

KINDS OF BULBS

CHECKING OF BULBS

The bulbs used in the motorcycle are classified as shown left by the shape of the bulb socket.

(A) and (B) are mainly used for the headlight.

C is mainly used for the flasher light and tail/brake light.

D and E are mainly used for the meter light and other indicator lights.

CHECKING BULB CONDITION

1. Remove the bulb.

NOTE: _

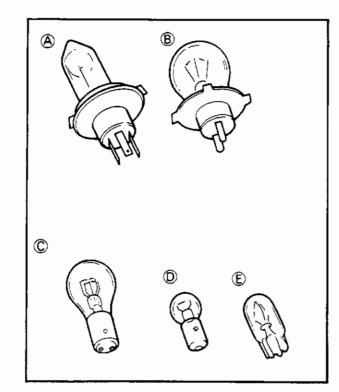
- •Bulbs of the (A) and (B) type uses a bulb holder. Remove the bulb holder before removing the bulb itself. Most of the bulb holders for this type can be removed by turning them counterclockwise.
- •Most of the bulbs of (C) and (D) type can be removed from the bulb sockets by pushing and turning them counterclockwise.
- •Bulbs of the (E) type can be removed from the bulb sockets by simply pulling them out.

∆ CAUTION:

Be sure to hold the socket firmly when removing the bulb. Never pull the lead. Otherwise, the lead may be pulled off the terminal in the coupler.

A WARNING:

Keep flammable products or your hands away from the headlight bulb while it is on. It will be hot. Do not touch the bulb until it cools down.



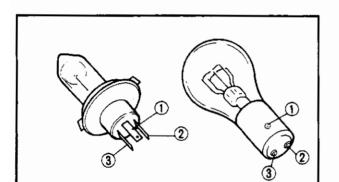




2. Check the bulb terminals for continuity.

Checking steps:

- Set the pocket tester selector to the " $\Omega \times 1$ ".
- Connect the tester leads to the respective bulb terminals. Take for example a 3-terminal bulb as shown left. First check the continuity between the ① and ② terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead to the ① terminal and the tester (-) lead to the ② terminal. Then check the continuity between the ① and ③ terminals by connecting the tester (+) lead still to the ① terminal and the tester (-) lead to the tester (-) lead to the ① and ③ terminals by connecting the tester (-) lead to the ③ terminal. If the tester shows "∞" in either case, replace the bulb.
- Check the bulb socket by installing a proven bulb to it. As in the checking of bulbs, connect the pocket tester leads to the respective leads of the socket and check for continuity in the same manner as mentioned above.

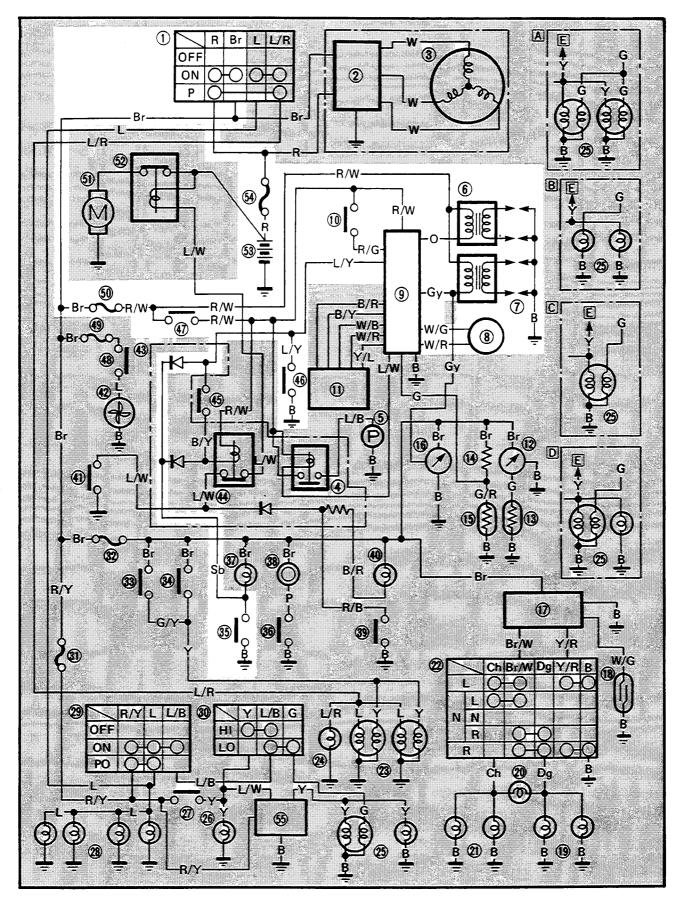




CHECKING OF BULBS

IGNITION SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



IGNITION SYSTEM

+

F



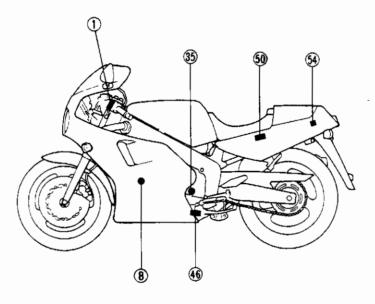
Aforamentioned circuit diagram shows the ignition circuit in the circuit diagram.

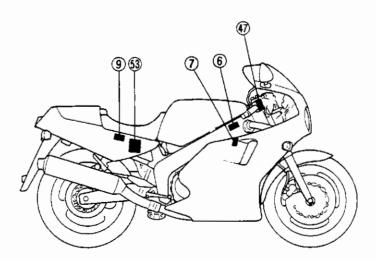
NOTE: _

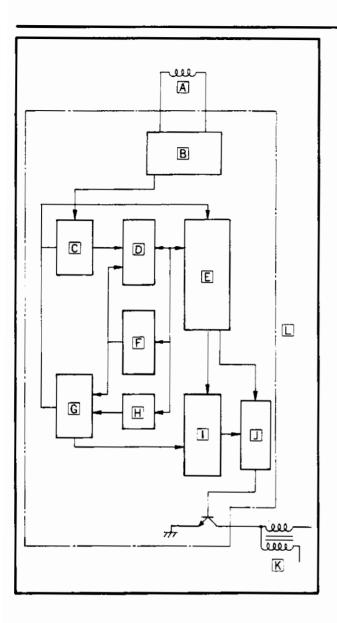
For the color codes, see page 8-2.

| ①Main switch | |
|-----------------|--|
| 6 Ignition coil | |
| ⑦Spark plug | |
| Pick up coil | |

-) Digital ignitor unit
- 35 Neutral switch
- (46) Sidestand switch
- TENGINE STOP" switch
- (5) Fuse (ignition)
- 53 Battery
- 54 Fuse (main)







IGNITION SYSTEM



DIGITAL IGNITION CONTRL SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

The electronic ignition that sparks the engine is computer controlled and operated by the digital microprocessor. It has a pre-programed ignition advance curve.

This programed advance curve closely matches the spark timing to the engine's ignition requirements. Only one pickup coil is needed to meet the requirements of the digital ignitor unit.

The digital ignitor also includes the control unit for the electric fuel pump.

- A Pickup coil
- B Wave-shape shaping circuit
- C Edge detection circuit -
- D Latch circuit
- E Microprocessor
- F Free-running counter
- G Comparison circuit
- H Register
- 📘 Flip-flop circuit
- Driving circuit
- K Ignition coil
- L Digital ignitor unit

OPERATION

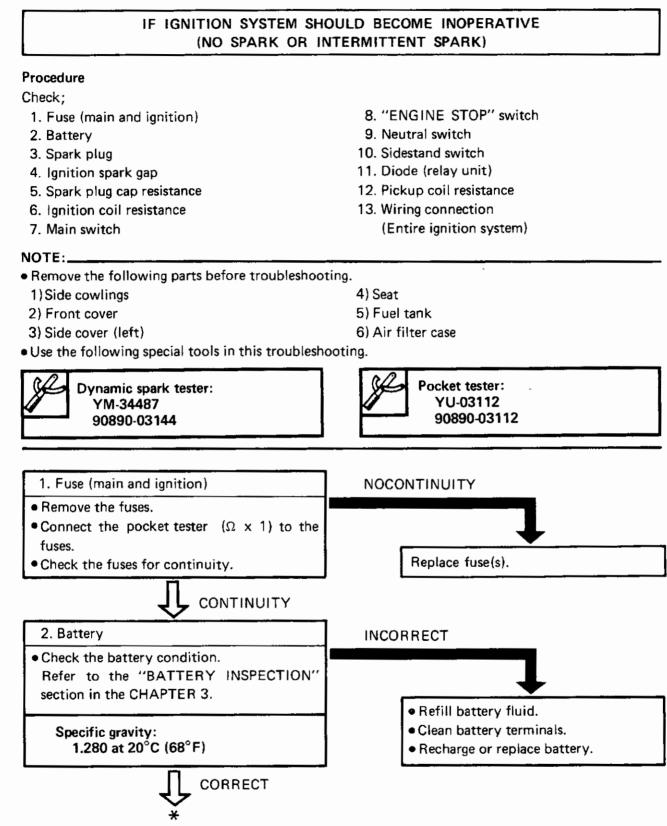
The following operations are digitally-performed by signal from the pickup coil signal:

- 1. Determing proper ignition timing.
- 2. Sensing the engine revolution speed.
- 3. Determing timing for switching on ignition coil (duty control).
- 4. Increasing ignition coil primary current for starting the engine.
- 5. Sensing engine stall.
- 6. Preventing over-revolution of the engine.

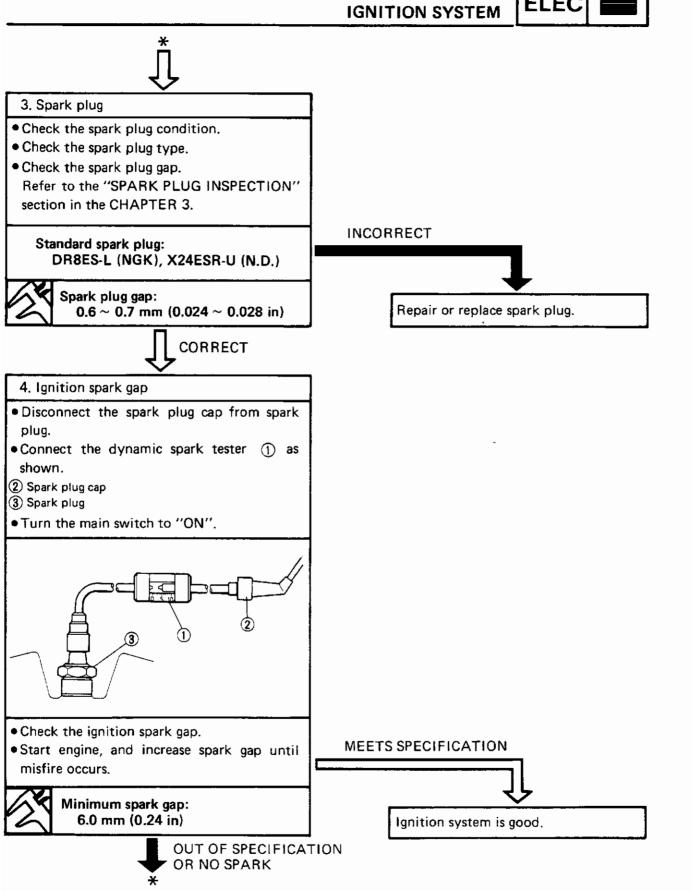
IGNITION SYSTEM

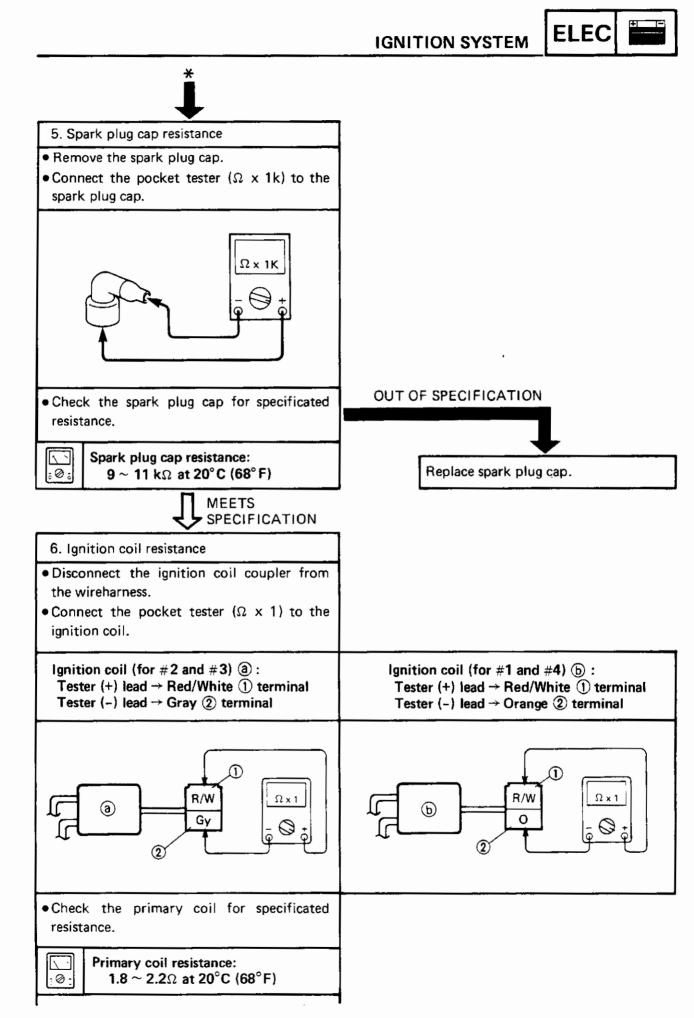


TROUBLESHOOTING

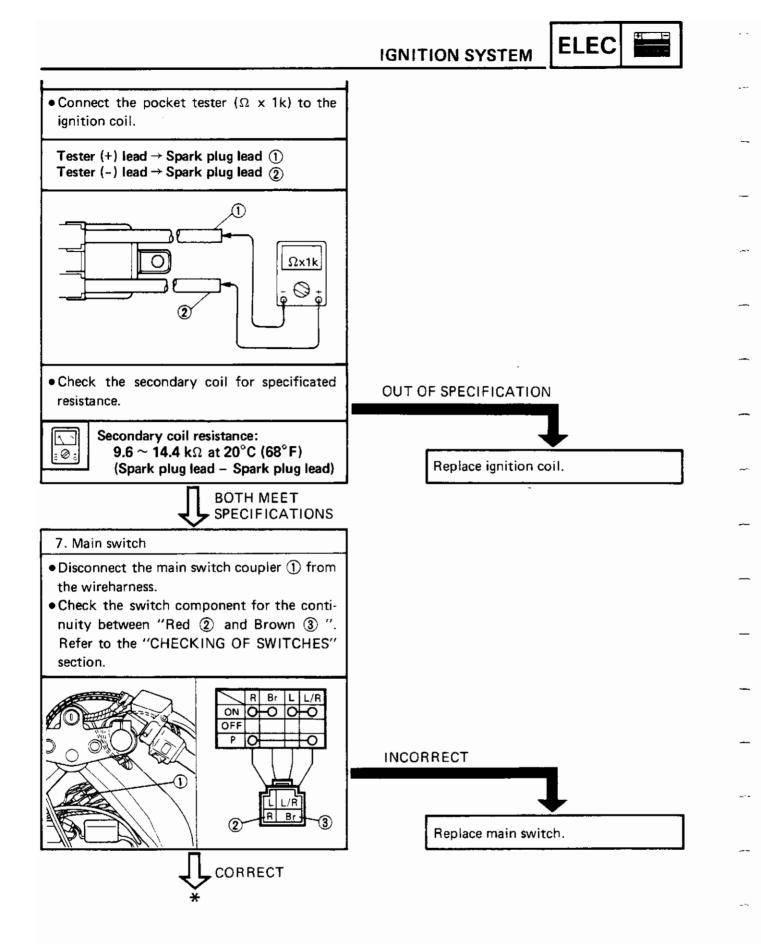






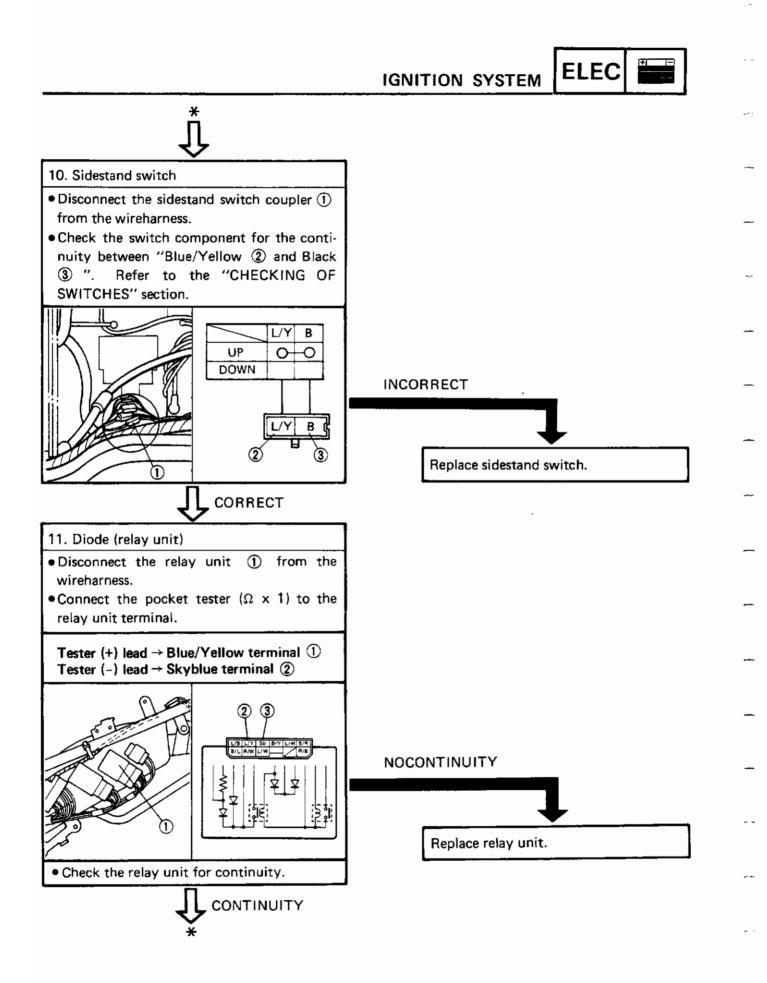


8-16



8-17

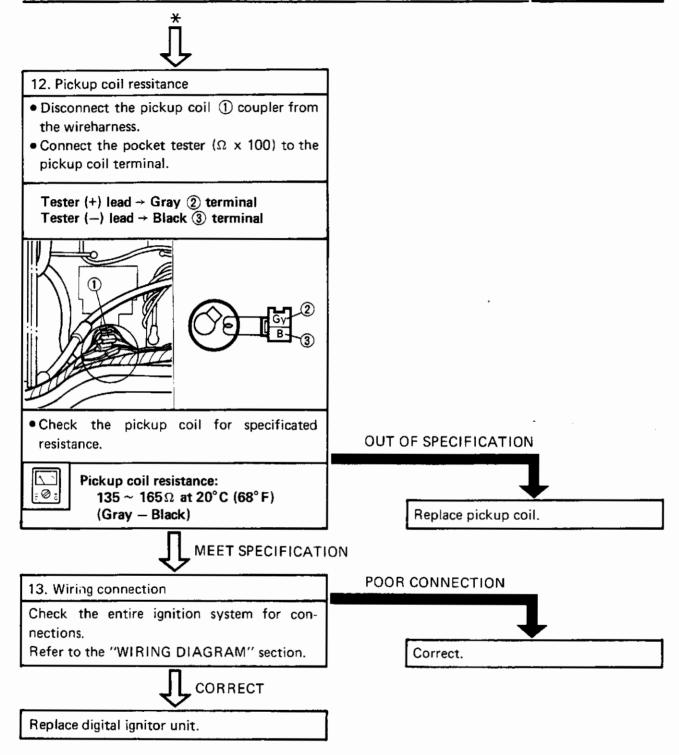
ELEC **IGNITION SYSTEM** × 8. "ENGINE STOP" switch • Disconnect the handlebar switch (right) coupler from (1) the wireharness. · Check the switch component for the continuity between "Red/White 2 and Red/-White ③ ". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. R/W R/W OFF ON 0-10 INCORRECT T (2) R/Y L/W R/W L B R/W Replace handlebar switch (right). CORRECT 9. Neutral switch • Disconnect the neutral switch coupler ① from the wireharness. · Check the switch component for the continuity between "Sky blue (2) and ground". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. Sb Neutral In gear INCORRECT B/F Sb Replace neutral switch. 2 CORRECT



8-19

IGNITION SYSTEM

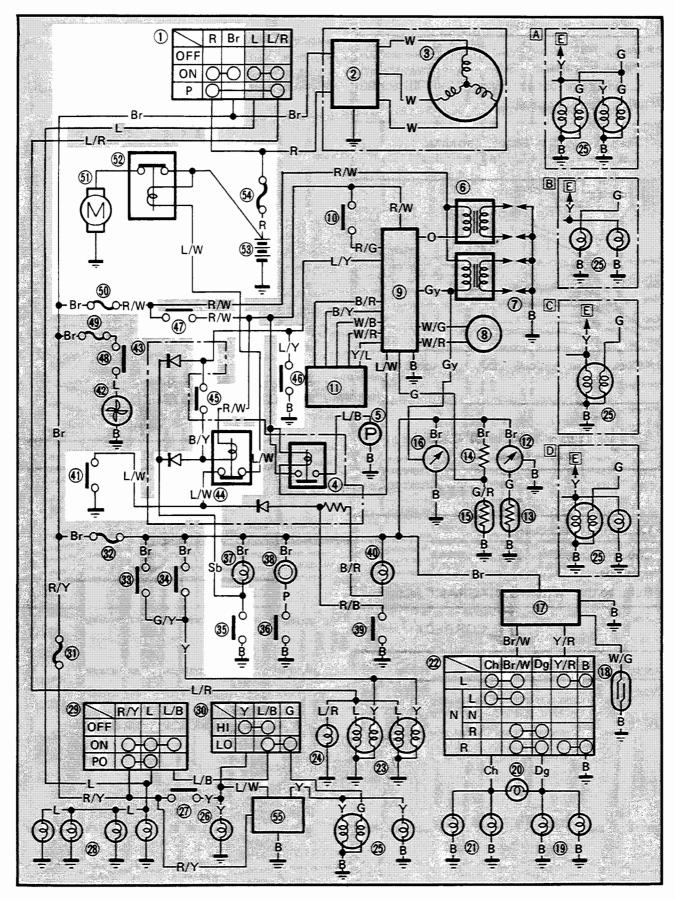




8-20



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



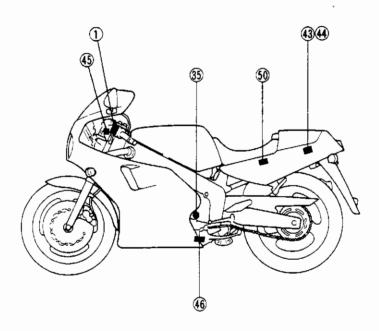


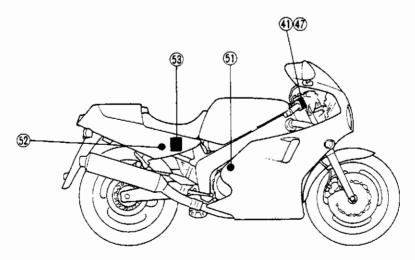
Aformentioned circuit diagram shows electrical starting circuit in circuit diagram.

NOTE: _

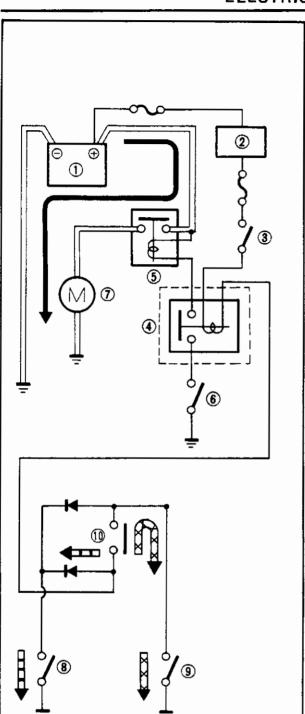
For the color codes, see page 8-2.

- Main switch
 Neutral switch
 "START" switch
 Relay unit
- Starting circuit cut-off relay
- Clutch switch
- (46) Sidestand switch (47) "ENGINE STOP" switch
- (5) Starter motor
- 52 Starter relay
- (53) Battery
- 54 Fuse (main)









STARTING CIRCUIT OPERATION

The starting circuit on this model consist of the starter motor, starter relay, and the relay unit (starting circuit cut-off relay). If the "ENGINE STOP" switch and the main switch are both closed, the starter motor can operate only if:

The transmission is in neutral (the neutral switch is closed).

or if

The clutch lever is pulled to the handlebar (the clutch switch is closed) and the sidestand is up (the sidestand switch is closed.)

The starting circuit cut-off relay prevents the starter from operating when neither of these conditions has been met. In this instance, the starting circuit cut-off relay is open so current cannot reach the starter motor.

When one of both of the above conditions have been met, however, the starting circuit cut-off relay is closed, and the engine can be started by pressing the starter switch.

> WHEN THE TRANSMISSION IS IN NEUTRAL

XXX WHEN THE SIDESTAND IS UP AND THE CLUTCH LEVER IS PULLED IN

(1) Battery (2) Main switch (3) "ENGINE STOP" switch (4) Starting circuit cut-off relay 5 "START" switch 6 Starter relay (7) Starter motor (8) Neutral switch 9 Sidestand switch (1) Clutch switch

TROUBLESHOOTING

STARTER MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE.

Procedure

Check;

- 1. Fuse (main and ignition)
- 2. Battery
- 3. Starter motor
- 4. Starter relay
- 5. Starting circuit cut-off relay
- 6. Main switch
- 7. "ENGINE STOP" switch

NOTE:_

Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.

- 1) Seat
- 2) Side cowlings
- 3) Front cover
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.

Pocket tester: YU-03112 90890-03112

- 8. Neutral switch
 9. Sidestand switch
- 10. Clutch switch
- 11. "START" switch
- 12. Wiring connection (Entire electric starting system)

ELEC

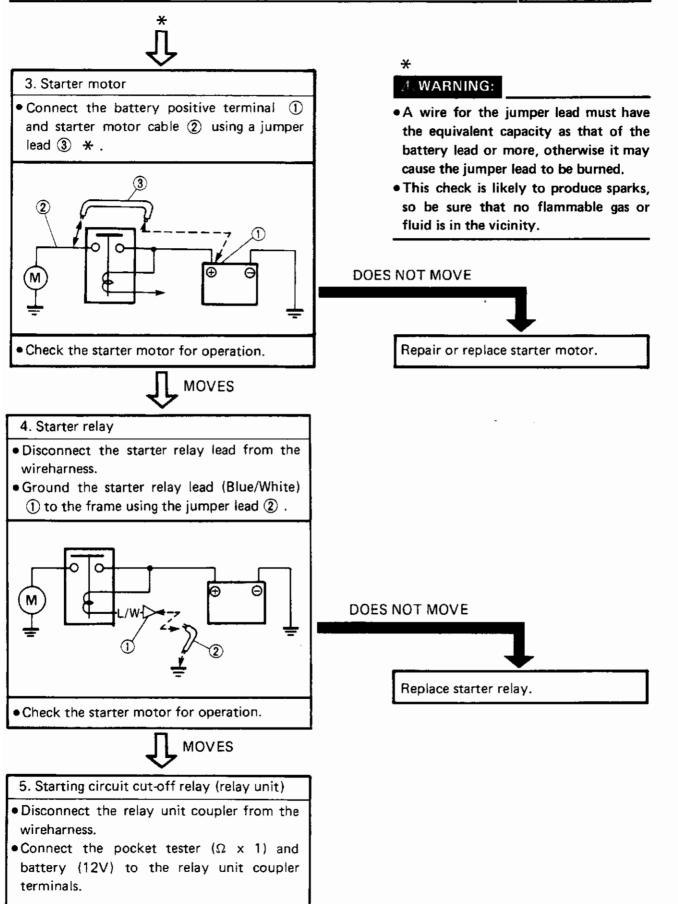
4) Side cover (left) 5) Fuel tank

- 6) Air filter case

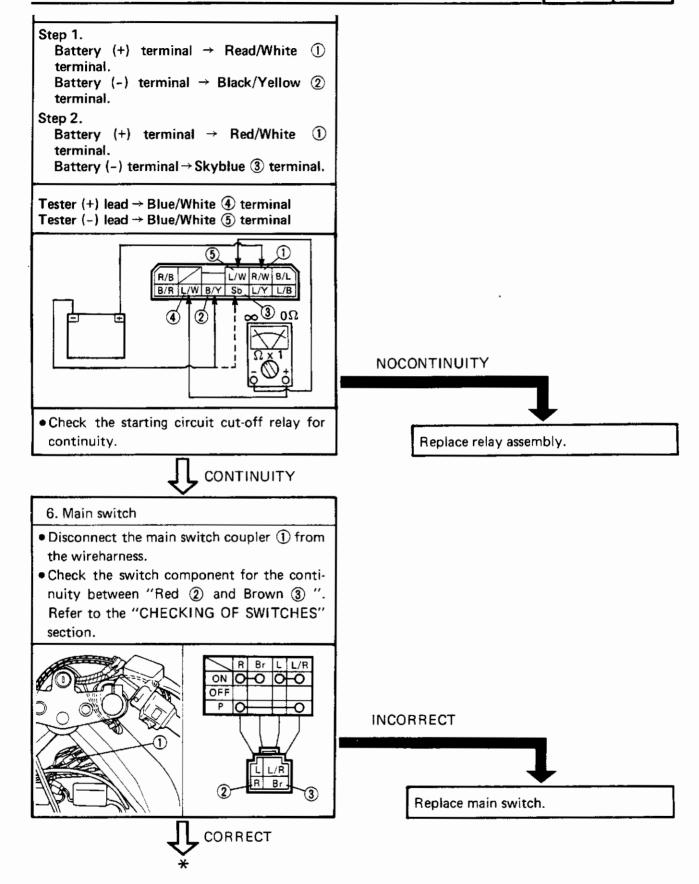
NOCONTINUITY 1. Fuse (main and ignition) • Remove the fuses. • Connect the pocket tester $(\Omega \times 1)$ to the fuses. Replace fuse(s). Check the fuses for continuity. CONTINUITY 2. Battery INCORRECT Check the battery condition. Refer to the "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3. Refill battery fluid. Clean battery terminals. Specific gravity: 1.280 at 20°C (68°F) Recharge or replace battery. CORRECT

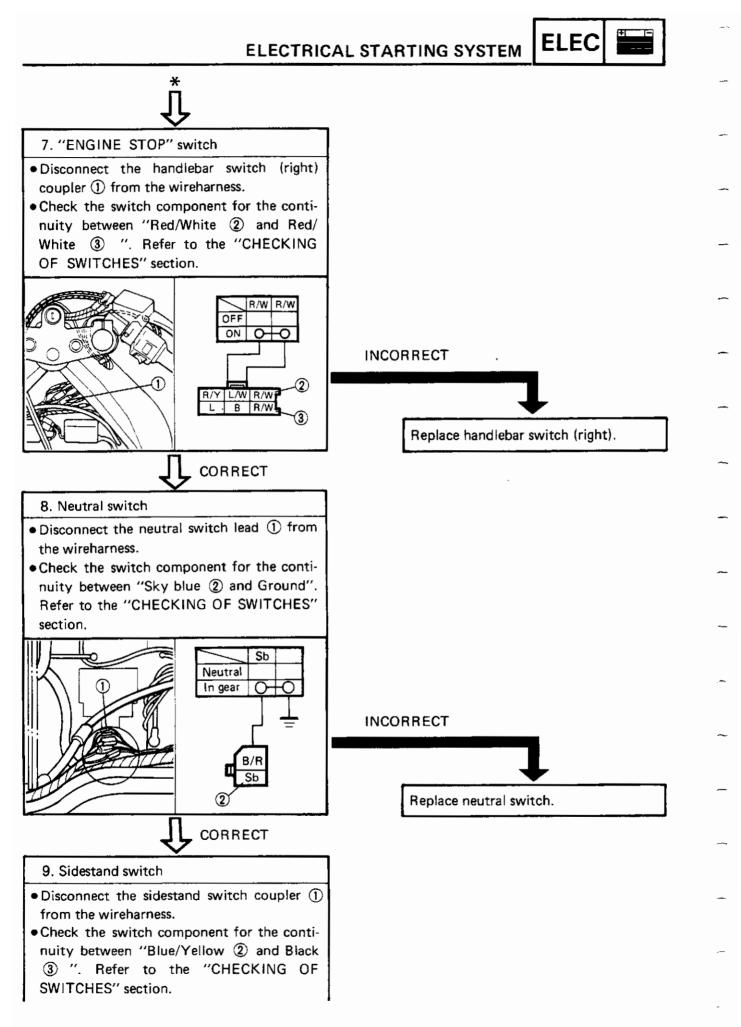




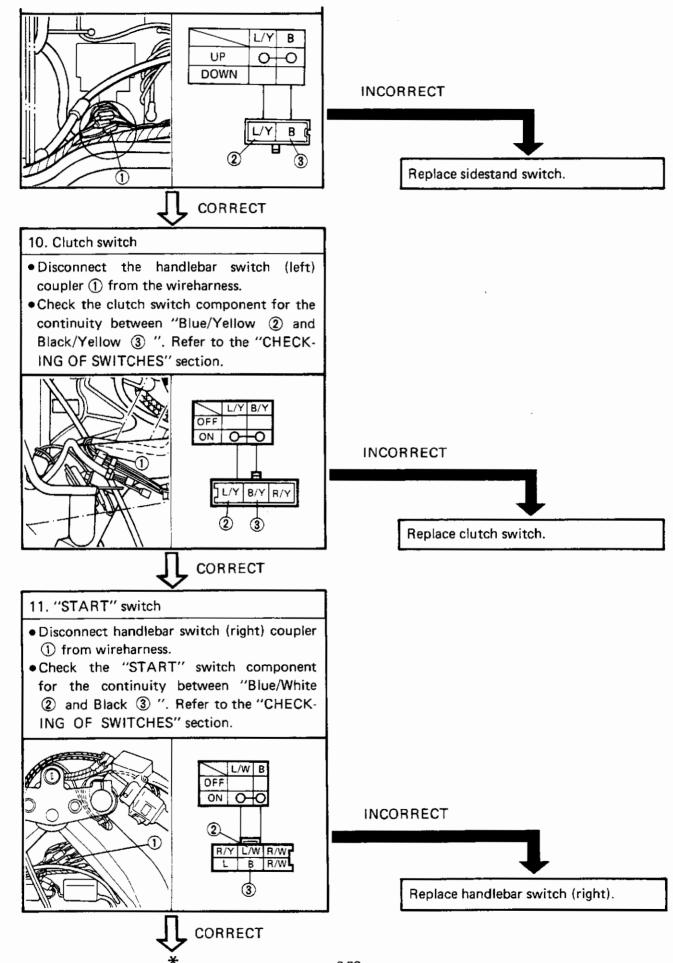




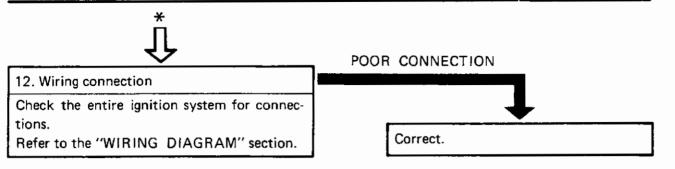








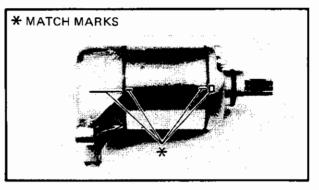


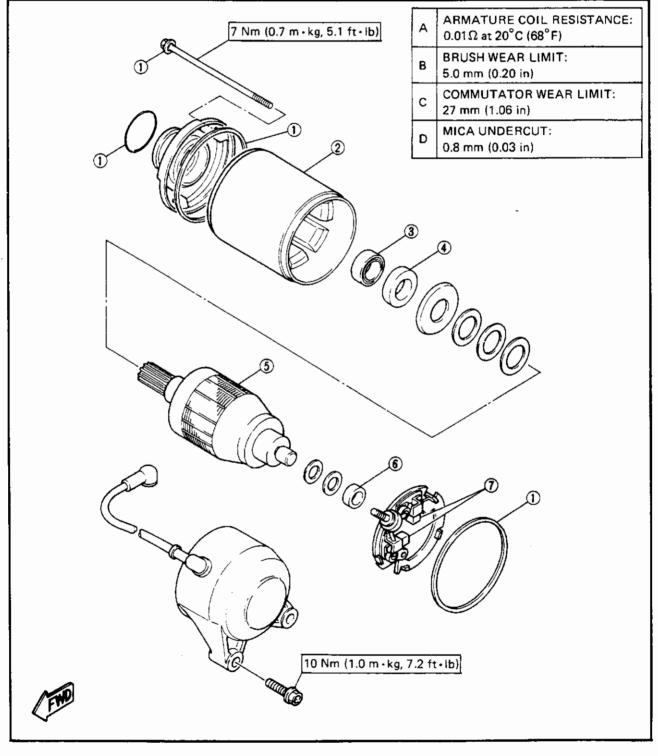






- O-ring
 Yoke
 Bearing
 Oil seal
- Armature
- (5) Armature (6) Bush
- 7 Brush



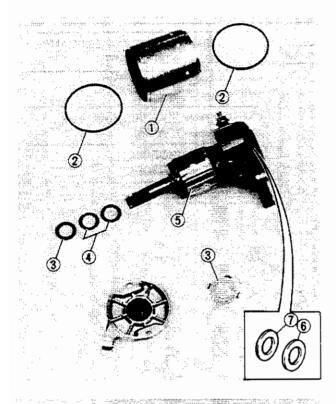




Removal

1. Remove:

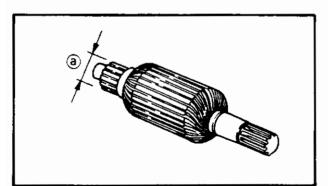
• Starter motor Refer to the "ENGINE OVERHAUL --ENGINE REMOVAL" section in the CHAPTER 4.



Disassembly

- 1. Remove:
 - Yoke assembly ①
 - O-rings (2)
 - Washers ③
 - Shim(s) ④
 - Armature (5)
 - Washer 🔞
 - Shims ⑦

2. Remove: • Brush set ①



Inspection and Repair

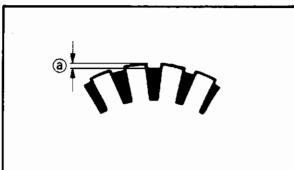
- 1. Inspect:
 - Commutator
 Dirty → Clean it with #600 grit sandpaper.
- 2. Measure:
 - Commutator diameter (a)
 Out of specification → Replace starter motor.



Commutator wear limit ③: 27 mm (1.06 in) -

_





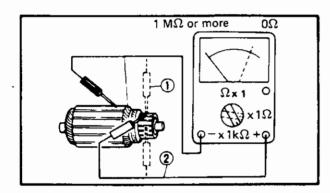
- 3. Measure:
 - Mica undercut (a)

Out of specification \rightarrow Scrape the mica to proper value use a hacksaw blade can be ground to fit.

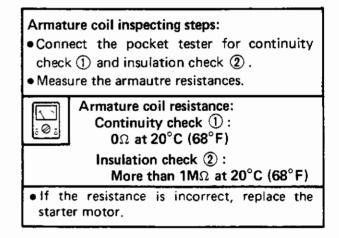
Mica undercut (a) : 0.8 mm (0.03 in)

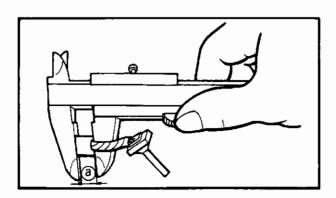
NOTE: _

The mica insulation of the commutator must be undercut to ensure proper operation of commutator.



- 4. Inspect:
 - Armature coil (insulation/continuity)
 Defects(s) → Replace starter motor.



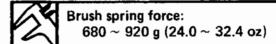


- 5. Measure:
 - Brush length (a)
 Out of specification → Replace.

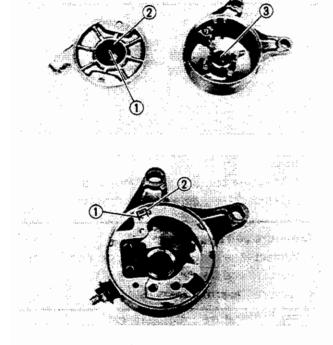
Brush length limit: 5.0 mm (0.20 in)

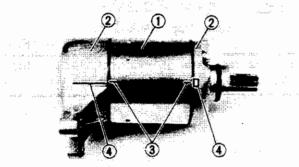


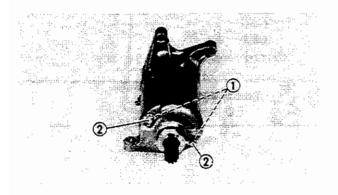
- 6. Measure:
 - Brush spring force Fatigue/Out of specification → Replace as a set.



- 7. Inspect:
 - Bearing (1)
 - Oil seal ②
 - O-rings
 - Bushe ③







Assembly

Reverse the "Removal" procedure. Note the following points.

- 1. Install:
 - Brush seat

NOTE:

Align the projection (1) on the brush seat with the slot (2) on the housing.

- 2. Install:
 - Yoke ①
 - Housing cover ②

NOTE:___

Align the match marks (3) on the yoke with the match marks on the housings (4).

- 3. Install:
 - O-rings ①
 - Bolts 2

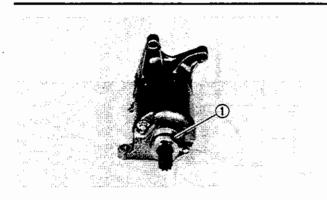
t. WARNING:

Always use new O-rings.

X

Bolt (yoke assembly): 7 Nm (0.7 m·kg, 5.1 ft·lb)





Installation

- 1. Install:
 - Starter motor

NOTE:

Apply a lightly grease to the o-ring ①.



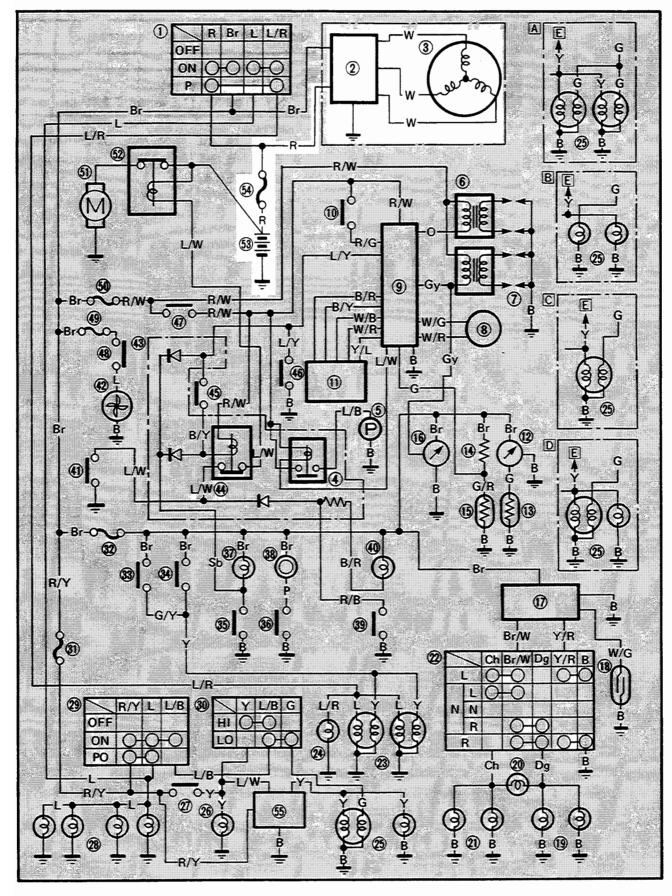
Bolt (starter motor): 10 Nm (1.0 m · kg, 7.2 ft · lb)

Refer to the "ENGINE OVERHAUL – ENGINE INSTALLATION" section in the CHAPTER 4.





CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



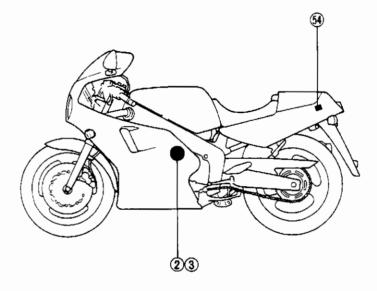


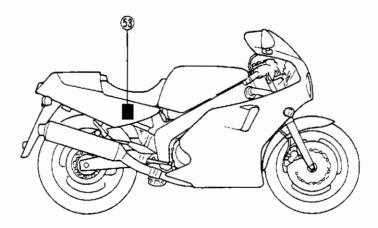
Aforementioned circuit diagram show the charging circuit in the circuit diagram.

NOTE:

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

2 Rectifier/Regulator
3 AC generator
3 Battery
4 Fuse (main)







TROUBLESHOOTING

THE BATTERY IS NOT CHARGED.

Procedure

Check;

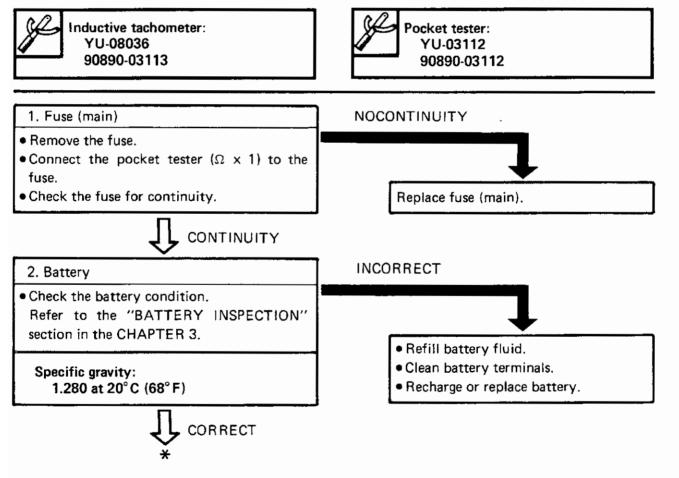
- 1. Fuse (main)
- 2. Battery
- 3. Charging voltage
- 4. Stator coil resistance

- 5. Brush inspection
- 6. Field coil (rotor) resistance
- 7. Wiring connection (Entire charging system)

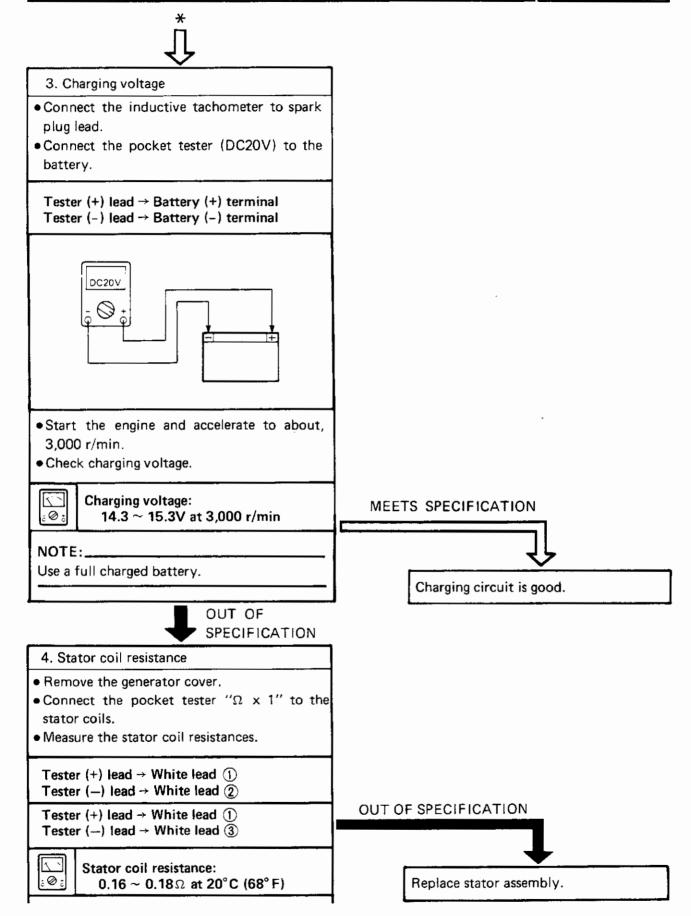
NOTE:

- Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.
- 1) Side cowlings
- 2) Front cover

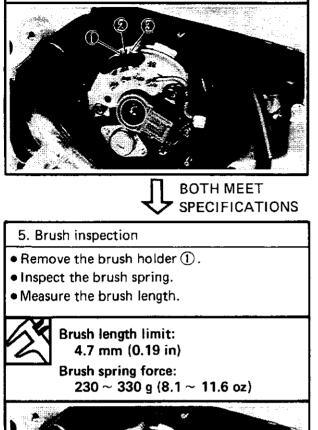
- 3) Seat
- 4) Fuel tank
- Use the following special tool(s) in this troubleshooting.

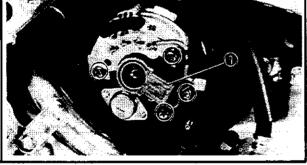












BOTH MEET SPECIFICATIONS

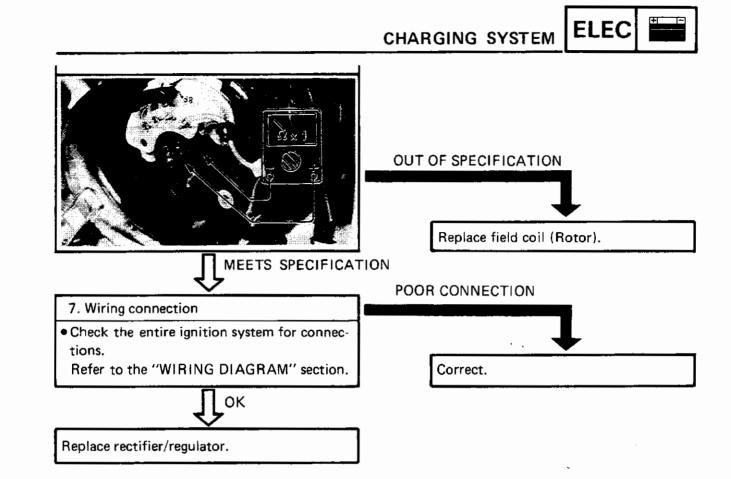
6. Field coil (rotor) resistance
Connect the pocket tester "Ω x 1" to the rotor.
Measure the resistance.

Field coil (rotor) resistance: $3.8 \sim 4.2 \Omega$ at 20° C (68°F)

لندا :@:

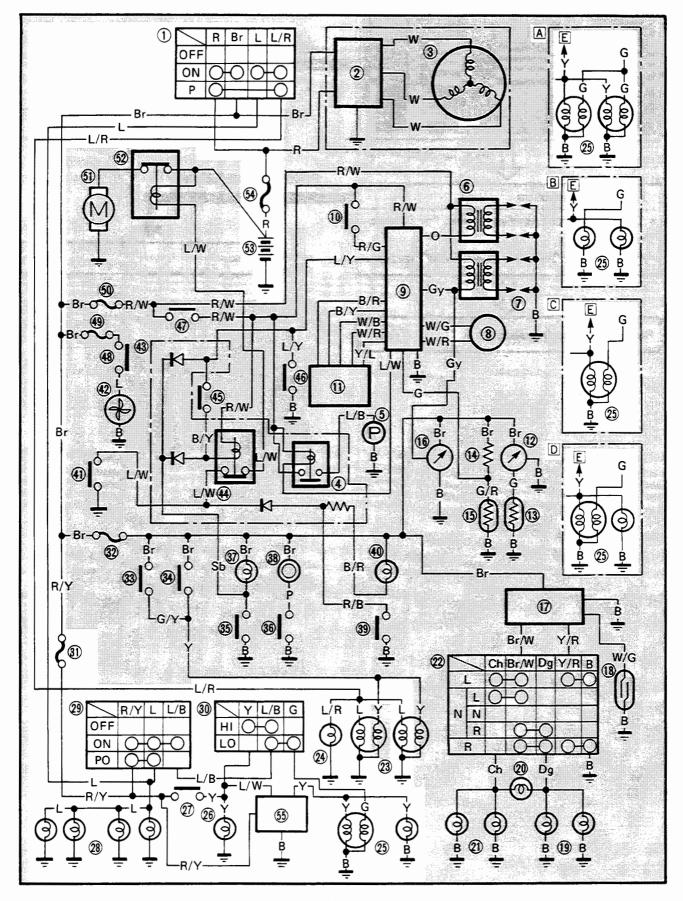
OUT OF SPECIFICATION

Replace brush and/or spring.



LIGHTING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



+

ELEC

LIGHTING SYSTEM

LIGHTING SYSTEM



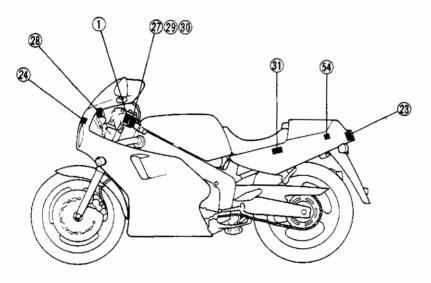
Aforementioned circuit is lighting circuit in circuit diagram.

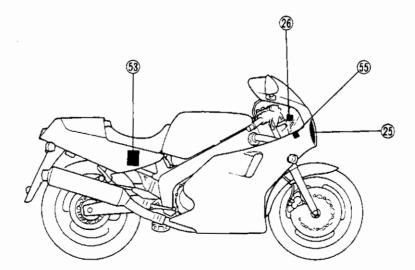
NOTE:_

For color codes, see page 8-2.

(1) Main switch

- (23) Tail/brake light
- (2) Auxiliary light
- 25 Headlight
- (1) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light
- m "PASS" switch
- 🗿 Meter light
- 29 "LIGHTS" switch
- (i) "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch
- (i) Fuse (headlight)
- 53 Battery
- 🖗 Fuse (main)
- (5) Headlight relay (for D and F)





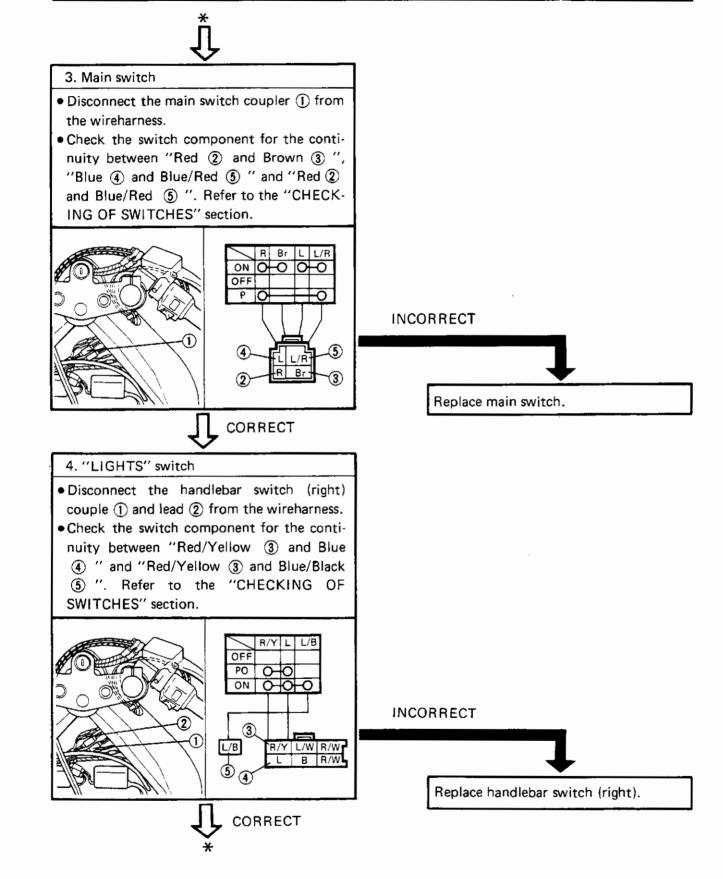


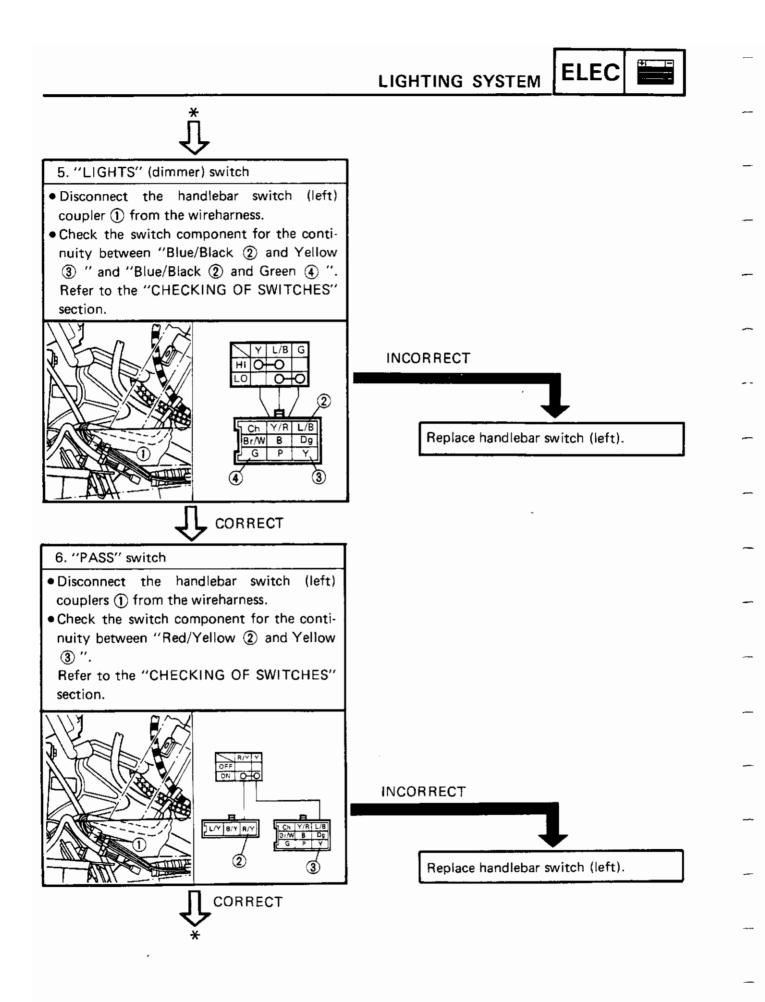


TROUBLESHOOTING MEADLIGHT "HIGH BEAM" INDICATOR LIGHT, TAILLIGHT, AUXILIARY LIGHT AND/OR METER LIGHT DO NOT COME ON. Procedure Check: 1. Fuse (main and head) 2. Battery 3. Main switch 4. "LIGHTS" switch 5. "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch 6. "PASS" switch 7. Wiring connection (Entire lighting system) NOTE:_ • Remove the following parts before troubleshooting. 1) Side cowlings 4) Seat 2) Front cowling 5) Fuel tank 6) Air filter case 3) Side cover (left) • Use the following special tool(s) in this troubleshooting. Pocket tester: YU-03112 90890-03112 1. Fuse (main and head) Remove the fuses. NOCONTINUITY • Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the fuses. Check the fuses for continuity. Refer to the "FUSE INSPECTION" in the CHAPTER 3. Replace fuse(s). CONTINUITY 2. Battery INCORRECT • Check the battery condition. Refer to the "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3. • Refill battery fluid. Specific gravity: • Clean battery terminals. 1.280 at 20°C (68°F) Recharge or replace battery. CORRECT

LIGHTING SYSTEM



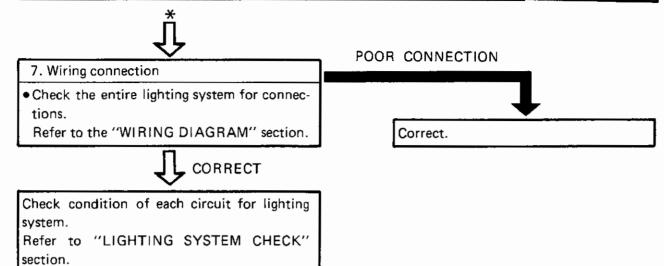




8-45

LIGHTING SYSTEM



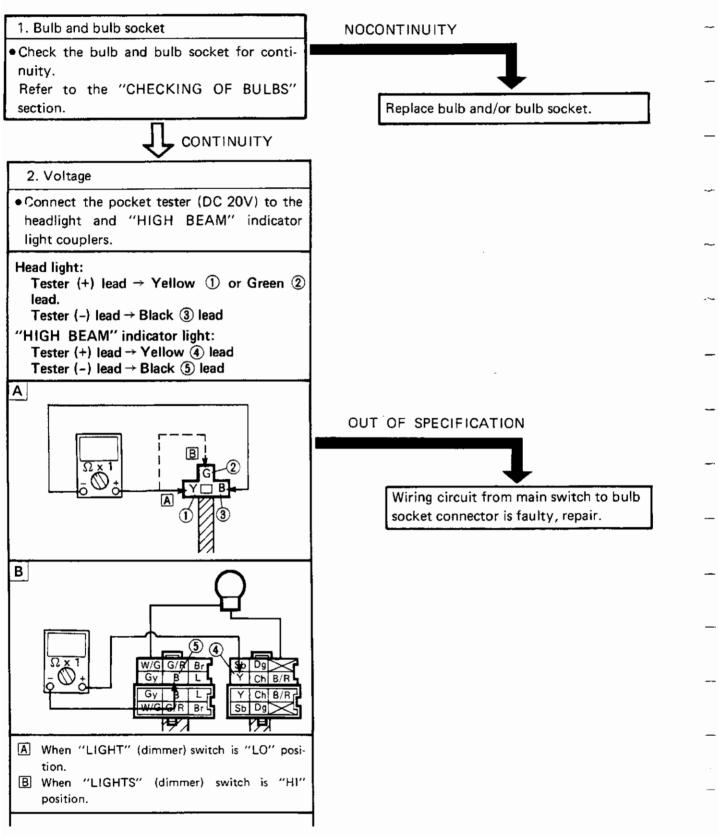


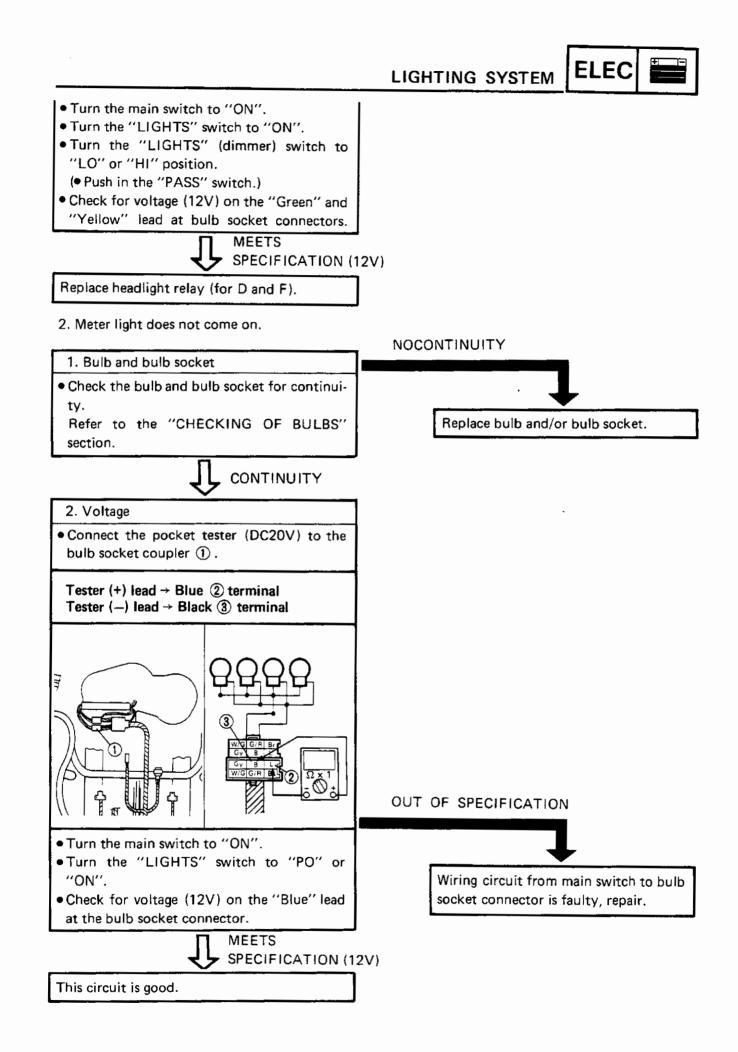


LIGHTING SYSTEM

LIGHTING SYSTEM CHECK

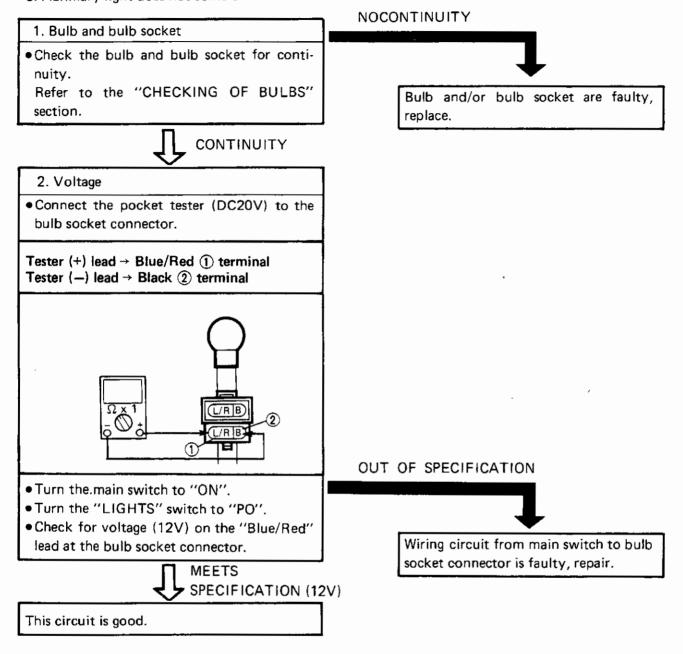
1. Headlight and "HIGH BEAM" indicator light do not come on.





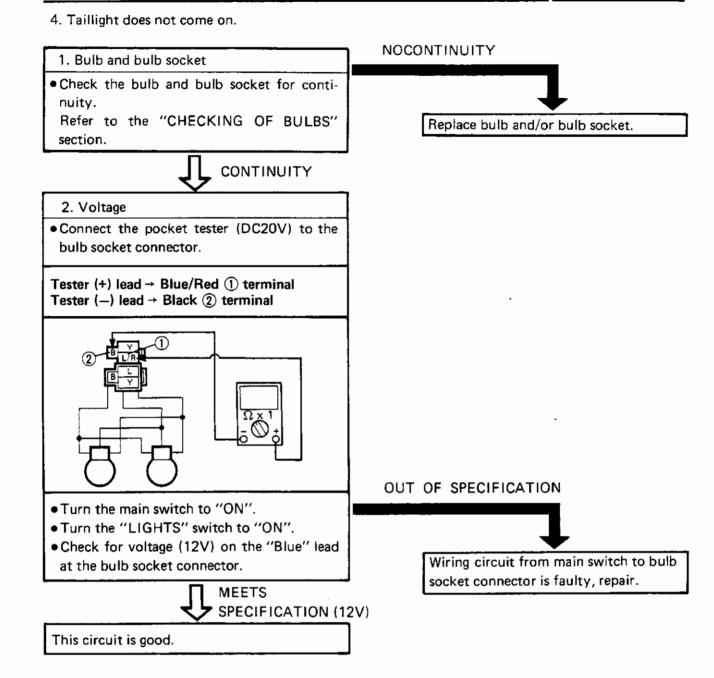
LIGHTING SYSTEM

3. Auxiliary light does not come on.



LIGHTING SYSTEM

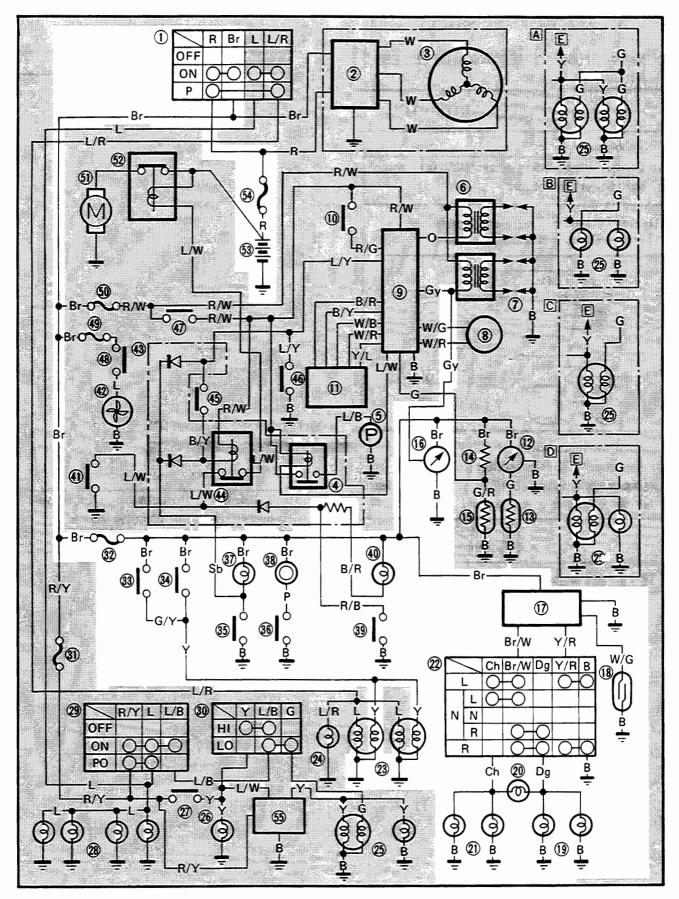








SIGNAL SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM







Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the signal circuit in the circuit diagram.

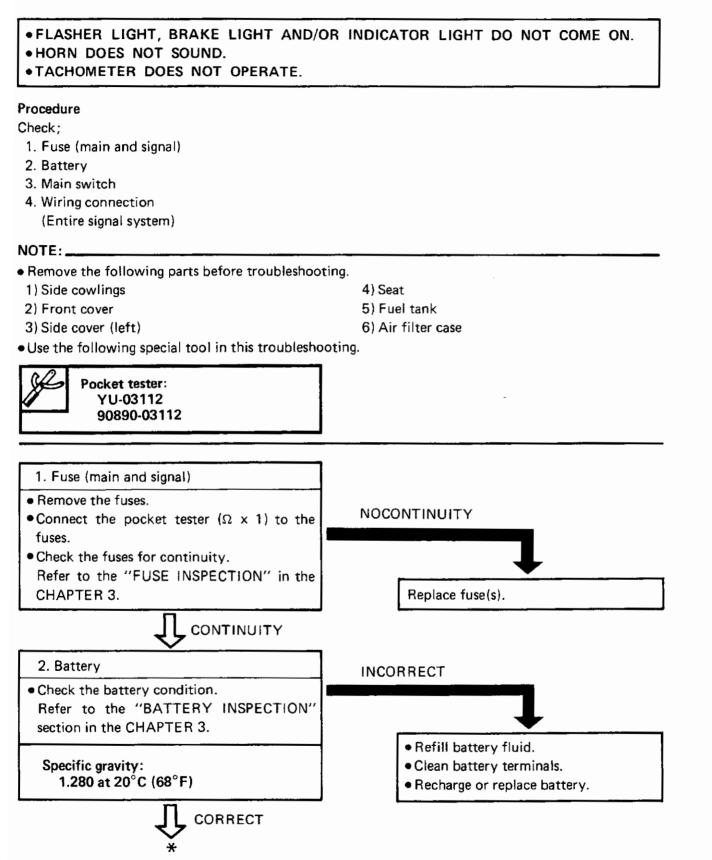
NOTE:_

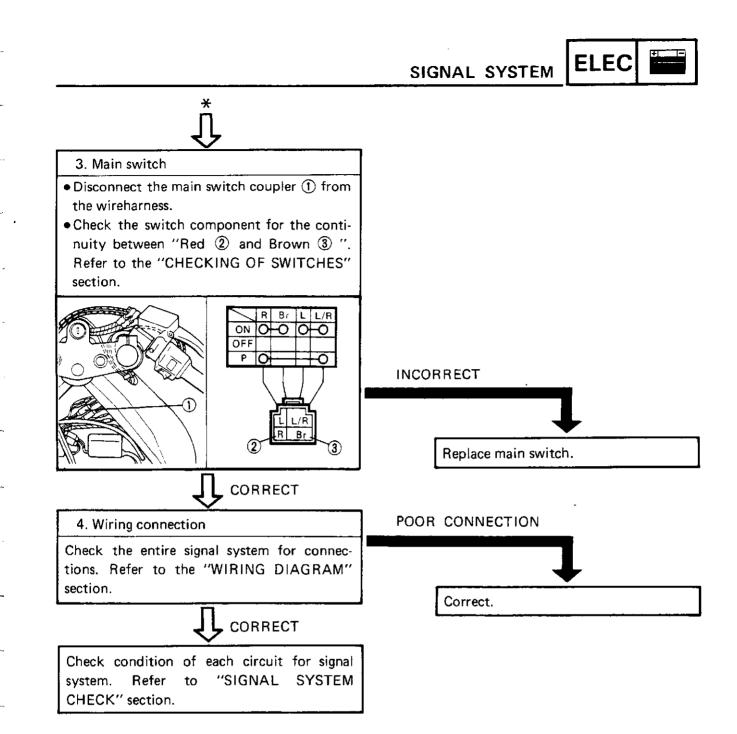
For the color codes, see page 8-2.

| Main switch Tachometer Flasher relay Reed switch Front flasher light "TURN" indicator light "TURN" switch Tail/Brake light Fuse (signal) Front brake switch Rear brake switch Neutral switch "HORN" switch Neutral indicator light Horn Oil level switch "OIL LEVEL" switch | |
|---|--|
| 2) | |



TROUBLESHOOTING

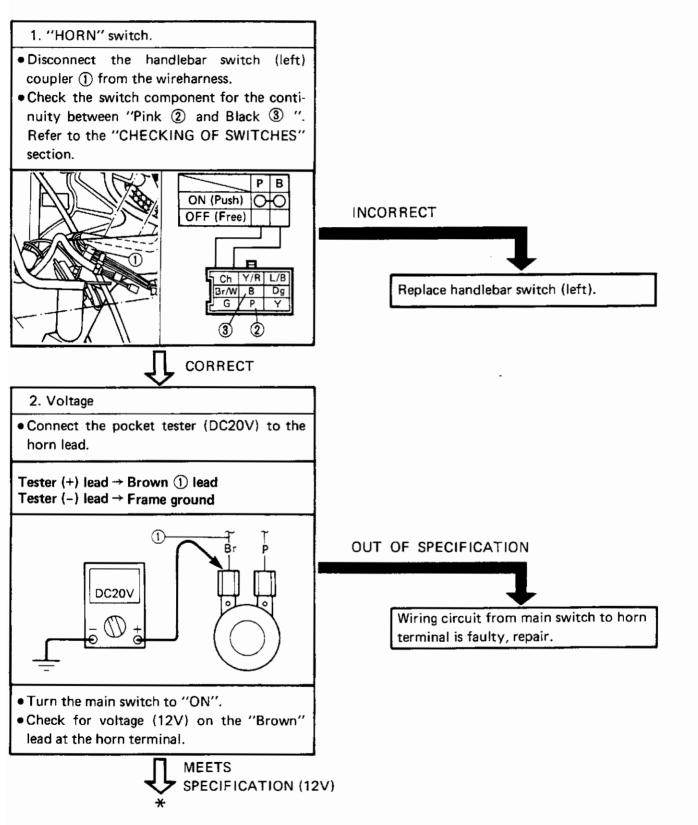


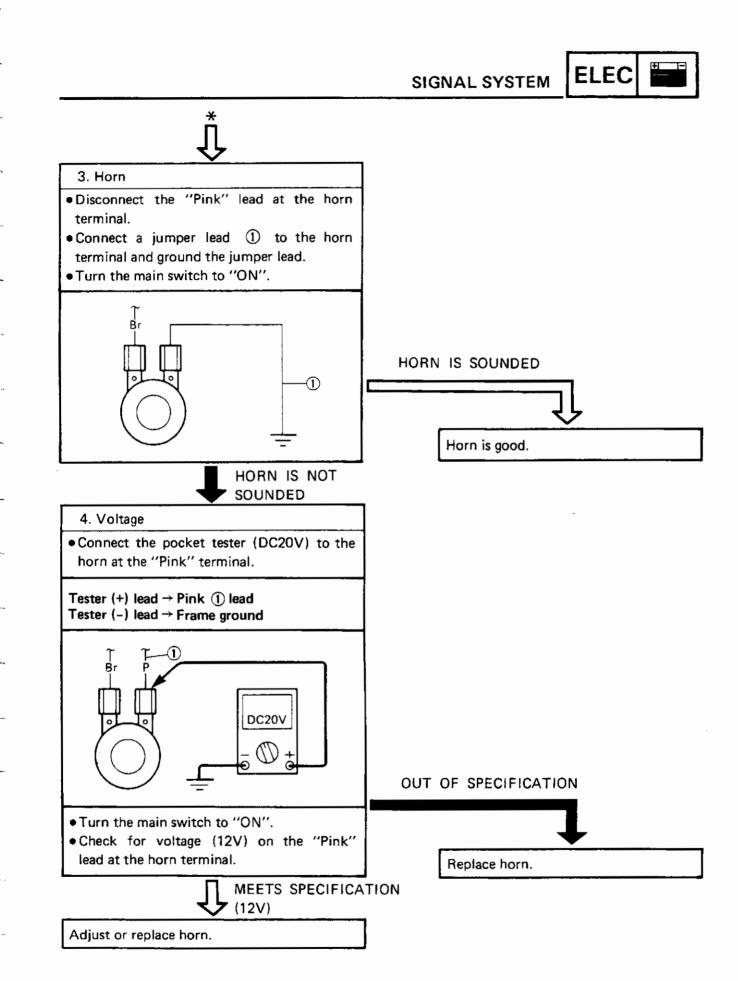




SIGNAL SYSTEM CHECK

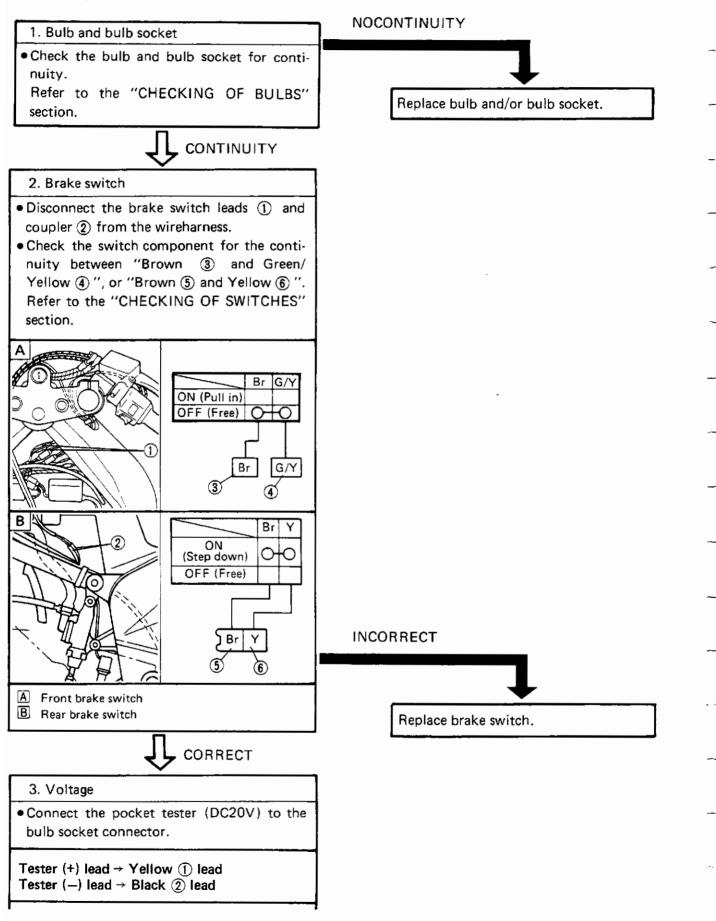
1. Horn does not sound.



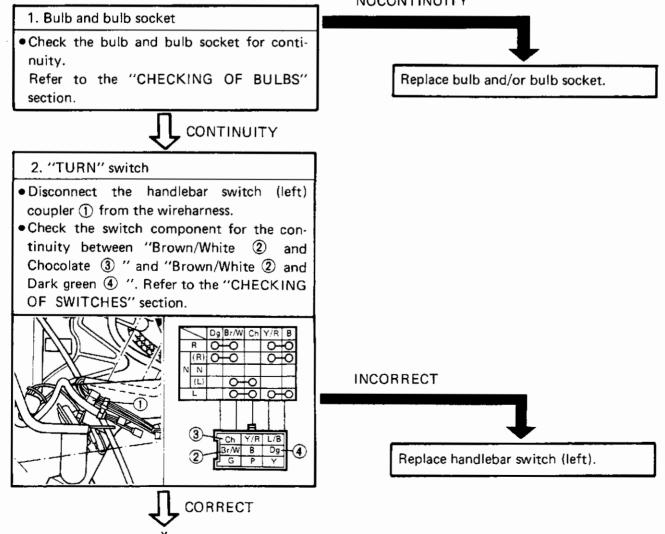


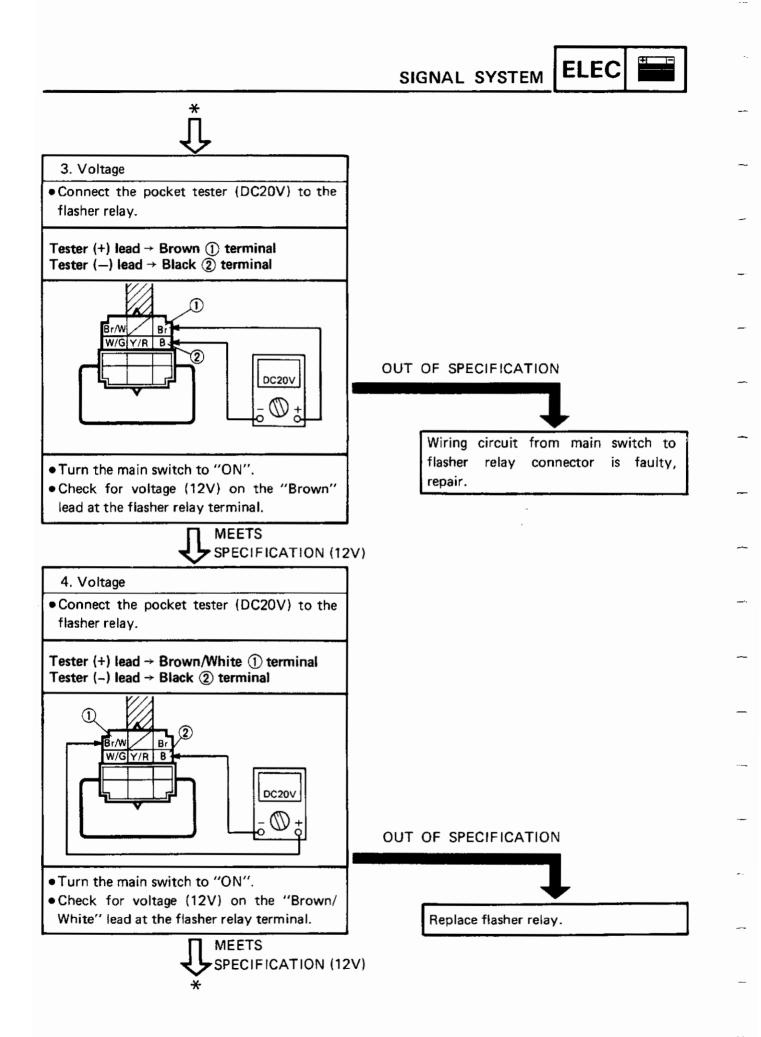


2. Brake light does not come on.



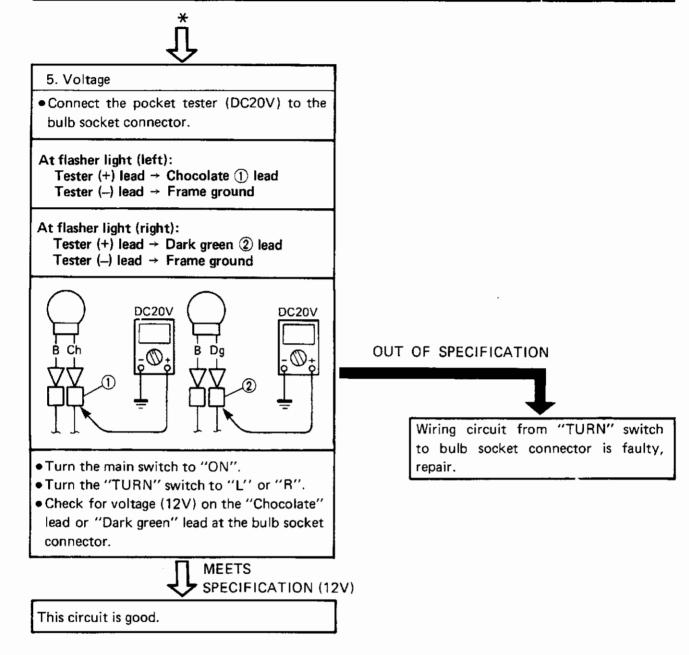
ELEC



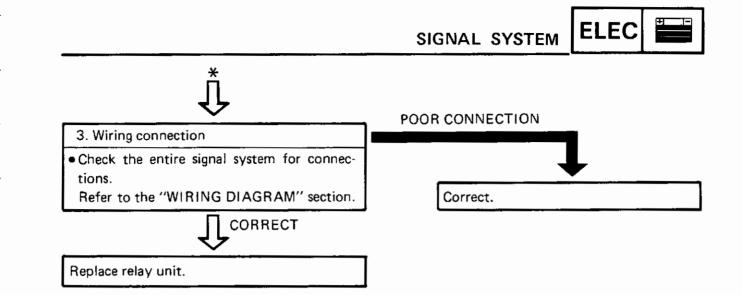


8-59



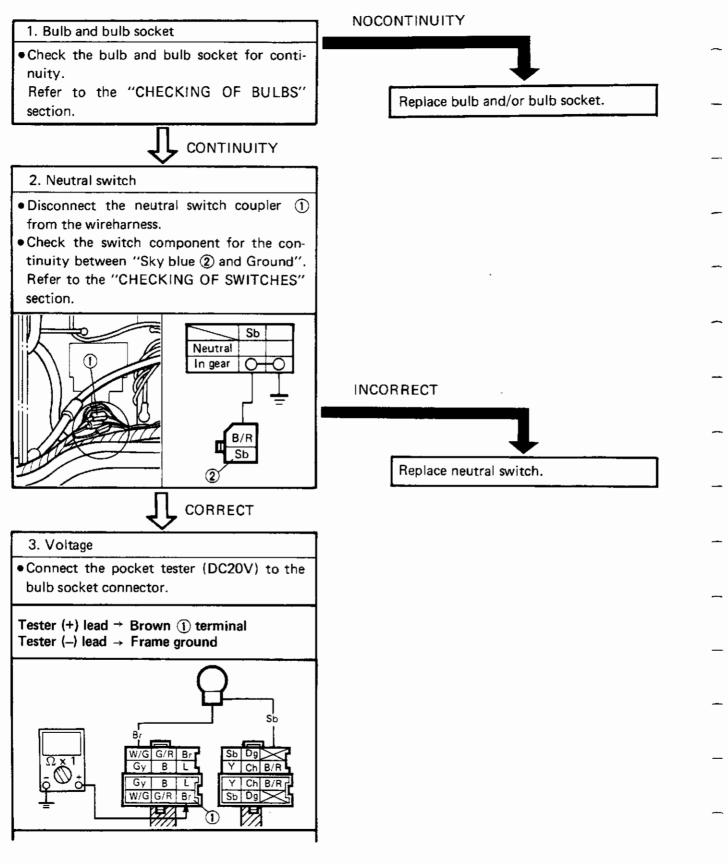


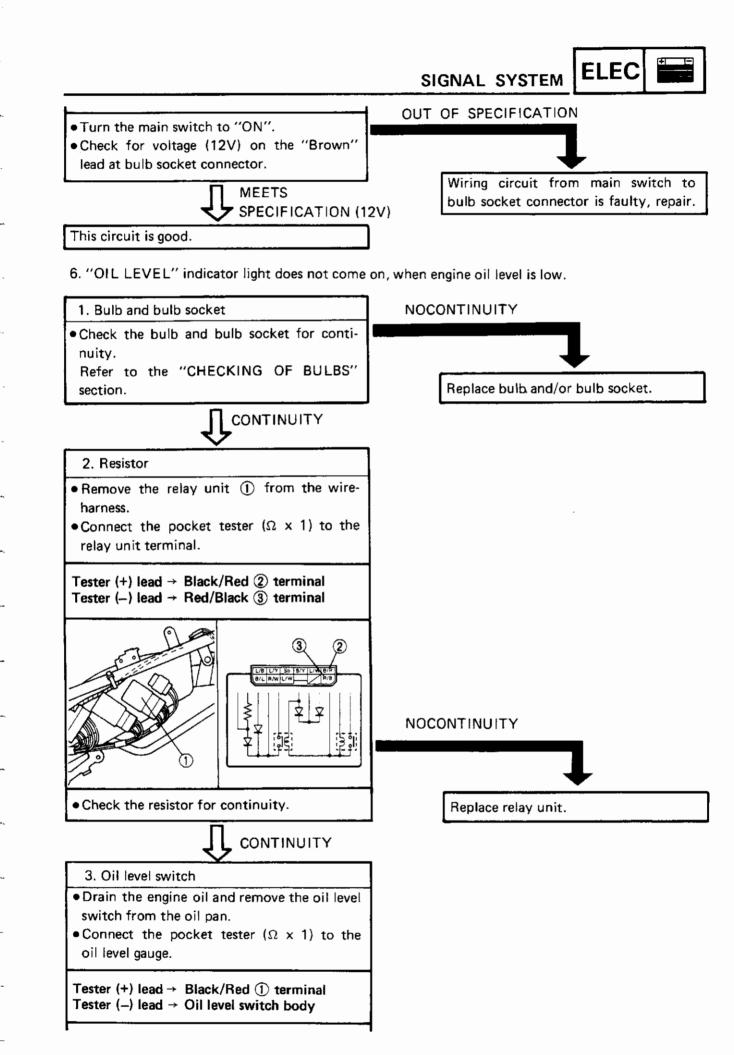
ELEC SIGNAL SYSTEM 4. Blinking (Flasher light) is not cancelled automatically. 1. "TURN" switch • Disconnect the handlebar switch (left) coupler (1) from the wireharness. · Check the switch component for the continuity between "Yellow/Red (2) and Black 3 ". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. (R) Ň (L) ī. INCORRECT Ch Y/R C7B Br/W B Dg G P Y Replace handlebar switch (left). CORRECT 2. Reed switch • Disconnect reed switch coupler ① from the wireharness. • Connect the pocket tester $(\Omega \times 1)$ to the reed switch terminal. Tester (+) lead → White/Green 2 terminal Tester (-) lead → Black ③ terminal W/G G/R Br NOTE: BL Ğу When measuring reed switch resistance, 3 1 lift front wheel and rotate the wheel by TN hand. · Check the reed switch for specificated resistance. OUT OF SPECIFICATION Reed switch resistance: 5 5 Ø 5 About 7Ω (White/Green - Ground) Then return back 0Ω or $\infty \Omega$ Replace speedometer assembly. when wheel is stopped. MEETS SPECIFICATION

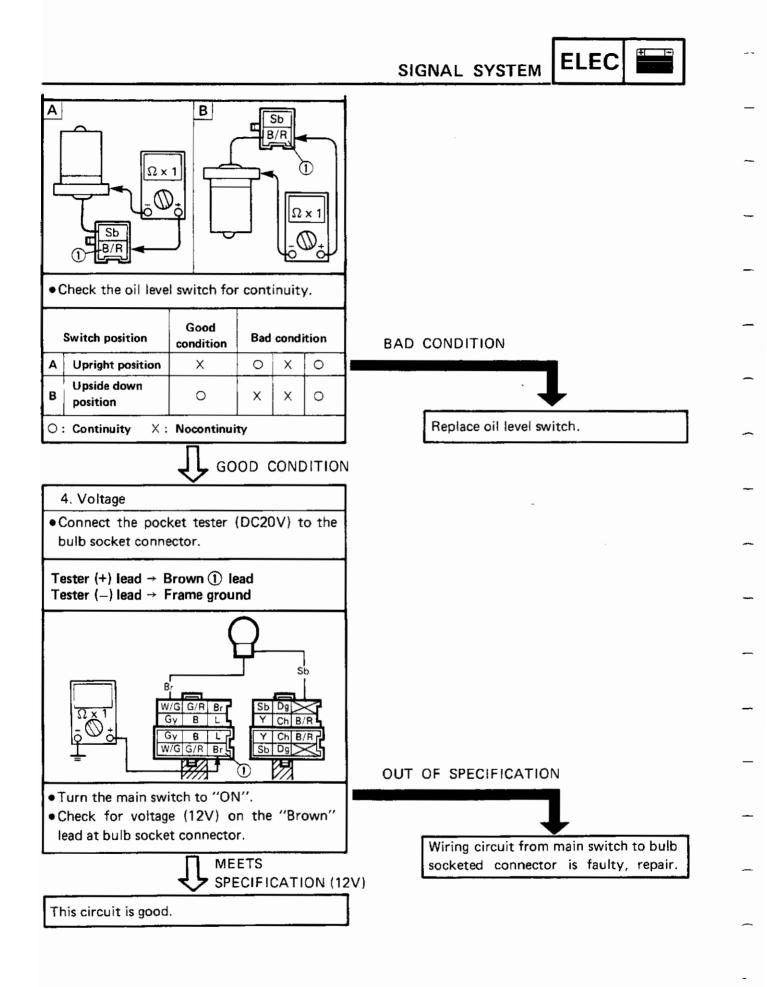








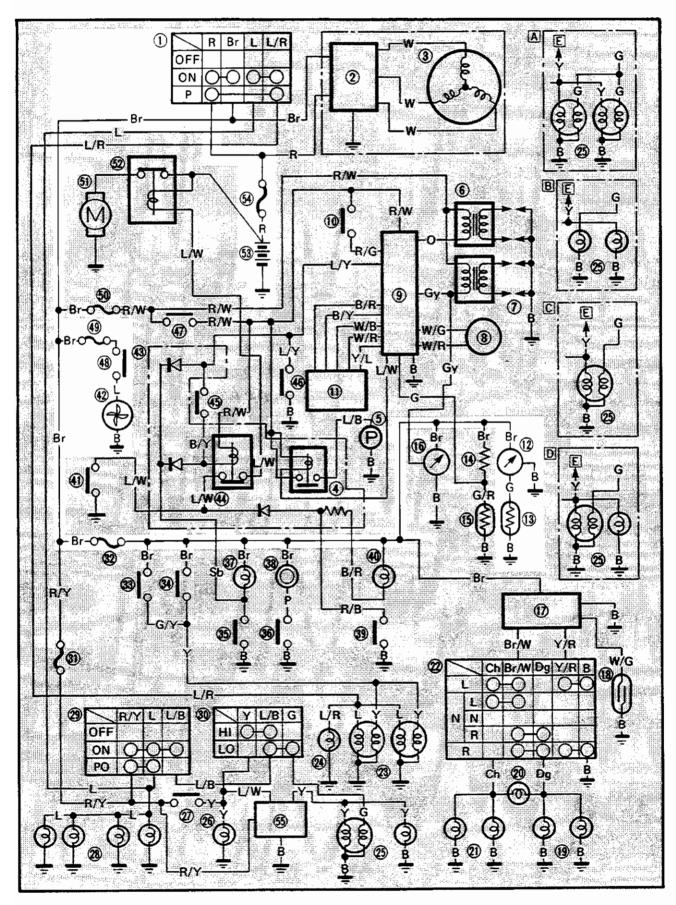






COOLING SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





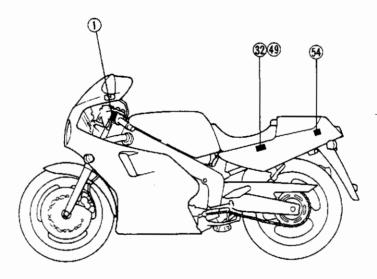
Aforementioned circuit diagram shows the cooling circuit in the circuit diagram.

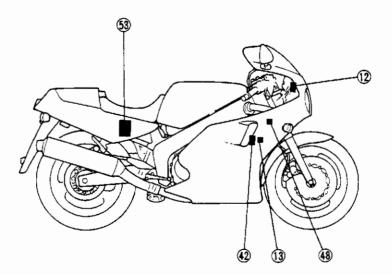
NOTE:_

For the color codes see page 8-2.

Main switch
 Engine temperature gauge
 Thermo unit
 Fuse (signal)
 Fan motor
 Thermo switch
 Fuse (fan)

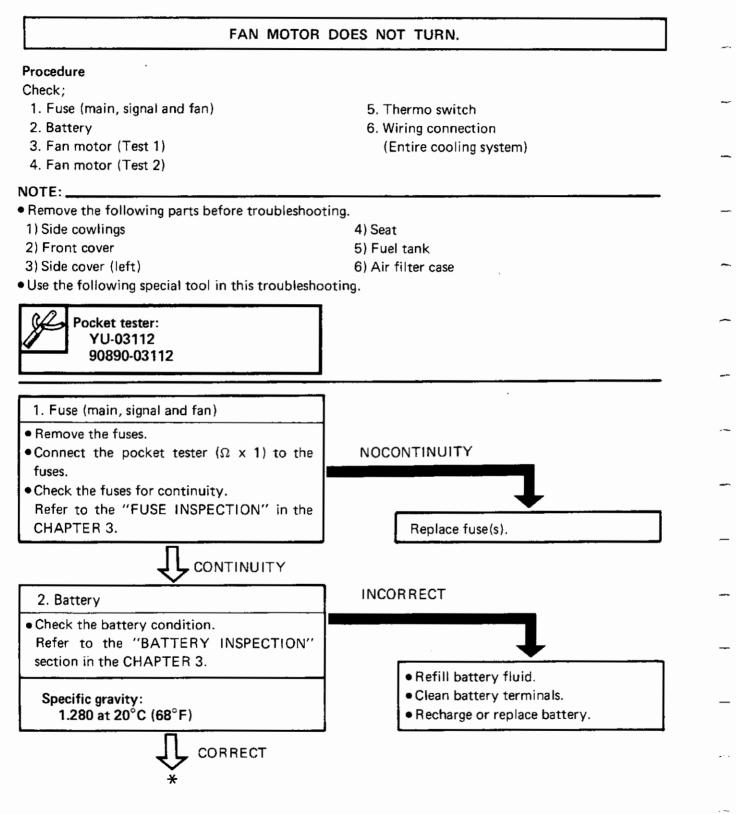
53 Battery 54 Fuse (main)





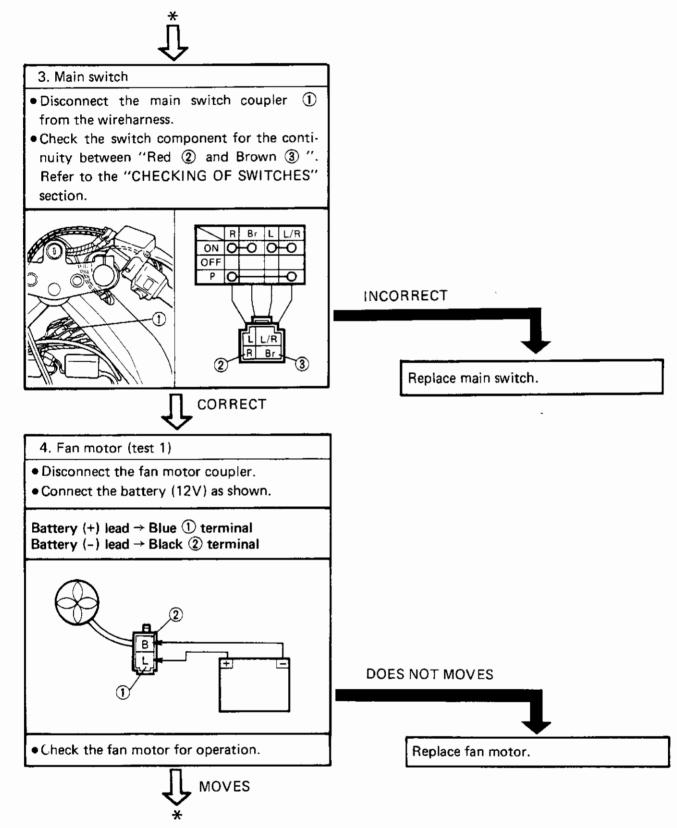


TROUBLESHOOTING

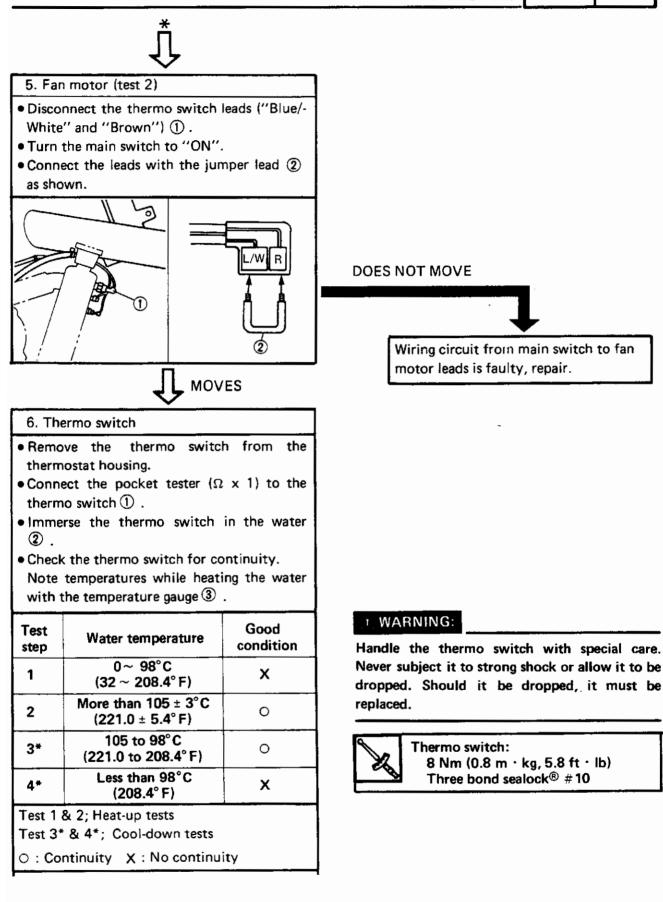


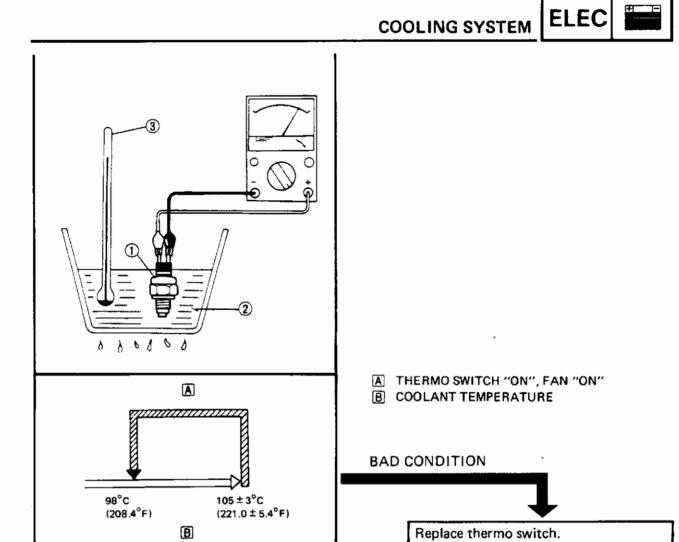




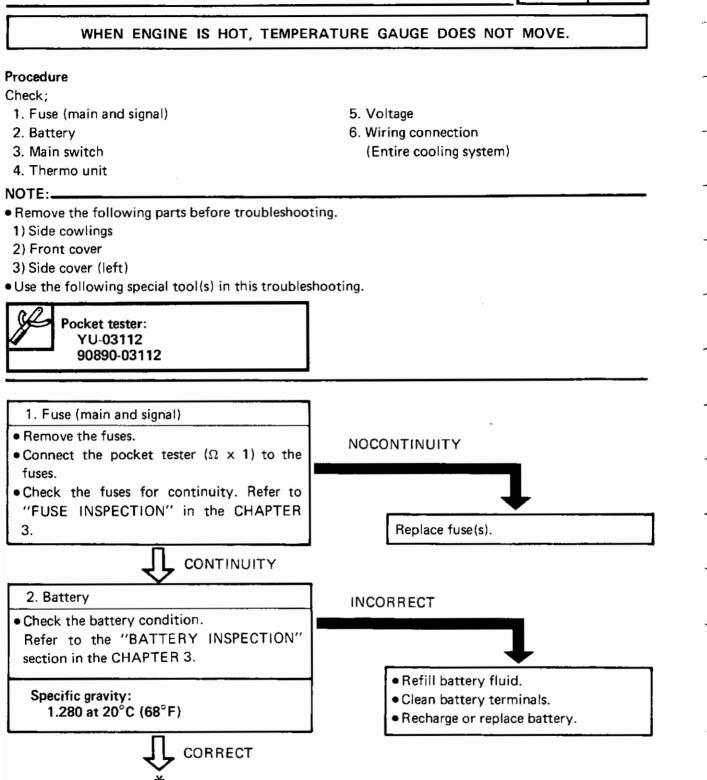




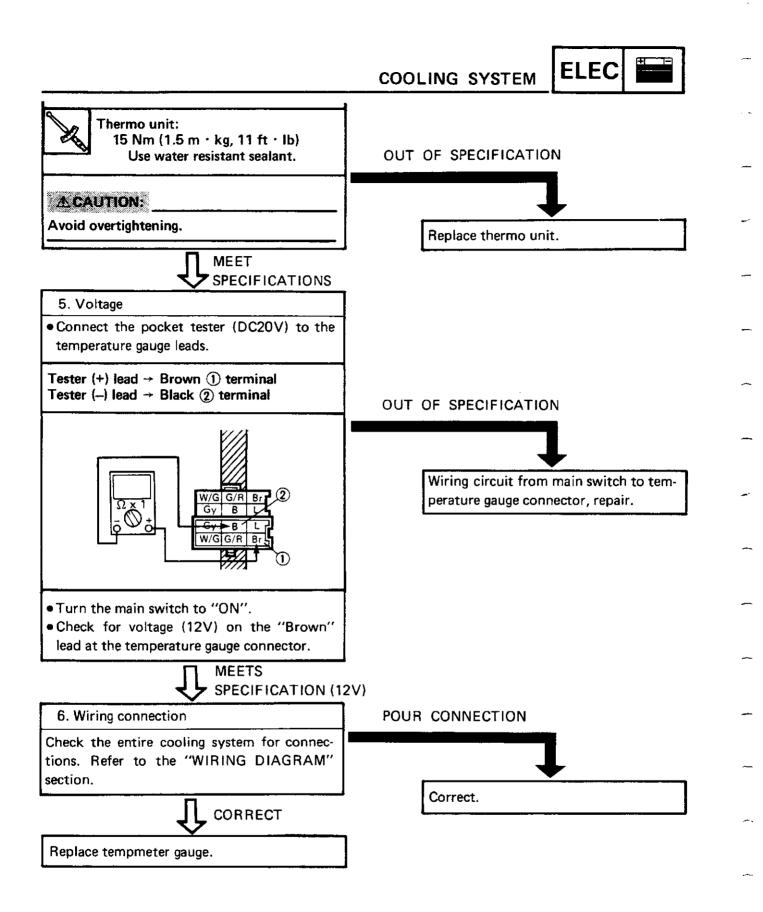








ELEC COOLING SYSTEM × 3. Main switch • Disconnect the main switch coupler (1) from the wireharness. • Check the switch component for the continuity between "Red 2 and Brown 3 ". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. OFF PO INCORRECT (1)L/R R Br (2) (3)Replace main switch. CORRECT 4. Thermo unit • Drain the coolant and remove the thermo unit. ▲ WARNING: Handle the thermo unit with special care. Never subject it to strong or allow it to be dropped. Should it be dropped, it must be replaced. • Immerse the thermo unit 2 in coolant 3. • Measure the resistance at each temperature as tabulated. \cap 0 1 Thermometer Coolant Resistance temperature 50°C (122°F) **154**Ω **47** ~ **57**Ω 80°C (176°F) 100°C (212°F) **26~29**Ω 120°C (248°F) **16**Ω 3 • After measuring the thermo unit, install 0 8 0 6 6 0 the unit.

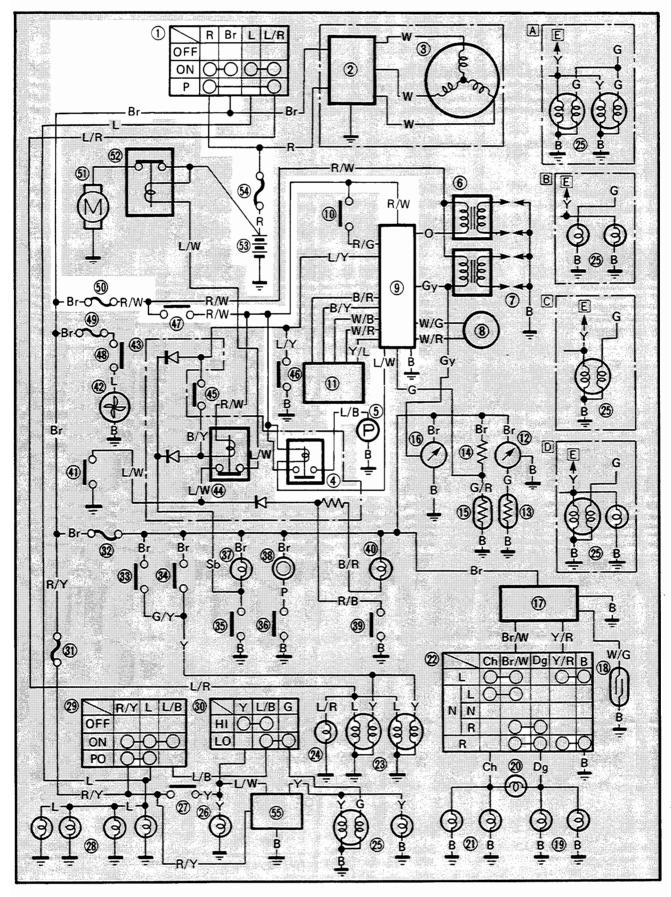






FUEL PUMP SYSTEM

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



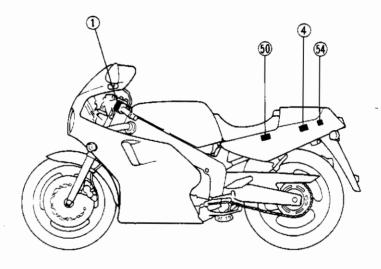


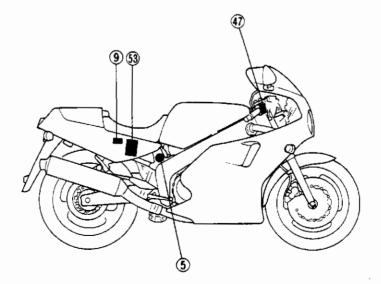
Aforementioned circuit shows fuel pump system circuit in circuit diagram.

NOTE: _

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

- 1 Main switch
- Fuel pump relay
- 5 Fuel pump
- (9) Ignitor unit
- TENGINE STOP" switch
- (5) Fuse (ignition)
- 63 Batterγ
- (54) Fuse (main)





FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT OPERATION

The fuel pump circuit consists of the fuel pump relay, fuel pump, "ENGINE STOP" switch and digital ignition unit.

The digital ignition unit includes the control unit for the fuel pump.

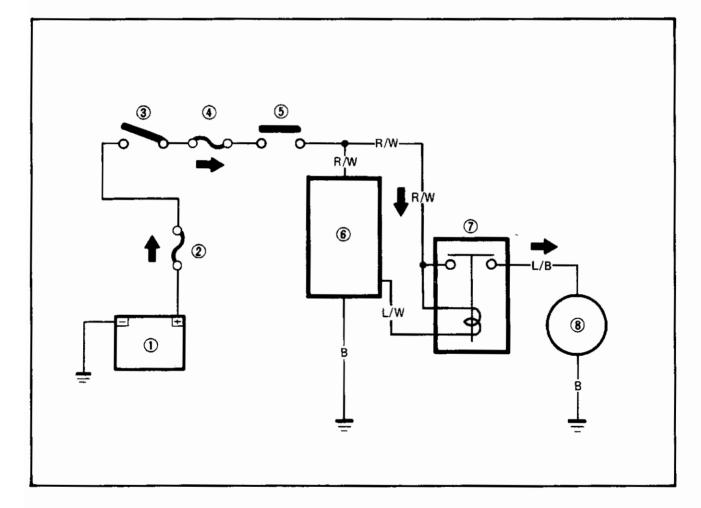
The fuel pump starts and stops as indicated in the chart below.

FUEL PUMP SYSTEM

SYSTEM ELEC

ΞĪ

- Battery
 Fuse (main)
- 3 Main switch
- (4) Fuse (ignition)
- 5 "ENGINE STOP" switch
- Digital ignitor unit
- Fuel pump relay
- (8) Fuel pump



| FUEL PUMP | | | |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| STAI | STOP | | |
| Main/"ENGINE STOP" switch turned to "ON" | • Engine turned on | • Engine turned off | |
| For about 5 seconds when car- buretor fuel level is low | After about 0.1 second | After about 5 seconds | |



TROUBLESHOOTING

FUEL PUMP FAILS TO OPERATE.

Procedure

- 1. Fuse (main and ignition)
- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch
- 4. "ENGINE STOP" switch

NOTE:_

- Remove the following before troubleshooting.
- 1) Seat
- 2) Fuel tank

3) Air filter case

7. Wiring connection

(Entire fuel system)

5. Fuel pump relay (relay unit)

FUEL PUMP SYSTEM

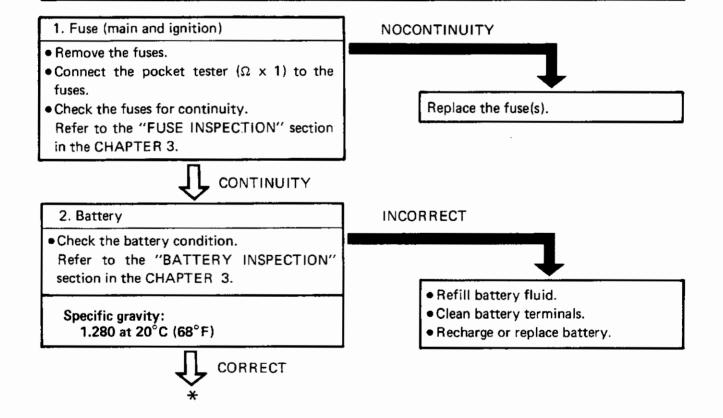
4) Side cover (left)

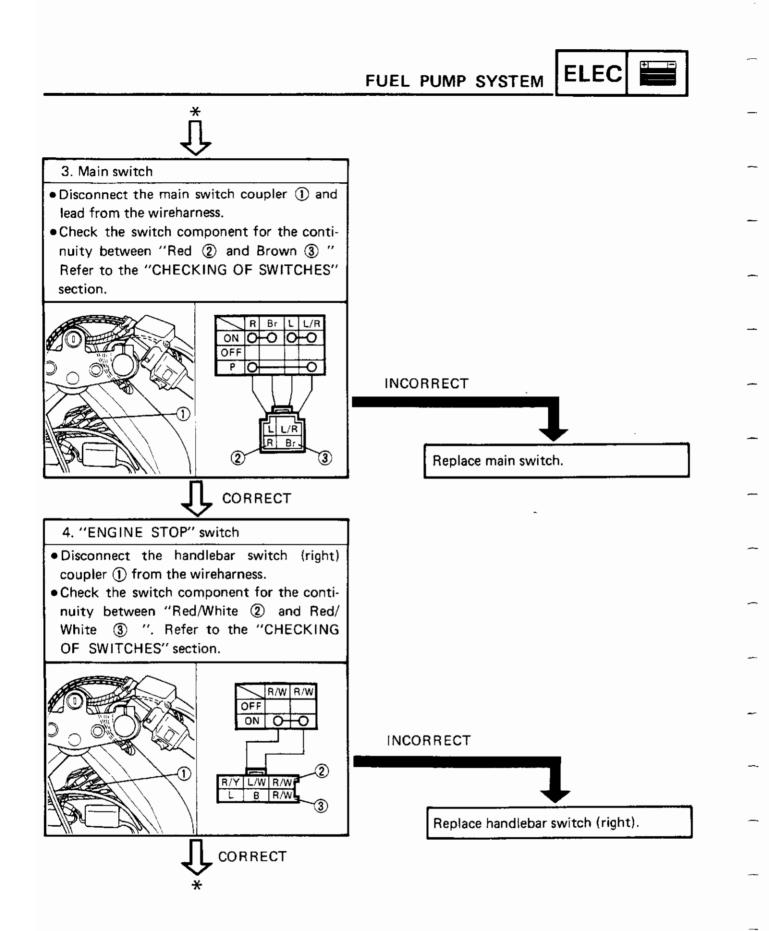
6. Fuel pump

• Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.



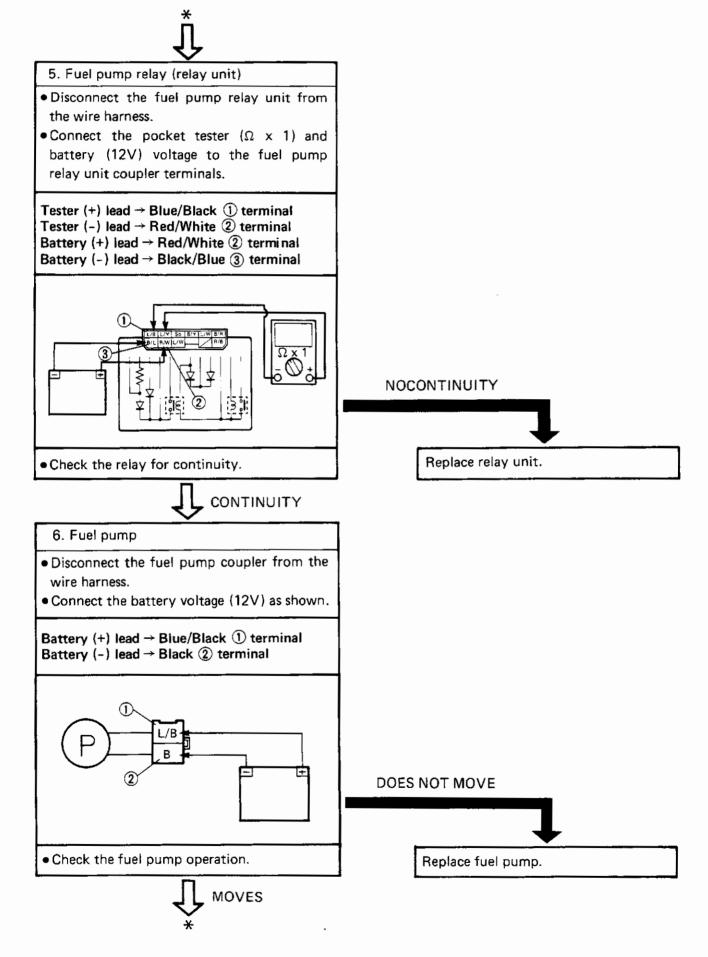
Pocket tester: YU-03112 90890-03112

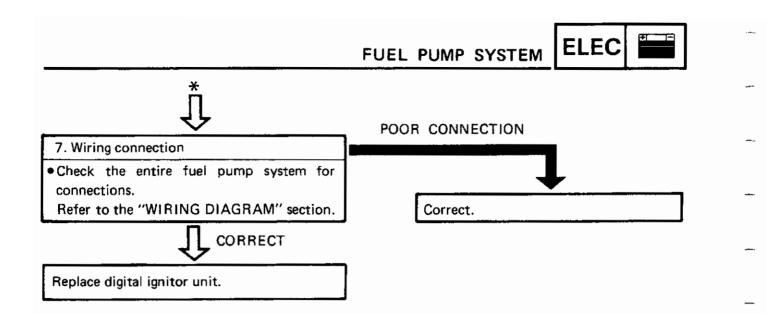




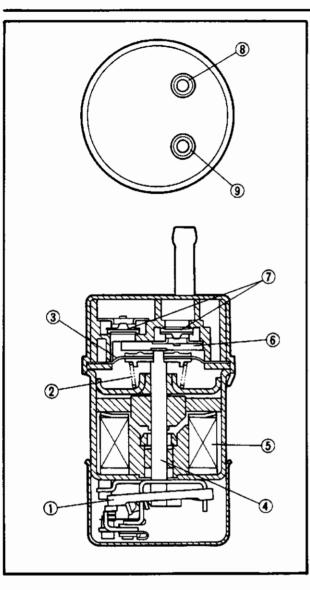
FUEL PUMP SYSTEM

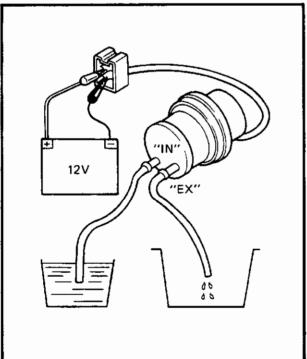












FUEL PUMP SYSTEM

FUEL PUMP TEST

Operation

The diaphragm is pulled in by the plunger allowing fuel to be sucked into the fuel chamber. Fuel is pushed out from the pump until carb float chamber is filled with fuel, and then the cut-off switch cuts off the circuit.

When the spring pushes the diaphragm further to the end, the cut-off switch turns on and the solenoid coil pulls the plunger with the diaphragm forcing fuel into the fuel chamber.

NOTE:

When the main and "ENGINE STOP" switches are ON, the fuel pump relay is activated for five (5) seconds at which time the fuel pump operates.

- 1 Cut-off switch
- 2 Spring
- ③ Diaphragm
- Plunger
- Solenoid coil
- 6 Fuel chamber
- 7 Valve
- 🖲 Outlet
- 9 Inlet

Inspection

- 1. Inspect:
 - Fuel pump
 - $Cracks/Damage \rightarrow Replace.$
- 2. Check:
 - Fuel pump operation

Checking steps:

- Connect suitable hoses to the fuel pump.
- Put the "IN" side hose into the clean solvent.
- Place an open container under the "EX" side hose end.
- Connect the battery to fuel pump terminal.

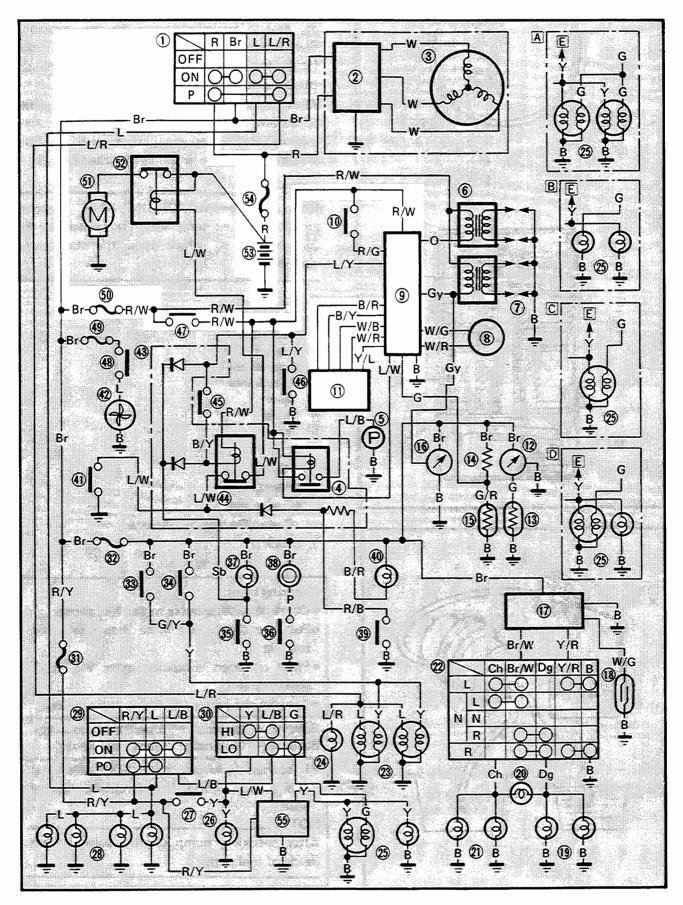
Battery (+) terminal → "Blue/Black" terminal Battery (-) terminal → "Black" terminal

• If solvent flow out from "EX" side hose, puel pump is good. If not replace the fuel hose.

NOTE:

After checking, pump out the solvent from inside of fuel pump.

EXUP SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



EXUP SYSTEM

-

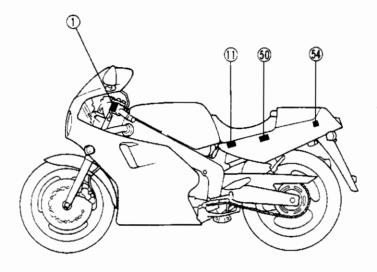


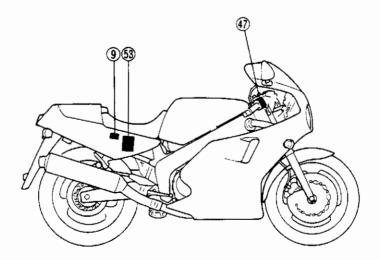
A forementioned circuit diagram shows the EXUP circuit in the circuit diagram.

NOTE:_

For the color codes, see page 8-2.

Main switch
 Digital ignitor unit
 EXUP servo motor
 "ENGINE STOP" switch
 Fuse (ignition)
 Battery
 Fuse (main)







TROUBLESHOOTING

WHEN MAIN SWITCH IS TURNED TO "ON", EXUP SERVOMOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE.

Procedure (1)

Check;

- 1. EXUP servo motor operation (with EXUP servo motor coupler connected)
- 2. Voltage
- 3. EXUP servo motor operation (with EXUP servo motor coupler disconnected)
- 4. EXUP servo motor resistance (potentionmeter resistance)
- 5. Wiring connection (entire EXUP system)

Procedure (2) Check;

- 1. Fuse (main and ignition)
- 2. Battery
- 3. Main switch
- 4. "ENGINE STOP" switch
- 5. Wiring connection (entire EXUP system)

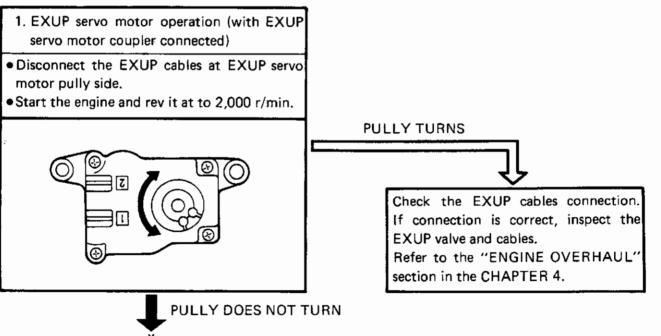
NOTE:

- Remove the following parts before troubleshooting.
- 1) Seat
- 2) Fuel tank

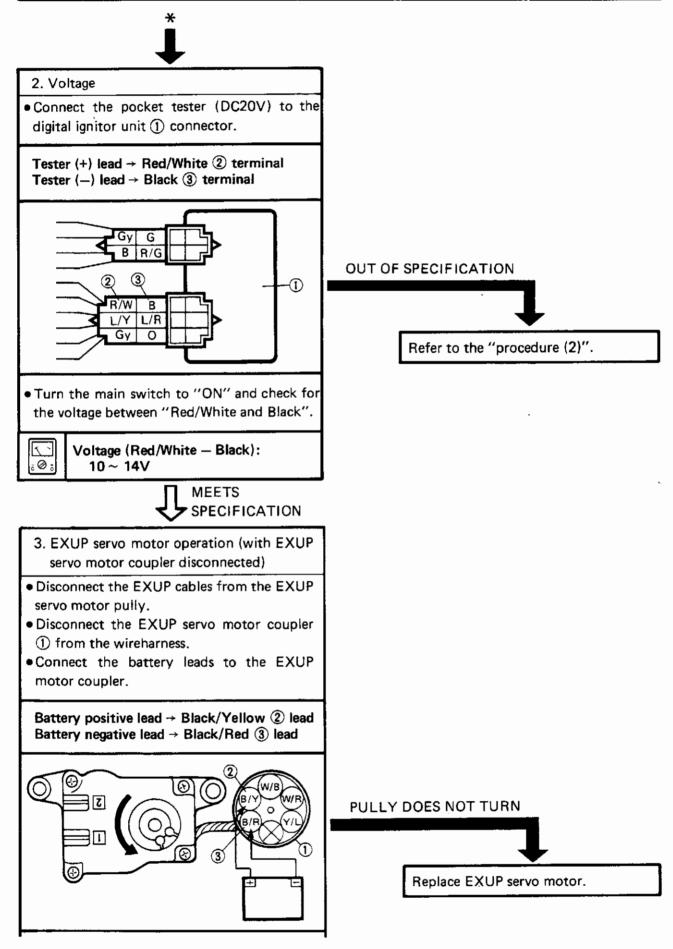
- 3) Air filter case4) Side cover (left)
- Use the following special tool in this troubleshooting.

Pocket tester: YU-03112 90890-03112

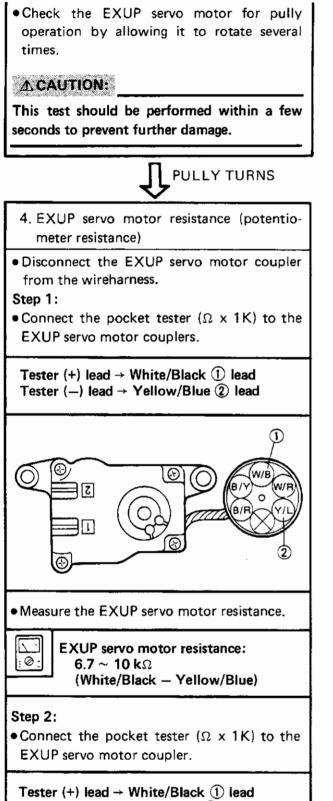
Procedure (1)





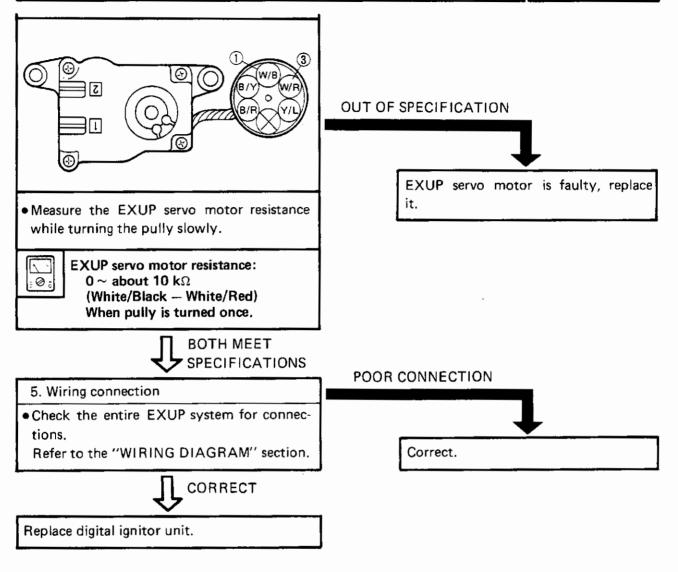






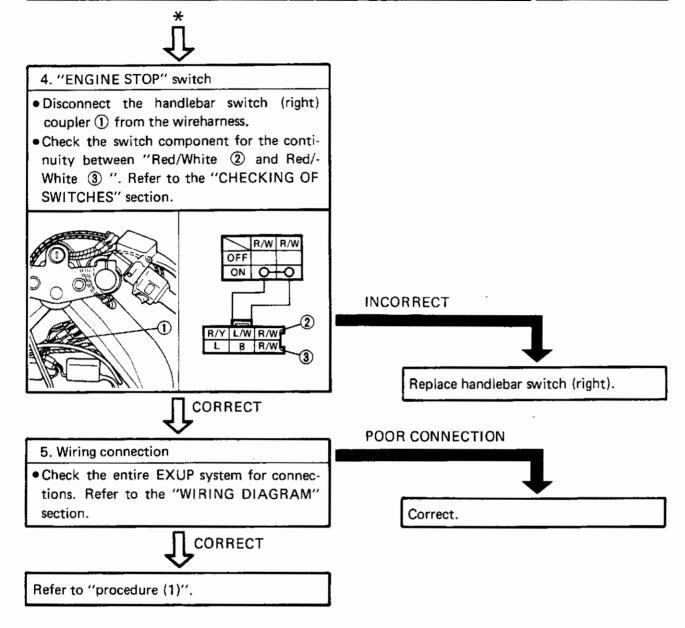
Tester (-) lead \rightarrow White/Red (3) lead





ELEC EXUP SYSTEM Procedure (2) 1. Fuse (main and ignition) NOCONTINUITY • Remove the fuse. • Connect the pocket tester ($\Omega \times 1$) to the fuses. • Check the fuses for continuity. Replace fuse(s). CONTINUITY 2. Battery INCORRECT Check the battery condition. Refer to the "BATTERY INSPECTION" section in the CHAPTER 3. Specific gravity: • Refill battery fluid. 1.280 at 20°C (68°F) • Clean battery terminals. • Recharge or replace battery. CORRECT 3. Main switch • Disconnect the main switch coupler ① and lead from the wire harness. • Check the switch component for the continuity between "Red (2) and Brown (3) ". Refer to the "CHECKING OF SWITCHES" section. R Br L OFF PO INCORRECT L/R R Br 2 3 Replace main switch. CORRECT





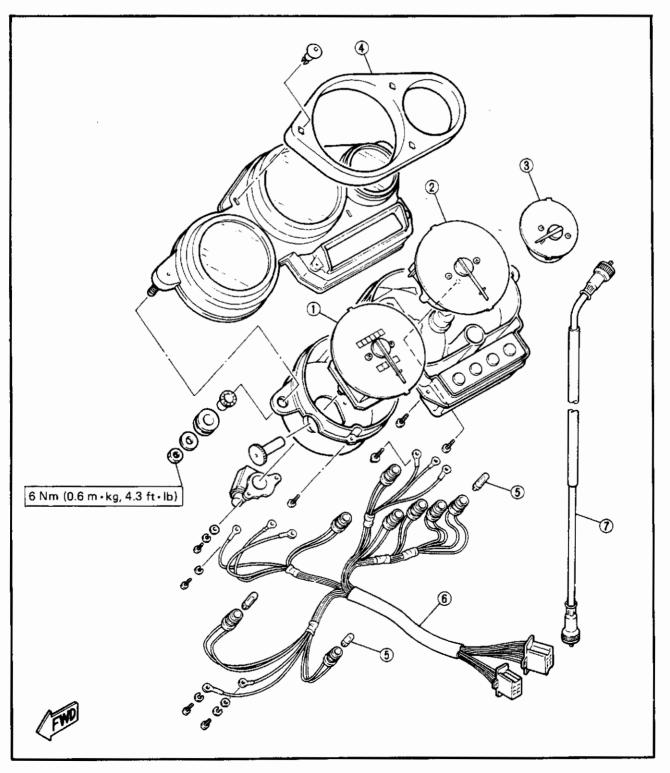
8-92



METER ASSEMBLY

- () Speedometer
- 2 Tachometer
- ③ Engine temperature gauge
 ④ Damper

- ⑤ Bulb
 ⑥ Bulb socket leads
 ⑦ Speedometer cable



METER ASSEMBLY



METER ASSEMBLY

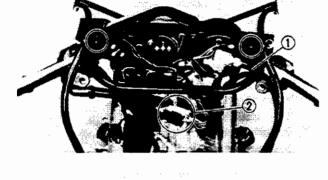
REMOVAL

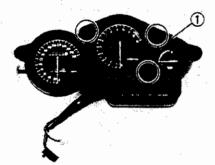
- 1. Remove:
 - Side cowlings (left and right)
 - Front cover
 - Upper cowling Refer to the "COWLINGS" section in the CHAPTER 3.
- 2. Disconnect:
 - Speedometer cable ①
 - Meter leads (2)
- 3. Remove:
 - Speedometer assembly
- 4. Remove:
 - Damper ①

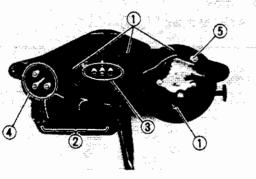
- 5. Disconnect:
 - Meter lights (1)
 - Indicator lights (2)
 - Tachometer lead ③
 - Engine temperature gauge lead ④
 - Reed switch lead (5)

∆ CAUTION:

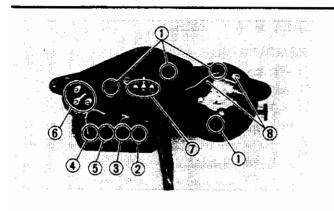
Do not remove the indicator bulbs sockets by pulling the leads.











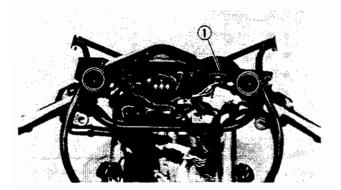
INSTALLATION

Reverse the "REMOVAL" procedure. Note the following points.

1. Install the meter lights, indicator lights and leads as shown.

(1) Meter lights leads (blue and black)

- (2) "OIL LEVEL" indicator light (brown and black/red)
- (3) "NEUTRAL" indicator light (sky blue and brown)
- (4) "HIGH BEAM" indicator light (yellow and black)
 (5) "TURN" indicator light
- (chocolate and dark green) (6) Engine temperature gauge leads
- (brown, black and green/red) (7) Tachometer leads (brown, black and gray)
- (8) Reed switch leads (black and white/green)



- 3. Install:
 - Meter assembly (1)

Nut (me 6 Nm

Nut (meter assembly): 6 Nm (0.6 m·kg, 4.3 ft·lb)

8-**9**5

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING SHTG



NOTE:

The following troubleshooting does not cover all the possible causes of trouble. It should be helpful, however, as a guide to troubleshooting. Refer to the relative procedure in this manual for inspection, adjustment and replacement of parts.

STARTING FAILURE/HARD STARTING

| FUEL SYSTEM | PROBABLE CAUSE |
|-------------------------|--|
| Fuel tank | Empty Clogged fuel filter Clogged fuel strainer Clogged fuel breather hose Deteriorated fuel or fuel containing water or foreign material |
| -Fuel cock | Clogged fuel hose |
| - Carburetor | Deteriorated fuel, fuel containing water or foreign material Clogged pilot jet Clogged pilot air passage Sucked-in air Deformed float Groove-worn needle valve Improperly sealed valve seat Improperly adjusted fuel level Improperly set pilot jet Clogged starter jet Starter plunger malfunction Improperly adjusted starter cable |
| —Air filter element ——— | ● Clogged |
| -Fuel pump | Faulty fuel pump Faulty fuel pump relay |

| STARTING F | AILURE/HARD STARTING SHTG ? |
|-----------------------------|--|
| ELECTRICAL SYSTEM | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| -Spark plug | Improper plug gap Worn electrodes Wire between terminals broken Improper heat range Faulty spark plug cap |
| - Ignition coil | Broken or shorted primary/secondary Faulty spark plug lead Broken body |
| Full-transistor system | Faulty igniter unit Faulty pick-up coil |
| - Switches and wiring | Faulty main switch Faulty "ENGINE STOP" switch Broken or shorted wiring Faulty neutral switch Faulty "START" switch Faulty sidestand switch Faulty clutch switch |
| - Starter motor | Faulty starter motor Faulty starter relay Faulty circuit cut-off relay (relay unit) Faulty starter clutch |
| COMPRESSION SYSTEM | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| -Cylinder and cylinder head | Loosen spark plug Loose cylinder head or cylinder Broken cylinder head gasket Worn, damaged or seized cylinder |
| -Piston and piston ring | Improperly installed piston ring Worn, fatigued or broken piston ring Seized piston ring Seized or damaged piston |
| Crankcase and crankshaft | Improperly seated crankcase Damaged crankshaft oil seal lip Improperly sealed valve Improperly contacted valve and valve seat Improper valve timing Broken valve spring Seized crankshaft Seized camshaft |

STARTING FAIL URF/HARD STARTING

| POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH | SPEED PERFORMANCE SHIG • |
|-----------------------------|--|
| FOUR IDLE SPEED FERFORMANCE | |
| POOR IDLE SPEED PERFORMANCE | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| - Carburetor | Improperly returned starter plunger Loose pilot jet Clogged pilot air jet Improperly synchronized carburetors Improperly adjusted idle speed (Throttle stop screw) Improper throttle cable play Flooded carburetor |
| —Electrical system ——— | Faulty battery Faulty spark plug Faulty igniter unit Faulty pickup coil Faulty ignition coil |
| ► Valve train | Improperly adjusted valve clearance |

POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE

POOR MEDIUM AND HIGH SPEED PERFORMANCE

Refer to "Starting failure/Hard starting." (FUEL SYSTEM, ELECTRICAL SYSTEM, COMPRESSION SYSTEM and valve train)

PROBABLE CAUSE

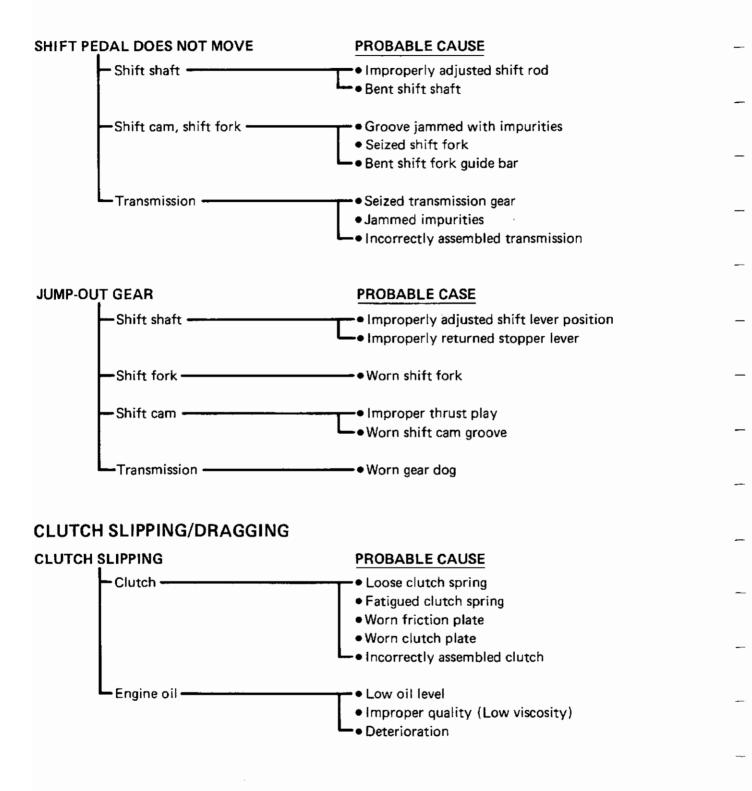
| -Carburetor | Improper jet needle clip position Diaphragm malfunction Improperly adjusted fuel level Clogged or loose main jet |
|----------------|---|
| | Improperly adjusted fuel level |
| | └ • Clogged or loose main jet |
| —Air cleaner — | • Clogged air filter element |
| -Fuel pump | • Faulty fuel pump |

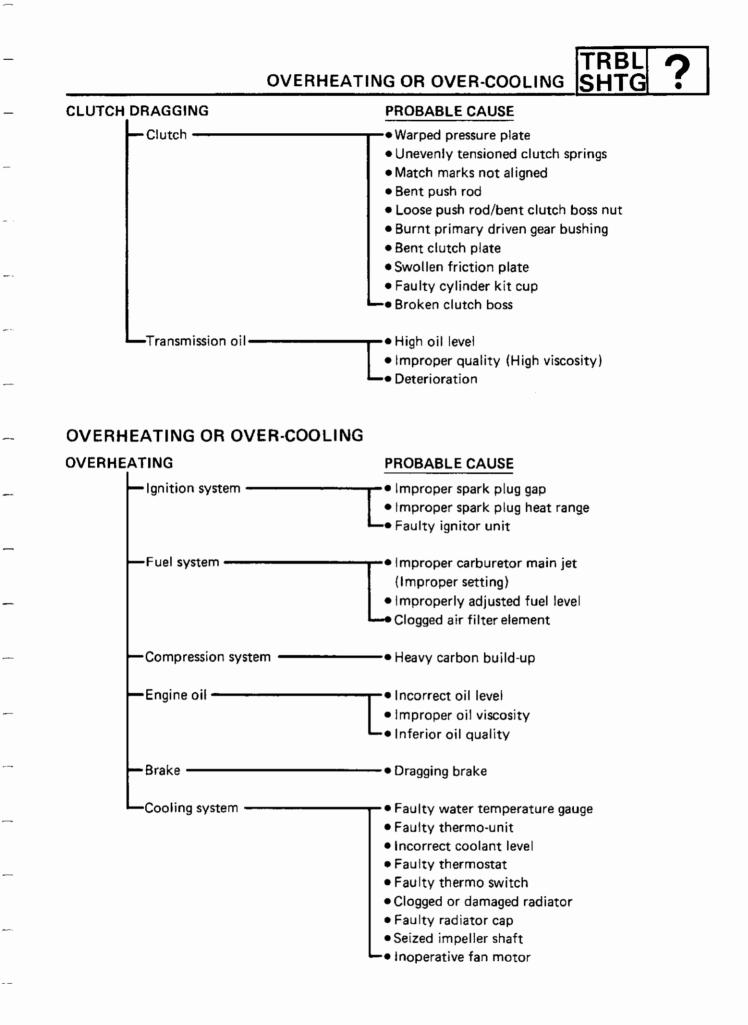
9-3

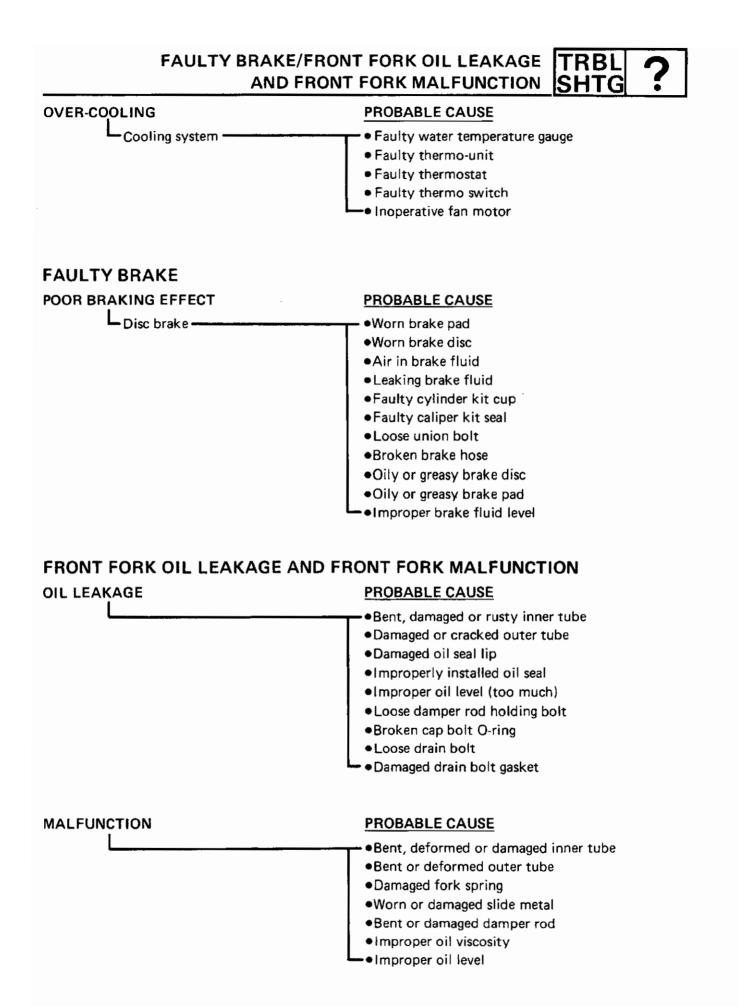
FAULTY GEAR SHIFTING

HARD SHIFTING

Refer to "CLUTCH DRAGGING."







INSTABLE HANDLING TRBL ?

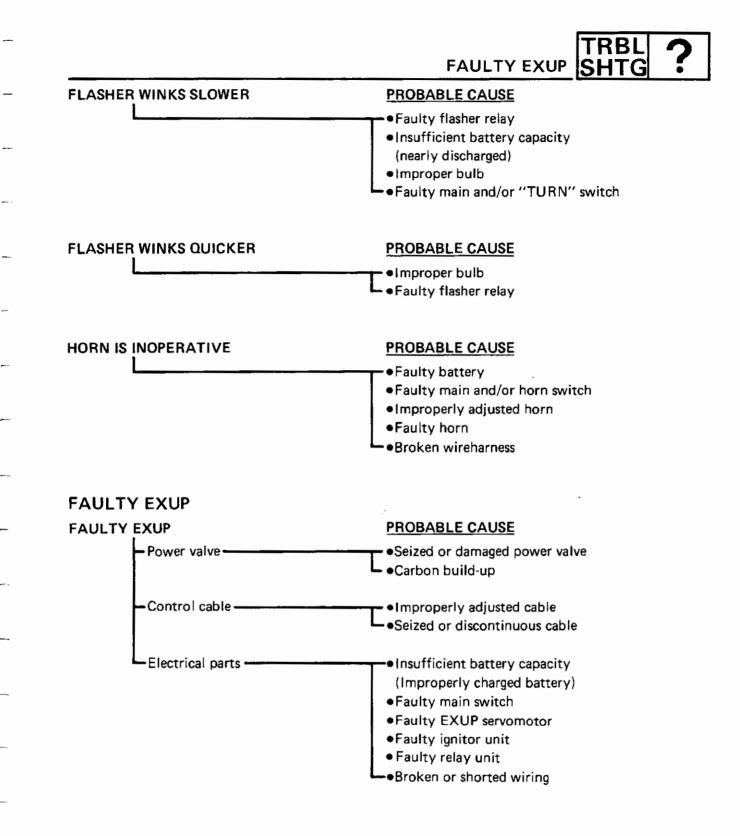
| INSTABLE HANDLING | |
|-----------------------|--|
| INSTABLE HANDLING | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| Handlebars | •Improperly installed or bent |
| - Steering | Improperly installed handlebar boss and upper bracket |
| | Bent steering stem |
| | Improperly installed steering stem |
| | (Improperly tightened ringnut) |
| | Damaged bearing or bearing race |
| Front forks | •Uneven oil levels on both sides |
| | Uneven spring tension |
| | (Uneven damping adjuster position) |
| | Broken spring |
| | Twisted front forks |
| Tires | •Uneven tire pressures on both sides |
| | Incorrect tire pressure |
| | -•Unevenly worn tires |
| - Wheels | Incorrect wheel balance |
| | Deformed cast wheel |
| | ●Loose bearing |
| | Bent or loose wheel axle |
| | ► • Excessive wheel run-out |
| — Frame ————— | •Twisted |
| | Damaged head pipe |
| | Improperly installed bearing race |
| -Swingarm | •Worn bearing or bush |
| | ► •Bent or damaged |
| Rear shock absorber - | ● Fatigued spring |
| | Improperly adjusted spring preload |
| | └─ ●Oil and gas leakage |
| - Drive chain | •Improperly adjusted chain slack |
| Fairing | Damaged or broken |
| | Incorrectly installed |

9-7



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| FAULTY SIGNAL AND LIGHTING SYS | STEM |
|--------------------------------|--|
| HEADLIGHT DARK | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| | Improper bulb Too many electric accessories Hard charging (Broken stator coil and/or |
| | faulty rectifier/regulator) |
| | Incorrect connection |
| | Improperly grounded |
| | Poor contacts (main or "LIGHTS" switch) |
| | ►•Bulb life expired |
| BULB BURNT OUT | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| | Improper bulb |
| | •Faulty battery |
| | •Faulty rectifier/regulator |
| | •Improperly grounded |
| | •Faulty main and/or "LIGHTS" switch |
| | ■●Bulb life expired |
| FLASHER DOES NOT LIGHT | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| 1 | Improperly grounded |
| | Discharged battery |
| | Faulty "TURN" switch |
| | Faulty flasher relay |
| | Broken wireharness |
| | Loosely connected coupler |
| | ●Bulb burnt out |
| FLASHER KEEPS ON | PROBABLE CAUSE |
| | |
| | Faulty flasher relay Insufficient battery capacity |
| | (nearly discharged) |
| | •Bulb burnt out |
| | |





FZR1000 (W-A) 3GM-SE2

SERVICE Information

FOREWORD

This Service Information has been prepared to introduce new service and data for the FZR1000 '90 (A). For complete service information procedures it is necessary to use this publication together with the following microfiche service manual.

FZR1000 '89 ~ '90 (W ~ A) SERVICE MANUAL: 3GM-ME2 FZR1000 '89 (W) SERVICE INFORMATION: 3GM-SE1

> FZR 1000 '90 (A) SERVICE INFORMATION © 1989 by Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. 1st Edition, September 1989 All rights reserved. Any reprinting or unauthorized use without the written permission of Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. is expressly prohibited. Printed in Japan 3GM-SE2

MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

GENERAL INFORMATION



MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

FRAME SERIAL NUMBER (Except for E and AUS)

The frame serial number ① is stamped into the right side of the steering head.

| Starting Serial Number: | |
|------------------------------|---|
| FZR10003GM-009101 | |
| FZR10003LE- 009101 (D, S, A) |) |
| FZR10003LF- 007101 (F) | |
| FZR10003LG-004101 (GB) | |
| FZR10003LH- 005101 (CH) | |
| FZR1000A3LJ- 002101 (NZ) | |

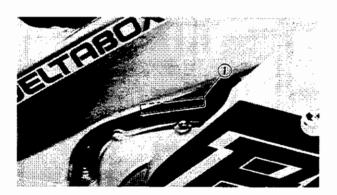
VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (For E and AUS)

The vehicle identification number ① is stamped into the right side of the steering head.

Starting Serial Number: JYA3GMS0 * LA016101 (for E) JYA3LJT0 * LA002101 (for AUS)

NOTE:___

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number ① is stamped into the right side of the engine.

| Starting Serial Number: | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| FZR1000 3GM-009101 | | | | |
| FZR1000 3GM-016101 | (E) | | | |
| FZR1000 3LE- 009101 | (D, S, A) | | | |
| FZR10003LF- 007101 | (F) | | | |
| FZR10003LG-004101 | (GB) | | | |
| FZR1000 3LH- 005101 | (CH) | | | |
| FZR1000A 3LJ- 002101 | (AUS, NZ) | | | |

NOTE:

_ 1 _

- The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.

- 1 -

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS

- 2 -

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Model | FZR1000 (A) |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Model_Code Number: | 3GM3 3GM4 (E) 3LE2 (D, S, A) 3LF2 (F) 3LG2 (GB) 3LH2 (CH) 3LJ2 (AUS, NZ) |
| Frame Starting Number: | 3GM-009101 3LE-009101 (D, S, A) 3LF-007101 (F) 3LG-004101 (GB) 3LH-005101 (CH) 3LJ-002101 (NZ) |
| Vehicle Identification Number: | JYA3GMS0 * LA016101 (E) JYA3LJT0 * LA002101 (AUS) |
| Engine Starting Number: | 3GM-009101 3GM-016101 (E) 3LE- 009101 (D, S, A) 3LF- 007101 (F) 3LG- 004101 (GB) 3LH- 005101 (CH) 3LJ- 002101 (AUS, NZ) |

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS ENGINE

| Model | Model FZR1000 (A) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Carburetor: | | | | | | | | |
| Type/manufacture x Quantity | ý | BDST38/MIKU | BDST38/MIKUNI x 4 | | | | | |
| | | 3GM3, 3GM4, 3LG2, 3LJ2 | 3GM3, 3GM4, 3LG2, 3LJ2 3LE2, 3LF2 3LH2 | | | | | |
| I.D. Mark | | 3GM00 | 3LF00 | 3LH00 | | | | |
| Main Jet | (M.J.) | | | | | | | |
| (# 1, 4 Cylinder) | | #125 | # 127.5 | # 127.5 | | | | |
| (#2, 3 Cylinder) | | #122.5 | #125 | #125 | | | | |
| Main Air Jet | (M.A.J.) | #85 | #85 #85 #85 | | | | | |
| Jet Needle-Clip Position | (J.N.) | 5CEW8-3 | 5CEW8-3 5CEW8-3 5CEW8-3 | | | | | |
| Needle Jet | (N.J.) | Y-0 | Y-0 Y-0 | | | | | |
| Pilot Jet | (P.J.) | #40 | #40 #37.5 | | | | | |
| Pilot Outlet Size | (P.O.) | 0.85 | 0.85 0.85 | | | | | |
| Pilot Air Jet | (P.A.J.) | #115 | #115 #115 #125 | | | | | |
| Pilot Screw | (P.S.) | 3.0 turns out | 3.0 turns out 3.0 turns out 2.0 turns ou | | | | | |
| Valve Seat Size | (V.S.) | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | | | | |
| Starter Jet | (G.S1) | #60 | #60 #60 #60 | | | | | |
| | (G.S2) | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | | | | |
| Bypath Size | (B.P1) | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | | | | |
| | (B.P ₂) | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | | | | |
| | (B.P ₃) | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | | | | |
| Throttle Valve Size | (Th.V) | #125 | # 125 # 125 # 125 | | | | | |
| Fuel Level | (F.L.) | | $10.6 \sim 11.6 \text{ mm} (0.42 \sim 0.46 \text{ in})$ Above from the float chamber line | | | | | |
| Engine Idle Speed | | 950 ~ 1,050 r/min | | | | | | |

- 2 -

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS SPEC

| Mode | el | | FZR1000 (A) | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|--|---|--------|------|---------|-------|------|------|--|
| Front Suspension: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Front Fork Travel | | 120 mm (4. | 72 ir | 1} | | | | | | |
| Front Spring Free Lengt | :h | 321.3 mm | | - | | | | | | |
| < Limit > | | < 318 mm | | | > | | | | | |
| Spring Rate: | K1 | 8 N/mm (0. | | | | lb/in | 1 | | | |
| Stroke | К1 | Zero ~ 120 | - | - | | | | | | |
| Optional Spring | | No | | 1201 | - | ./ 2 11 | 17 | | | |
| Oil Capacity | | | 801 | mn o | - 10 | 1110 | (202) | | | |
| Oil Level (Fully Compression) | | | 535 cm ³ (18.9 lmp oz, 18.1 US oz) | | | | | | | |
| | | 116 mm (4.57 in) Below the top of inner fork tube without | | | | | | | | |
| | | | op o | i nine | | < tub | | ιουι | | |
| Oil Grade | | fork spring Yamaha Fork Oil 10W or equivalent | | | | | | | | |
| On Grade | | Tamana FU | IK U | 1.104 | VOLE | quiva | alent | | | |
| Adjustment | <u> </u> | [| <u> </u> | Sti | ffer | | STD | So | fter | |
| | STD | Adjusting position | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | | |
| | | h <u>n</u> | <u> </u> | 1 | i | 1 | | | | |

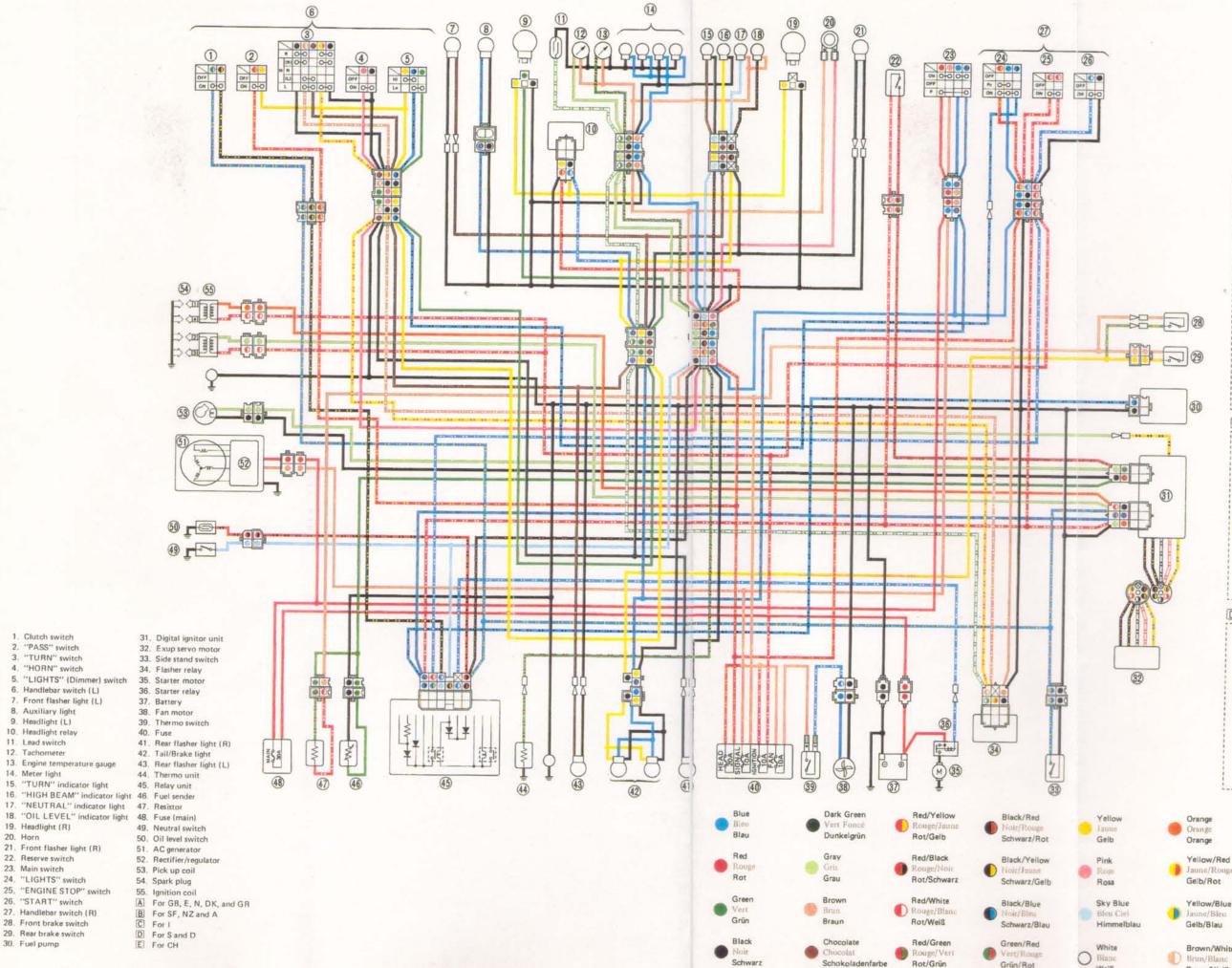
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WIRING DIAGRAM FZR1000



2. "PASS" switch 3. "TURN" switch 4. "HORN" switch 5. "LIGHTS" (Dimmer) switch 6. Handlebar switch (L) 7. Front flasher light (L) 8. Auxiliary light 9. Headlight (L) 10. Headlight relay 11. Lead switch 12. Tachometer 13. Engine temperature gauge 14. Meter light 15. "TURN" indicator light 16. "HIGH BEAM" indicator light 46. Fuel sender 17. "NEUTRAL" indicator light 47. Resistor 18. "OIL LEVEL" indicator light 48. Fuse (main) 19. Headlight (R) 20. Horn 21. Front flasher light (R) 22. Reserve switch 23. Main switch 24. "LIGHTS" switch 25. "ENGINE STOP" switch 26. "START" switch 27. Handlebar switch (R)

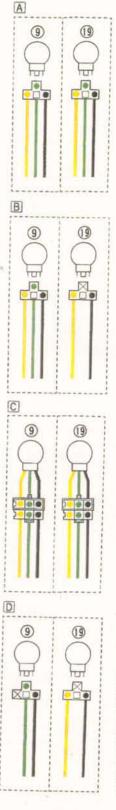
1. Clutch switch

29. Rear brake switch

30. Fuel pump



Weiß



Blue/Red Bleu/Rouge Blau/Rot



Blue/Black Bleu/Noir Blau/Schwarz

Blue/Yellow Bleu/Jaune Blau/Gelb

9 -----.

E





Weiß/Grün



White/Black O Baine Weiß/Schwarz



White/Red Blanc/Rouge Weiß/Rot

Gelb/Rot Yellow/Blue Jaune/Bleu Gelb/Blau

Brown/White Brun/Blanc Braun/Weiß



FZR1000 `91(B) 3GM-SE3

SERVICE Information

FOREWORD

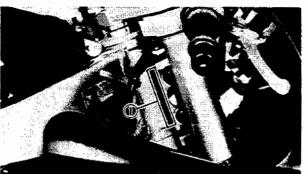
This Service Information has been prepared to introduce new service and data for the FZR1000 '91 (B). For complete service information procedures it is necessary to use this publication together with the following microfiche service manual.

FZR1000 (B) '91 SERVICE MANUAL: 3GM-ME3 FZR1000 (W) '89 SERVICE INFORMATION: 3GM-SE1 FZR1000 (A) '90 SERVICE INFORMATION: 3GM-SE2

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MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

GENERAL INFORMATION



MOTORCYCLE IDENTIFICATION

FRAME SERIAL NUMBER (Except for E and AUS)

The frame serial number (1) is stamped into the right side of the steering head.

| Starting Serial Number: |
|--------------------------------------|
| FZR1000 3GM-018101 (I, B, N, GR, NL) |
| FZR1000 3GM-026101 (DK) |
| FZR1000 3LE-016101 (D, S, A, SF) |
| FZR1000 3LF-015101 (F) |
| FZR1000 3LG-009101 (GB) |
| FZR1000 3LH-008101 (CH) |
| FZR1000B 3LJ-004101 (NZ) |

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (For E and AUS)

The vehicle identification number ① is stamped into the right side of the steering head.

Starting Serial Number: JYA3GMS0 * MA025101 (for E) JYA3LJT0 * MA004101 (for AUS)

NOTE:

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your state.

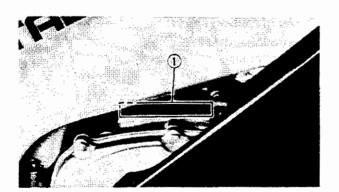
ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

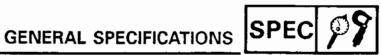
The engine serial number ① is stamped into the right side of the engine.

| Starting Serial Number: | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| FZR1000 3GM-018101 (I, B, N, GR, NL) | | | | | |
| FZR1000 3GM-025101 (E) | | | | | |
| FZR1000 3GM-026101 (DK) | | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LE-016101 (D, S, A, SF) | | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LF-015101 (F) | | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LG-009101 (GB) | | | | | |
| FZR1000 3LH-008101 (CH) | | | | | |
| FZR1000B 3LJ-004101 (AUS, NZ) | | | | | |

NOTE: ____

- The first three digits of these numbers are for model identifications; the remaining digits are the unit production number.
- Designs and specifications are subject to change without notice.





SPECIFICATIONS

_ 4 _

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

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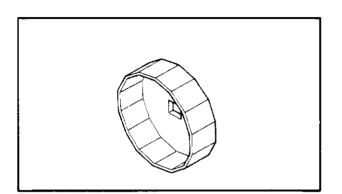
| Model | FZR1000 (B) |
|--|---|
| Model Code Number: | 3GM5 (I, B, N, GR, NL) 3GM6 (E) 3GM7 (DK) 3LE3 (D, S, A, SF) 3LF3 (F) 3LG3 (GB) 3LH3 (CH) 3LJ3 (AUS, NZ) |
| Frame Starting Number: | 3GM-018101 (I, B, N, GR, NL) 3GM-026101 (DK) 3LE-016101 (D, S, A, SF) 3LF-015101 (F) 3LG-009101 (GB) 3LH-008101 (CH) 3LJ-004101 (NZ) |
| Vehicle Identification Number: | JYA3GMS0 * MA025101 (E) JYA3LJT0 * MA004101 (AUS) |
| Engine Starting Number: | 3GM-018101 (I, B, N, GR, NL) 3GM-025101 (E) 3GM-026101 (DK) 3LE-016101 (D, S, A, SF) 3LF-015101 (F) 3LG-009101 (GB) 3LH-008101 (CH) 3LJ-004101 (AUS, NZ) |
| Dimensions: Overall Length Overall Width Overall Height Seat Height Wheelbase Minimum Ground Clearance | 2,205 mm (86.8 in) 745 mm (29.3 in) 1,170 mm (46.1 in) 775 mm (30.5 in) 1,470 mm (57.9 in) 135 mm (5.3 in) |
| Minimum Turning Radius: | 3,300 mm (130 in) |
| Coolant Total Amount: (Including All Routes) | 2.8 L (2.5 Imp qt, 3.0 US qt) |
| Fuel: Type | Regular unleaded gasoline Regular gasoline (NZ) Unleaded Fuel Only (AUS) |
| Tank capacity Reserve Amount | 19.0 L (4.2 lmp gal, 5.0 US gal) 3.4 L (0.75 lmp gal, 0.90 US gal) |
| Chassis: Frame Type Caster Angle Trail | Pressed backbone 26.4° 108 mm (4.25 in) |

SPECIAL TOOLS



SPECIAL TOOLS

The proper special tools are necessary for complete and accurate tune-up and assembly. Using the correct special tool will help prevent damage caused by the use of improper tools or improvised techniques.



FOR ENGINE SERVICE

1. Oil filter wrench P/N 90890-01426

This tool is used to remove and install the oil filter.

FOR CHASSIS SERVICE

1. Damper rod holder (24 mm) P/N 90890-01445

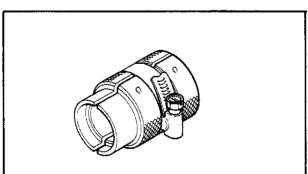
This tool is used to loosen and tighten the front fork damper rod holding bolt.

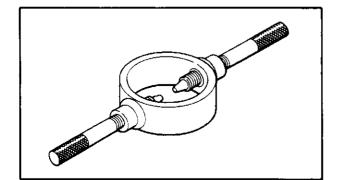
2. Front fork seal driver P/N 90890-01424

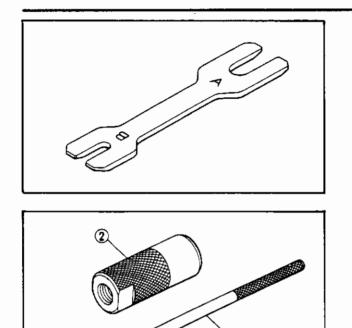
This tool is used when installing the fork seal.

3. Fork spring compressor P/N 90890-01441

This tool is needed to disassemble and assemble the front fork.







5

SPECIAL TOOLS

4. Rod holder P/N 90890-01434

This tool is needed to disassemble and assemble the front fork.

5. Rod puller — ① P/N 90890-01437 Rod puller attachment — ② P/N 90890-01436

These tools are used to install the front fork.

•

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS SPEC

| Model | | FZR1000 (B) | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Tire: | | Front Rear | | | |
| Type Size | | Tubeless Tubeless 130/60 VR17-V280 170/60 VR17-V280 130/60 ZR17 170/60 ZR17 | | | |
| Manufacture (Type) | | Bridgestone (CY17)Bridgestone (CY20Dunlop (K510F)Dunlop (K510)Pirelli (MP7S)Pirelli (MP7S)Michelin (A59X)Michelin (M59X)Metzler (ME33)Metzler (ME55A) | | | |
| Electrical: Ignition System Generator System Battery Type or Model Battery Capacity | | T.C.I. (Digital ignition) AC generator YTX14-BS 12V 12AH | | | |
| Bulb Wattage x Quantity: Headlight Marker Light | | 12V, 55W x 2 (I, B, N, GR, NL, E, D, S, SF, A, CH 12V, 60W/55W x 1 (DK, F, GB, AUS, NZ) 12V, 5W x 1 (I, B, GR, NL, E, D, S, SF, A, CH) 12V, 4W x 1 (DK, F, GB, AUS, NZ) | | | |
| Tail/Brake Light Flasher Light Meter Light | | 12V, 4W x 1 (DK, P, GB, AG3, NZ) 12V, 5W/21W x 2 12V, 21W x 4 12V, 1.7W x 4 | | | |
| Indicator Light: Wattage x Quantity | "NEUTRAL" "HIGH BEAM" "TURN" "OIL LEVEL" | 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 12V, 3.4W x 1 | | | |

- 5 -

SPEC 👂

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS ENGINE Tightening Torque

| | De et e e e e | Thread | 0 | Tightening torque | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------|-------|-------------------|------|-------|-----------------|
| Part to be tightened | Part name | size | Q' ty | U ty Nm | m∙kg | ft-lb | Remarks |
| Camshaft Cap | Bolt | M6 | 40 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | @ |
| Cylinder Head (exhaust pipe) | Stud bolt | M8 | 8 | 15 | 1.5 | 11 | -0 |
| Cylinder Head | Nut | M10 | 8 | 41 | 4.1 | 30 | -0 |
| Cylinder Head | Cap nut | M10 | 4 | 41 | 4.1 | 30 | -0 |
| Spark Plug | | M12 | 4 | 17.5 | 1.75 | 12.5 | |
| Cylinder Head Cover | Bolt | M6 | 8 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Connecting Rod | Nut | M8 | 8 | 36 | 3.6 | 25 | |
| Timing Chain Sprocket | Flange bolt | M7 | 4 | 24 | 2.4 | 17 | |
| Timing Chain Tensioner | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Timing Chain Tensioner End | Cap bolt | M11 | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Chain Guide (intake side) | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Pump Housing | Screw | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Pump Mount | Bolt | M6 | 3 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil filter | - 1 | M20 | - | 17 | 1.7 | 12 | -0 |
| Oil cooler | _ | M20 | - | 63 | 6.3 | 45 | -0 |
| Oil Pan | Bolt | M6 | 12 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Drain Plug | _ | M14 | 1 | 43 | 4.3 | 31 | |
| Oil Pipe 1 | Bolt | M6 | 3 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Oil Baffle Plate (lower) | Flange bolt | M6 | 4 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Baffle Plate (upper) | Flange bolt | M6 | 10 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Oil Cooler House | Union bolt | M12 | 2 | 32 | 3.2 | 23 | |
| Oil Level Switch | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Exhaust Pipe | Nut | M8 | 8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Exhaust Pipe and Muffler | Flange bolt | M8 . | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Muffler and Muffler Stay | Flange bolt | M8 | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Muffler Bracket | Flange bolt | M8 | 1 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Exhaust Pipe Blind Plug (CO test) | Bolt | M6 | 4 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Crankcase | Stud bolt | M10 | 12 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 0 |
| Main Axle Bearing Stopper | Torx | M6 | 3 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | -6 |
| Crankshaft End Cover | Screw | M6 | 6 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Crankcase Cover (right) | Bolt | M6 | 11 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | M6 | 7 | 12 | 1.2 | 8.7 | O |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | M8 | 17 | 24 | 2.4 | 17 | D |
| Crankcase | Flange bolt | M9 | 11 | 32 | 3.2 | 23 | D |
| Starter Clutch | Bolt | M8 | 3 | 25 | 2.5 | 18 | |
| HY-VO Chain Guide | Bolt | M6 | 2 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Clutch Boss | Nut | M20 | 1 | 70 | 7.0 | 50 | Use lock washer |
| Clutch Spring | Bolt | M6 | 6 | 8 | 0.8 | 5.8 | |
| Drive Sprocket | Nut | M18 | 1 | 70 | 7.0 | 50 | Use lock washer |
| Shift Cam Stopper Lever | Bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Shift Cam Stopper | Bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Guide Bar Stopper (shift fork) | Bolt | M6 | 1 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Neutral Switch | Screw | M6 | 2 | 4 | 0.4 | 2.9 | |

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MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS SPEC

CHASSIS

| N | lodel | FZR1000 (B) | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Front Suspension: Front Fork Travel Front Spring Free Ler <limit> Spring Rate: Stroke Optional Spring Oil Capacity Oil Level (Fully Comp Oil Grade</limit> | K1 K1 | 120 mm (4.72 in) 331.5 mm (13.1 in) <328 mm (12.9 in)> 8 N/mm (0.8 kg/mm, 44.8 lb/in) Zero ~ 120 mm (Zero ~ 4.72 in) No 462 cm ³ (16.3 Imp oz, 15.6 US oz) 124 mm (4.88 in) Below the top of inner fork tube without fork spring Yamaha Fork Oil 5W or equivalent | | | | | | |
| Adjustment | j j j j j j j j j | Stiffer STD Softer | | | | | | |
| | STD | Adjusting 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | | | | | | |

-7-

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS SPEC



Tightening Torque

| | | Tight | ening to | orque | |
|--|-------------|-------|----------|-------|-----------------|
| Part to be tightened | Thread size | Nm | m∙kg | ft∙lb | Remarks |
| Front Axle | M16 | 48 | 4.8 | 35 | |
| Front Axle Pinch | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Front Fender | M6 | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 | |
| Under Bracket and outer tube | M8 | 23 | 2.3 | 17 | |
| Handle Crown and outer tube | M8 | 26 | 2.6 | 19 | |
| Handle Crown and Steering Stem | M22 | 110 | 11.0 | 80 | |
| Lower Ring Nut (steering shaft) | M22 | - | - | - | Refer to "NOTE" |
| Brake Caliper (front/rear) | M10 | 35 | 3.5 | 25 | |
| Brake Disc and Wheel | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | -0 |
| Master Cylinder and Holder (front brake) | M6 | 10 | 1.0 | 7.2 | |
| Master Cylinder Cap (front brake) | M5 | 2 | 0.2 | 1,4 | |
| Bleed Screw | | | | | |
| (brake caliper/clutch release cylinder) | M8 | 6 | 0.6 | 4.3 | |
| Brake (clutch) Hose | M10 | 25 | 2.5 | 18 | |
| Handlebar and Handle Boss | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Handlebar Boss and Handle Crown | M8 | 19 | 1.9 | 13 | |
| Grip End (handlebar) | M16 | 30 | 3.0 | 22 | |
| Engine Mounting: | | | | | |
| Pinch Bolt (cylinder head side) | M8 | 22 | 2.2 | 16 | |
| Pinch Bolt (cylinder side) | M8 | 22 | 2.2 | 16 | |
| Pinch Bolt (rear) | M8 | 15 | 1.5 | - 11 | |
| Mounting Bolt (cylinder head) | M10 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 | |
| Mounting Bolt (cylinder) | M10 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 | |
| Mounting Bolt (rear – upper) | M10 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | |
| Mounting Bolt (rear - lower) | M10 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | |
| Footrest Bracket and Frame (front) | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Footrest and Footrest Bracket (front) | M10 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | |
| Pivot Axle and Locknut | M18 | 130 | 13.0 | 94 | |
| Relay Arm and Frame | M10 | 48 | 4.8 | 35 | |
| Arm and Swingarm | M12 | 74 | 7.4 | 53 | |
| Arm and Relay Arm | M12 | 74 | 7.4 | 53 | |
| Rear Shock Absorber and Frame | M10 | 40 | 4.0 | 29 | |
| Rear Shock Absorber and Relay Arm | M10 | 40 | 4.0 | 28 | |
| Footrest Bracket and Frame (rear) | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Master Cylinder and Frame (rear) | M8 | 23 | 2.3 | 17 | |
| Rear Frame and Frame | M10 | 55 | 5.5 | 40 | -6 |
| Compression Bar (front and rear) | M8 | 30 | 3.0 | 22 | - |
| Brake Disc and Clutch Hub | M8 | 20 | 2.0 | 14 | |
| Sprocket and Hub | M10 | 60 | 6.0 | 43 | |
| Rear Axle and Nut | M 18 | 150 | 15.0 | 110 | |
| Side Stand Bracket and Frame | M8 | 28 | 2.8 | 20 | |
| Side Stand Pivot Bolt | M10 | 46 | 4.6 | 33 | |
| Side Stand Pivot Nut | M10 | 39 | 3.9 | 28 | |
| Fuel cock and fuel tank | M6 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |
| Fuel sender and fuel tank | M6 | 7 | 0.7 | 5.1 | |

NOTE: _

1. Tighten the lower ring nut 52 Nm (5.2 m • kg, 37 ft • lb) by using the torque wrench.

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2. Loosen the lower ring nut completely and retighten it 3 Nm (0.3 m • kg, 2.2 ft • lb).

3. Install the upper ring nut, and then align the slots of both ring nut.

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS SPEC

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ELECTRICAL

| Model | FZR1000 (B) |
|--|--|
| Voltage: Ignition System: Ignition Timing (B.T.D.C.) Advanced Timing (B.T.D.C.) | 12V 5° at 1,350 r/min 40° at 5,500 r/min 35° at 4,500 r/min (F, S, D, A, SF) 41° at 6,000 r/min (CH) |
| Advancer Type | Electrical |
| 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 | (F, S, D, A, SF) (F, S, D, A, SF) (CH) 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 x 10 ³ |
| Engine Spee | d (x 10 ³ r/min) |
| T.C.I.: Pickup Coil Resistance (Color) T.C.I. Unit/Manufacturer Battery: | 135 ~ 165Ω at 20°C (68°F) (Gray-Black) BB7225/HITACHI BB7226/HITACHI (F, S, D, A, SF) BB7231/HITACHI (CH) |
| Capacity Specific Gravity | 12V, 12AH 1.320 |
| Electrical Starter System: Type Starter Motor: Model/Manufacturer Output Armature Coil Resistance Brush – Overall Length <limit> – Spring Force Commutator Dia. Wear Limit Mica Undercut Starter Switch: Model/Manufacturer</limit> | Constant mesh type SM-13/MITSUBA 0.65 kw $0.012\Omega \pm 10\% \text{ at } 20^{\circ}\text{C} (68^{\circ}\text{F})$ 12.5 mm (0.49 in) 4 mm (0.16 in) $680 \sim 920 \text{ g} (24.0 \sim 32.4 \text{ oz})$ 28 mm (1.10 in) 27 mm (1.06 in) 0.7 mm (0.03 in) A104-128/HITACHI |
| Amperage Rating Coil Resistance | 100A 4.0 ~ 4.7Ω at 20°C (68°F) |

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS SPEC

ELECTRICAL

| Model | FZR1000 (B) | |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| Flasher Relay (Relay Assembly): | | |
| Туре | Semi transistor type | |
| Model/Manufacturer | G8A-101-03/OMRON or | |
| | FA249MD/NIPPONDENSO | |
| Self Cancelling Device | No | |
| Flasher Frequency | 75 ~ 95 cycle/min | |
| Wattage | 21W x 2 pcs + 3.4W | |
| Circuit Breaker: | | |
| Туре | Fuse | |
| Amperage for Individual Circuit x Quantity: | | |
| MAIN | 30A x 1 | |
| HEADLIGHT | 20A x 1 | |
| SIGNAL | 10A x 1 | |
| IGNITION | 10A x 1 | |
| FAN | 10A x 1 | |
| RESERVE | 10A x 1. 20A x 1. 30A x 1 | |

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LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT ENGINE

~

| Lubrication Point | Symbol | Grade of Lubricant |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| Oil seal lip | | Lithium-soap base |
| O-Ring | | Lithium-soap base |
| Bearing | (C | Engine oil |
| Piston surface | 6 | Engine oil |
| Piston pin | | Engine oil |
| Crankshaft pin | | Engine oil |
| Crankshaft journal | € | Engine oil |
| Connecting rod bolt/Nut | ® | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Camshaft cam lode/Journal | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Valve stem (IN, EX) | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Valve stem end (IN, EX) | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Water pump impeller shaft | | Engine oil |
| Oil pump rotor (Inner/Outer), housing | | Engine oil |
| Oil strainer assembly | @ | Engine oil |
| Outer starter clutch surface | € | Engine oil |
| ldle gear surface/Bearing | 6 | Engine oil |
| Starter clutch ball | © | Engine oil |
| Primary driven gear | | Engine oil |
| Transmission gear (Wheel/Pinion) | 100 | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Axle (Main/Drive) | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Shift cam | | Molybdeum disulfide oil |
| Shift fork/Guide bar | | Engine oil |
| Shift shaft assembly | | Engine oil |

LUBRICATION POINT AND GRADE OF LUBRICANT

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CHASSIS

| Lubrication Point | Symbol | Grade of Lubricant |
|--|--------|-----------------------------|
| Steering bearing (Upper/Lower) | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Wheel bearing/Axle | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Front wheel oil seal (Right/Left) | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Rear wheel oil seal | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Clutch hub oil seal | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Clutch hub fitting area | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Rear brake pedal shaft | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Change pedal | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Side stand sliding surface | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Tube guide (Throttle grip) inner surface | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Brake lever bolt, sliding surface | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Clutch lever bolt, sliding surface | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Rear shock absorber (Upper/Lower) | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Swingarm pivot bearing | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Pivot shaft | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Arm 1, 2 bearing | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Thrust cover (Inner) | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Rellay arm bearing (Inner) | | Molybdenum disulfide grease |
| Rear footrest ball | | Lithium-soap base grease |
| Rear footrest pin | | Lithium-soap base grease |

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COOLANT DIAGRAM



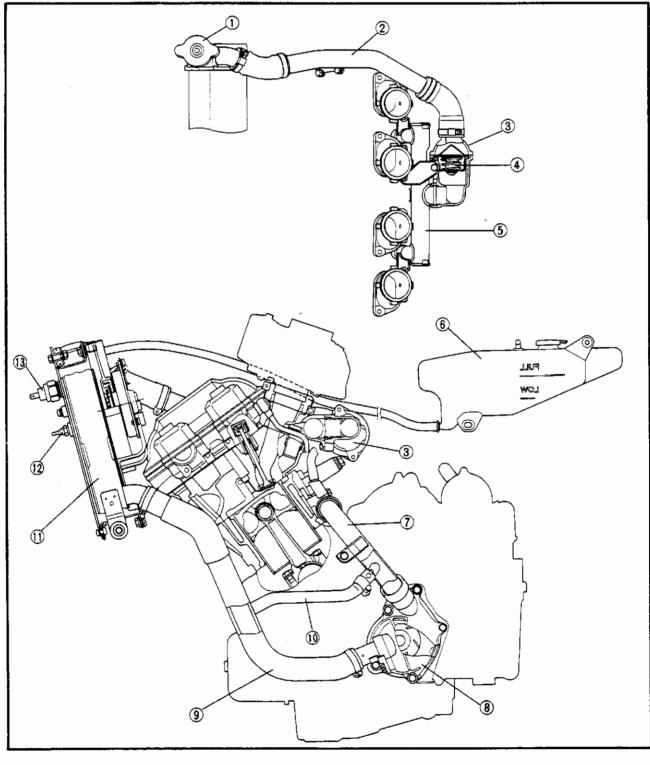
COOLANT DIAGRAM

- 1 Radiator cap
- Inlet pipe (radiator)
- 3 Thermostatic valve housing
- Thermostatic valve
- 5 Water jacket joint (outlet)
- Reservoir tank (coolant)
- ⑦ Outlet pipe (water pump)
- (8) Water pump

- (9) Inlet pipe (water pump)
- (1) Outlet pipe (oil cooler)
- 🕦 Radiator

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- 12 Thermo unit
- 13 Thermo switch

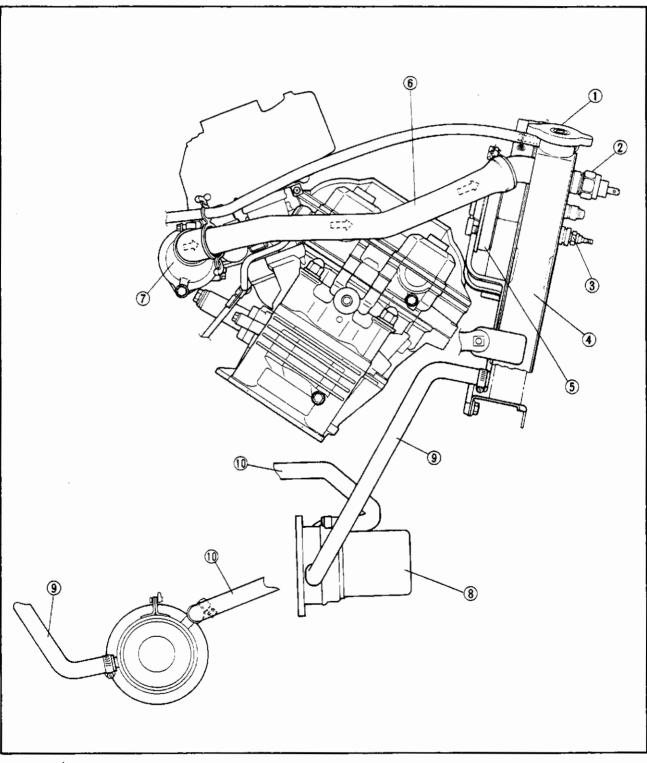




- 1 Radiator cap
- 2 Thermo switch
- Thermo unit

- (3) Thermo unit
 (4) Radiator
 (5) Fan motor
 (6) Inlet pipe (radiator)
 (7) Thermostatic valve housing
 (8) Oil filter

(9) Inlet pipe (Oil cooler) (1) Outlet pipe (Oil cooler)



LUBRICATION DIAGRAM

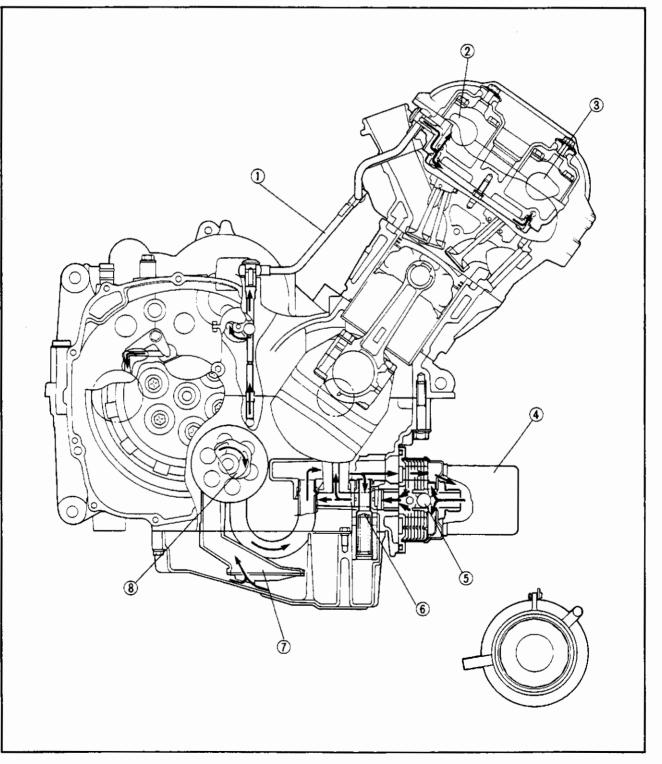
SPEC

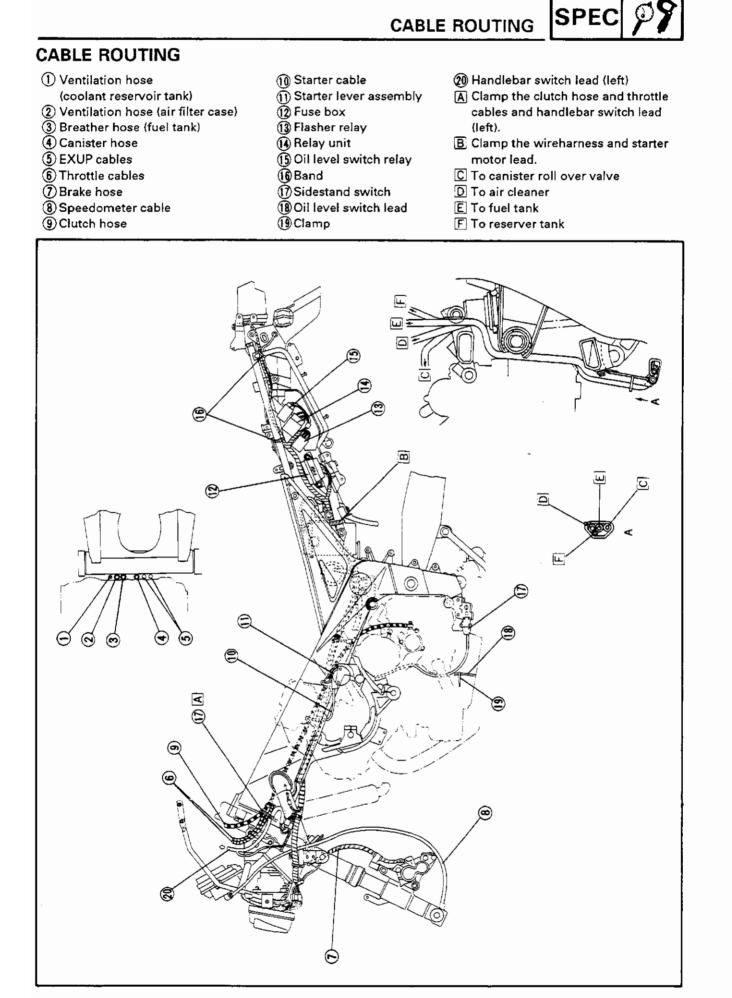
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LUBRICATION DIAGRAMS

(8) Oil pump

- 1 Oil delivery pipe 2
- 2 Camshaft (intake)
- (3) Camshaft (exhaust)
- (a) Oil filter
 (b) Bypass valve
 (c) Relief valve
 (c) Oil strainer





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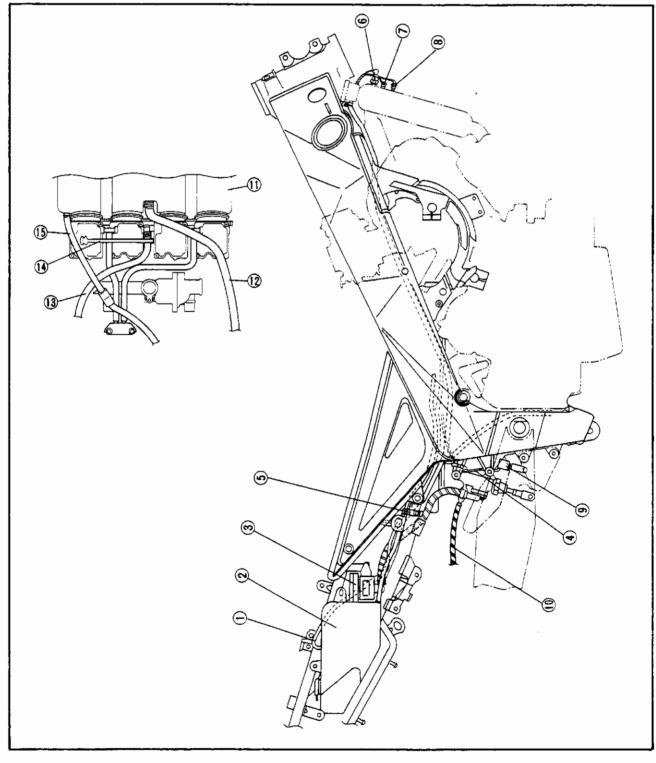
- 16 -

- (2) Reservoir tank (coolant)
- (3) Reservoir tank (rear brake) A Rear brake switch leads
- 🖲 Band
- 6 Thermo switch
- (7) Ground lead
- (8) Thermo unit

CABLE ROUTING

SPEC

- (9) Rear brake switch
- n Rear brake hose
- (i) Air filter box
- (1) Ventilation hose (crankcase)
- (13) Fuel hose
- (1) Throttle stop screw
- (15) Air filter drain hose

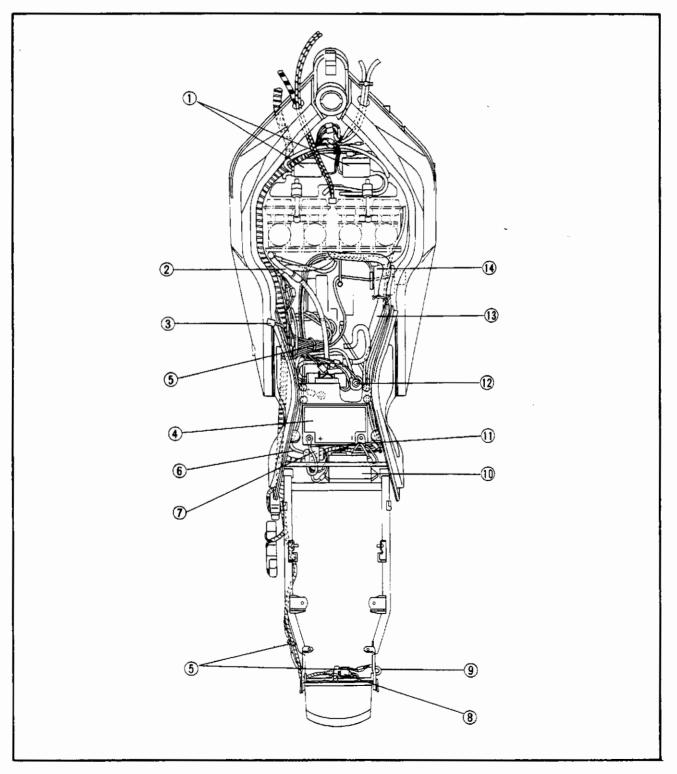


- (1) Ignition coil
- (2) Ventilation hose (air filter case)
- Fuel sender
 Battery
- 5 Band
- 6 Starter motor lead
- ⑦ Starter relay

- CABLE ROUTING SPEC
- (8) Tail/brake light coupler
- 9 Rear flasher light leads
- () Digital ignitor unit

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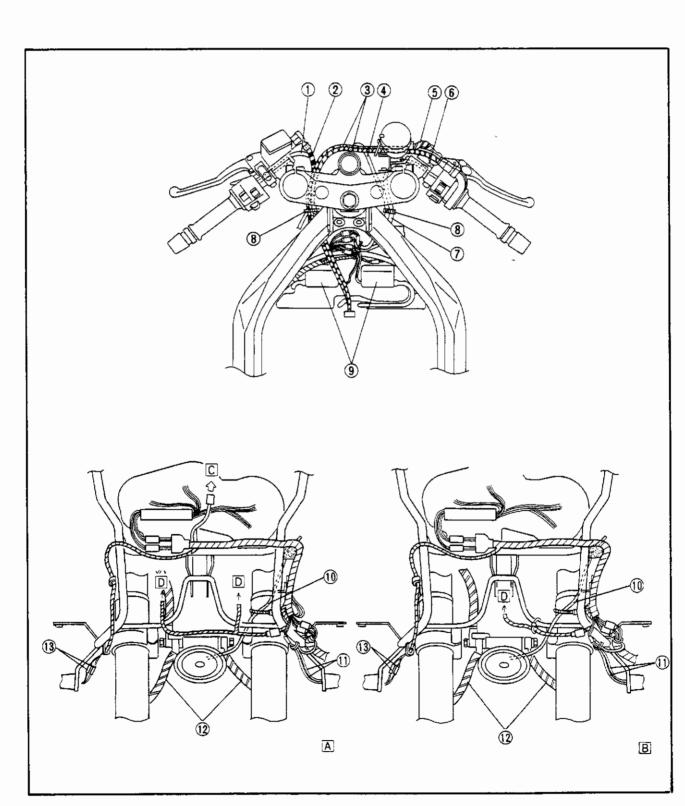
- (i) Battery positive lead
- (2) Sub tank (rear shock absorber)
- (13) Ventilation hose (crankcase)
- (I) EXUP servo motor



(1) Handlebar switch leads (left)
 (2) Clutch hose
 (3) Throttle cables
 (4) Main switch lead
 (1) Horn lead
 (1) Horn lead
 (1) Horn lead
 (1) Horn lead
 (1) Front flasher light leads (left)
 (1) Front flasher light leads (left)
 (1) Front flasher light leads (right)
 (1) Front flasher light leads (right)
 (1) Front flasher light leads (right)
 (1) Front flasher light leads (right)

(5) Front brake hoses
(6) Front brake switch lead
(7) Handlebar switch leads (right)

8 Band9 Ignition coil





EXPLODED DIAGRAM

(1) Oil seal

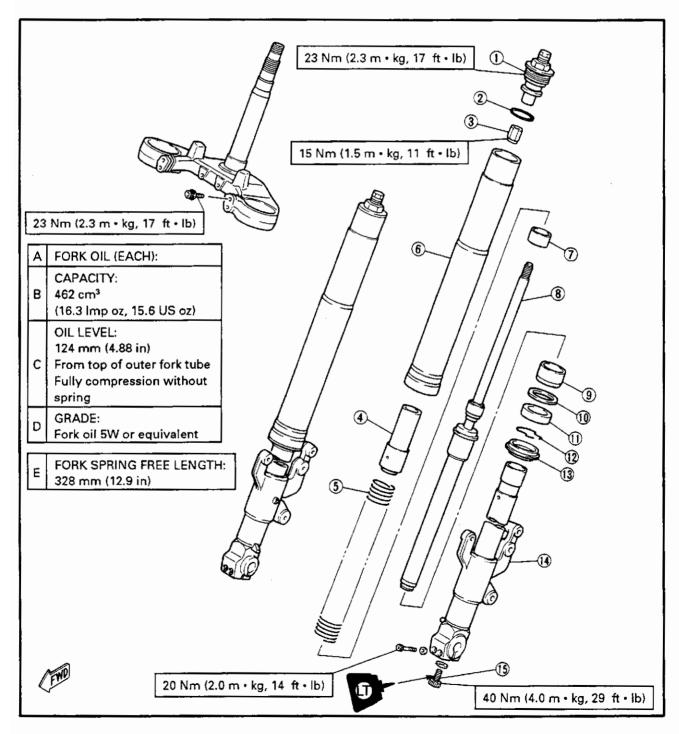
12 Stopper ring (13) Dust seal

(14) Inner fork tube 15 Damper rod bolt

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FRONT FORK

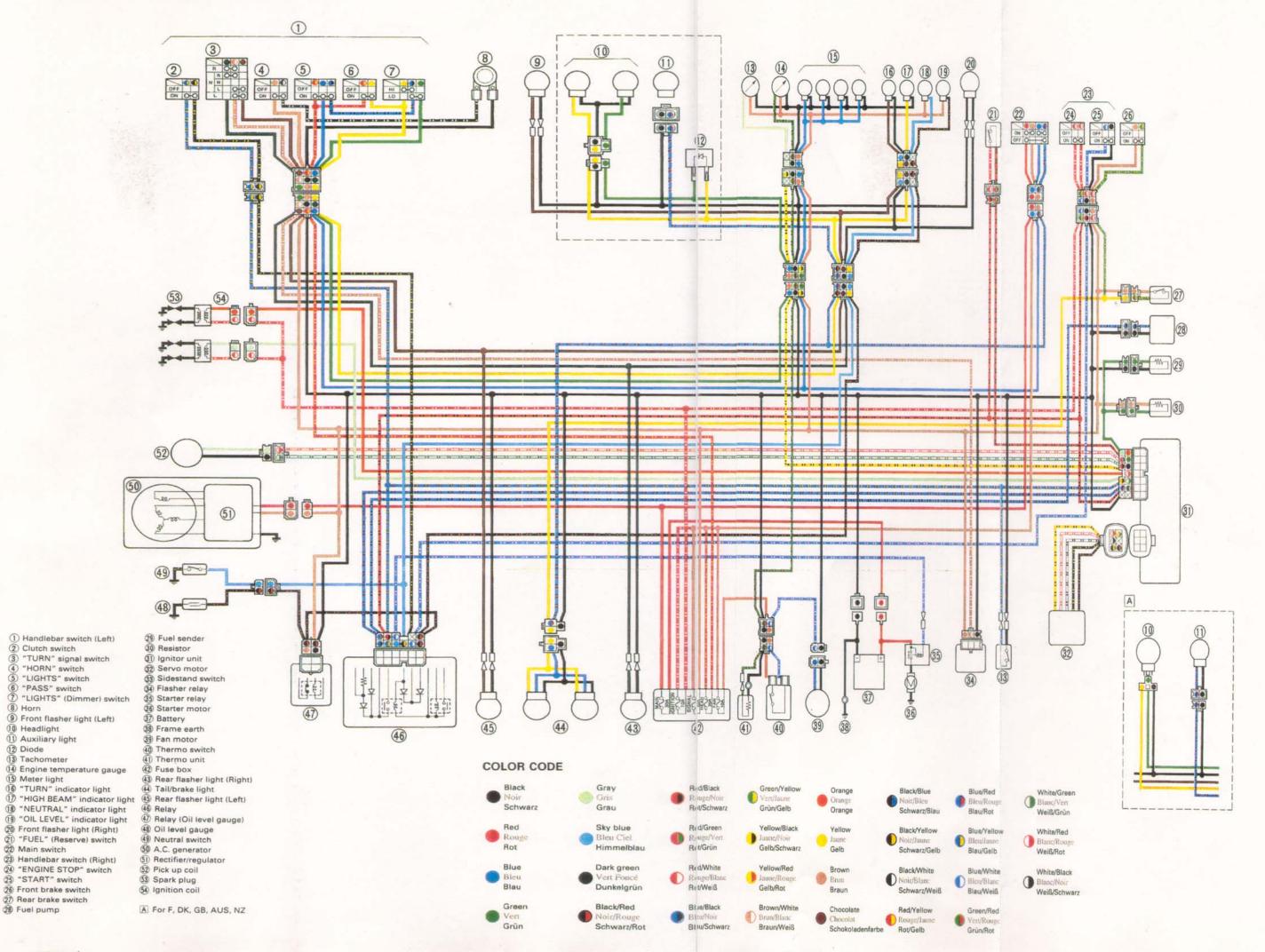
- (1) Cap bolt complete
- 0-ring
- 3 Locknut
- Spacer collar
- 5 Fork spring
- 6 Outer fork tube
- 7 Piston metal
- (8) Damper rod assembly
- 9 Slide metal
- 1 Plain washer

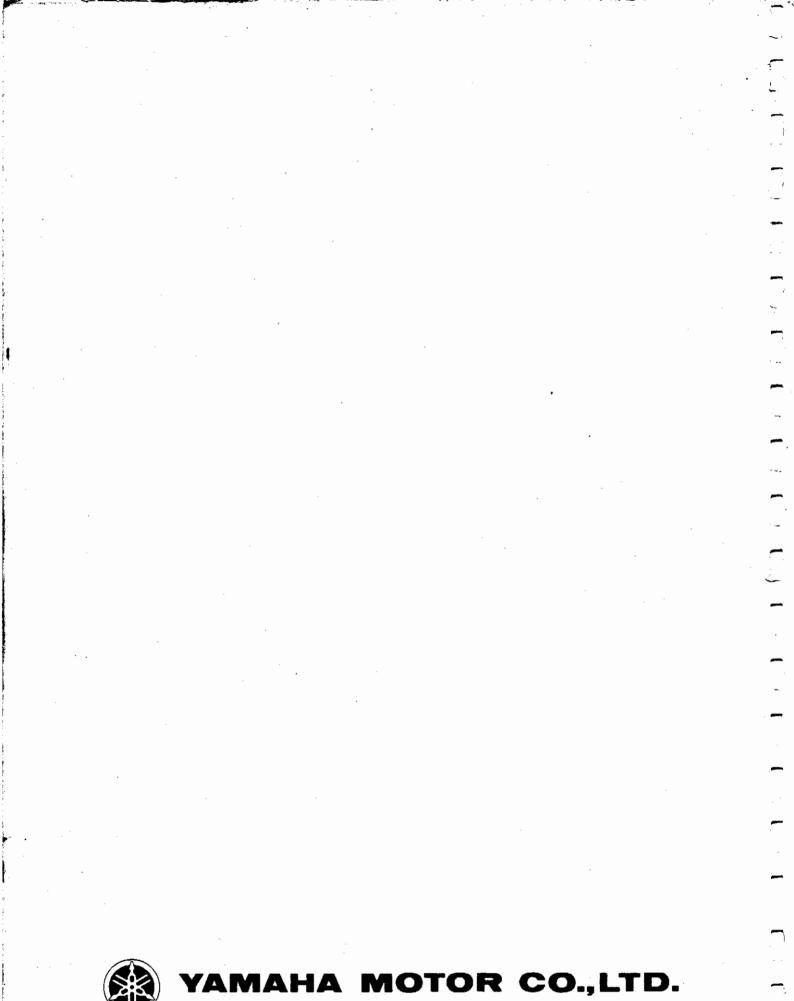


WIRING DIAGRAM FZR1000 (B)

8) Horn

12 Diode





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